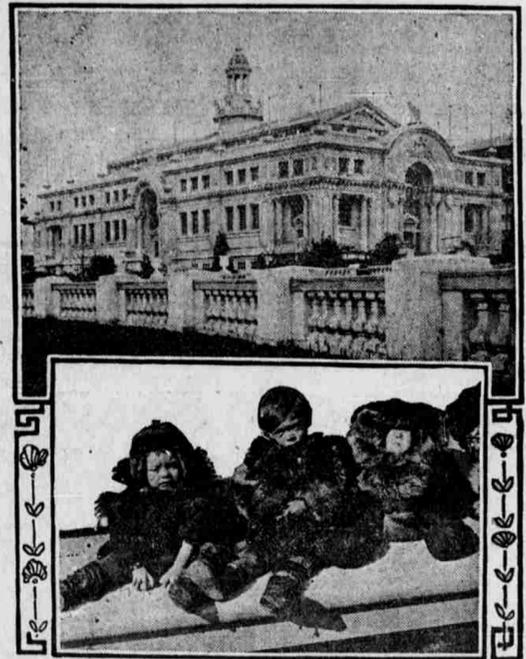


World's Fair In a Forest

Ideal Location and Meritorious Features of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition to Be Held at Seattle—The Show That Will Be on Time and Open the Door to a New World.

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.
 Expositions there is no end. Since our initial one at Philadelphia in 1876 we have held them at Chicago, St. Louis, Atlanta, Omaha, Nashville, Buffalo, Portland and Jamestown. We Americans have the exposition habit. It is a good habit to have, since it indicates that we are alive. These world's fairs may be described as the flowers on the plant of progress. After a period of growth we blossom out, so to speak, and invite mankind to come and see us in our glory. Moreover, these festivals of industry bring us together and get us acquainted. They unify our life, impart to us a common spirit and stimulate us to a healthy emulation. The pessimist who grumbles that the era of expositions is over is a calamity wailer and not a prophet. He needs an injection of the serum of construction. He has failed to catch the American spirit. The exposition has a legitimate place in our life and has come to stay. We are becoming more and more a nation of travelers determined to see the world. These fairs congregate the world for us in one point and show it to us in miniature. Instead of requiring us to visit distant lands, they bring the distant lands to us. The mountain comes to Mohammed. Expositions furnish a cosmopolitan viewpoint, a universal education. They are panoramas of ad-

may well be pacific in a double sense, and the thousand years of peace may reign upon these shores.
 The forthcoming exposition has inspired the "Chinook poet" to sing. He has one verse to each of the words in the hyphenated title, one to Alaska, one to the Yukon, one to the Pacific and one to the exposition. They are perfectly good verses, that to the Pacific being worthy of quoting. The "Chinook poet" is not the first bard to sing of the seas. Byron in a magnificent apostrophe commanded the ocean to "roll on," and it has been rolling on ever since. The late Alzernon Charles Swinburne wrote of "The North Sea" in numbers sufficiently gressome to send shivers down the spine of an iceberg. In it he had death and the sea "holding converse of desolate speech." That would not apply to the Pacific, however, for here life and the sea hold converse of jubilant speech.
 I did not mean to compare the "Chinook poet" with Byron and Swinburne. I merely meant to show that he had precedents for lifting his voice in song to the ocean. But perhaps he is one of those who sing because they have to or because nobody stops them. Here is what the "Chinook poet" does to the Pacific:
 Earth's grandest ocean, rolling unseen of men
 For centuries—a nameless mystery!
 Balboa from the heights of Darien



FOREIGN EXHIBITS BUILDING AND BABIES OF THE SIBERIAN VILLAGE.

vancement, the progress of the world done into tabloid.
 It is fitting that the latest of industrial festivals is to be held on the shores of the Pacific and that it is to be not a memorial of the past, but a prophecy of the future; not hung upon yesterday, but on tomorrow. For it is around the Pacific that the world's greatest civilization is to form. That has been apparent for fifty years. During the last half century an awakening of new life has touched all the lands bordering the great ocean. Around the gigantic horseshoe from South America to Australasia it has progressed, as though some world spirit had planned it from behind the scenes. It freed the Latin American republics, threw a restless population into California, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, found a golden key for Alaska, stirred even ice locked Siberia and dead alive Korea, transformed Japan, carried American enterprise into the Philippines and applied the most advanced theories of government to Australia and New Zealand. The same magical breath of life blew upon the island gardens of Hawaii. Now comes the climax of all this advancement in the construction of the Panama canal.
 To this new Pacific civilization the United States is the key. Through the Monroe doctrine and the canal she dominates South and Central America. Her spirit is more in western Canada than that of Britain. She awns Alaska. It was she that awakened Japan and maintained the integrity of China. She controls Hawaii and the Philippines. She has furnished the model and the democratic spirit for the governments in Australasia.

Saw far away a wrinkled, sailless sea.
 Ocean of peace, the world's highway to be.
 What tongues the glory of thy reign shall sing?
 What prophet shall foretell thy destiny?
 What honors may not future ages bring?
 To thee, O everlasting oceanic king!
 "The Show That Is on Time."
 The popular name for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition is the "A.-Y.-P." In view of this fact, it is fortunate they did not get the Yukon first. For one thing, our friends the Japanese, who are to have a prominent part in the show, might have thought that some of our Swedish Americans in the northwest were trying to make merry at the Jap name. Whatever its official title may be, however, the affair will be known as the Seattle exposition.
 Seattle has made it and is entitled to the honor. One of the meritorious new features of the enterprise is that it has not asked the United States government for a cent, while the other expositions have yelled for loans from Uncle Sam or appropriations outright. Seattle is financing this affair herself. In one day she raised \$650,000, or \$150,000 more than the management had called for. That is the Seattle style. During the past ten years it has grown faster than any city of its size on earth. With such a town behind it the exposition cannot be other than a success.
 Another grateful departure in the A.-Y.-P. is that it is going to open actually on the opening day. Some other expositions have opened when they were half done and did not get ready to appear properly in polite society till a month or two later. Seattle has advertised this as "the show that will be on time." That settles the matter, for Seattle makes good. When President Taft presses the button on a completed plant. That is assured, for it is practically completed now. This house will be built before the date for the occupants to move in. It will start right and depend on that fact to help it finish right.
 Still another improvement over past expositions is the fact that many buildings are to be permanent. They will be turned over to the State university, on whose campus the fair is held. This saves a useless waste and shows good business judgment. One of these permanent buildings is that of forestry, which is to be made wholly of

logs from the gigantic trees of the northwest. Most of the other buildings are in the French renaissance style. That of New York state is a facsimile of the home of William H. Seward at Auburn. There is also to be a fine statue of Seward, the man who purchased Alaska at a time when the wise blockheads of the day grinned and called it "Seward's iceberg." People who look far ahead are always decided by those superior worldlings who cannot see an inch in front of their noses.
A Temperance Festival.
 A fourth upward step made by the Seattle fair is that it is to be "dry." The state law provides that liquor shall not be sold near the university, and the law will remain in force, though it is not because of the statute alone that intoxicants will be prohibited in and about the exposition grounds. The new departure will be a recognition of the great and growing temperance sentiment throughout the country. Thus the enterprise is to be made a prophecy of the future in more ways than one. The experiment will be watched with interest, and friends of temperance will doubtless see that the fair does not suffer because it has decried King Alcohol and banished him from its domain.
 Every exposition has had its midway, where the barker barks and Coney Island shows are in evidence. In St. Louis this was "the Pike." In Seattle it is to have a name still more original, "the Pay Streak." Any one who has ever traveled the midway and has seen the dimes and quarters melting through his fingers will recognize the appropriateness of the title.
 There are to be many other novelties. For one thing, a Siberian village will show to civilization a really primitive people. The human race is supposed to have had its earliest home in Asia, and it can readily be imagined that these Siberians have not changed their modes of living since the distant days of the first man. They live in tents, kill their game with live weapons, allowing none of the blood to escape, pray to the devil and propitiate him with blood offerings and slay their own hopelessly sick, aged and crippled. The village that has been brought to Seattle had one child born since its advent. This young Siberian and others will be features of the village.
 Another unique feature is a fox farm, the exhibitor being a man who has actually started such a farm, on which foxes are bred for their furs.
"Seward's Iceberg."
 Perhaps the greatest spectacular feature of the exposition is a gigantic cyclorama of Alaska. The enterprise was originally started to exhibit to the world the possibilities of Uncle Sam's arctic possession of the Yukon valley both on American and Canadian territory. The popular idea of Alaska is a land of "cold and gold." As a matter of fact, it is a country with great possibilities in agriculture. It is no farther north than Finland, and the climate is even milder than in the extreme north of Europe. It is now realized that some day "Seward's iceberg" may be the home of prosperous millions, and it is for the purpose of hastening that time that the A.-Y.-P. was originally planned. Then the Pacific idea was added, and all countries bordering the great ocean were invited to participate. It will be a strange blending of the polar and the tropic, of the Eskimo and the Tagalog. In it the American people will be given an opportunity to become acquainted with "the little brown brother." There will be a Philippine exhibit such as never has been held at any other fair. This is likewise true of Hawaii, a section of whose famous parks is to be reproduced. Japan here will give by far the fullest display of her industries and life ever beheld at an exposition, including not only the wonderful Nippon of today, but that even more romantic Nippon of the old days of the samurai. Essentially all the Pacific countries will be represented, as well as most of the American states and some of the European nations.
 In a scenic way the location of the fair is ideal. It is located between two lakes, giving it more than a mile and a half of water front. It is literally a fair in the forest, the buildings arising in a picturesque manner among the giant trees of the northwest. After a visit Charles Dana Gibson, the artist, enthusiastically declared it "the most beautiful exposition ever planned."
The Mountain Climbers' Convention.
 In the near distance arise the three great peaks Mount Rainier, Mount Baker and Mount Constance. One or the other of them is in constant view from all parts of the grounds, thus furnishing a combination of water, greenward, forest and height to charm the lover of nature. When to this are added the noblest effort of the architect and the pleasing effects of the landscape gardener one can begin to understand how it must have struck the creator of "the Gibson girl."
 No exposition is now complete without balloon races, and Seattle will have her speed test in the skies. A yet greater novelty is a convention of the world's most famous mountain climbers, who have been invited to come from all lands and scale Seattle's three great mountains, one of which, Mount Rainier, is among the tallest on the continent.
Had to Bow to Custom.
 The late King Oscar of Sweden was the least conventional of monarchs, but he had to courtesy to custom nevertheless. The king and M. Bonnier, the botanist, met as strangers while out in search of flowers near Stockholm. They were soon the best of friends, and Bonnier suggested lunch at his inn.
 "Come home with me instead," said the other.
 When the way led to the palace gates Bonnier hesitated.
 "I'm sorry," said his companion, "but I happen to be the king of this country, and this is the only place where I can entertain my friends."

To Manufacture Road Drags.
 Madison, Neb., June 7.—Special to The News: O. H. Gillespie, one of Madison's popular merchants and inventor and patentee of the famous flexible road drag, has just entered into an agreement with Edward Hickok of Norfolk whereby Mr. Hickok, in payment of a specified consideration as royalty, is given exclusive right to manufacture and sell the machine in Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Missouri and Oklahoma for the period of two years. Mr. Hickok returned to Madison Saturday morning from Chicago, where he interested certain capitalists in its promotion and manufacture. While east he visited his native state, Michigan, and the success he had there exploiting the drag convinced him that there is a market for a great number of them. Mr. Hickok was recently connected with The News.

Phone Consolidation Falls.
 Madison, Neb., June 7.—Special to The News: The much hoped for consolidation of the Independent and Madison Bell Telephone companies failed to materialize. The two committees appointed to affect such consolidation and draft articles of incorporation, after much sputtering and dissension were wholly unable to get together. Whether the difficulties lay in the personnel of the committees or the converging interests they represented is not known. However, Madison's business interests require the consolidation and it is to be hoped that the committees may be sufficiently public spirited as to yield to certain temporary advantages and meet this demand by compromising their differences.

Fights With Editor.
 Aurora, Neb., June 7.—The decorum and moral sense of Aurora were grossly shocked when Frederick Abbott, editor of the Aurora Republican and a regent of the state university, engaged in a personal encounter with Augustus E. Slekmann, chief secretary for the United States of the Order of Royal Highlanders. They called each other names, then fought.

Death of W. H. Webb.
 Madison, Neb., June 7.—Special to The News: W. H. Webb, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Madison, died at his home at 1 o'clock Sunday morning, the result of a paralytic stroke. He was suddenly stricken down about 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon while at work for the Farmers Mercantile store, and was carried home in an unconscious state, from which he could not be rallied. He leaves a widow and six children, all of whom are practically grown, to mourn his sudden death. Probably the funeral exercises will be held at the Methodist Episcopal church, of which he was a member, and interment will be made in the Clausen cemetery.

Peter Rubendall, for many years president of the First National bank of this city, now engaged in the real estate business at Alliance, Neb., is here for a few days looking after his business interests and incidentally shaking hands with his old acquaintances. Mr. Rubendall is enthusiastic over the business outlook in western Nebraska and says that crop prospects are even more promising there than here.

WHAT IS WORN.
 Embroidered and Soutached Net Bands May Be Bought by the Yard.
 The demand for embroidered and braided net as a trimming has resulted in its being produced at a price that makes it a waste of time to copy at home unless one has nothing else to occupy leisure hours. Brussels net two inches wide can be bought for 75 cents a yard, and fllet net two and

Madison County Fair.
 Madison, Neb., June 7.—Special to The News: The members of the Madison County Fair association held a meeting in the city hall yesterday afternoon, there being present J. Q. Wakely, president; John Rynearson, secretary, and W. R. Wycoff, treasurer, and others. The association at its annual fair has long felt the need of more and better stall space; so, after considerable discussion of ways and means it was definitely decided to expend \$1,000 for this purpose, which should provide at least fifty new stalls. Other needed improvements are contemplated. No reasonable expense or care will be spared by the managers to make the fair this fall the best in the history of the association, and to this end the largest possible inducement within their reach will be offered to exhibitors of farm products. The Madison Driving Association race meet will be held in connection with the fair on September 22 to 24. The prospects for the speed program are indeed flattering and indications are it will be superior in every way to any previous meet. John Rynearson of this city, secretary of the North Nebraska Race circuit, says that the series of meets which open this season at Norfolk and close at Stanton, promise to be a record breaker.

Continue Jack Shelton Hearing.
 Omaha, June 7.—The preliminary hearing of Jack Shelton, alias Gordon, charged with being one of the four men who held up and robbed the Union Pacific train at Lane Cutoff May 22, before United States Commissioner Anderson, was today continued for one week.

Sister's New Spring Hat.
 Sister's got a new spring hat, one of these washable things. It's made of ribbons and of wings. It comes down around her neck, and it hides her ears from sight. Gee, I don't see why a girl wants to be a screaming fright!

After pa had took one look at her he let out a dismal sigh. Sister's hat hid half her nose and hung down across one eye. Pa he stood and gazed awhile; then at last he sadly spoke. There was something in his voice made me think his heart was broke.

"And they made you pay for that?" pa asked in a dismal tone. As he looked at sister's hat and seemed pained enough to groan. "Made you pay good money which I have worked blood and sweat to get. Ah! I've got to say is this is the biggest outrage yet!"

"Do you s'pose that any bean while you've got that on," says he. "Would come in and try to win you away from ma and me?" There's no use, if you must wear such a blasted staidish thing. To expect we'll have a chance to get rid of you this spring."

Still, I guess it's hard to make women lose their loveliness. It don't make much difference, after all, the way they dress. Every night some fellow comes courting sister just the same. Though she's got a new spring hat that pa calls a sin and shame. —Chicago Record-Herald.

CLUB TO LIVE ON FRUIT.
 Society Called the Golden Age Is Formed in London.
 A new society club formed in London, called the Golden Age, has been established to advocate a fruitarian system of living for philanthropic, humane and hygienic reasons. The club is for men and women who are interested in the suffrage movement.
 It will be purely social, and bridge and other games will furnish diversions. A medical leader in the movement affirms a man should reach the age of 128 under the proposed diet.

Chance For Aeronauts.
 King Leopold of Belgium has offered a \$5,000 prize for the best treatise on aeronautics to be brought out this year.

The Umpire.
 Who is it, reckless of his fame
 And deaf to yells of praise or blame,
 Chained by glory or by shame,
 Hands down decisions on the game?
 His Umps.

Who calmly stands where spinning spheres,
 Projected by the hand that steers
 The low or high, curved, straight or
 curves,
 Whiz past his body, face and ears
 And calls them balls or strikes, while
 others
 From grand stand throngs or bleachers' jeers
 Do not affect his hopes or fears?
 His Umps.

Who faces thousands every day
 Ranged round the grounds in fierce array,
 All with a hot desire to slay,
 When he decides a quick, close play,
 Not in accordance with their way,
 No matter what they want and say?
 His Umps.

Who wears the diamond like a king?
 Who has the players on the string?
 Who carries pennants in a sling?
 Who simply runs the whole darn thing?
 His Umps.
 —W. J. Lampton in New York Times.

The Substitution.
 It is a well known fact that both Sir Arthur Sullivan and Sir W. S. Gilbert had a horror of the titles of their operas becoming known until the very night of their performance. This fear that they might be forestalled created considerable confusion at the initial production of "Iolanthe; or The Peer and the Peri." The opera was rehearsed for weeks under the title of "Perola." It was only at the dress rehearsal that the company was instructed to substitute the name "Iolanthe" for that of "Perola" wherever it occurred in the text or lyrics. It was no easy task to replace vocally and in the dialogue a name of three syllables for one of four. Sullivan, however, said (maybe aside) to one or two of the actors who were nervous: "Go ahead and sing the music. Gilbert won't be in front" (Gilbert never attended the first night, "so use any name that you think of first if you are rattled. No one in the audience will be any wiser."—Boston Post.

A CHARMING COAT OF FIGURE.
 one-half inches wide, braided with soutache, at \$1.50 a yard.
 Parasols of cretonne in the gayest of flowered designs are among the new things shown in the shops. They have the fashionable long handles that are so much worn this season.
 Pique finished with hand embroidered scallops makes a favorite material for the little one's warm weather coat, and the model seen in the cut is of rose linen embroidered in white. It is dainty and altogether charming in effect, and it can be laundered with perfect ease and success.
JUDIC CHOLLET.
 If a merchant cannot meet his competition in qualities and prices it will not pay him to advertise.

YANKEE WIT.
 Lincoln Said He Always Admired and Coveted It.
 Alban Jasper Conant, the artist, in telling of his experience in painting a portrait of Lincoln said:
 "Yankee wit was mentioned at one of the sittings, and Lincoln said, 'That is something I always admired and coveted.' Some one said, 'Why, you certainly have the credit of possessing it in large measure.' 'No,' said Lincoln, 'not the genuine. I don't remember that I ever got credit for it but once.' Then he told how, hurrying once through a courtroom, he was ordered by the judge to defend a prisoner accused of assault and battery. A witness was just testifying that the complainant had been fought all over a field. 'On cross examination,' said Lincoln, 'I asked him, 'How large was that field—twenty acres?' 'No,' he replied, 'Ten acres?' 'No.' 'Were there two acres?' I persisted. 'Yes, just about two,' he agreed. 'And you saw him fight this man all over the field?' pointing to the prisoner. 'Yes, sir.' 'Well, sir,' I said, 'did you ever see a fight before that turned out so little to the acre?' The witness admitted, with a grin, that he had not, the judge smiled, and the jury snickered. So, saying that as this crop was so poor it did not seem worth further cultivation, I submitted the case. Some of my friends said it was Yankee wit, but that was the only time I ever got credit for it. I wish I had it!"—McClure's Magazine.

HIS VOCABULARY.
 It Was Real Literary, According to the Wily Stenographer.
 The beautiful typewriter girl puffed out her golden pompadour nervously, says the Philadelphia Bulletin. "My speed 'll increase, Mr. Meer—excuse me, Wellington—my speed 'll increase 30 to 40 per cent every day."
 Broker Wellington frowned. The girl had taken his dictation slowly. And in a stern, skeptical voice he said, "How so?"
 "It's your new vocabulary that puts me out," she explained. "I had Mr. Meer's vocabulary very pat—as per 'contents noted,' 'the same'—he only used about 300 words." Her flattering smile warmed the man like a sunbeam. "But you, sir, have a real literary style. 'Beg to submit,' 'our best attention,' 'slump,' 'bullish,' 'hypothesize'—they're all new words to me, and of course I can't rattle them off very fast at first. But just you wait, say, till day after tomorrow. Then you'll see."
 "All business men have different vocabularies that their stenographers must get accustomed to, eh?" said the broker.

Early Psychotherapy.
 In the Epistle of James we find the early Christian rule of psychotherapy. It was adopted by the early church and for many centuries was a rule of faith and practice in the Christian church in all its branches. It is still a rule of conduct in some of the older churches, and some leaders in churches where the rule has lapsed begin to plead for its revival and for the assumption by the church of what are called its legitimate powers. St. James said: "Is any sick among you, let him call for the elders of the church, and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord. And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up, and if he have committed sins they shall be forgiven him."—Christian Register.

A Sad Case.
 An Atchison man has lain in an unconscious state ever since 10 o'clock last night. Everything has been done to arouse him today, but all efforts are unavailing. His friends are greatly alarmed. They fear he may never regain consciousness. It seemed that yesterday evening right after dinner the man picked up his hat, put on his overcoat and, although his wife was sitting right in the room, she did not say, "Where are you going?" He walked out of the house. At 10 o'clock in the evening the man returned. He walked into the room where his wife sat and took off his hat and overcoat. She smiled at him pleasantly and did not say, "Where have you been?" The man fell unconscious to the floor.—Atchison Globe.

African Elephants.
 In portions of Africa the natives believe when a herd of elephants is alarmed and runs away the bulls, if necessary, pick up and carry on their backs the little ones which may not be able to keep up with the herd. These little ones are their first born weigh not more than 200 pounds and of course might readily be carried, as stated. We do not know that any white man has ever seen this, but the natives insist that it is done.—Forest and Stream

Women Fighters of Big Hats.
 Policemen are looking for a number of women in Los Angeles said to have formed a secret society for the purpose of the annihilation of the big hat. The receipt of a dozen or more complaints from women regarding assaults upon their headgear is responsible for the activity of the police. Women who wear big hats are the object of attack. The finer the hat the more vicious the assault upon it. The women who make the attacks are well dressed and apparently refined and wealthy. They all wear small hats and seem to hold a violent hatred for the big straws and ultra felts. One woman was ejected from a Hollywood car because of her attack upon women passengers who wore big hats.

German Prices For Operas.
 Publisher Curt of Berlin, Germany, offers two prizes of \$2,500 and two consolation prizes of \$500 for the best operas and librettos, which must be in German and sent in by May 15, 1910. The winning works will be performed at the Municipal theater, Hamburg.

A Diplomat.
 "Does he always speak the truth?"
 "I guess not. All his friends praise his judgment."—Detroit Free Press.

BIG TENPIN CONTEST
 Women Bowlers to Compete For World's Championship.
 NEED NOT BE CLUB MEMBERS.
 Journey to Be Held in New York Will Be Conducted Under Rules of Eastern Ladies' Bowling Contest—Figures For National Bowling Tournament Reach Huge Proportions.
 Every woman bowler in America is invited to enter the individual competition for the world's championship to be held in Madison Square Garden, in New York, on May 24 to June 12, during the three weeks given to the national championships for men by the National Bowling association. Final arrangements for the tournament have been perfected with the United Tournament company, which has been organized to handle the National Bowling association events.
 This is the only tournament for women that will be held in the big garden. There will be no entry or other fees of any kind, and every competitor will have free admission to the garden during the tournament. Club membership is unnecessary, as the entries are all made by individual registration. In recognition of the eastern ladies' bowling congress, an organization of 300 or more members, that has done so much for bowling among women in the east, the garden event will be conducted under its rules, which are the same as those of the New York Bowling association.
 The first prize will be a valuable diamond emblem, probably in the form of a brooch or locket suitably engraved. This trophy will be recognized as emblematic of the world's championship. Other medals of gold, silver and bronze are for second, third and fourth prizes. Each woman will roll three games, total pins to count, as in the individual competition for the men and boys. Games will be rolled only in the afternoon.
 Quite as much interest has been awakened among the women in the west over this tournament as among those in the east and in Greater New York. Miss Gertrude Hull of Chicago, who won the Olympic championship at St. Louis; Miss Birdie Kern, daughter of Martin Kern of St. Louis, the former national champion; Miss Herrmann, daughter of Garry Herrmann of Cincinnati, chairman of the national baseball commission; Miss Bergman of Philadelphia and many women bowlers of note will all be competitors for the diamond medal.
 In the garden they will meet for the first time the best of the east, among them Mrs. P. J. Riddell, who defeated Mrs. Hull at Rochester last year, and all the stars of the eastern ladies' bowling congress.
 In this competition, as in that for the men and boys, where tournament conditions make the result extremely open, every woman bowler will have an equal chance to win the diamond trophy and the world's championship.
 Rather remarkable are the results when a person with an inclination for mathematics delves into figures pertaining to the national bowling championship tournament.
 On the basis that 500 five man teams will compete, there will be 30,000 games rolled—300,000 frames. Figuring on eighteen balls to a game, 540,000 deliveries will be made.
 With each ball traveling eighty-five feet and back, or 170 feet to each delivery, means that 91,800,000 feet, or about 17,380 miles, will be the distance covered by bowling balls in the garden. This is six times the distance between New York and San Francisco.
 Each ball weighing sixteen pounds, a total weight of 8,640,000 pounds will be lifted, or about 4,320 tons, the weight of an ocean steamer. Each bowler will lift and handle nearly half a ton.
 Approximately 5,400,000 pins will be knocked down, a weight of 17,550,000 pounds, or 8,775 tons. The combined weight of the balls delivered and the pins knocked down will be greater than the weight of the steamship St. Louis.
 The time for bowling will extend over eighteen days. There will be \$50,000 in prizes, \$1,000 of which will be given to the winning five man team.
 There will be three distinct titular competitions—five man, two man and individual.
 Eighty-five per cent of all the entrance fees are returned to the bowlers in prizes.
 Thirty thousand score sheets will be necessary to record the games, each sheet having room for three games and being issued in triplicate. The aerial scoring system, by which every person in the garden may follow the progress of each ball rolled, will cost \$1,500 to install.
 One team will enter from Germany and one or more teams from the Pacific coast. The tournament will be the largest bowling event ever held, both in point of entries and spectators. Of course a mathematical person, fond of research to an exhaustive degree, might attempt to ascertain the amount of skin worn off the fingers of the bowlers or the amount of nervous energy wasted in expressing the feeling of a man who has just missed a spare in the tournament or encountered an impossible split.

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