

MONDAY MENTIONS.

M. D. Tyler went to Pender on business. M. J. Sanders returned from a business trip to Omaha. Mrs. C. P. Parish returned from a few weeks' visit with relatives in Iowa. John Schwichtenberg returned from a business trip to Hopkins. George Bain of Hopkins is in the city visiting with relatives. Miss Loretta Doherty is in the city visiting with Miss Norma O'Brien. W. J. Carrier returned from Enola, where he spent a few days' visit with friends. L. C. Mittelstadt leaves Tuesday for Colorado, where he will look after the work on his fruit farm. Mrs. P. F. Bell has gone to Albion to visit with her sister, Mrs. J. A. McKenzie, who has been ill and is reported much improved. Mrs. Landers returned from Albion after visiting for a few days with Mrs. McKenzie. Sherman Willey is reported quite ill with an attack of tonsillitis. F. M. Huffnuth is confined to his bed with a severe attack of the grip. Ray Hartford has moved from 304 South Ninth street to 305 South Tenth street. A large window in the Larsen millinery store is broken as the result of a young man slipping accidentally Sunday and falling against it. Chief of Police Marquardt is looking for Chris Haley of South Dakota, for whom he has papers, notifying Haley that a contest against his homestead is being instituted. Dr. Fayette L. Thompson of New York City will speak at the Methodist church tonight. Admission is free. Everybody is invited. His subject is "The Brotherhood Movement." In the home of the bride's father, A. T. Burroughs, 412 South Ninth street, Miss Leona Burroughs was married Monday to A. G. Lindsay of this city. Rev. Roy Lucas performed the ceremony. The young ladies' society of the Sacred Heart church will give an Easter dance this evening in Marquardt hall. A supper will be served by the ladies of the church during the evening. A party of four automobile enthusiasts of Randolph made the trip to Norfolk Sunday evening, and after enjoying a dinner at one of the hotels returned to their home. The roads are in excellent shape, it is reported. Mrs. L. B. Musselman, 1308 Norfolk avenue, wife of Lewis B. Musselman the traveling salesman, is not expected to live many more hours. Mrs. Musselman was brought from Omaha last night, where she had been ill for about thirty days. Saturday last was put down as the first day of the year in which boys indulged in swimming. In the Elkhorn river, south of the city, a large number of boys tested the water and pronounced it "O. K." "It wasn't much colder than on cold days in the summer time," is the report of one of the swimmers. The Union Pacific railroad is putting on a system of train auditors, who will do the ticket collecting instead of the conductor. The Norfolk branch will get one of these auditors. A circular was received to this effect by local Agent C. W. Landers, but when the new system goes into effect is not known. At least 100 delegates to the Woman's club convention to be held here April 24 and 25 are looked for by the local committee, which is arranging an elaborate program for the entertainment of the out-of-town delegates. The convention will be formally opened in the Congregational church Monday evening, April 24, when a special musicale will be given by local talent. Contracts for the construction of the new brick residence of Dr. C. J. Verges were let Saturday. John Miller will do the carpenter work; Beckenhauer, the brick, and William Klug the cement work. This residence when completed will be one of the finest in the city. It will be constructed on the Virginia property on Prospect avenue and Tenth street. The cost is estimated at \$10,000. Twenty baseball fans took possession of the driving park diamond Sunday morning and indulged in a fast workout. The diamond was put in fine condition, and with the aid of horses furnished by the courtesy of M. R. Green, more improvements were made. Some fast players are promised for a line-up, which will be announced at the organization of the club which will be held tonight or Tuesday night in the city hall. Petty thieving is reported at several residences in Norfolk and advice is given that a watch be made on the ice boxes which are being put to use and that the pantry windows be kept closed at night. At the residence of S. H. Grant, a large crock filled with fruit salad to be served to a number of young ladies who had gathered for an evening's social meeting, disappeared just before it was to be served. With it went a large portion of a newly made cake. This woman lost her hat and didn't know it. Walking from the postoffice in company with a man, she was so absorbed in her conversation that she didn't even know it when her Easter bonnet became unpinned from the back of her head and dropped to the sidewalk. She walked on, bareheaded. The headgear lay for some time on the sidewalk near the Cotton block before it was finally kidnapped by saleswomen in the Baum store. No trace of the owner has been found. An employee in the American Express office had seen the woman drop the hat, and after watching the bonnet for several minutes notified the clerks in the store. William Fuerst of Battle Creek, transacted business here. Professor Doering of Battle Creek was here visiting with friends. George T. Blandford of Omaha was in the city transacting business. Among the day's out-of-town visitors in Norfolk were: David Hodson, Madison; T. A. Gustin, Wayne; R.

Hughes, Lynch; Mr. and Mrs. J. Van Blomcom, Pierce; Mr. and Mrs. Vet Lewis, Meadow Grove; Mr. and Mrs. John Hosh, Meadow Grove; C. F. Burch, Pierce; Mrs. N. P. Barred, Niobrara; Mrs. William Bear, Niobrara; E. J. Johnson, Wisner; B. B. Bailey, Wisner; Fred Hans, Stanton; A. C. Huba, Gregory; Orion Porter, Fairfax; Mrs. W. H. Mohr, Pierce; Mrs. D. Eines, Pierce; Mrs. Thomas Chalmers, Pierce. Mrs. James Nichols of Madison is in the city visiting with Mr. and Mrs. J. Clements. C. G. Warner, county superintendent of Gregory county and publisher of the Gregory Times-Advocate, passed through Norfolk Saturday enroute to Hawarden, Ia., to attend the funeral of Mrs. Warner's mother. The Norfolk Corn Growing club has completed all arrangements for the beginning of their competition with other corn growers in the state. The club has now a membership of thirty-three girls and boys, including a number of country girls who will plant about an acre each of corn for the contests. The members living in the city are less fortunate in not having sufficient room for planting. The club is appealing to citizens for vacant lots or ground on which to plant their corn. Those who can possibly spare any ground for this good work should notify Secretary C. C. Gow of the Commercial club. G. L. Carlson has offered a \$10 prize for the largest yield from one row of corn, regardless of the quality. Besides the state and county prizes for which the Norfolk club will compete, the Commercial club and business men will probably put up good prizes. FIGHTING TUBERCULOSIS. School Children Are Enlisted in Campaign Against White Plague. A circular addressed to children, issued by the Nebraska Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, is being scattered broadcast in Norfolk. The circular, printed in red letters, has a double red cross glaring on the front page. The cross, says the circular, represents the war against tuberculosis. Some of the rules to prevent the spreading of this disease as contained in the circular follow: "Don't spit, and don't permit others to spit; don't swap chewing gum; don't chew pencils, programs, fans or anything not made to eat; don't bite the other child's apple, candy, sandwich, cracker; don't cough, sneeze, laugh in people's faces; don't drink from public cups; carry your own cup and compel others to do likewise; keep fingers out of eyes, ears, nose, mouth, because fingers handle money." All these things, says the circular, are proper for strong people to do, but they are necessary for weak people to do. Peace Mission to Madero. Eagle Pass, Tex., April 17.—Francisco Madero, sr., today should be well advanced on his way into Mexico on a peace mission to his son, the insurrecto leader, who is said to be in Chihuahua. Madero left here about midnight Saturday on a special train furnished by the Mexican government. The special came to the Eagle Pass side of the river and the difficulty of the preceding day, which had halted Madero here, was apologized for. It is stated that passports were duly arranged. WOULD INVESTIGATE MEXICO. Washington, April 17.—Searching inquiry into the situation in Mexico is demanded in a resolution offered today by Senator Stone of Missouri. The resolution calls on the senate committee on foreign relations to undertake the investigation because of danger to American and foreign lives. Details of the Battle. Douglas, Ariz., April 17.—The federal forces by massing themselves on the east of the town and moved slowly within rifle range of the rebel position. The insurrectos facing in these directions lay low in the trenches or flat on the open ground. The federal fire raked over them and into both Agua Prieta and Douglas and the steel and leaden missiles from the federal guns carried far over the international line, plowed their way into the buildings facing along Second and Third streets and dug up the ground here and there over the whole southern end of the city. The federals in moving in, had advanced from the camp which they established yesterday at Sulphur Springs, five miles south of Agua Prieta. They marched south to a point southeast of Agua Prieta with an evident intention of gaining the border in order to attack the rebel position along the international border, but before they were able to gain this coveted position they encountered the rebel cavalry, which had galloped out to intercept them and there was a rattle from the repeating rifles as the two advanced forces came into firing range. Within Rifle Shot Range. The cavalry dropped back slowly and the federals next came within range of the deep entrenchments thrown up by the rebels during Sunday and last night, which were filled with the insurrecto sharpshooters. Some Americans Tempt Fate. Most of the residents of Douglas remained within doors or sought other places of safety. Some attempted to gain vantage points to view the field of battle. Notwithstanding the strict orders of the American troops, many rushed to the international line in order to get a view of the firing line. They were exposed to the most imminent danger. U. S. Cavalry Exposed to Fire. With the firing of the first shot, Colonel Shank ordered out all the American cavalry available in Douglas. They were rushed quickly to the border and took up positions along

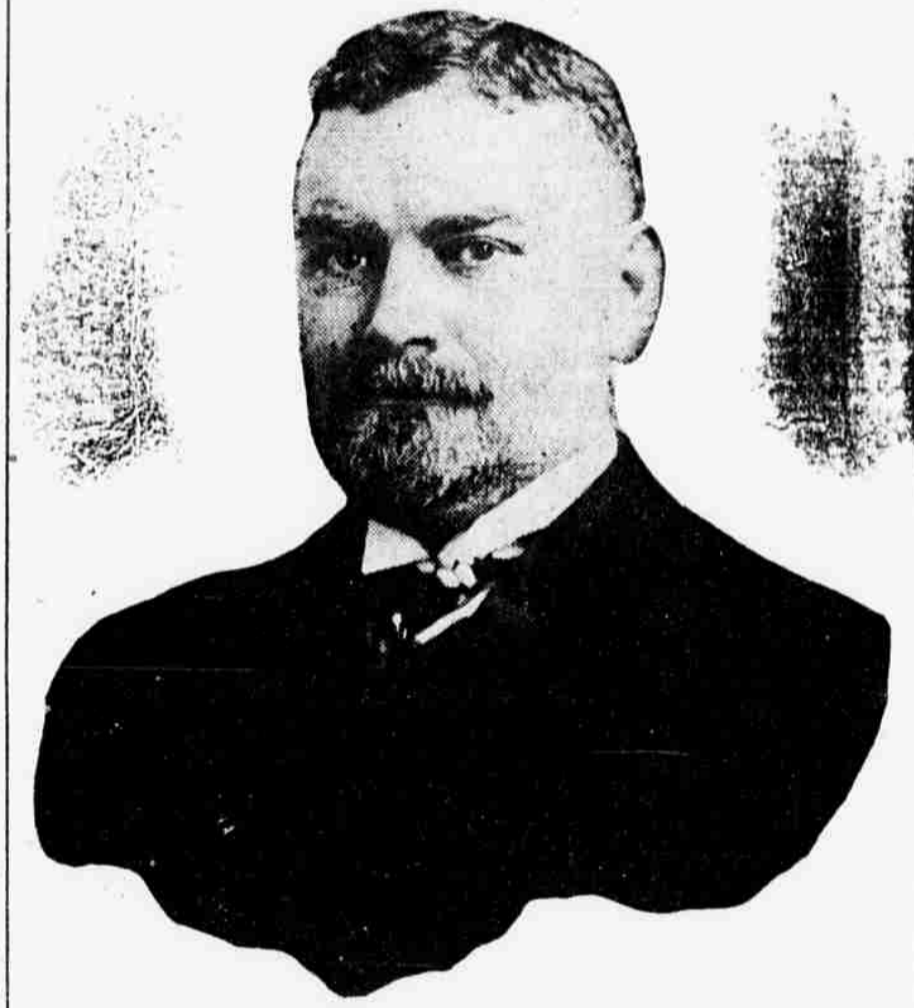
the line. Many of these troops were exposed to the fire of the Mexican troops. Company G, of the Arizona National guard, was also ordered out and took up a position at the armory to await further orders. There were four troops of cavalry and one of militia in Douglas. This was considered an ample force to adequately protect the American line. Rebels Abandon Trenches. For fully fifteen minutes the two armies held their respective positions while the deadly fire continued. Thirty minutes after the battle opened the rebels were seen to abandon their outlying positions and fall back to the breastworks toward Agua Prieta. The federal advance was slow and in open order, with almost continuous firing. Associated Press Auto is Shot. At 7 o'clock an automobile carrying United States Marshal Overlock, United Secret Service Agent Thompson and the Associated Press correspondent passed through the guard line on the American side to the Mexican side. A hail of bullets at this moment drove the party to the shelter of the American customs house, but this building also was in direct line with the heavy firing from the southeast. One bullet struck the automobile, others dug up the ground on all sides and there was a continuous whizz of the leaden missiles overhead. It was considered too dangerous a post and the observing party retired across the line to Fourth street. Woman is Burned to Death. Pierce, Neb., April 17.—Mrs. Pospisil, the aged mother of John and Vaclav Pospisil, living five miles east of Pierce, was burned to death Saturday evening at the home of her son, Vaclav. No one knows how the accident occurred. The son, with whom she lived, had gone to town. Another son, living a half mile west, noticed a heavy smoke hanging over the house about 6 o'clock. He rode to the place as fast as a team could carry him, and going to the door found the interior filled with flames and smoke, which prevented his entering. He called his mother, but received no response. The house burned like tinder and was entirely consumed, together with a barn nearby. After the fire had burned out the charred remains of the woman was found lying a foot or so from the cook stove. It is supposed she was building a fire for supper and the flames caught her clothing. She was 76 years old and had kept house for her son Vaclav for many years. SOUTH DAKOTA AT A GLANCE. Oliver Munsen, county auditor of Union county, was married Thursday. A rock falling from overhead in a stope on the 600-foot level caused the death of Gus Beckwith at Lead. Edward Tenge, who has been in the furniture business in Yankton since 1878, has sold his business to his son, W. S. Tenge. D. A. R. CONVENTION WORK. Addresses and Routine Work Occupy the Day's Sessions. Washington, April 18.—The various general offices of the Daughters of the American Revolution submitted their reports to the twentieth convention of that body today. The session of the forenoon was taken up by these reports. Among those to be heard were President-General Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, as chairman of the national board of management; the vice president-general, Mrs. Barney Tullock, in charge of the organization of chapters, and the chaplain-general, Mrs. Esther Frothingham Noble. At the afternoon session a report is expected from the president-general as chairman of the committee on memorial continental hall and a report from Miss Anna Caroline Benning, chairman of the committee on revolutionary relics. Brown County Deaths. Ainsworth, Neb., April 18.—Special to The News: Mrs. J. H. Hedrick, widow, an old settler of Ainsworth and Brown county, died here Sunday night of erysipelas. The funeral will be held Wednesday. A child of Evan Edwards died Sunday night of spinal meningitis. Frank McDonald, aged about 18, died Saturday night of spinal meningitis. Ed Winchell of the Calamus country was buried here yesterday. He died of lagrippe. He came here from Boyd county. Much sickness in the country. Notice of Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of an execution issued and directed to me by the clerk of the district court of Madison county, Nebraska, upon judgment rendered by the district court of Madison county, Nebraska, on the 28th day of November, 1910, in favor of Edwards & Bradford Lumber company for the sum of \$555.55, with interest thereon from November 28, 1910, at 7 per cent per annum on the sum of \$298.31, together with \$17.75, costs of suit, and accruing costs, in an action, wherein Edwards & Bradford Lumber company is plaintiff, and Harriet L. Chamberlain, et al., are defendants, upon which judgment the sum of \$257.34 has been paid, I will offer the premises described in said decree and taken as the property of said defendant, Harriet L. Chamberlain, to wit: Lot five (5), and the north half of lot six (6) of block thirteen (13) of Durland's First addition to the city of Norfolk, in Madison county, Nebraska, for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on the 23rd day of May, 1911, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court house at Madison, in said county and state, that being the building wherein the last term of said court was held, when and where due attendance will be given by the undersigned. Dated this 18th day of April, 1911. C. S. Smith, Sheriff of Said County.

regularly east for him fall on the floor while the votes were being counted. They did not discover this until the remaining ballots had been counted and the poll books, tally lists and ballots had been sealed up and returned to the city clerk. It is further stated that upon discovery of their error the officers sealed up this ballot in the form in which it had been cast by the voter, and returned it to the city clerk. This ballot, it is declared, should be counted for Coleman. This ballot is also charged with having wrongfully rejected one or more legal ballots cast for Coleman and counted illegal ballots for Mr. Friday. The Third ward board is charged with the same offense, while in the Fourth ward Mr. Coleman says there were eighty-five votes cast for him and that illegal votes were counted for the incumbent, while legal ballots cast for Coleman were rejected. Coleman asks the court that proceedings be taken which will count the rejected legal ballots for him and that the illegal votes cast for the incumbent be rejected. He also asks for judgment of ouster against Friday and that Coleman be adjudged entitled to the office and its franchise, emoluments and privileges and for the costs of the suit. With Mr. Mapes, M. D. Tyler is lined up as Mr. Coleman's counsel, while Mr. Friday will have Isaac Powers, Jack Koehnstein and H. F. Barnhart to defend him. Woman is Burned to Death. Pierce, Neb., April 17.—Mrs. Pospisil, the aged mother of John and Vaclav Pospisil, living five miles east of Pierce, was burned to death Saturday evening at the home of her son, Vaclav. No one knows how the accident occurred. The son, with whom she lived, had gone to town. Another son, living a half mile west, noticed a heavy smoke hanging over the house about 6 o'clock. He rode to the place as fast as a team could carry him, and going to the door found the interior filled with flames and smoke, which prevented his entering. He called his mother, but received no response. The house burned like tinder and was entirely consumed, together with a barn nearby. After the fire had burned out the charred remains of the woman was found lying a foot or so from the cook stove. It is supposed she was building a fire for supper and the flames caught her clothing. She was 76 years old and had kept house for her son Vaclav for many years. SOUTH DAKOTA AT A GLANCE. Oliver Munsen, county auditor of Union county, was married Thursday. A rock falling from overhead in a stope on the 600-foot level caused the death of Gus Beckwith at Lead. Edward Tenge, who has been in the furniture business in Yankton since 1878, has sold his business to his son, W. S. Tenge. D. A. R. CONVENTION WORK. Addresses and Routine Work Occupy the Day's Sessions. Washington, April 18.—The various general offices of the Daughters of the American Revolution submitted their reports to the twentieth convention of that body today. The session of the forenoon was taken up by these reports. Among those to be heard were President-General Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, as chairman of the national board of management; the vice president-general, Mrs. Barney Tullock, in charge of the organization of chapters, and the chaplain-general, Mrs. Esther Frothingham Noble. At the afternoon session a report is expected from the president-general as chairman of the committee on memorial continental hall and a report from Miss Anna Caroline Benning, chairman of the committee on revolutionary relics. Brown County Deaths. Ainsworth, Neb., April 18.—Special to The News: Mrs. J. H. Hedrick, widow, an old settler of Ainsworth and Brown county, died here Sunday night of erysipelas. The funeral will be held Wednesday. A child of Evan Edwards died Sunday night of spinal meningitis. Frank McDonald, aged about 18, died Saturday night of spinal meningitis. Ed Winchell of the Calamus country was buried here yesterday. He died of lagrippe. He came here from Boyd county. Much sickness in the country. Notice of Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of an execution issued and directed to me by the clerk of the district court of Madison county, Nebraska, upon judgment rendered by the district court of Madison county, Nebraska, on the 28th day of November, 1910, in favor of Edwards & Bradford Lumber company for the sum of \$555.55, with interest thereon from November 28, 1910, at 7 per cent per annum on the sum of \$298.31, together with \$17.75, costs of suit, and accruing costs, in an action, wherein Edwards & Bradford Lumber company is plaintiff, and Harriet L. Chamberlain, et al., are defendants, upon which judgment the sum of \$257.34 has been paid, I will offer the premises described in said decree and taken as the property of said defendant, Harriet L. Chamberlain, to wit: Lot five (5), and the north half of lot six (6) of block thirteen (13) of Durland's First addition to the city of Norfolk, in Madison county, Nebraska, for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand on the 23rd day of May, 1911, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the court house at Madison, in said county and state, that being the building wherein the last term of said court was held, when and where due attendance will be given by the undersigned. Dated this 18th day of April, 1911. C. S. Smith, Sheriff of Said County.

KOEHLER TO COMPETE. Michigan's Young Weight Throwing Phenom Will Make Debut Soon. Arthur Koehler, the Michigan university freshman, who is reported to be a coming champion at throwing the weights, will make his debut in college competition at the University of Pennsylvania relays in Philadelphia April 29. In recent track practice Koehler heaved the ball far beyond Captain Horner, having achieved a mark of 46 feet 2 inches. That mark is beyond the intercollegiate records. AMERICAN ASSOCIATION BASEBALL SCHEDULE. COLUMBUS. At Toledo—May 15, 16, 17; July 15, 16, 17; Sept. 4, 5, 6; Sept. 29, Oct. 1, 2. At Indianapolis—May 9, 10, 11; July 9, 10, 11; Aug. 15, 16, 17; Sept. 12, 13, 14. At Louisville—May 12, 13, 14; July 12, 13, 14; Aug. 13, 14, 15; Sept. 6, 7, 8. At Milwaukee—April 25, 26, 27; June 17, 18, 19; July 23, 24, 25; Sept. 23, 24. At Kansas City—April 28, 29, 30; June 14, 15, 16; July 22, 23, 24; Sept. 26, 27, 28. At Minneapolis—May 2, 3, 4; June 11, 12, 13; July 21, Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 16, 17, 18. At St. Paul—May 6, 7, 8; June 8, 9, 10; July 28, 29, 30; Sept. 18, 19, 20. TOLEDO. At Columbus—June 4, 5, 6; July 6, 7, 8; Aug. 10, 11, 12; Sept. 10, 11. At Indianapolis—May 12, 13, 14; July 18, 19, 20; Aug. 13, 14, 15; Sept. 6, 7, 8. At Louisville—May 9, 10, 11; July 4, 5, 6; Aug. 15, 16, 17; Sept. 1, 2, 3. At Milwaukee—May 6, 7, 8; June 8, 9, 10; July 28, 29, 30; Sept. 18, 19, 20. At Kansas City—May 1, 2, 3, 4; June 11, 12, 13; July 21, Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 16, 17, 18, 19; July 23, 24, 25; Sept. 23, 24. INDIANAPOLIS. At Columbus—June 1, 2, 3; July 4, 5, 6; Aug. 7, 8, 9; Sept. 1, 2, 3. At Toledo—May 29, 30, 31; July 12, 13, 14; Aug. 4, 5, 6; Sept. 28, 29, 30, 31. At Louisville—June 4, 5, 6; July 6, 7, 8; Aug. 10, 11, 12; Sept. 9, 10, 11. At Milwaukee—May 3, 4, 5; June 11, 12, 13; July 21, Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 16, 17, 18. At Kansas City—May 5, 6, 7; June 8, 9, 10; July 28, 29, 30; Sept. 18, 19, 20. At Minneapolis—April 28, 29, 30; June 14, 15, 16; July 22, 23, 24; Sept. 26, 27, 28. At St. Paul—April 25, 26, 27; June 17, 18, 19; July 23, 24, 25; Sept. 23, 24. LOUISVILLE. At Columbus—May 29, 30, 31; July 13, 14, 15, 16, 17; Sept. 4, 5, 6; Sept. 29, 30, 31. At Toledo—May 12, 13, 14; July 9, 10, 11; Aug. 7, 8, 9; Sept. 12, 13, 14. At Indianapolis—May 15, 16, 17; July 15, 16, 17; Aug. 4, 5, 6; Sept. 28, 29, 30, 31. At Milwaukee—April 28, 29, 30; June 14, 15, 16; July 22, 23, 24; Sept. 26, 27, 28. At Kansas City—April 25, 26, 27; June 17, 18, 19; July 23, 24, 25; Sept. 23, 24. At Minneapolis—May 2, 3, 4; June 11, 12, 13; July 21, Aug. 1, 2; Sept. 16, 17, 18. At St. Paul—May 3, 4, 5; June 8, 9, 10; July 28, 29, 30; Sept. 18, 19, 20. KANSAS CITY. At Columbus—April 18, 19, 20; May 22, 23, 24; June 7, 8, 9; Aug. 28, 29, 30. At Toledo—April 15, 16, 17; May 18, 19, 20; June 22, 23, 24; Aug. 25, 26, 27. At Indianapolis—April 12, 13, 14; May 27, 28, 29; June 11, 12, 13; July 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Louisville—April 18, 19, 20; May 27, 28; June 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Milwaukee—May 14, 15, 16; July 9, 10, 11; Aug. 4, 5, 6; Sept. 23, 24, 25. At Minneapolis—May 11, 12, 13; July 10, 11, 12; Aug. 11, 12, 13; Sept. 6, 7, 8, 9; Aug. 7, 8, 9, 10; Sept. 10, 11. MINNEAPOLIS. At Columbus—April 15, 16, 17; May 18, 19, 20; June 27, 28, 29; Aug. 25, 26, 27. At Toledo—April 12, 13, 14; May 21, 22, 23; June 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Indianapolis—April 12, 13, 14; May 21, 22, 23; June 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Louisville—April 12, 13, 14; May 21, 22, 23; June 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Milwaukee—June 1, 2, 3; July 16, 17, 18; Aug. 16, 17, 18; Sept. 13, 14. At Kansas City—June 4, 5, 6; July 12, 13, 14; Aug. 12, 13, 14; Sept. 1, 2, 3. At St. Paul—May 8, 9, 10; Aug. 20, 21, 22; Sept. 1, 2, 3. At Minneapolis—May 14, 15; Aug. 30, 31; Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; Aug. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; Sept. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. ST. PAUL. At Columbus—April 12, 13, 14; May 27, 28; June 21, 22; Aug. 19, 20, 21. At Toledo—April 15, 16, 17; May 24, 25, 26; June 27, 28; Aug. 25, 26, 27. At Indianapolis—April 18, 19, 20; May 21, 22, 23; June 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Louisville—April 18, 19, 20; May 27, 28; June 24, 25, 26; Aug. 22, 23, 24. At Milwaukee—June 4, 5, 6; July 16, 17, 18; Aug. 16, 17, 18; Sept. 13, 14. At Kansas City—June 1, 2, 3; July 12, 13, 14; Aug. 12, 13, 14; Sept. 1, 2, 3. At St. Paul—May 11, 12, 13; Aug. 20, 21, 22; Sept. 1, 2, 3. At Minneapolis—May 14, 15; Aug. 30, 31; Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; Aug. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10; Sept. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. Yankens' New Third Baseman. In Claude Elliott the New York Americans have a peppery third baseman of the Bobby Byrne type.

THE NEW SENATOR FROM NEW YORK: WHAT HE WILL FAVOR IN THE SENATE

THE senatorial contest in New York state, which ended with the election of Supreme Court Justice James A. O'Gorman, cost the state \$300,000. It began with the Democratic caucus on Jan. 16. The first ballot was taken on Jan. 18, and it was on the sixty-fourth ballot that O'Gorman was elected. This was the greatest number of ballots ever taken in a senatorial contest in the state. As senator O'Gorman will favor immediate downward revision of the tariff, reciprocity, a parcels post law, popular election of senators, income tax and the fortification of the Panama canal. His statement outlining his position on many public questions follows: "The need for an immediate downward revision of the tariff is urgent, and further delay in the accomplishment of this much needed reform will not be tolerated by the American people. "I am opposed to all special privileges and private monopolies, to the new nationalism and the centralizing tendencies of the Republican party. "I favor rigid economy in governmental expenditure and the passage of a constitutional amendment providing for an income tax free from mischievous interference with the governmental instrumentalities of the several states. "I shall earnestly support the proposed reciprocity treaty with Canada. I am in favor of the parcels post, and I have very strong convictions as to



SENATOR JAMES A. O'GORMAN.

the duty of the government to fortify the Panama canal. "The Democratic party in national and state conventions has declared in favor of the election of United States senators by the people, and I unreservedly subscribe to that principle." "About five feet and eight inches tall and somewhat stout, the new senator, impresses one at first as a man who will do nothing impulsively. He is stockily built, with broad shoulders and erect carriage. His bearing is judicial. He places his feet firmly on the ground as he walks, and when he turns he turns his whole body, not simply his head. He carries himself impressively. Head Large and Well Poised. As far as appearances go, the most striking feature about the new senator is his head. This is extraordinarily large and well poised on a rather short neck. His forehead is high, with the temples more than ordinarily well developed, and there are very few wrinkles to be seen, although the man will be fifty-one years old next month. There is a scar over the right eye which when the justice frowns is very plainly visible. Justice O'Gorman has a small, closely trimmed beard and small mustache. Both are the same color as his hair—a dark gray with a light reddish gleam in it when the light strikes it directly. His hair is thick and closely cut. It is curly, and, though his beard is extremely short, there are indications of curliness there also. His eyebrows are bushy and long and of the same color as hair and mustache. There is nothing striking about either the justice's mouth or nose. His chin, somewhat small, is firm in the extreme. It is his eyes, however, that impress one. They are deep set gray eyes with a cold gleam in them ordinarily and not very much warmth even when the justice smiles. They are bright, though somewhat small, and the glance from them is usually both piercing and questioning. They tell no secrets, for they have that peculiar quality of gray eyes that hides completely what is in the mind. Compared with the other features, Justice O'Gorman's ears are inordinately large. They are long and wide, and the lobes are pronounced. They set close to the head and are saved from appearing peculiar by the fact that the head itself is large and the hair plentiful. They cannot fall of observation, however, when the justice

the supreme court bench and elected in 1900. He has remained on the bench ever since, the term being fourteen years. Has a Comfortable Fortune. Since going on the bench Justice O'Gorman has taken no active part in politics. He inherited a good sized fortune some years ago, and his salary as justice for the last eleven years has been \$17,500 annually. These two factors are understood to have made possible his giving up a \$17,500 position to accept one that pays only \$7,500 a year. Justice O'Gorman has had nine children, of whom seven—six girls and one boy—are living, the boy being the youngest member of the family and still in kindergarten. Two of his daughters are married. For years Justice O'Gorman has lived a quiet life. He is a bookworm and has an excellent library in his home. He is also a golf enthusiast and has the reputation of being the best wielder of the clubs among the supreme court justices. From youth he has been a devotee of baseball. He is fond of walking and outdoor sports. Soda Water in Australia. Consul General John P. Bray of Sydney reports that soda water is not a popular beverage in Australia as in the United States, that there are only four or five up to date fountains in Sydney and that these do not appear to be patronized by the rush of customers common in such places in the United States. Their Origin. I'm wise!—Solon. Oh, shucks!—Prodigal son. My eye!—Polyphemus. Next!—Dellah. All aboard!—Noah. Mum's the word!—William Penn. Great guns!—Krupp. Well, I'm hanged!—Haman. Rubber!—Lot to Mrs. Lot. My stars!—Kepler. For the land sakes!—Cicinnatus. How People Die. It is estimated that the average duration of human life is thirty-three years. A quarter of the people die during the seventh year and half before the seventeenth. Of every 1,000 persons one only reaches 100 years, six in 100 get to 65 and one in 500 to 80. It is further estimated that throughout the world 50,000,000 die annually, 138,000 a day, nearly 6,000 an hour, 90 a minute, or three in every two seconds.