CHICAGO INSTITUTIONS OF JOHN R. WALSH GO OUT.

Chicago National, Equitable Trust Company and Home Savings Bank Close Business-Two Banks Alone Carry \$22,500,000 of Deposits.

Liquidation of the Chicago National Bank, the Home Savings Bank, and the Equitable Trust Company, all of Chicago, was announced at 3:30 o'clock Monday morning by representatives of the Chicago Clearing House Association, after a session lasting eighteen hours. James B. Forgan, President of the First National Bank, as head of the clearing house committee of the Chicago Associated banks, gave forth the statement. The assets of these institutions, it was asserted, were involved in coal and railway properties of John R. Walsh, Presielent of the Chicago National Bank. The statement was issued in the office of the First National Bank. It is as follows:

"The citizens of Chicago will undoubtedly be surprised to learn that the Chicago National Bank, the Home Savings Bank, and the Equitable Trus Company, which have been controlled, managed, and officered by John R. Walsh and his associates have concluded to wind up their affairs and quit business in the city of Chicago, but they will be gratified to learn that after a thorough and careful examination of their affairs by the Chicago Clearing House banks that all of the depositors of these institutions will be pand in full upon demand, the Chicago clearing house banks having pledged themselves to this result, thus putting all the resources of the Chicago banks behind the depositors of these three institutions. The difficulty with the institutions has been that their investments have been made in assets connected with the railway and coal enterprises of John R. Walsh. These assets were not immediately available to meet demosits in full."

The meeting of the Chicago Clearing House Association began at noon Sunday. Notices were sent members of the board by Mr. Forgan after the condition of the banks and the trust company had Abeen learned. Clerks were notified and tifty or more with their stenographers hurried to the First National bank. Behind closed doors the Clearing House Association began its work of finding a way that might enable them to ride the financial sea in safety.

That a panic would be likely to follow was the first thought of the comunittee. Resolutions were adopted and heads of other banks pledged themselves to give assistance. The amount involv-'ed in the failure would not be discussed by the committee members.

In addition to the formal statement of the failure, the following announcement was made, signed by the clearing house committee of the Chicago assocfated banks:

"To the Public: Depositors of the Chicago National bank, the Home Savings bank, and the Equitable Trust Company are respectfully advised that their deposits will be paid in full upon demand."

## Syndicate Takes Control.

A syndicate was formed during the day to take over the business of the three embarrassed financial institutions. As the first step all the old directors of the Chicago National bank retired, Mr. Walsh resigning as president, and a complete reorganization was effected, The bank will be conducted by National Bank Examiner C. H. Bosworth, who was elected president in place of Mr. Walsh. Under the direction of the federal official the three concerns will go into liquidation as soon as possible, after which their business will be distributed among the banks making up the syndicate. Revelations were made of operations in connection with the bonds of the Southern Indiana railroad, Mr. Walsh's pet enterprise. These operations, it is said, led directly to the smash.

Twenty-six millions of dollars in det posits of public funds and private accounts are involved in the crash, which, through the prompt action of the conservative banking interests of Chicago, claims for its victims only Mr. Walsh, anulti-millionaire financier and railroad magnate, and his immediate associates in business.

## Greatest Failure on Record.

Not in all the financial history of this financial country was there ever such a trouble-one involving so much money and that has emerged with so little disaster to the community at large. There never was a bank that quit before having such colossal deposits, the three Walsh concerns carrying upwards of \$26,000,000. Nearly \$6,000,000 was paid out to the frantic depositors on the day of the collapse. That Chicago escaped a panic, that the financial revolutions which took place in a day did not shake \$21,000. and shock every center of commerce on the globe was due to the heroic efforts. of the other Chicago bankers. At a moment more critical than at any period since the memorable black Friday and the panic of 1895, they came to the relief of Mr. Walsh's concerns. They not only saved millions of dollars for Chicago depositors, but they prevented a very earthquake, which, it is declared, inevitably would have followed had Walsh's banks gone straight to the wall.

Great crowds of depositors besieged the Chicago National and Home Savings banks Tuesday. Outside the building in Monroe street, housing the two institutions, gathered anxious persons, the number reaching 1,000 at 9:30 and growing steadily after that hour. Two long lines of persons with bank books formed on either side of the entrance of the big granite building where national and State officials were forcing liquidation of John R. Walsh's financial enterprises. Many of those assembled were women, who had come to withdraw the family funds while their husbands were at work.

THREE BANKS QUIT, FROM NEWSBOY TO A MAGNATE.

John R. Walsh Started Life as a

Poor Lad 58 Years Ago. John R. Walsh is 68 years old, and has lived in Chicago fifty-eight years, luring which time he has climbed from he rank of humble newsboy to that of bank and railway magnate whose forune has been quoted as high as \$40,-100,000. Mr. Walsh was born in Ireand Aug. 22, 1837. When 10 years old his parents emigrated to America and settled in Chicago in the latter part of 1847.

The boy had to work for his living from the start and became an employe of J. McNally, newsdealer. As Chicago grew the business of newsboy became more profitable and young Walsh proved



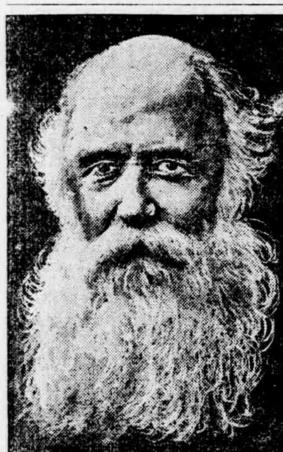
JOHN R. WALSH.

not only industrious but capable in pushng his trade. In 1861 he established a news business of his own and the demand for news from the war, which opened that year, made the sale of papers a paying occupation.

The news business founded by Mr. Waish afterward developed into the American News Company, which supplied railway trains and country dealers with newspapers, magazines and books and maps. Mr. Walsh was a director of the company from its start. In 1882 Mr. Walsh founded the Chicago National

TRIUMVIRATE RULE IN ZION. Three Men Are to Control While

Dowle Recuperates. John Alexander Dowie has abdicated. The patriarchal founder and First Apostle of the Christian Catholic church in Zion transferred the reins of power Sunday to a triumvirate composed of trust-



JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE.

ed church officials. In an affecting message to his people at Zion City, he bade them "good-by for a little while." He will leave shortly on a four months' search for health in the smiling islands of the Caribbean sea.

The announcement of Dr. Dowie's appointment of the triumvirate and his intended flight from the rigors of a northern winter was made at the afternoon service in Shiloh tabernacle by Overseer Speicher. The First Apostle was not present. He was confined to his home, Shiloh house, by the attack of bronchitis which followed the stroke of paralysis from which he only recently recovered.

## Telegraphic Brevities.

Edward Lovett, former sealer of weights and measures of Trenton, N. J., killed his wife and then committed sui-

The dormitory of the government school for Pottawatomie Indians at Nadeau, Kan., was burned, the loss being

The first legal execution in the history of Fulton county, Georgia, for the crime of assault took place at Atlanta when Jim Walker, the self-convicted negro assailant of Mrs. Alice Moore, was

Frederick A. Moliter, chief engineer of the Midland Valley Railroad of Arkansas, has accepted the position of supervisor of railroads in the Philippines to which he was appointed by the Secretary of War.

Suit to force the People's Life and Accident Insurance Company into the hands of a receiver was filed at Louisville by H. W. Richardson, a director.

Billiards is a game of skill, not one of chance, according to a St. Louis indge, who reversed the decision of a justice fining Frank Leslie \$10 for betting on a game of billiards.

President Taylor and Secretary Blackwell in a letter to the National Cotton Growers' Association, made public at Dallas, Texas, accuse Secretary of Agriculture Wilson of bad faith in making up the government cotton crop estimate. RUSS BARBARITIES TOLD.

Revolting Tales of Atrocities on

Teutonic Landlords. Frightful stories are coming from the interior of Courland Province, Russia, where desperate fighting has occurred between the troops and insurgents. Revolting tales are told of the barbarities practiced on the German landlords, who are more detested by the Letts than are the Russians. In a fight near Tukum fourteen dragoons were killed and sixteen wounded. It is estimated that the insurgents lost 300 men killed. A squadron of cavairy was ambushed and badly cut up near Grossantz and limped into

Mitau with its wounded. Despite the statement in St. Petersburg that two army corps are being sent to the Baltic provinces it is learned that no such number of troops is available. The government has sent two regiments ernment can only await the arrival of Cossacks and other troops, which are being hurried forward by Gen. Linevitch from Manchuria. Meanwhile, the government's fear is that the rebellion an armed uprising.

Kharkov have arrived. The workmen's socialistic organizations, joined by 300 troops, took possession of the city and with the aid of militia armed with pikes, revolvers and axes established a governties were unable to resist.

The council turned off the electricity from houses on the ground that it only benefited the rich, while allowing it to burn in the streets, where it benefited the people, and declared war on the threat that it would be dropped unless he revealed the whereabouts of the booty. This usually was effective in each case and the recovered plunder

The cable companies in New York re- American influence. ceived notice Tuesday that telegraphic communication with St. Petersburg had again been severed.

NEW POSTMASTER FOR CHICAGO Fred A. Busse Is to Succeed F. E. record of achievement in all lines.

Coyne in Position. firmed by the Sen-



ate soon after it was received. Mr. Busse was the choice of Senators E. Coyne. was born in the

north town of Chi-

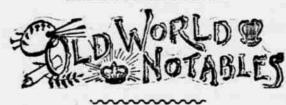
He was educated in the public schools, FRED A. BUSSE. and later engaged with his father in the hardware busi- Souvaroff sunk off Madagascar. ness. He took an interest in Republican politics from the time he was old enough to vote, and by his ability as an organfactor in north town politics. He was employed in the sheriff's office for sev- Mass. eral years, and later was chief clerk in the north town office. In 1894 he was elected north town clerk on the Repub- troops in St. Petersburg. lican ticket, and in the fall of that year he was elected to the State Legislature trict. He served in the Thirty-ninth General Assembly, and in 1896 was re- Sandepas by Gen. Oku's forces. elected to the House and served in the

eral Assemblies. In 1902 he was nominated for State .... Senate passes Statehood bill. Treasurer by the Republican State convention, and served until Jan. 1, 1905. gress Mr. Busse has been considered as one of the Republican leaders in Cook county. rate bill. He is now engaged in the coal business Muskegon, Mich.

was elected to the State Senate from

the same district, and served as Senator

in the Forty-first and Forty-second Gen-



The Kaiser receives \$3,925,000 a year as King of Prussia, but nothing as Emperor of Germany.

Sir William Watson has been appointed chairman of the Cunard Steamship Company, vice Lord Iverclyde,

Krantz, the Czar of Russia's chef, is by tradition and position a gentleman. and has the right of wearing a sword. The Khedive of Egypt is not only a monogamist but a teetotaler, and does Honolulu.

not smoke-not even an Egyptian cigar-The King of Bavaria receives \$1,350,-000 a year, the King of Saxony \$875,000 and the Grand Duke of Baden \$400, Pittsburg.

The King of Greece is the greatest others indicted as responsible for Iroquois linguist among monarchs. He reads twelve languages and speaks most of

King George of Greece, while strolling about incognito, failed to answer the challenge of a sentry and was fired at, but escaped with a rent in his overcoat. Next day he summoned the sentry to the palace, thanked him for his devotion, and presented him with one of the

minor military orders. The King of Italy is not only one of the most enthusiastic of royal motorists but, perhaps, the only one who has qualified by passing a severe practical examination. He is a clever mechanic and

Sepairs his cars. Emil Zerkowitz, the noted Hungarian up and seventy-five men killed. author, who has been commissioned as special envoy by his government with the purpose of establishing important commercial relations between that coun with garment workers. try and this, recently arrived in New kills or injures 400 persons....Battleship York. He has a bey named George Minnesota launched. Washington Zerkowitz, who was born on Feb. 22, 1903.

CHRONOLOGY OF 1905.

BRIEF RECORD OF YEAR'S PRIN-CIPAL EVENTS.

Internal Disturbances in Russia and Independence in Norway-Close of the War in the East-Many Great Names in List of Dead.

Most significant of the events of 1905, because it indicates unmistakably the inexorable advance of mankind toward high ideals of liberty, justice and perfect civilization, is the political and economic upheaval now taking place in Russia. Wearying from St. Petersburg in reply to the fran- under a load of taxation, rentic appeals for re-enforcements, but it dered well-nigh unbearable by added is considered too dangerous to deplete burdens imposed by the prosecuthe garrison of the capital any further tion of a disastrous war, the during the present crisis and the gov- peasantry and common people started a revolt against the tyrannical aristocracy, and have been able to force from their unwilling ruler many concessions tending toward a free citizenwhich is extending southward to the ship. Massacre and rapine, in which Polish frontier may arouse the Poles to the Jews were the chief sufferers, are part of the price paid for the advan-Reliable details regarding the estab- tage gained. Another impressive proof lishment of the so-called Republic of of civilization's advance is the bloodless revolution by which Norway has dissolved its political connection with Sweden and seated a king upon its long unusued throne. The recent exment or "federated council," as the ex- posures of graft and fraud in high ecutive committee was called. This financial circles and last summer's lacouncil issued decrees which the authori- bor troubles in Chicago are only incidents of the constant conflict being waged for the establishment of justice and fair treatment between man and man.

The Russo-Japanese war, after a thieves, who had been terrorizing the brilliant series of land campaigns, city. When a robber was captured he during which one after another of the was placed under a triphammer with the strongholds of the Russians in Manchuria fell into the hands of their opponents, and a decisive battle on the Sea of Japan, that is said to have been was returned to its owners. Two notori- one of the greatest naval contests of ous robbers were hanged in the public all history, has been brought to a close, and largely, we believe, by

The completion of the great Simplon tunnel was the accomplishment of another great engineering feat, and the Lewis and Clark Exposition in Portland, Ore., presented to the world a

Great disasters have been fewer Fred A. Busse has been nominated than usual, though tornadoes in Oklaby President Roosevelt to be postmaster homa and Kansas destroyed more at Chicago and the nomination was con- than five hundred lives, and earth- and injures ninety-seven others. quakes, fire and railway wrecks have done their dread work.

The year's list of famous dead contains the names of many men and Cullom and Hop- women noted in the arts, statecraft. kins to succeed F. philanthropy and business.

The principal events of 1905 are Fred A. Busse briefly summarized below:

January. 2-Surrender of Port Arthur.

cago March 3, 1866. -Towboat Defender blown up on Ohio River: 20 lives lost. 4-Death of Theodore Thomas, orchestra

5-Admiral Rojestvensky's flagship Kniaz 9-Death of Louise Michel, French an-15-Combes' ministry in France resigns.

16-Secretary Hay advises China to reizer soon came to be recognized as a main neutral... Earthquake at Shemakha, Russia, buries hundreds of people 18-End of textile strike in Fall River, 19-Attempt to assassinate Czar and Rus-

sian royal family. 22-Massacre of workingmen by Czar's 23-Revolt spreads through Russian 25-Liberals defeated in Ontario general from the Twenty-first Senatorial Dis- elections ... . Czar issues proclamation prom-

ising reforms. 29-Kouropatkin's army driven back from 30-Czar signs document granting great Fortieth General Assembly. In 1898 he reforms to Russian people.

February. 1-2-Extreme cold wave sweeps Northern States and Canada. Glendive, Mont., has temperature of 54 degrees below zero

-Death of Joseph H. Manley of Maine. S—Roosevelt and Fairbanks declared elected after count of electoral votes in Con-

9-House passes Townsend-Esch railway 10-Death of Hon. Chas. H. Hackley of

13-Severest cold wave of winter. 15-Death of Gen. Lew Wallace. 16—Death of Jay Cooke, noted financier. 17—Grand Duke Sergius killed by bomb

in Moscow .... Frances Willard statue dedicated in Statuary Hall, Washington. 20-Explosion in Virginia City coal mines. near Bessemer, Ala., entombs 152 miners. .... Fire destroys piers and ships at Charles-

town, Mass. 24-Boring of Simplon tunnel under the Alps is finished. 25-\$1,000,000 fire in Hot Springs, Ark. ... North Sea Commission announces decision against Russia.

26-Illinois Central terminals in New Orleans burn with loss of \$5,000.000 . . . . Thirtyve miners killed by explosion at Wilcoe,

27-Death of Geo. S. Boutwell of Massachusetts....Judge Swayne of Florida acquitted by United States Senate ... . Eleven ersons killed by collapse of church floor in Brooklyn, N. Y 28-Death of Mrs. Leland Stanford in

March.

3-Czar of Russia signs rescript giving people a right to representation in lawmaking body .... Thirty persons killed in wreck of inauguration special trains near 4-Roosevelt is inaugurated ... End of

58th Congress ... Will J. Davis and two

bel Scoffeld murder. 7-Big traction strike begins in New

8—Japanse win battle of Mukden, after eighteen days' fighting. 10—Mukden captured by Japanese. 11-Mrs. Chadwick convicted of conspir-

acy in Cleveland. 14-Nineteen lives lost in New York tenement house fire. 17-Death of Gen. Joseph R. Hawley of Connecticut. 18-19-Twenty-four miners killed by ex-

plosion in mines near Thurmond, W. Va.

20-Explosion and fire in Brockton, Mass., shoe factory causes 103 deaths. 24-Death of Jules Verne. 3-President Roosevelt leaves Washington

on vacation trip.... Explosion in Leiter mines at Zeigler, Ill., kills thirty-five men. ....Russian artillery depot in Harbin blown 4-Earthquakes in India devastate wide range of country and destroy hundreds of

6-Chicago teamsters strike in sympathy

16-Hard frost damages early fruit and

garden truck in Central and Southern

17-Four boys killed in panic in Indian 20-Thirteen lives lost in burning of con

vent in St. Genevieve, Quebec -Death of Joseph Jefferson. 24 Frank G. Bigelow, president of Mil wankee First National Bank, acknowledge himself a defaulter for \$1,500,000 of bank's funds ... Teamsters' strike in Chicago sup posed to be ended ... Earthquakes near

Bombay, India, kill fifty person 25-Chicago teamsters' strike on again. 28-Death of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. . . . Riot ng in Chicago.... Tornado at Laredo, Tex., kills sixteen persons. 20-Thirteen miners killed by explosion

near Wilburton, Ok. May.

1-One hundred persons killed in disturbances in Poland. 2-4-Serious strike riots in streets of Chi

6-Pat Crowe gives himself up to authori ties in Omaha, but disappears later. 9-Tornado destroys thirty-five lives and much property in Marquette, Kan. 10-President Roosevelt entertained in Chicago.... Tornado in Oklahoma kills 500

11-Fifty persons killed and 100 injured in rallway accident at South Harrisburg,

12-Nan Patterson released in New York. 14-Death of Jessie Bartlett Davis. 16-Northern and Southern Baptists meet in joint convention in St. Louis ... . Czar is sues rescript granting sweeping reforms in Poland and Baltic provinces. 21-Death of Judge Albion W. Tourgee in Bordeaux, France

23-Death of Mrs. Mary A. Livermore. 26-Death of Baron Alphonse de Roth

27-Russian Baltic fleet under Rojestven sky defeated in great battle in Korean Straits by Japanese under Togo. 28-American yacht Atlantic wins Kais er's cup in trans-Atlantic race 29-Death of former Premier Francisco Silvela in Madrid, Spain. 30-Bomb thrown at carriage of King Alphonso of Spain and President Loubet of

France in Paris. 1-Opening of Lewis and Clark Exposition in Portland, Oregon.... Earthquake in Montenegro.... Two hundred drown in over flow of reservoirs at Princetown, Natal.

2—Japan shaken by earthquakes. 6—Crown Prince Frederic William of Germany weds Princess Cecile of Mecklenburg schwerin....Norway declares her independence of Sweden 9-President Roosevelt arranges for peace negotiations between Japan and Russia.

13-Theodor Delyannis, Grecian premier, fatally stabbed by gambler. 15—Marriage of Prince Gustavus Adel phus of Sweden and Princess Margaret of Connaught

17-Death of Cuban leader, Gen. Maximo Gemez. 23-Death of Judge Stephen Neal, author of 14th amendment, in Lebanon, Ind .... Bloody strike battles in Lodz, Poland. 25-\$750,000 fire in retail district of Nash-

ville. 28-Great mutiny and rioting at Odessa, July.

1-Death of John Hay, Secretary of State ... Paul Morton is succeded as Secretary of the Navy by Charles J. Bonaparte. 2-Cloudburst in Guanajuato, Mexico, destroys 1,000 lives. 5-Tornado in North Texas.

6-Elihu Root appointed Secretary of State to succeed the late John Hay. 11-Fire damp explosion in Welsh col-liery kills 126 miners. 16-Death of Gen. W. W. Blackmar, G.

A. R. National Commander. 20-Strike of Chicago teamsters is ended. 21-Boiler explosion on U. S. S. Bennington in San Diego harbor kills thirty-seven 23-Death of Daniel S. Lamont.

24-Bones of John Paul Jones placed in vault in Annapolis. 25-Yellow fever epidemic in New Or-

August. 8-Collapse of store in Albany, N. Y. kills twelve persons. 9-Russian and Japanese peace commissioners meet at Portsmouth, N. H. 10-Fiala-Zeigler expedition, rescued by

the steamer Terra Nova, reaches Honning syang, Norway, 13-Referendum in Norway favors separa-

16-Reciprocity convention in Chicago. 17-Fifty passengers drown when excursion train runs into open draw near Nor-21-Earthquake felt in Illinois, Missouri, Kentucky, Indiana and Tennessee... Death of Mary Mapes Dodge. 29-Russian and Japanese envoys agree

upon terms of peace. September. I-Alberta becomes new State of Canada. 2-Five million-dollar fire in Adrianople

Turkey. 4-Death of Hezekiah Butterworth, his torian. 5-Treaty of peace between Russia and Japan signed in Portsmouth, N. H..... Peace ricks in Tokio. 8-Earthquake in Southern Italy destroys

400 lives and twenty villages. 9-Rand powder factory, Fairchance, Pa., explodes, destroying thirty lives.

11—Mikasa, Admiral Togo's flagship, burns and 599 lives are lost. 14-Death of Patrick Collins, Mayor of Boston. 18-Death of George McDonald, novelist. 24 Great fire in Butte, Mont.

26-Manila swept by typhoon. October. 4-Six hundred thousand-dollar fire in Rhinelander, Wis. 13-Norwegian treaty adopted by Swedish Parliament...Death of Sir Henry Irving. 14—Close of Lewis and Clark Exposition

in Portland, Ore .... Treaty between Russia and Japan signed by Czar and Mikado. 17-Fatal tornado at Sorento, Ill. 19-20-Storm on Great Lakes destroys shipping and costs several lives. 23-Death of Congressman Jerry Simpson

of Kansas. 30-Czar grants representative government to Russians. November. 1-Sweden unfurls her new flag ... . Bloody

riots in Russian cities. 3-Enormous loss of life in massacres in cities of Southern Russia. 4-Czar signs manifesto giving freedom to Finland.

12-Bishop Stephen M. Merrill, prominent Chicago Methodist, dies....Prince Charles of Denmark chosen King of Norway. 14—People of Isle of Pines declare freedom from sovereignty of Cuba

18-Torpedo boat sunk in German naval maneuvers and thirty-three men drowned.

19—One hundred lives lost in wreck of steamer Hilda in English Channel.... Thir ty-nine men die in Glasgow lodging house

25-State entry of King Haakon VII. and Queen Maude into Christiana. 26-Eighteen persons killed and twenty five injured in railway wreck near Lincoln Mass .... Fleet of ailled powers seize Turkish Island of Mytilene. 27-Drunken Russian soldiers at Alexan-

drovsk burn barracks and eighty political prisoners. 28-Severe gale causes much damage to property in Great Lakes district. December.

1-Cuban elections a landslide for moder-2-Iron missile thrown through window of President Roosevelt's special train in Phila-

4-Fifty-ninth Congress meets ... Wisconsin Legislature meets in special session ... Balfour ministry in England resigns. 5-Lieut, Gen. Sakharoff slain by woman n province of Saratoff, Russia, S-Mrs. Mary M. Rogers hanged in Wind sor. Vt. 11-Death of Edward Atkinson, political

economist. This Funny World.

"A man doesn't really get any sense until he is 40 years of age." "What's the application?"

"And then no business house seems to care to employ him."-Philadelphia Bulletin.

Getting Along.

"Let's see; Willyums was married a ittle over a year ago, wasn't he? How does he and his wife get along?" "Splendid."

"That's good." "Yes, they're divorced now."



1555-John Philpot, Archdeacon of Westminster, convicted of heresy

1582-The Gregorian calendar adopte at Paris, omitting 10 days. 1642-New Zealand discovered by Tas-

1648-Oliver Cromwell ordered all stage plays stopped in England.

protector of England.

H. of Prussia. 1754-Mahomet V. of Turkey died.

1764-T. H. Perkins, owner of the first railroad in the United States

1770—Beethoven, the great musician

1775-American Congress first determined to build a navy. 1775—General Howe ordered the meeting houses in Boston torn down

1776-Congress adjourned from Phila delphia to Baltimore.

Charleston, S. C. 1787-New Jersey and Pennsylvania ratified the Constitution of the

bid mahogany to be exported on American vessels....Spain declared war against Great Britain. 1809-Divorce of Empress Josephine.

1810-Lucien Bonaparte and family

place themselves under protection

of England. 1816-First savings bank in the United

1829—Outbreak of Civil War in Chili. 1832-Treaty of navigation and com-

1836-Patent office and postoffice at Washington, D. C., burned.

gal in England. 1840—Remains of Bonaparte, removed

from Cherbourg to Paris.

1850-Many killed and injured in the explosion of the steamboat Anglo Norman at New Orleans, 1854-St. Lawrence River opened to American vessels.... Seventeen

Westmoreland in Lake Michigan. 1861-Prince Albert, husband of Queen Victoria, died.

1862-Fredericksburg, Va., captured. ion forces.

Constitution proclaimed. 1871-Alabama arbitration commission meets at Geneva ... . William M. Tweed, the Tammany "Boss," re-

arrested. 1874-Edwin Booth made his first appearance on the stage following

1884-World's Fair opened in New Orleans.... Attempt made to blow London Bridge up with dynamite.

ments for reciprocity with Japan. 1894—Great loss of life in a volcanic eruption in the New Hebrides .... Eugene V. Debs sentenced to jail

1895-Samuel Gompers elected president of the American Federation of

1897-Attorney-General McKenna appointed justice of the United States Supreme Court.

tary governor of Cuba . . . . General Henry W. Lawton, U. S. A., killed in the Philippines. 1901-Philippine tariff bill passed

raphy. 1903-The Cuban reciprocity bill becomes a law ... W. J. Buchanan

to the republic of Panama. 1904-Three killed in explosion on United States battleship Massachusetts.... Ex-Mayor Ames of Minneapolis, charged with malfeasance in office, set free after a dis-

arctic explorer, and Miss Claire Puryear were married at the bride's home in Nashville. Tenn.



and burned.

1644—Christina assumed government of Sweden.

1653-Oliver Cromwell declared lord

1683-Isaac Walton, author of the "Complete Angler," died. 1745-Dresden surrendered to Frederick

1774-North Carolina adopted a constitution.

and used for fire wood.

1782-The British troops evacanted

United States. 1796—General Anthony Wayne died.

1799—General George Washington died. 1804-British Consul in Honduras for-

States opened in Boston.

merce concluded between United States and Russia.

1838-Chartists meetings declared ille-

1848-Postal convention concluded between Great Britain and United States.... Destruction of the Park Theater, New York City, by fire.

lives lost in sinking of steamer

1864-Fort McAllister captured by Un-

1865-Thirteenth Amendment to U. S.

his retirement after the assassination of President Lincoln.

1891-Violent earthquake in Sicily..... United States concludes arrange-

for contempt of court. Labor.

1899-Major General Wood made mili-

House of Representatives.... Marconi signalled across the Atlantic by means of wireless teleg-

appointed United States minister

agreement of the jury at his third Anthony Fiala of Brooklyn, N. Y., the

Charles T. Yerkes has appealed to the New York police to protect his \$75,000 bronze fence from vandals.