

TWO WEEKS MORE OF WORK

THEN SEWER CONSTRUCTION STOPS FOR WINTER.

NOW THIRTY INCHES OF FROST

Contractor O. P. Herrick Arrived at Noon From Des Moines to Pay Out Another \$1,200 for Labor—Sewer Bonds Not Yet Disposed of.

[From Saturday's Daily.]
There will be two more weeks of work on the construction of Norfolk's new sewer this winter, after which the contractor and the laborers will take a rest until about the fifteenth of April on account of the frost. Within two weeks it is expected that the sewer will be completed from the Elkhorn river, two miles southeast of the city, to Norfolk avenue and First street. Frost is now thirty inches deep and Contractor O. P. Herrick, who arrived at noon from Des Moines, says that after the sewer is completed to Norfolk avenue it will not pay to work longer and the lay-off will be taken until the frost thaws out.

Pays Out Another \$1,200.
Mr. Herrick, besides coming to look over the work thus far, also came to pay out another \$1,200 for labor. The checks were drawn up during the afternoon.

After the frost goes out of the ground the work will be resumed from First street west on Madison and Park avenues and the contract will be completed early in the spring.

Bonds Not Yet Sold.

The sewer bonds have not yet been sold, though J. E. Haase, one of the committee appointed to look after the matter, reports that two or three firms in the east have become somewhat interested and a sale may be made soon.

SATURDAY SIFTINGS.

W. R. Locke was in the city yesterday from Stanton.

J. H. Conley expects to leave soon for Texas on business.

G. J. Borgstrom, jr., of Columbus was in Norfolk yesterday.

E. B. Cook was over from Wayne yesterday.

G. I. Stone was over from Madison yesterday.

A. W. Wilson of Utica was in the city yesterday.

F. Voigt from St. Edward was a city visitor yesterday.

Dr. C. A. McKim returned to his home in Lincoln.

Emil Ekberg of Brunswick was in the city yesterday.

E. G. Malone of Columbus was in the city yesterday.

Sarah E. West was in Norfolk yesterday from Ulysses.

M. L. Ames of Henderson was in the city yesterday.

C. J. Carrig of Columbus was a Norfolk visitor yesterday.

Alice Yount came down from Creighton Saturday morning.

J. Higbee of Meadow Grove was a Norfolk visitor yesterday.

Myron S. Whitney was in Norfolk yesterday from Randolph.

C. D. Case of Wood Lake was a Norfolk visitor yesterday.

H. D. Wiggatz was a Norfolk visitor yesterday from Clearwater.

W. J. Scott was a Norfolk visitor yesterday from South Bend.

C. L. Daniels left this week for Wayne where he will open an office.

Mrs. Daniels left for Wayne today.

Miss Nora Strik and Miss Margaret Lund of Battle Creek were in Norfolk yesterday.

H. A. Drebert went to Lincoln on the early train Saturday morning.

Geo. D. Butterfield, who went to St. Paul a few days ago, concluded to extend his trip to Winnipeg, Man.

Mrs. H. A. Compton, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. E. Bryant, returned to her home in Schuyler Saturday.

Fred Hellerman, who has been confined to his home since returning from the firemen's meeting at Grand Island, is again able to be about.

Mrs. L. M. Tompkins of Inman stopped off in Norfolk to visit her daughter, Mrs. E. L. Loucks, and left for Schuyler where she will spend a few days with another daughter, Mrs. Fred Kenny.

Lorin H. Doughty returned to Norfolk Saturday morning from Burke, where he has been working for some time past with the construction company on the extension of the Northwestern road from Bonesteel.

Miss Helen Bain is on the sick list this week.

Julius Salzwedle is again suffering with rheumatism in his right arm.

Engineer C. D. Fisher of Chadron is here on business.

Engineer Pat Killoran is taking a few days lay-off and I. N. Owens is taking his place.

Engineer James Collings is sick and Barney Caldwell is taking his place.

Mrs. John Quick is among the sick.

Fireman E. C. Smith of Chadron will now run out of here.

Mrs. Ira Taylor is in Lynch visiting with her mother, Mrs. Sellier, Orr and other relatives.

Mrs. Gilbert Anderson left on the early morning train for a visit with relatives in Blair.

The E. V. P. boys gave their N. Z. girl friends a masquerade party in the Railroad hall last evening. Much fun was the result of some of the costumes, while some were very pretty. The evening was very pleasantly spent in games and music in the course of which lunch was served and all went home, feeling that they had had a splendid time.

Miss Bessie Etter of Niobrara, who

teaches school near Pilger, is here visiting with her cousins, Misses Geneva and Nora Moolick.

The ladies of the Aid society wish to thank Mrs. Robert Craft for her kindness in allowing them the percentage which they received from the sales of Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, and also the ladies who so kindly assisted at the sales.

The infant daughter of Paul Huebner died and was buried Saturday at Hadar.

The mercury dropped down and struck the 4-below-zero mark with a chug during the night. It was the coldest night of the winter thus far.

Chester Heckman of Hadar died at his home near Hadar. He had been sick with typhoid fever. The funeral will be held on Monday at the Lutheran church in Hadar.

C. P. Parish is confined to his home with illness and it is said that he is threatened with typhoid fever. On Thursday he was out in the cold wind for some time and that night he became ill.

A Union Pacific official states that his road will make some exhaustive experiments with steel cars on its lines in Nebraska. Three of different types, one a freight car, one a coach and one a mail car, are now being built in the Omaha shops and will be put into service soon. Steel framed cars have become quite common, but the all-steel car is yet to be successfully used. The Union Pacific succeeded in solving the motor car problem in Nebraska, and now it will attempt to build a successful steel car.

The freight car will be limited to Nebraska use and will be heavily loaded for experimental purposes.

SADIE'S SHEEP AGAIN

Suggestion That Flanagan's Goat Methods be Used.

Pierce, Neb., Jan. 28.—Special to The News: The controversy arising over Sadie's sheep might be settled and the sheep industry stamped out within the corporate limits of Norfolk by the city assessor taking notes from the Flanagan goat episode of recent years. It will be remembered that one Flanagan lived on a street in a city well patronized by pedestrians. Having a couple small children he purchased a goat for their amusement but leaving the goat without restraint it devoted most of its time to practicing his pastime on passersby in the street. People soon were obliged to go two extra blocks to avoid a collision with his goat's head. It so happened that one Finnigan (the city assessor) lived farther out on the same street. When Flanagan appeared at the treasurer's office to pay his tax he was confronted with a fifty dollar tax to pay on a goat. Raising a great "holier" he was referred to the city assessor. Flanagan approached his Irish friend most audaciously and demanded an explanation as to why he was required to pay a fifty dollar tax on a goat that only cost two dollars. Finnigan, equal to the occasion, pulled the law on Mr. Flanagan and read "property abounding and abutting on Genoa street shall be assessed at twenty-five dollars per front foot," and closing his book with a look of disdain, Mr. Finnigan remarked, "Now go on home and count yez goat's front feet."

And Another Ode.

And yet another ode to Sadie and her sheep has been sent in, without the writer's name: Miss Sadie had two little lambs, With which she used to walk, Until the cops of Norfolk Made such an awful talk.

They said that she should walk alone And leave the lambs to play— That is, "they" didn't say so, I guess 'twas only Hay.

But Sadie says, "It makes no diff, Who made the horrid rule, She'll always take the lambs with her Except to Sunday school."

This, Sadie says, she don't attend, And other lambs she'll seek, And if they kick on Norfolk Ave. She'll take them 'cross the creek.

TO FORESTALL NORTHWESTERN

Burlington Begins Building Through Big Horn Canon.

Thermopolis, Wyo., Jan. 26.—A party of Burlington railroad contractors and constructors have begun building a line of railroad through the famous Big Horn canon in order to forestall the Northwestern line, which was to be built through the same canon next spring. For twelve miles there is room for only one road through the cleft, and it has been a race between the two roads as to which could first reach the canon and secure the right of way. The Big Horn canon is the key to traffic in all northern and western Wyoming and the only route through the Owl Creek mountains. The Northwestern must seek an outlet to the west far to the south of its planned line.

THREE FUNERALS HELD.

Burial of Mrs. Wachter, Mr. Heckman and Herman Schwanke.

One funeral Sunday and two Monday formed the burial record for the two days. On Sunday the funeral of Mrs. Herman Wachter, who succumbed Friday morning, was held from the home and later from St. Paul's Lutheran church, Rev. Mr. Witte officiating.

Monday noon the funeral of Mr. Heckman at Hadar was held.

Monday afternoon the funeral of Herman Schwanke, who was dragged to death in a runaway last Thursday night, was held from St. Paul's Lutheran church.

HOGS REACH HIGH PRICE

LOCAL MARKET BEATS RECORD FOR FOUR YEARS.

ALSO SOUTH OMAHA MARKET

Shortage in Hogs, Due to High Price of Corn and Epidemic of Cholera, Has Sent Price Skyward With Joyous Result for Farmers.

[From Tuesday's Daily.]
Not in four years has the price for hogs been so high in Norfolk or Nebraska as it is right now. The local market broke a four-year record Tuesday morning when \$6.25 was offered per 100 pounds of live pork, and the South Omaha market broke a four-year record when it topped the market at \$6.85.

The high price of pork has brought joy to farmers who are fortunate enough to own the live stock just now. The high record is said to be due to a shortage in hogs, and the shortage in hogs was due to the high price of corn last year and to cholera during the past year or so which killed many animals.

MONDAY MENTION.

H. C. Wilson of Columbus is in the city.

M. B. Irvin went to Omaha yesterday.

Miss Lulu Johnson spent Sunday in Winside.

Charles Jennings went to Omaha yesterday.

H. C. Morey of Pierce spent Sunday in Norfolk.

E. L. Ruble of Creighton was in the city Saturday.

Charles Klefe of Burke spent Sunday in Norfolk.

H. M. Scott was down from Plainville yesterday.

L. C. Whiting of Alton spent Sunday in Norfolk.

A. E. Kull of Bonesteel was a city visitor yesterday.

G. R. Nesbit of Oakdale was a city visitor yesterday.

J. F. Steffen of Humphrey was in the city Saturday.

Frank Carrier of Wisner was in Norfolk Saturday.

Edith Berryman of Creighton spent Sunday in Norfolk.

H. P. Wettengel was in Norfolk Saturday from Tarnov.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Davenson of Plainville are in the city.

R. B. Hall spent Sunday with relatives in Norfolk.

Tom Donahue of Omaha spent Sunday at the Carberry home.

Clarence Schofield is back at work again after a few days' illness.

Dr. S. W. Vallier left Monday for his new location in Grand Island.

Mrs. Bernie Klug and son of Stanton are visiting at the home of W. L. Kern.

C. P. Parish is much better and was able to be down town during the day.

Miss Ella Hauptli spent Sunday at home, returning to Battle Creek last evening.

Misses Nora and Stella Strik and Clara Palmer of Battle Creek spent Saturday and Sunday here.

Mrs. U. J. Davis of St. Edwards was in Norfolk Saturday.

C. S. Johnson of St. Edward was a city visitor on Saturday.

J. D. Darrow of Creighton was a Norfolk visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Kleek of Creighton were in the city Saturday.

Oscar Anderson and Frank Angston were over from Wakefield Saturday.

Wm. Lerum and W. L. Johnson of Vivian, S. D., spent yesterday in Norfolk.

Joseph Knight and daughter of Porcupine, S. D., were Norfolk visitors over Sunday.

Miss Jessie Drebert spent Sunday with relatives in Verdigris, returning home Monday morning.

Charles St. Clair, Joseph Chapman and Olive Rouillard from the Santee reservation were in the city yesterday.

Collins Bros. orchestra spent Sunday in Norfolk. They played in Hoskins Saturday night and will play at Meadow Grove tonight.

Mrs. Culver of Chicago, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. S. M. Braden, for two weeks, has returned to her home, accompanied by Mrs. Braden, who will remain a short time.

F. W. Koerber, superintendent of telegraph construction, was down yesterday from Burke, S. D., where his men are stringing wires along the line of the newly constructed railroad. He returned to Burke at noon.

Miss Elsie Case and Mrs. A. Larson spent Saturday with Mrs. Bronk Ryle of Scribner, formerly of Norfolk.

Mr. and Mrs. Stansberry and children are visiting with their parents and other relatives in eastern Iowa.

Mrs. J. W. Wilson and two children are quite sick with la grippe.

Selkirk Ellenwood is quite sick with la grippe.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spellman left yesterday noon for a visit with Mrs. Spellman's parents in Scribner.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hedrick is very sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Asby are in Wisner visiting with Mrs. Asby's parents.

Fred Koerber, who is superintending the telegraph lines along the new extension of the Bonesteel line, came down on the early morning train yesterday to visit his family, and returned at noon.

Miss Bessie Etter, who has been visiting at the home of her uncle, M. Moolick, returned to her school near Pilger yesterday.

Martin Young is among the sick today.

Engineer C. J. Hibben reported for work this morning after being off on

account of the illness of Mrs. Hibben.

A few of the neighboring young folks surprised Miss Bessie Etter at the home of her cousins, Misses Geneva and Nora Moolick, with a party Saturday evening. The three were spent very pleasantly in music and dancing. Mr. and Mrs. George Spear entertained a few friends at dinner Sunday. A fine daughter was born at the home of Warren Rouse Saturday evening.

Thinity Social guild will give a dancing party next Friday evening at Marquardt hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Sturgeon delightfully entertained a few friends at a four-course dinner Sunday.

The marriage of Miss Matilda Maehmiller to Alexander Wichmann is announced to take place on February 7.

The annual ball of the Elks lodge, which was to have been given last Friday evening and was postponed, has been given up for this year and will not be given at all.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Groesbeck entertained a few friends at dinner yesterday evening. Among them were P. M. Barrett, Kid Hall and Thomas Hopkins.

South Dakota homesteaders in the vicinity of Rapid City have received word that they will be granted a three months' leave of absence on account of the severe winter.

A social given by the members of the Christian church was held at the home of N. I. Owens on Wednesday night. Quite a number were present and a very pleasant evening passed.

Quite a number enjoyed the dance at the Pacific hotel on Saturday night. The music was good and when the floor in the dining room was cleared it was greatly appreciated by all present.

Miss Della Herrington is to be married February 5 instead of February 7. Miss Herrington was not previously a member of the Nebraska Telephone company force, as was stated in these columns.

The dance to be given at the Marquardt hall this evening promises to be well attended. The funds received are to be devoted to maintaining the Norfolk band and the entertainment is entitled to a good patronage.

K. D. Small just received a letter from his mother and sister in North Dakota, which was mailed January 5. They are snowbound on a claim and the snowdrifts are up to the top of their homes. They are not suffering from fuel shortage.

Mrs. H. A. Haley and Mrs. N. W. Clover will be hostesses at a social session of the Ladies' guild of Trinity church Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Haley. The ladies of the parish and their friends are cordially invited.

The first real snow of the winter began falling over Norfolk and the north-west on Sunday and continued during Monday. The weather prediction is for snow and warmer weather Tuesday. The streets are coated with something over two inches of the white flakes.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Correll of Plainville spent Sunday in Norfolk visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Durland. Mr. Correll had not been out of the house since October, when he suffered a severe fracture in a bone between the knee and ankle. He was walking down a stairway in the dark and slipped through an opening left by a broken step.

The wrecked Kost bridge northwest of Norfolk, which recently turned over and fell to the ice, has been cleared from the river. It will be about forty-five days before the new steel bridge arrives. It now appears that the county got a better bargain by about \$100 than it seemed at first, and at first it was probably the best bargain in a steel bridge the county will ever get.

BECAME RAVING MANIAC.

Man Named Kelly, Working on Sewer, Suddenly Scares Roomers.

A man giving the name of Kelly, who had been employed on the new sewer construction work, yesterday became violently insane at the C. C. Robinson rooming house, corner Norfolk avenue and First street, and was taken into custody by the police. He threatened to kill people at the lodging house with chairs or anything else that he could seize.

It required handcuffs and feet cuffs, too, to handle Kelly and at that Chief of Police Hay was compelled to get assistance from three big strong men before the maniac could be landed in jail.

Robinson now shows a rational mood but it was thought he would be taken to Madison this afternoon before the insanity board.

Odd Fellows at Neligh.

Fifteen candidates were initiated into the encampment branch of the I. O. O. F. at Neligh Friday night. Among the grand officers there to help with the ceremony were S. R. McFarland of Madison, grand sentinel; C. E. Doughty of Norfolk, past grand patriarch; E. I. Dimmick of Laurel, grand patriarch. The initiation continued until 6:30 a. m.

THINGS TO BE PROUD OF.

Spencer Has the Finest and Best Improvements.

Spencer, Neb., Jan. 28.—Special to The News: Spencer now boasts of having the largest and finest church, the largest and finest school building, the largest and finest bank, the largest and finest newspaper plant, the largest and finest postoffice, the largest and finest opera house, the largest and finest residence, the best hotel, the best system of water works, the finest saloon and the grandest fair ground and race track of any town in Boyd county.

A VACANCY TO BE FILLED

WAS CAUSED BY DEATH OF W. M. ROBERTSON.

TO HOLD MEETING THIS WEEK

Mr. Mathewson Announced That a Meeting of Directors of Commercial Club Will Possibly be Held Wednesday Night to Discuss Future.

Owing to the death of the late W. M. Robertson, who was president of the Commercial club, a meeting of directors of that organization will be called some evening during the present week for the purpose of taking action toward the filling of the office made vacant by Mr. Robertson's demise. Mr. Mathewson said in this regard that the meeting would be held possibly Wednesday evening and that as large an attendance as possible is desired.

It is said that there are several plans on foot which may be developed for Norfolk's benefit.

TO LEASE GRAZING LAND

Senator Burkett's Bill As a Solution. Refers to Western Nebraska.

Following is the text of a bill which has been introduced in the United States senate by Senator Burkett relative to a solution of the public grazing lands of western Nebraska and other states, which have been lately the scene of warfare waged by Secretary Hitchcock of the interior department. The bill was read twice and then referred to the committee on public lands. The bill reads:

Providing for the control of grazing upon the public lands in the arid states and territories of the United States.

Whereas there are approximately four hundred million acres of public lands which yield no revenue to the government or the states, and the large part of which under present conditions is not suitable for cultivation, nor located so that it can be reclaimed by irrigation, nor valuable for timber or mineral, but useful only for pasturing live stock; and

Whereas there is no authoritative control, either public or private, of grazing upon the public lands, and this area is not being used to the best interests of the people, nor under a system which secures its full grazing value, but is being used in a way which destroys to a large extent the turf, grass, and forage upon the land; and

Whereas there is no law to prevent overgrazing of the public range nor to authorize occupancy thereof, for which reasons no incentive exists to protect and improve the range or to establish a permanent business thereon, and many controversies arise, resulting both in loss of life and destruction of property; and

Whereas to safeguard their business interests and improve both the quality of the stock and the condition of the range it is necessary in many localities for stockmen to secure the right of exclusive use of the range by fencing; and

Whereas grazing on the public lands is a valuable privilege protected by federal and state laws, and therefore it is fair and equitable that persons allowed a definite use of the public lands should pay a fair price for such privilege and for the protection given them; and

Whereas it is essential that homesteading of these lands be encouraged where practicable by assurance to the homesteader of reasonable grazing facilities for such number of stock as is necessary to consume the products of his agricultural lands; and

Whereas the secretary of agriculture is already charged with the sanitary protection of live stock and its movement from one state to another, also with experimental investigations to preserve and improve the forage, and to propagate grasses and forage plants suitable to improve grazing conditions upon the public lands, and with the administration of forest-reserve grazing lands adjacent to and interspersed with the public lands herein mentioned; and

Whereas the administration of the forest reserves by the department of agriculture under the present system of permitting grazing thereon protects the growth of grass and other forage, encourages and aids the permanent establishment of the live-stock business thereon, gives such opportunity to the use thereof as is most beneficial to the public, and encourages rather than retards the establishment of homes and the permanency of business; and

Whereas the application of a similar system to the grazing of the public lands is to the public interest: Now, therefore, in order to secure the objects and benefits hereinabove set forth, to obtain a revenue from the use of the nonarable public lands, to control grazing upon the public range, to protect and improve the forage, to recognize and protect range equities, and to encourage the establishment of homes and the permanency of business:

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, that the president of the United States is hereby authorized to establish, from time to time, by proclamation, grazing districts upon the unserved, unappropriated public lands of the United States. Thereupon, the secretary of agriculture, under rules and regulations prescribed by him, shall execute or cause to be executed the provisions of this act and all other laws affecting the grazing or use of public lands within such grazing districts, except such laws as affect the surveying, prospecting, locating, appropriating, entering, relinquishing, reconveying, certifying, or patenting of any lands within such grazing districts; appoint all officers necessary for their administration and protection; regulate their use for grazing purposes; protect them from depredation and injury; restore and improve their grazing value; issue permits to graze live stock thereon for periods of not more than ten years, giving preference when practicable to

homesteaders and to present occupants of the range who own improved ranches or who have provided water for live stock raised on the public lands, and charge and collect reasonable fees for such grazing permits, as is now done for the use of forest-reserve land, meadows and pastures, based upon the grazing value of the land in each locality.

Sec. 2. That lands within such grazing districts shall be continually subject to homestead entry and to other appropriation and disposal under all public-land laws: Provided, that after the establishment of any such grazing district, no form of location, settlement, or entry thereon shall give a right to grazing privileges on public lands, except when made under laws requiring cultivation or agricultural use of the land: Provided, that permits to graze live stock upon land which is subsequently appropriated under any public-land law shall not be affected by such subsequent appropriation, except as to the land actually appropriated, until the end of the current annual grazing period: Provided further, that no permit shall be given to any such settler or entryman which will entitle him to the use of any buildings, corrals, fences, reservoirs, or other improvements owned or controlled by a prior occupant until he has paid such prior occupant a reasonable pro rata value for the use of such improvements. If the parties interested do not agree, then the amount of such payment shall be determined under rules of the secretary of agriculture: And provided further, that land upon which buildings, corrals, reservoirs, wells, or other improvements owned or lawfully controlled by the holder of a grazing permit have been established shall not, when any such improvements exceed one hundred dollars in value as determined by rules of the secretary of agriculture, be subject to settlement or appropriation under the public-land laws during the permit period without the consent of the owner of such buildings, corrals, reservoirs, wells, or other improvements; and when such improvements are worth less than one hundred dollars, settlement may not be made upon lands containing them during the permit period until the new occupant has paid such amount for the improvements as may be determined under the rules of the secretary of agriculture.

Sec. 3. That no grazing permits issued under this act shall prohibit settlers, prospectors, and others from entering upon such grazing districts for all proper and lawful purposes, including the use and enjoyment of their rights and property, and prospecting, locating, and developing the mineral resources of such districts; and wagon roads or improvements may be constructed thereon in accordance with law.