

Süd-Omaha Vieh-Markt

Ein reiner Markt für reines Vieh

Nebraska's größtes Guthaben

der Viehmarkt von Süd-Omaha. Er bedeutet mehr Millionen für Nebraska als irgend ein anderes Geschäfts-Unternehmen

Während 1914 wurden sieben Millionen Stück Vieh im Werthe von \$150,000,000 in den Süd-Omaha Märkten verhandelt. Die Fleischlächeren in Süd-Omaha fabrizieren jährlich Fleischprodukte und andere Waren von über \$100,000,000.

Union Stock Yards Company von Omaha hat einen Heim-Markt für den zentralen und westlichen Viehzüchter geschaffen. In dreißig Jahren ist er von einem Nichts zum zweitgrößten Viehmarkt in der Welt in Kopfzahl des eingegangenen Vieches angewachsen und hat das Büchlein von Vieh zu einem sicheren und profitablen Geschäft gestaltet.

Union Stock Yards Company von Omaha kauft weder noch verkauft sie Vieh irgend welcher Art. Sie beschäftigt keine Agenten zum Kauf oder Verkauf. Ihr einziges Geschäft ist Vieh in Empfang zu nehmen und je des Verkäufers während der Kaufsverhandlungen mit dem Käufer, Schlachthaus oder Büchlein zu versorgen. Sie hat über eine und eine Viertel Million Dollars in den letzten fünf Jahren ausgegeben, um ihre Kosten zu vergrößern und zu verbessern.

Guthaben des Süd-Omaha Marktes

Preise die ansprechen

Jede Hürde in den Viehhöfen ist mit einer unbeschränkten Menge reinen Quellwassers versehen, das „füllt“.

Passendste, praktischste und gesundheitlichste Rindvieh- und Schweine-Abtheilung in der Welt dem Versender angeboten.

Ein Pferdestall, in Konstruktion, Dienlichkeit oder Eintheilung unerreicht von dem Pferdestall irgend eines anderen öffentlichen Marktes. Beste und modernst eingerichtete Schweine-Abtheilung in der Welt, fast ganz aus Konkret und Stahl erbaut, mit der allerbesten Ventilation, Sanitation und bestmöglichen allgemeinen Kommoditäten.

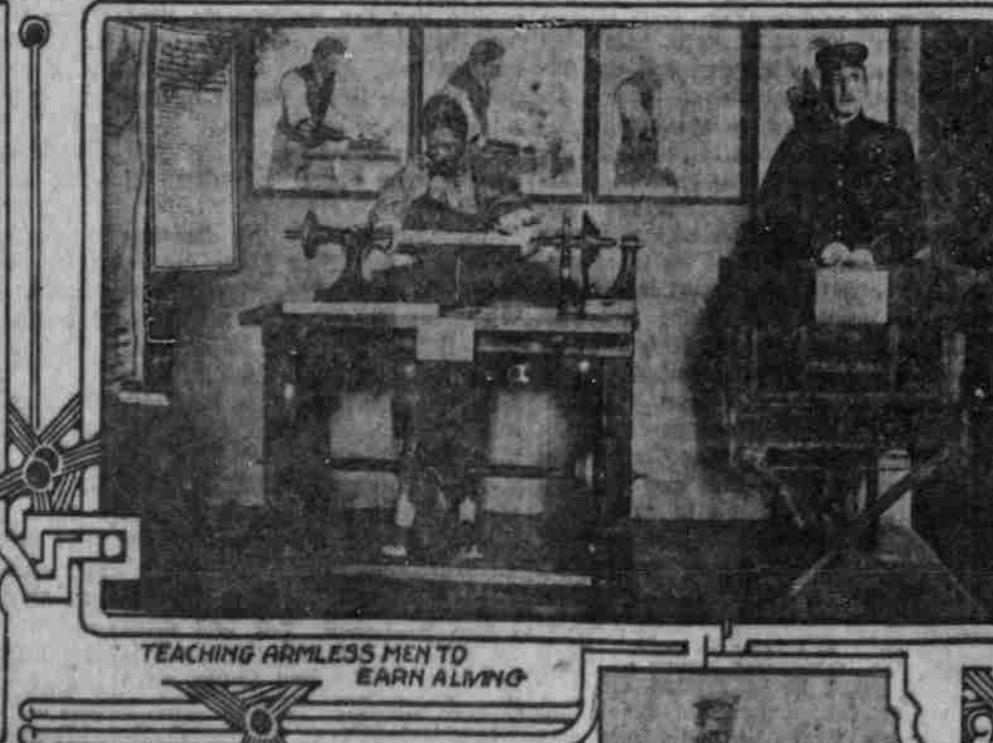
Der Landwirtschafts-Hilfssekretär Carl Broome von Washington, D. C., erklärte in seiner Rede in der „Al-Tar-Ben“ Höhle am Abend des 12. Juli 1915, daß eine Besichtigung der Süd-Omaha Viehhöfe, dem Besucher Schweine-Höfe enthalten würde, welche Modelle für die ganze Welt sind.

Wenn Sie nach Süd-Omaha verschicken, machen
Sie für sich selbst wie für Nebraska Reklame

MIRACLES OF SCIENCE TO AID WOUNDED GERMANS



CARPENTER FITTED WITH A "JAGENBERG ARM"



TEACHING ARMLESS MEN TO EARN ALIVING



AN ARMLESS BLACKSMITH AT HIS ANVIL

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ALTHOUGH the end of the war is not yet in sight, Germany has already commenced the work of reconstruction by repairing the wear and tear to human material, of which such reckless expenditure has been made in all countries during the past year. A remarkable work is being done in assisting the appalling number of cripples resulting from this war. These men, who have sacrificed one or all of their limbs in the service of their country, must pass the remainder of their lives dependent upon the bounty of the state or the individual unless science comes to their rescue. The cripples of previous wars were looked upon as incapacitated for the duties of everyday life, practically the only occupation left them being that of an organ grinder.

Modern science has changed all this and has opened up a surprising number of avenues whereby these unfortunate men can be enabled to earn a living.

of weakness or stiffness are sent to special institutions, where excellent results are being achieved by means of massage, hot air treatment, electricity and mechanical gymnastic exercises. A large number of men who otherwise would be doomed to a cripple's fate, regain normal freedom of movement after completing an orthopedic cure. These cases are happily in the majority, but there is a smaller percentage with whom it is not a question of complete or even partial restoration, but merely one of diminishing the degree of incapacity. Not only must the best possible substitutes be found for the amputated members, but ways and means must be considered for such men to return to the workbench, the factory and the office.

Special training schools have already been established in connection with the Oskar-Helene home in Zehlendorf, a suburb of Berlin; at the newly rechristened Hindenburg House in Königsberg and at the Phoenix and Flora industrial center of

pital he is encouraged to attempt various kinds of light manual tasks, which serve to distract his mind and prevent him from brooding over his misfortune. It has been decided to preserve military discipline to these institutions, as thereby the man feels himself in a familiar atmosphere, and a strict daily regime helps him more readily to acquire habits of independence. He soon gains a certain facility in bathing, dressing and feeding himself, nor does he have any great difficulty in learning to write with his left hand. A Berlin dentist has invented an apparatus by means of which men who have lost both arms can learn to write by holding the pen between their teeth.

The most important part of the training, however, is received in the workshops of these training schools, where locksmiths, carpenters, bookbinders, shoemakers, tailors, basket weavers and the like are helped to regain their former proficiency or to acquire a technique in some new trade. As far as possible, the men are urged to resume their former occupations—as, for example, at Düsseldorf, has been arranged

for an institution devoted entirely to the manufacture and adjustment of artificial limbs. By means of the "Jaggenberg arm" the working capacity of the crippled men can be brought up to an astonishing degree of efficiency.

The "Jaggenberg arm" is designed wholly for utility. It consists of a stout upper part made of leather, to which a flexible steel rod is attached by means of a ball and socket joint. This rod, or substitute for the missing forearm, also terminates in a ball and socket joint, to which the tool is securely fastened and operated by an adjustable screw. This mechanical device has been christened the "working claw" to distinguish it from the "Sunday arm," normal in shape and appearance, which is worn out of working hours. To watch a man beat off both arms and both legs hammering away at an anvil, forging, filing or boring, seems nothing short of a miracle, but the wonder grows when the same man rides off home on a bicycle.

A company has been incorporated for the manufacture of this invention, but it is not to be operated for commercial gain, as the profits are to be applied to the development of this and similar artesian apparatus of this nature. Another great center for the training of crippled soldiers is Koensberg, where Dr. Hoffmann, the head physician at the Hindenburg House, is carrying on a remarkable work. Dr. Hoffmann is already known in the scientific world by his successful work with crippled children. Dr. Biesalski, another well known authority, declares that there need be no cripples if only the men are able to exercise sufficient will power and thus co-operate with the efforts of science. The Society of German Engineers is also taking an active interest in the matter and at its last meeting resolved that the chief effort of the training schools should be directed toward rehabilitating the men, as far as possible, in their former vocations, and that, above all, care must be taken that no man so afflicted should be allowed to remain out of employment as long as he retains a capacity for work. The man who is able to perform his part, however small, is thereby helped morally as well as physically. He is made to feel that he is an essential and efficient unit in the entire organism of a nation's endeavor and a nation's achievement.

Jugendwehr der Philippinen

Es kann nicht Wunder nehmen, daß zu den manigfachen Bildern des großen Krieges auch die Aufzüge des „Späherjungen“ Jugendwohltätigkeitsbewegung gehört, stets in verschiedenen Ländern denen die Ber. Staaten nichts sind. Da jedoch unterbrochen der Philippinen-Int. Bewegung eine besonders „die Aufnahme“ gefunden hat und Fortschritte macht, das erstaunlich genug, um einen Blick dabei zu verneilen.

Somit die Berichte darüber verfolgt die Bewegung auf Lippinen, trotz ihres militärisch schwach, hauptsächlich gewordene Lebensstandards hat sie es möglich zu verbauen, daß sie vollständig geworden ist. Einiger als ein Jahr her, daß etatistische Leutnant Sherman die selbe auf der Insel Si-nao zuerst einführte. Ein Kompanie brauner Jungen, erläuterte ihnen die seine Untergang fanden den Anfang. Schnell ge- die Jungen sich selbst organisierten ersten Pflichten ge- gründliche Reinigung ihrer Dorfes und sodann aller Umgebung. Mit immer vermehrtem Sinn für Sauberkeit, säuberten sie auch e- derten Wohnheime. Weil ihnen beigebracht, die Bäume gegen Insetten sam zu schützen, bilden sie auf noch der Kultur us.

Um nur zu erwähnen, auch einzählen auch fortlaufend gegen Insetten zu üben, bei diesen der Punkt eingetragen.

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