

# THE NORFOLK WEEKLY NEWS-JOURNAL.

NORFOLK, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1912.

## HEADLESS MAN IN AN A. PIT

ST. LOUIS PATROLMAN  
GREWSOME FIND.

HE HAD NOT LONG BEEN DEAD

The body of a man, with head missing, is found in the rear of 1122 North Ninth Street, St. Louis, Friday—Body Still Warm.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 19.—The headless body of a man was found in an ash pit in the rear of 1122 North Ninth Street by a patrolman at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

The body was yet warm, and the man apparently had not been dead any great length of time.

Fight Called Off.

The fight in which Jack Sullivan of Omaha was to meet an Omaha man at Omaha this month has been called off. All the Sullivan fighters are now at Omaha.

Neligh Firm Dissolved.

Neligh, Neb., Jan. 19.—Special to The News: The general merchandise and grocery business for the past several years conducted under the firm name of Mills & Berry in this city was dissolved yesterday. Mr. Berry purchasing the interest of his partner, and it is reported that other persons of high financial standing have become interested in the business. It is rumored that the name of the new firm in the future will be H. H. Berry & Co., incorporated.

PROBING HARVESTER TRUST.

Congressman Lobeck of Nebraska Wants to Know Certain Things.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Representative Lobeck of Nebraska asked the house committee conducting an investigation of the International Harvester company, to recommend there be ascertained what considerations were paid to J. P. Morgan and George W. Perkins for their part in the formation of that corporation in 1902.

Mr. Lobeck declared that E. H. Gary, directing head of the United States Steel corporation, while not in the business of manufacturing farm machinery, was identified with movements to form a farm implement pool before the International Harvester company was organized. He also urged an inquiry into how the steel corporation acquired \$20,000,000 of stock in the harvester company.

TURKISH SITUATION GRAVE.

People of Macedonia Appeal to the Powers for Intervention.

Constantinople, Jan. 19.—The people of Macedonia have prepared a general petition to the powers, asking for intervention, according to the report of the commission of inquiry sent by the Ottoman government to investigate the conditions in Macedonia, shortly after the recent dynamite outbreaks in that region. The greatest dejection is manifested by the people, it is found. Assassinations are multiplying day by day, and dynamite outbreaks everywhere are on the increase. River officers of the Turkish army are unable to hide their gloom. Everywhere the people speak of a general uprising which, if it is not curbed immediately, will take place. The conditions are due to the presence of officials who are utterly unworthy of the confidence of the Turkish government has placed in them.

They disarm the Christian populations and supply arms to the Mussulmen. Innocent people are condemned by them on the merest suspicion and cast into prison.

At Istib violence and assassination continued throughout an entire week, and there, as in other towns and villages, consternation prevails. Early in December a bomb outrage in a mosque at Istib caused the death of twelve persons. The Turks avenged the outrage on the Bulgarians, of whom they killed and wounded a large number.

ITALIANS MARKING TIME.

They're Strengthening Their Position in Tripoli.

Tripoli, Jan. 19.—The military situation in Tripoli during the last month, to all appearances, has undergone no change. All the fighting that has occurred has been begun by the Turks, who have repeatedly attacked the Italian troops at different points and have just as often been repulsed.

As a matter of fact, the Italian commanders have been using time as an ally. They have been busily engaged in strengthening the positions held by their troops and preparing for an advance into the interior. Transportation is on an enormous scale here, and material for the construction of a railroad into the desert is arriving in large quantities. The only possible danger of the plans of the Italian staff being upset is that peace may be declared at an early date.

The Arabs do not understand the reasons for the Italian delay and are impressed with the idea that the Italian army is unable to encounter effectively the insignificant number of Moslems opposing it. Under the circumstances even should the Turkish troops be withdrawn the Arabs are determined to continue the fight against the Italians.

## CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Temperature for Twenty-four Hours. The Forecast.

Maximum ..... 16  
Minimum ..... -16  
Average ..... 0  
Barometer ..... 30

Chicago, Jan. 19.—The bulletin issued by the Chicago station of the United States weather bureau gives the forecast as follows:

Nebraska: Increasing cloudiness and probably unsettled tonight and Saturday; warmer in east portion tonight.

South Dakota: Increasing cloudiness tonight and Saturday; warmer tonight.

## JOHN EBERLY TO SUCCEED HANLON

IS ELECTED PRESIDENT OF STANTON BANK, FOLLOWING HANLON DEATH.

Stanton, Neb., Jan. 19.—Special to The News: At a meeting of the directors of the Stanton National bank, called for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the office of president of that institution, caused by the death of Col. Frank P. Hanlon of Omaha, John Eberly, the present cashier was unanimously elected president and Frank Mittelstadt was elected cashier.

Appropriate resolutions were adopted concerning the death of Col. Hanlon.

## ROOSEVELT NOW DRIVES AUTO

Formerly He Forbade Cars to Even Enter Sagamore Hill Grounds.

New York, Jan. 19.—Theodore Roosevelt, colonel of the rough riders, has at length yielded to the tendency of the times, and sits behind the steering wheel of his automobile.

Residents of Oyster Bay on several occasions recently have seen Col. Roosevelt driving through town with his hand on the wheel steering the car as if he was roughly familiar with the mysteries of the levers and pedals which must be manipulated. The sight was a surprising one, because of Col. Roosevelt's love for the horse and his aversion to automobiles. When he was at Oyster Bay during the summer while he was president, he forbade automobilists to enter his grounds in their machines.

In spite of Col. Roosevelt's preference for the horse he found an automobile indispensable when he began to make regular trips between Oyster Bay and his editorial offices in New York. If he went by train he was besieged by persons who wanted to talk with him. Gradually he picked up the information about the mechanism of the car, but it was only recently that he began to drive.

The colonel still prefers the horse, however, and takes daily horseback rides.

As a concession to the automobile, Col. Roosevelt recently built a broad macadamized road from his home on the crown of Sagamore hill to the public highway below.

## GETS ERASER IN HIS EAR

Albion Man Won't Use Pencil to Probe That Member Again.

Albion, Neb., Jan. 19.—Special to The News: A. L. Steele, grocer, suffered a peculiar accident. By means of the eraser end of a lead pencil he attempted to overcome an itching within his ear. In this act the rubber became loosed from the pencil and lodged in his ear. A doctor was called to remove same.

Gregory Court Postponed.

Fairfax, S. D., Jan. 19.—Special to The News: Owing to the presentation of a petition by the attorneys and others interested, Judge Williamson has ordered the adjourned session of circuit court which was to have been convened here Jan. 24 continued over to March 12, at which time the regular term begins.

The series of farmers' institutes held by H. H. Stoner, W. E. McGee, Mr. Van Camp and Mr. Robertson, in this section of the state, closed here. Sessions of two days each were held at all the South Dakota towns from Winner to Fairfax. Good attendance in spite of the extreme cold weather, and great interest was manifested.

## TWO TRAINMEN ARE KILLED

Frisco Freights Collide at Full Speed at Eitzenberg, Mo.

Wittenberg, Mo., Jan. 19.—Two men were instantly killed, one was injured seriously, two others were hurt slightly, and two engines and twenty freight cars were demolished when two Frisco freight trains collided, head on, a mile below this place early today.

Both trains were going almost at full speed when the crash occurred at a dangerous curve on the Mississippi river banks. Charles Beard, engineer of the northbound train, and Clark, the fireman, were killed. Millhouse, brakeman of the southbound train, was scalded.

## WAR IN CHINA TO BE RESUMED

UNLESS PREMIER CONCEDES DEMANDS OF REPUBLICANS.

AND BEFORE JAN. 28, AT THAT

Drastic Demands Are Made by the Rebels, Including Abdication of the Throne and Surrender of Sovereign Powers.

Nankin, China, Jan. 19.—It appears now to be absolutely certain that fighting between the revolutionists and the imperialists will be resumed on the morning of Jan. 28 unless Premier Yuan Shi Kai concedes the demands of the republican government.

These demands, which were telegraphed today to Premier Yuan Shi Kai at Peking, are very drastic and substantially as follows:

1. The abdication of the throne and the surrender of the sovereign powers are demanded.
2. No Manchu may participate in the provisional government of China.
3. The capital of the provisional government cannot be established at Peking.

Make Drastic Demands.

PROBING BUTTER COMBINE.

Civil Suit Brought at Chicago—No Criminal Action Now.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—The present high price of butter lent additional interest to the proceedings against the Chicago butter and egg board which were scheduled to be resumed today before Master in Chancery Morrison.

L. J. Judson, former secretary of the Elgin butter board, and his successor, Colvin W. Brown, were subpoenaed to appear today. The purpose of their testimony, it was said, is to try to show that the Elgin and Chicago boards unite to fix prices of butter.

The action is a civil proceeding to enjoin the quotations committee of the board from fixing the price of butter and eggs at their regular sessions, a custom held to in defiance of the Sherman anti-trust law.

WHITE IS RE-ELECTED.

Again Heads Mine Workers of America—Gompers Not Renounced.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 19.—John P. White of Okaloosa, Ia., was re-elected president of the United Mine Workers for America by a majority of 446,425 over his opponent Thomas T. Lewis of Bridgeport, O., according to the report of the tellers made at the convention this afternoon. White received 104,015 votes to Lewis' 58,591.

Frank J. Hayes was re-elected vice-president by a majority of 64,824 over Samuel Dascoe of Illinois. Secretary-Treasurer Edwin Perry was not elected for re-election. Delegates opposed for the American Federation of Labor convention as announced this afternoon were as follows:

John Mitchell, New York; John P. White, Iowa; Thomas L. Lewis, Ohio; Frank J. Hayes, John H. Walker and Duncan McDonald, Illinois, and William Green, Ohio.

Five hundred dollars was appropriated for the fund of the striking button workers at Muscatine, Ia. Socialists delegates, after succeeding in putting the convention on record for "government ownership of all industries," had determined over night it would be prejudicial to their cause to press the resolution endorsing the socialist party as the "political party of the laboring class."

A bill providing for old age pensions for men and women past 60, introduced in congress by Representative Victor L. Berger, was endorsed, and an invitation to Mr. Berger to come to Indianapolis to address the convention was extended.

A resolution providing for secession from the American Federation of Labor, and charging that Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and other labor leaders were "in the grasp of the capitalistic class through the influence of the National Civic Federation" was defeated.

A NEW SERIAL STORY.

Mystery of the \$40,000 Robbery is to Be Unravelled.

"The Lash of Circumstance," a story dealing in the mystery of a \$40,000 robbery—a thrilling, exciting tale—starts in tomorrow's News. Don't miss the first chapters.

ROBBER SHOTS WOMAN.

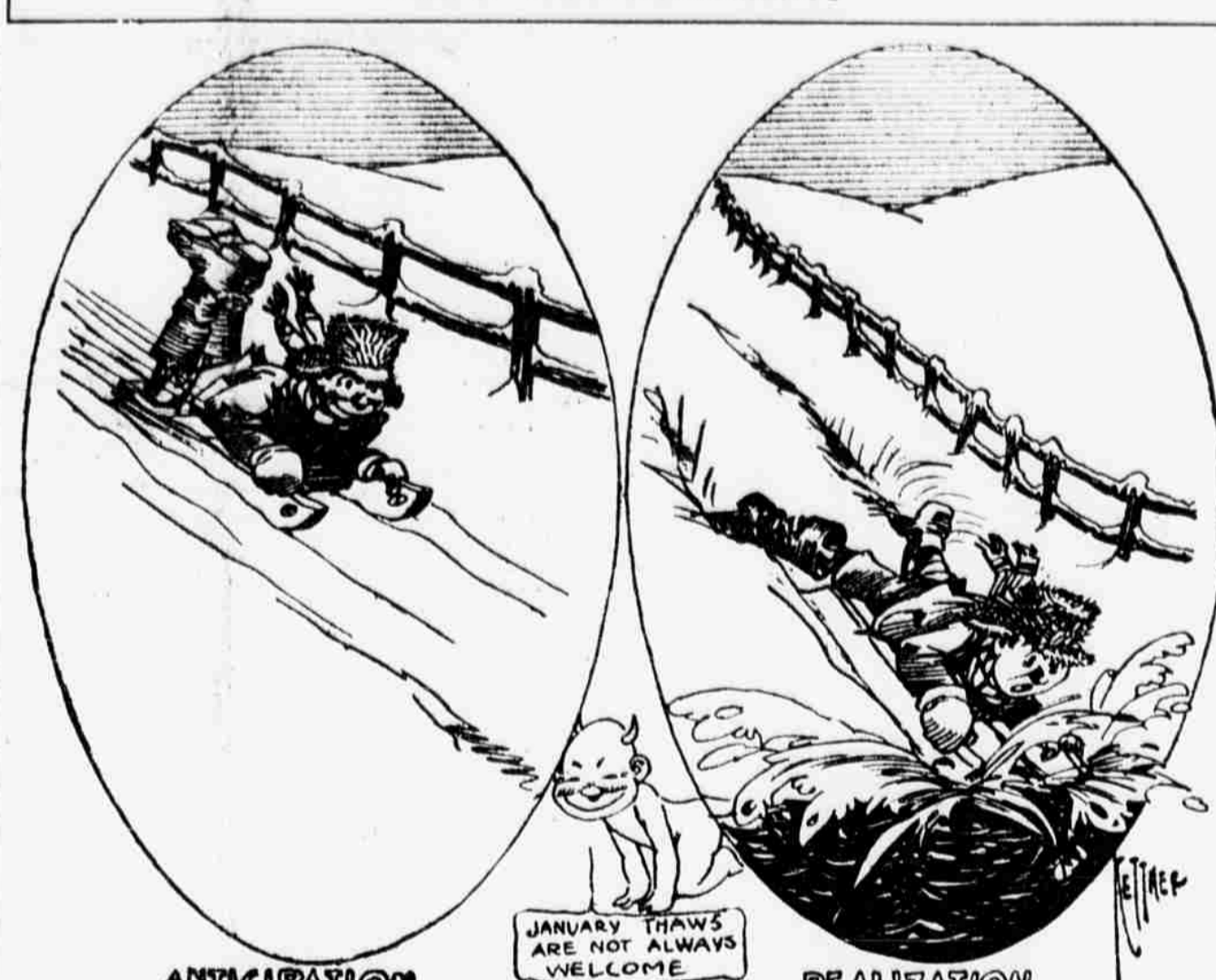
Mrs. George Piercy of Trinidad, Colo., Dying—Robber Killed.

Trinidad, Colo., Jan. 19.—Mrs. George P. Piercy, wife of the cashier of the Colorado Supply company's store at Segundo, west of this city, was shot in the back and probably fatally wounded last night by an unidentified man who was attempting to rob the store. The robber in turn was shot and killed by Earl Tucker, city marshal of Valdez, a camp one mile south of Segundo.

Wilson at Ann Arbor.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 19.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey today, the second of his brief tour through Michigan, was scheduled to address meetings at Ann Arbor and Grand Rapids.

## LIFE'S DISAPPOINTMENTS



ANTICIPATION REALIZATION

## OMAHA ROBBER NORFOLK MAN?

J. E. FREDERICKS GIVES IT AS HIS HOME.

HE HOLDS UP AN OMAHA WOMAN

After Securing \$1,000 Worth of Diamonds He Fires a Shot at Her Husband and Flees, Shooting as He Runs—Caught by Police.

Omaha, Jan. 19.—After robbing Mrs. Sylvia Salvito of about \$1,000 worth of diamonds last night in her own apartments, 424 North Sixteenth street, a daring holdup fired a shot at her husband, but was run down and captured by an officer who was attracted by the fleeing robber's fusillade of shots to stop pursuit. The hold-up gave his name as J. E. Fredericks of Norfolk.

He claims that he came to Omaha as plaintiff in a suit for damages against a railroad for injuries received in a wreck near McCook last summer at the time several players of the Omaha baseball team were injured. Fredericks secured a room of Mrs. Salvito on Wednesday. The apartments are located over Johnson's saloon, Sixteenth and Cass streets.

Last evening shortly before 8 o'clock Fredericks entered the sitting room, which is used also as an office. Mrs. Salvito was in the room. Her steps were directed to a fire in a to give him her money. She supposed at first that he was joking. She discovered that he had a revolver, but told him that she had no money. "I want the diamonds that you carry there," he said, pointing the gun at her bosom.

Fires at Her Husband.

She drew from her corsage a small chain sack containing the jewels and gave them to Fredericks. Salvito entered, and he was backed up against the wall on the farther side of the room. The robber overlooked a \$300 diamond brooch which the woman wore. Fredericks fired one shot at Salvito and ran. Salvito, anticipating the shot, had ducked and the bullet lodged in the woodwork of a window about where his head would have been had he not dodged.

Fredericks ran through the hall and out the back way down a flight of stairs. At the front of the stairs he shot at a dog that happened to cross his path. He opened the rear door of the saloon and fired three shots into the place, supposedly to stop pursuit in case of alarm. Vaulting a back fence, Fredericks ran toward the partly completed Estabrook flats on Cass street, near Seventeenth, where he hid. He threw away the empty revolver while running. Officer Hudson, who was attracted by the shots, found Fredericks hiding in the building.

At the police station Fredericks claimed that the woman took his gold watch away from him and that he snatched the diamonds from her corsage in retaliation.

He claims that he had no revolver and fired no shots. Detectives Ring, Vandusen and Hill found a pawn ticket showing where Fredericks had pawned his watch. They also found bullet marks and eye witnesses who corroborated the family's story.

When searched at the police station Fredericks had the diamonds, all mounted in rings, intact in the chain sack in an inside pocket. There are five rings. The gems vary in size from a quarter of a carat to

## NORRIS OUT FOR THE TOGA

INSURGENT NEBRASKA SENATOR WANTS SENATORSHIP.

HE FILES FOR THE PRIMARY

Banking on the Support of Nebraska Insurgents, Congressman Norris Formally Enters Race for United States Senator.

Lincoln, Jan. 18.—Congressman George W. Norris of McCook, Neb., entered the fight for the United States senatorship with Norris Brown this morning, when he filed his application for a place on the republican primary ballot.

Mr. Norris will, it is said, have the support of the insurgent faction in the state against Senator Brown, who is backed by National Committeeman Rosewater of Omaha.

2 ARRESTED FOR MURDERING FARMER

PAIR OF EX-CONVICTS HELD FOR KILLING ST. JOE MAN.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 18.—William Steffens and Enoch Stoner, ex-convicts have been arrested by the police for the murder of Farmer Lykins, near here this morning. Steffens, who was wounded by Lykins' companion, has confessed and says Stoner fired the shot.

Steffens has served time for counterfeiting and Stoner was sent up for life for murder at Smithville, Mo., but was pardoned several years ago.

WILL REQUIRE BANKS TO KEEP UP RESERVE

COMPTROLLER OF CURRENCY TO ENFORCE DRASTIC MEASURE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Comptroller of the currency Murray today took steps to compel all national banks to maintain their legal reserves. The law regulating the reserves, the most drastic in the national bank act, never has been strictly enforced. It is said.

The national bank examiners now will report all banks whose reserves are continually below the legal limit under the statute the comptroller is authorized to appoint a receiver for any bank that fails to hold its legal reserve or to revoke the charter.

MAY END TEXTILE STRIKE

Both Sides in Conciliatory Mood, Will Make Concessions.

Lawrence, Mass., Jan. 18.—An early settlement of the strike of the 15,000 textile mill workers was looked for today by officials who have assumed a conciliatory attitude. Both sides probably will make concessions.

STRANGLE 'EM TO DEATH

Three Men Who Hurl Bomb at Yuan, Are Executed.

Pekin, Jan. 18.—The three men who were arrested after the throwing of a bomb at the carriage of Premier Yuan Shi Kai, were put to death today by strangling.

## BANKER MORSE FREE AT LAST

SENTENCE COMMUTED BY TAFT, MORSE TO SANITARIUM.

MAY VISIT GERMAN RESORTS

While Greatly Elated at the Commutation of His Sentence, Morse is Permitted to See but Few Persons, by Military Physicians.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 19.—Arrangements for moving Charles W. Morse, the New York banker whose fifteen-year sentence was commuted last evening by the president, to a sanitarium, were held up today pending the arrival of Mrs. Morse from Washington. She is due to reach Atlanta at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Morse is occupying his room at the army hospital now as a "guest" of the government, his freedom having been given him yesterday by Warden Moyer of the federal penitentiary on telegraphic advices from Washington.

It is expected he will go to a local hospital and later to New York, where he will prepare to visit one of the German resorts if his condition permits.

While Mr. Morse was greatly brightened today at the news of commutation, the military physicians would permit few persons to see him.

According to the surgeon-general's report to the president of his condition, Morse could not live one month longer in confinement, and even at liberty probably would not live six months.

The commutation does not restore Morse's civil rights.

NOW A CURE FOR PNEUMONIA.

A Serum Developed at the Rockefeller Institute.

New York, Jan. 19.—The Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research is prepared to announce a serum cure for pneumonia.

The reason the demonstrations of this new discovery have not been given to the medical profession and the public up to this time is the lack of patients on which to try the serum.

Elaborate preparations have been made at the hospital of the institute for the reception of pneumonia patients.

One resident physician, three of the most highly trained nurses and three orderlies are to be assigned to each individual patient. Each sufferer from the dread disease is to have a large private room, and the modern cold-air treatment for pneumonia is to be given him.

The anti-pneumonia serum has been developed through experiments on monkeys. The process used was that which has proved so successful in hydrophobia and diphtheria, and lately in typhoid fever. The lymphatic fluid of an animal which had pneumonia was injected into another one. This was kept up until immunity was produced, and it was this fluid that was hypodermically introduced into one stricken with the disease.

It invariably caused the death of the bacteria of the disease and aborted the attack on the animal.

STARVED HER TO DEATH.

Murder Trial at Seattle Brings Out Sensational Testimony.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 19.—How Claire Williamson, a wealthy English woman, starved to death under the immediate care of Mrs. Linda Burfield Hazzard, a sanitarium keeper who is alleged to have wanted her money, and how Dorothea Williamson, sister of the dead woman was rescued a living skeleton by the nurse of her childhood, was recounted to a jury today by Prosecutor Frank H. Kelly of Tacoma. Mrs. Hazzard is on trial for murder. Her husband, said to be a West Point graduate, was the only relative allowed to remain in the room.

In the jury the state claims are several who are opposed to the death penalty. The starving sisters, who had put themselves in Mrs. Hazzard's care last February, were taken to Ollala, where, it is asserted, Mrs. Hazzard induced Claire to add a codicil to her will ending the Hazzard sanitarium with \$125 annually and obtained an order on banks holding funds belonging to the Williamson sisters.

Claire died May 19, literally reduced to skin and bones. No notification was sent to relatives but a family nurse in Australia, hearing of Claire's death, hurried to Ollala and found a living spectre. Hazzard, asserting that the girl was insane, already had applied to be appointed guardian for Dorothea and administrator of Claire's estate.

England May Avoid Strike.

Birmingham, Eng., Jan. 19.—The conference of delegates of the miners' federation has decided to serve notice for the national stoppage of work at the Cose mines in Great Britain. The end of February, however, is the first date at which the notice can become effective. The notice is accompanied by an intimation that the men are ready to continue negotiations for a settlement. The conference has adjourned until Feb. 1. As both sides appear to be heartily desirous of finding a way out of the deadlock there is a general feeling that a national strike, which would affect about 900,000 men will be averted.