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LIFT, TOO!

A NATIONAL WEEKLY NEWSPAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF COLORED AMERICANS.

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Detective Buford Wounds and Captures Desperado

Prominent Captures of Suggested Reconstruction Program for Colored Americans.

Doctor Dubois, Editor in Chief and Director of Publications and Research in National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, Advises What Race Should Do in Education, Religion, Business and Politics in Present Era.

WARNS AGAINST SACRIFICING PRINCIPLE FOR EXPEDIENCY; BUSINESS REQUISITE; VOTE IMPERATIVE.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Dr. W. E. B. Dubois, in a recent article, has outlined a program for the era of reconstruction which should commend itself to the thoughtful colored Americans. The program is by no means new or original, but its chief features receive new emphasis from present conditions. What he has so well said should be given the widest publicity and carefully heeded. Here is what Dr. Dubois says:

"This is a program of reconstruction which we lack experience and courage. Get them. After the revolution of world war.

Intelligent Interest in Politics.
"In politics the colored woman is going to vote. This is our chance. Away with the old regime, the pot-house politician and white bribery. Let us form clubs and study government in city, county, state and nation. Let us know the law and the officials and their duties. Let us keep continual and rigid tabs on every candidate. Away with parties—what we want is men. Away with promises—what we want is deeds. Study, learn, register and vote. Vote at every election and see that every friend of yours votes. Pay your poll taxes and register. Do not vote for a party. Never vote a straight ticket. Vote for men and measures—not for parties. But above all, vote! Let every Negro man and woman, always and everywhere, vote."

In Education Do Not Surrender Principle.

"In education we must take up the problem of the colored child in the white school. At present the tendency is to accept and even demand separate schools because our children so often are neglected, mistreated and humiliated in the public schools. This is a dangerous and inadvisable alternative and a wicked surrender of principle for which our descendants will pay dearly. Our policy should be to form in connection with each school and district effective Parents' Associations, composed of the fathers, mothers and friends of colored pupils; these associations should establish friendly relations with teachers and school authorities, urge parents to wash and dress their children properly, help look after truancy and poverty, arrange for home work and tuition for the backward, curb delinquency and be in fine, a vigilance committee to keep the public school open to all and fit the Negro child for it.

Too Much Church Building.

"In religion we must, in the larger cities, stop building and purchasing new church edifices and begin to invest the money of the church in homes, land and business, and philanthropic enterprises for the benefit of the people. Individual home ownership in most large cities is today difficult; but a group of people who can buy and pay for a hundred thousand dollar church can purchase a hundred thousand dollar apartment house and run it. It is a simple business proposition and requires only elementary honesty and ordinary executive ability. Churches can easily begin cooperative buying of coal, bread and meat, using their own premises for distribution; churches in the country and small towns can buy farms and rent or run them; the church can purchase automobile trucks and help the Negro farmer market his produce independent of the railroads and thieving commission merchants; even simple manufacturing, sewing and building are not beyond the reasonable activities of church bodies. Indeed unless the church extends its economic functions beyond the simple program of building bigger and finer edifices—unless it organizes the Negro laborer so that his entire wage will not go in rent and supporting storekeepers who despise and cheat him—unless it thus helps the laborer, it will lose the laborer. The hope of the Negro church is character-building through economic co-operation.

Diversified Business Needed.
"In business the Negro must branch out into certain new lines where he has long and foolishly hesitated. We must open dry goods and haberdashery stores, meat markets and clothing stores, shoe stores and hat stores. We must gradually but persistently get into manufacturing. The deft fingers of our young people are as easily adapted to machinery as the fingers of whites. We are denied opportunity by white trade unions and by lack of pioneering courage among colored capitalists and business men. Let us wake up. The era of manufacturers in the United States is just begun. The expansion of domestic and foreign trade is going to be enormous. We raise the cotton—why not spin and weave it? We dig the iron—why not weld it? We mine the coal—why not turn it to steam and power? Do we lack brains and capital? No,

ROSENWALD MAKES MUNIFICENT GIFTS

Jewish Philanthropist Has Contributed Nearly One Million Dollars for Educational and Uplift Work Among Negroes.

GIVES GLADLY FOR BETTER CITIZENSHIP

Became Interested in Helping Negro People Through Realization of the Need and the Opportunities for Constructive Work Offered.

(By Associated Negro Press)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 10.—"I have made gifts for Negro institutions for the sole purpose of promoting better American citizenship." Julius Rosenwald, millionaire merchant and philanthropist of Chicago, thus explains his gifts of \$1,000,000 to date, for the Negro race.

Mr. Rosenwald was in this city to help along the Jewish War Relief campaign. Not content with relief work among the Jewish race and his support of numerous educational institutions in Chicago and other cities, Mr. Rosenwald for years, has been deeply interested in the welfare of the Negro people.

By the end of this year gifts by him will have made possible the establishment of 1,000 Negro rural schools, known as Rosenwald schools, in the south.

Fourteen Y. M. C. A. Negro branches in as many cities have been established, with \$25,000 each as an initial fund contributed by Mr. Rosenwald. He said that his offer of \$25,000 apiece to cities desiring to establish a Negro branch of the Y. M. C. A. will stand for many years.

Seated in the office of Mr. Gimbel, the Chicagoan explained his "creed" of giving.

"Helping the Negro people is a much neglected work," he said. "I became interested in them several years ago, when I realized that philanthropic work among them offered many opportunities. I felt that we as Americans should help these people, especially in the south where their chances for educational advancement are slim.

"Helping these people I feel is helping to promote good citizenship. If we don't try to give the Negroes opportunities for good citizenship, we'll be compelled to live with 10,000,000 bad citizens. If we promote better citizenship among the Negroes, not only are our Negroes benefited, but our entire citizenship is improved. For, after all, Negroes are the same human beings with the same souls and aspirations as the white people, and why some persons should be prejudiced is a deep mystery to me."

Mr. Rosenwald is a trustee of Tuskegee Institute, which he has helped with several gifts.

In eleven states in the south 100 schools have been established or are nearing completion. Mr. Rosenwald's contributions to these schools thus far have amounted to \$450,000 and have made possible the raising of \$1,250,000 for the remaining expenditures which have been raised by whites and Negroes.

The Y. M. C. A. buildings have cost him about \$355,000. The total expenditures for these buildings amount to \$2,000,000,000. These Y. M. C. A.'s are scattered over the north and south.

Mr. Rosenwald's work of relief and philanthropy is particularly interesting in this city, as he has announced that in the future he is to become a "citizen of Philadelphia by proxy." He plans a huge business to be established here, a branch of Sears, Roebuck & Co., which will be operated by his son.

NEW RESIDENTIAL SECTION FOR RICHMOND

(By Associated Negro Press)

Richmond, Va., Dec. 10.—Announcement is made of the purchase of fifteen and eight-tenths acres of and on the Brook road at the intersection of Howard turnpike, to be subdivided into a modern residential section for colored people. The property lies near Virginia Union university, the big colored educational institution. The purchase price was \$31,600. It is said that the tract will be divided into 103 building lots.

DISGRUNTLED GERMAN BIDS AMERICA ADIEU

Taunts United States of Mistreatment of Colored Citizens and Prophesies a Day of Reckoning for Wholesale Killings.

LETTER IN TRIBUNE BREATHES HATRED

(By Associated Negro Press)

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—A very interesting letter appeared recently in the New York Tribune from a German, who was about to leave America. He said in part:

"Sir: Just a few more days and I shall be happy to leave your country as one of the first, following your often repeated advice that every German better seek other quarters. Of course you failed to comprehend that the oceans were closed to us, as well as other countries bordering on your own, in particular Mexico, owing to your government's restrictions issued against us.

"I shall sail away and I assure you many hundred thousands will follow with hatred in their hearts for America.

"On our homeward voyage we again will have the doubtful privilege of passing your Statue of Liberty, but we will see the old lady with a malicious grin on her face trying to hold back her laughter at the fools that expected to find America the land of opportunity and freedom.

"In Germany I have a mission to perform.

"I shall undertake to explain to a large audience why they should stay away from this country.

"I shall describe the sufferings, the humiliation, your fanatical orgy of manufactured patriotism which we Germans and German-speaking people went through.

"Last year your country, the so-called 'land of the free and the home of the brave,' lynched sixty-two human beings, among them Prager and fifty-eight Negroes. Some day, and the day is not far away, you will have to account for the wholesale killings of your colored brothers; and I assure you at the first opportunity the colored south will throw off your misrule and create its own free, independent government.

"Yes, we Germans will help them; we will help anyone arrayed against you just as much as you have helped others to strike down a nation at a time it was bleeding out of ninety-nine wounds.

"Just as the heart of South America hates you and as much as every soul in Panama, Columbia, Mexico, Japan and many other countries detests you, just as much, and if possible to a much greater degree, we Germans hate you, until the day when we can settle accounts with you. "They will and must be settled."

PROMINENT MARYLAND WOMAN SUMMONED

(By Associated Negro Press)

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 10.—The funeral of Mrs. Annie E. Butler, member of an old Maryland family, was held Thanksgiving day. The deceased was 79 years of age and had lived in the house where she died for 77 years. Her husband, eight children, a number of grandchildren and four great-grandchildren are among the survivors. Mrs. Kelly Miller, wife of the dean of the Junior College of Howard university, Washington, D. C., and Mrs. W. A. C. Hughes, whose husband has charge of the New Orleans area in the centenary drive of the M. E. church, are daughters of the deceased.

WINS SUIT AGAINST GREEK BOOTBLACK

Constitutionality of Colorado Civil Rights Bill is Upheld by the Supreme Court.

(By Associated Negro Press)

Denver, Colo., Dec. 10.—Rev. A. D. Darrus, a prominent Methodist of this community, has won a civil rights suit against Peter Apostolos, a Greek of Colorado Springs. Apostolos refused to shine his shoes and suit was brought by the minister. The case was in charge of Attorney Blakemore and was carried to the supreme court where the decision against the Greek was finally granted. It is the second in Colorado ever brought up to the supreme court and the constitutionality of the civil rights law is upheld.

WIRES GOVERNOR OF GEORGIA ON LYNCHING IN MACON

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People today made public a telegram to Governor Hugh M. Dorsey of Georgia calling the governor's attention to the lynching of a Negro near Macon, Ga., on Sunday night and asking for an investigation of the lynching and the punishment of the lynchers. The telegram, given below, calls attention to the fact that this makes the seventy-fourth lynching in the United States since January 1, and the twentieth in Georgia. The telegram reads:

"Hon. Hugh M. Dorsey, State Capitol, Atlanta, Ga.: The seventy-fourth lynching in America since January 1 and the twentieth in Georgia occurred near Macon, Georgia, according to press dispatches, on Sunday night when a Negro was put to death for wounding a farmer who will recover. As a signer of the address to the nation appealing to loyal Americans to stamp out mob violence and disregard of all law and order and as one who has shown himself to be against lynching, may we not appeal to you to use your official and personal powers to investigate this lynching and show lynchers that they cannot murder American citizens with impunity. —James Weldon Johnson, Field Secretary, National Association for the Advancement of Colored People."

LT. COL. B. O. DAVIS, HIGHEST RANKING NEGRO OFFICER IN ACTIVE SERVICE, COMMANDS REGIMENT AND POST.

Manila, P. I.—The Ninth Cavalry, U. S. A., is in command of Lt. Col. Benjamin O. Davis, the highest ranking Negro officer in active service, and Colonel Davis is also the commandant at Camp Stotsenberg, the most important military post in the Philippine Islands.

At the close of the war, the Ninth Cavalry was commanded by a major, of the regiment, temporarily raised to the rank of colonel, but orders from the War Department returned him to his regular rank, and this left Lt. Col. Davis as the highest ranking officer of the regiment.

Troops stationed at Camp Stotsenberg comprise, in addition to the Ninth Cavalry, several battalions of Filipino Scouts, all officered by white men. Although the former commanding officer of the Ninth is now serving as a major under the colored lieutenant colonel, there is no friction or dissatisfaction reported.

MISCHAUX STAGES ANOTHER PICTURE

Chicago, Dec. 10.—Oscar Mischaux's wonderful new picture, "Within Our Gates," which will undoubtedly rival any preaching picture ever produced, is now before the Chicago board of censors. Mr. Mischaux is the producer of "The Homesteader," an unusual picture which developed nation-wide popularity. The new picture deals with the present unrest of the races in America, showing things as they exist, and suggests a remedy. A beautiful romance is carried throughout the picture.

COLORED OFFICER ADDS TO HIS LAURELS

Captures Daring Hold-up Man After Running Gun Fight—Seriously Wounds Desperado—His Companion in Crime Wounded and Captured by Sergeant Sheehan and Officer Downs, Buford's Fellow Officers, Detailed to Hunt Down Criminals.

Police believe that in the shooting and capture of George Techeck and William Wolf on the South Side Saturday night by Officers Buford, Downs and Sergeant Sheehan, two of the trio of desperadoes and hold-up men who have been active in crime in Omaha for several weeks have been apprehended. The men, who were taken to St. Joseph's hospital where it was reported that their recovery is doubtful have been identified by several of their victims.

Friday and Saturday night reports were made to the police of two men in a Ford car who had held up several victims in various sections of Omaha, principally on the North Side. Saturday night the South Side police station was notified that two men answering to this description had visited the home of Joe Musiel, aged 65, residing at 3635 Madison street, beat him up and ransacked his house. Leaving his house they drove to Thirty-first and Q streets where they met and robbed two brothers, Charles and Frank Zaukes, taking from them a gold watch and \$70 in money.

The emergency car, driven by Detective Buford and carrying Officers Sheehan and Downs, was sent on the trail of the robbers. Buford sighted the suspected car on Twenty-fourth street and the officers gave chase. They called on the men to halt. The police car overhauled the bandits on Thirteenth street and Missouri avenue. The men jumped from the car and Techeck ran south pursued by Officers Sheehan and Downs, while Wolf ran east closely followed by Buford. Several shots were exchanged by bandits and officers. Techeck was finally brought down by a shot from one of the two officers in pursuit of him, and Wolf was shot in the abdomen by Buford as the bandit turned and advanced toward him after the officer had slipped on the snow at Twelfth and J streets.

In the capture of Wolf Detective Buford, who has a fine record as an officer of intelligence and bravery, has added new laurels to his credit. Officers Sheehan and Downs are also receiving congratulations for their apprehension of the men.

TUSKEGEE RECEIVES \$50,000 BEQUEST

(By Associated Negro Press)

Tuskegee Institute, Dec. 10.—Dr. Robert R. Moton has received notice that the will of the late Charles Church Draw of Providence, R. I., contained a bequest for Tuskegee Institute which would approximate \$50,000. This brings the total of bequests which have been received by Tuskegee Institute within the past twelve months to more than a million dollars.



HARRY BUFORD,
Who Captured South Side Desperado