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St. Jacobs Oil
 Straight, strong, sure, is the best household remedy for

Rheumatism
 Neuralgia Sprains
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Price, 25c. and 50c.

Alabastine
Your Walls

Walls are smoky and grimy after the winters' coal and soot. They need cleaning with **Alabastine**. The new color schemes and harmonies for this year can only be done in **Alabastine**. The colors are the richest, the tints the most permanent, the hues the most beautiful in **Alabastine**—there isn't any wall covering that is just as good.

ALABASTINE does not need washing off before a fresh coat can be applied—you simply mix ALABASTINE with cold water and apply with a brush. Any decorator or painter can apply it—or any woman can apply it herself!

Remember **Alabastine** comes in packages—take no substitutes—do not buy in bulk. If your dealer can't supply you, send us his name and we will see that you have **Alabastine**. Beautiful tint cards and free color suggestions free for the asking.

ALABASTINE COMPANY
 Grand Av., Grand Rapids, Mich.
 New York City

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application.)

A. J. TOWER CO. The Sign of the Fish
 Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED
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Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

Twenty Bushels of Wheat TO THE ACRE

IS THE RECORD ON THE

FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS OF WESTERN CANADA FOR 1904

The 120,000 Farmers from the United States, who during the past seven years have gone to Canada, participate in this property.

The United States will soon become an importer of wheat. Get a free homestead or purchase a farm in Western Canada, and become one of those who will help feed the world.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, O. Tava, Canada, or to E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn., and J. M. McLaughlin, box 118, Watertown, So. Dakota, Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

SOUTHERN CONDITIONS AND POSSIBILITIES.

In no part of the United States has there been such wonderful Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural development as along the lines of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads in the States of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, within the past ten years. Cities and towns have doubled their population. Splendid business blocks have been erected. Farm lands have more than doubled in value. Hundreds of industries have been established and as a result there is an unprecedented demand for

DAY LABORERS, SKILLED WORKMEN AND ESPECIALLY FARM TENANTS.

Parties with small capital, seeking an opportunity to purchase a farm home; farmers who would prefer to rent for a couple of years before purchasing, and day laborers in fields or factories should address a postal card to Mr. J. F. Merry, Asst. General Passenger Agent, Dubuque, Iowa, who will promptly mail printed matter concerning the territory above described, and give specific replies to all inquiries.

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 DON'T DELAY
 TAKE
KEMP'S BALSAM
 THE GREAT HIGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

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BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER
 CURES catarrh of the stomach.

RISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
 CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
 Best Cough Syrup, Tastes Good. Use in time.

Legislative.

HOUSE.

Convening at 10 a. m. Tuesday, the fortieth day of the session, the house passed these bills:

By Anderson, of Douglas, a joint memorial to determine the true status of the Nebraska territorial militia.

By Douglas, of Rock, providing for salary of school superintendents.

By McClay, of Lancaster, providing for burial of inmates of state institutions in the state cemetery.

By Dodge, of Douglas, providing for the detachment of unplatted land from corporate limits to exempt it from local taxes.

By Rouse, of Hall, providing for the payment by counties of the premium on the bonds of the county treasurer.

By Penbody, of Nemaha, providing for the organization and government of drainage districts.

By McClay, of Lancaster, to print all biennial state officers' reports in one compilation.

The following were reported for passage Tuesday:

By Windham, of Cass, respecting an absolute statute relating to masters in chancery.

By Perry, of Furnas, providing for the conveyance of the interest of an insane wife or husband in lands.

The house consumed nearly the entire day Wednesday in doing something which in ten minutes, just before adjournment, it would.

The general salaries appropriation bill came up on a general file with the house in committee of the whole. Two fusion members and one Republican, Jones, of Stanton, started out to cut salaries and on every item they touched and causing several changes, Jones made a motion to reconsider the action by which these changes were effected, Hunker and McLeod supporting the motion, and it carried.

These are the remaining bills introduced in the house Wednesday.

By Perry, of Furnas, to define certain duties of the auditor of public accounts.

By Pospisil, of Saunders (by request), provides for the transportation of pupils between the age of 8 and 14 years living more than two miles from a school house.

By Parker, of Otoe, permits farmers to sell wine in quantities of less than a gallon from grapes of their own culture.

By Pospisil, of Saunders (by request), to provide for the transfer of any and all passengers riding in any car operated on any street or electrical railroad doing business in the state of Nebraska and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof.

By Lahners, of Thayer (by request), to prohibit the operation of automobiles and all other vehicles propelled by steam or gasoline power on or along any public street traversed by electric cars.

By Voter, of Cedar, relates to fees of justices of the peace.

By Zuelow, of Colfax, amending law to give bonuses for discovery of veins of coal.

By Ward, of Sarpy, permitting the removal of the county attorney for neglect of duty.

By Muxen, of Douglas, repealing section 3 of an act defining liability of insurance companies.

By Doran, of Garfield, providing for the appointment of county attorneys.

By Cosey, of Custer (by request), makes keeping a slot machine a felony.

By Tucker, of Douglas, compelling public officers to report all interest received upon public funds.

By Anderson (by request), amends mutual insurance law.

By Hogrefe, of Richardson, amends law as to proceedings of commissioner with respect to drainage improvements.

By McMullen, of Gage, relating to appointment of assistants to district clerks in counties with a population between 30,000 and 60,000.

By the committee on federal relations, appropriating \$3,000 for a library for the battleship Nebraska.

By the committee on revenue and taxation, relates to procedure for collection of taxes on personal property.

By Tucker, limiting cost of 2,000-candle power arc light in metropolitan cities to \$50 a year.

By Lee, prohibiting the sale of liquor within ten miles of an Indian reservation.

By Livengood, of Franklin, repealing township organization law.

When the house convened, at 10 a. m. Thursday, Hunker, of Cuming, fusionist, offered a resolution to reconsider the vote of Wednesday by which the salary of the deputy secretary of state, as itemized in the salary appropriation bill was cut from \$1,500 to \$1,700. The resolution carried unanimously, leaving the salary at \$1,500 as fixed by the committee. This was done on the grounds that such reductions were restored.

These bills were passed Thursday:

By Cady, of Howard, authorizing state board of public lands and buildings to sell a certain section of school land.

By Mockett, of Lancaster, the juvenile court bill.

By Richardson, of Madison, appropriating \$35,000 for rebuilding the old wing of the Norfolk insane asylum.

By Horn, of Nemaha, appropriating \$32,000 for a fireproof library building at the Peru normal school.

By Ward, of Sarpy, giving the right of eminent domain to electric and interurban railway companies.

By Junkin, of Gosper, to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies.

By Cosey, of Custer, to prohibit shooting of English, China or Monzolian pheasants, English and Belgian partridges, English black cocks or any other imported bird.

By Wilson, of Pawnee, to permit owners of contracts for lease of educational lands to perfect their titles.

By Burgess, of Lancaster, to give warehouses a lien on goods left with them.

By Jackson, of Antelope, authorizing appeals from county levies to the district court.

By Meredith, of York, to permit drainage by tiled or open ditch into national water courses.

By Clarke, of Douglas, changing the offering or giving of a bribe in jury cases from a misdemeanor to a felony.

By Clarke, of Douglas, a recalled anti-polity and lottery bill, said to be directed against suit clubs.

SENATE.

The senate went into the business of passing bills Tuesday on the wholesale order. Two bills of great length were waded through and received the endorsement of the members, besides a number of smaller ones.

These other bills were passed:

Providing that judgments shall become dormant in five years.

Providing that railroads shall keep open for the convenience of the public suitable waiting rooms at stations.

Providing that it is unlawful to kill squirrels.

Providing for appeals to the district court from the decision of a board of equalization.

Providing that banks in towns of 400 shall have a capital stock of \$5,000.

Providing that the number of pounds contained in a sack of flour or cereals shall be stamped on the outside of the sack.

Allowing road districts to vote a 25-mill levy for the improvement of roads.

Bresce's bill to divide the Fourteenth judicial district.

Allowing villages to buy land for parks.

The following bills were introduced Tuesday:

By Wall, providing for appeals from damage assessments caused by road changes.

Members of the senate Wednesday took advantage of their last chance to introduce bills except through a personal message of the governor and handed in twenty measures.

The senate passed these bills Wednesday:

By Clark, of Douglas, curative acts referring to costs, juries and changes of venue in justice courts.

To provide for the drawing of grand juries in Gage County.

To allow mutual insurance companies to withdraw securities deposited with the state auditor and deposit cash instead.

These bills were introduced and read a first time Wednesday:

By Gibson, of the South Omaha salary bill.

By Sheldon, to prohibit stock yards from selling feed stuff to shippers at more than 25 per cent above market prices. That assessors shall give a person a copy of assessment. A bill to permit telephone companies organized under the laws of the state of Nebraska to establish toll stations in any incorporated village or city in Nebraska without securing a franchise.

By Good, of Nemaha, to allow the sale of home-made wine by party making it.

By Peterson, to provide for election of county commissioners.

By Bresce, to require the state printing board to distribute the reports of state officers to heads of departments.

By Thomas (by request of Mazzarin League), to designate Oct. 12 as "Columbus" day.

By Thomas, of Douglas, making the county assessor of any county including within its boundaries a city of the metropolitan class tax commissioner ex-officio of such city.

By Laverty, of Saunders, fixing the liability of corporations for injuries sustained in consequence of the negligence or wrongs of employees, and to repeal fellow servant law.

By Mockett, of Lancaster, to authorize the governor to appoint a commission to examine into the practical working of the dispensary law of South Carolina. A bill to provide for the organization of sanitary districts.

By Gould, a bill to regulate the time consumed in unloading and yarding live stock by stock yards companies or persons.

By Begthol, forbids subsequent insurance policies.

By Thomas, to provide that one-half of road tax in counties under township organization shall be paid in cash.

By Mockett (by request of insurance departments), a bill requiring definite statements concerning the policy and condition of new companies.

By Haller, of Washington, a bill to appoint a commission to investigate the twine factory project.

By Epperson, defining the home office of a corporation as the place where the principal business is transacted.

By Mockett, a bill to require licenses for mail order house agencies.

By Tucker, providing a regular form for tax sale certificates.

In the committee of the whole, with Cady in the chair, the senate Thursday morning indefinitely postponed Tucker's bill for a joint resolution calling for a constitutional convention. The vote was 12 to 9.

The following house bills were passed by the senate Thursday:

By Douglas, of Rock, a bill to permit fraternal orders to incorporate.

By Burns, to codify certain sections of the insurance statutes relating to filing securities with the auditor.

By Cassebeer, to authorize the use of the state university cash fund for the general uses of the university.

By Knox, authorizing the Peru normal to buy library books with matriculation fees.

On reports of committees the following bills were placed on the general file Thursday:

By Gibson, South Omaha charter amendment bill.

By Saunders, requiring that plats of additions to cities and towns have attached certificates showing that there are no unpaid taxes.

By Meserve, regulating contracts for exclusive water works privileges for term of twenty-five years.

By Laverty, to confer on cities of the second class right of eminent domain for sewers and drains.

By Thomas, to require owners of hotels not provided with fire escapes to fix permanently attached ropes in each room.

By Whaley, to authorize small cities and villages to issue bonds for municipal lighting plants.

By Tucker, to cure defects in title to lots in villages upon twenty-five years undisputed adverse possession.

By Epperson, providing for payment of costs in police court in cities of the first class.

By Tucker, to authorize sale of school lands for school, church and cemetery uses.

By Harsh, requiring railroads to provide sidetracks and cars to all shippers without discrimination.

By Selley, regulating contracts for street lights and granting of franchises for such light in cities.

By Cravens, to authorize laying of walks in cities and villages without regard to grade.

By Clarke, regulating affairs of cemetery associations.

By Warner, providing a uniform plan of issuing teachers certificates.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

Short Session Results in Much Legislative Activity.

The legislative activity of the Fifty-eighth Congress during its short session may be estimated by the fact that over 100 laws affecting the general public have been enacted, and over 1,000 private acts passed. The private acts consist largely of pensions granted, while a few relief measures and removal of charges of desertion make up the remainder.

The Senate amended and ratified arbitration treaties with seven European powers and sixteen American republics. It also has sat as a court and acquitted Charles Swaney, judge of the District Court for the northern district of Florida, on articles of impeachment voted by the House.

In joint session of the two houses the electoral vote for President and Vice President was canvassed and the official announcement made of the election of Roosevelt and Fairbanks.

A revision of the Philippine tariff progressed to completion, and an act has been signed intended to develop the resources of those islands by guaranteeing interest on capital invested in railroad building and authorizing the issuance of bonds for municipal improvements, schools and roads.

The laws for Alaska have been codified, an additional district judge authorized and the revenues from the liquor traffic in that territory diverted to the support of schools, the building of roads and the care of the insane.

Legislation for the government of the Panama canal zone and regulations for the construction of the canal has been passed by both houses.

Two new battleships were provided for by Congress in the naval appropriation bill.

The trade mark laws have been revised and an international copyright act passed. Jurisdiction of the forest reserves has been transferred from the Interior to the Agricultural Department. Authority to make arrests in forest reserves has been granted employees, as a measure of further protection. President Roosevelt has been authorized to set apart a portion of the Wichita forest reserve as a breeding place for game animals and birds.

By resolution of the House the Department of Commerce and Labor has begun an investigation of the oil trust.

Obscene matter has been prohibited importation and transit as interstate commerce. As a further aid in the enforcement of the immigration laws steamships entering United States ports are required to furnish complete passenger lists.

Captured Confederate battle flags in the possession of the War Department were ordered returned to the proper authorities of the State in which the regiment carrying the colors was organized.

The American National Red Cross Society was incorporated, as were the trustees of the Grand Encampment of Knights Templar of the United States.

Statehood bills have passed both houses. Both measures contain provision for the admission of Oklahoma and the Indian territory as one State.

The foundation for railroad legislation has been laid by the passage of a bill through the House after exhaustive hearings and the beginning of an inquiry by the Senate which is to be conducted during the recess.

A halt has been called in the extravagance with which public documents have been printed.

The President was authorized to grant medals for heroism in the saving of life in train wrecks.

The extradition laws of the United States were extended to the Philippines.

The State of Arkansas was ceded a strip of land from the Indian Territory. A portion of the Round Valley Indian reservation in California was opened to settlement. Settlers in the Rosebud reservation were given additional time to establish citizenship. The unallotted lands of the Yakima reservation in Washington were ordered disposed of.

Twenty-eight of the public acts are authorities to build bridges or dam navigable streams; twenty-three relate to the District of Columbia, and four to the judiciary.

FEARS FOR WINTER WHEAT.

Bureau Reports February Cold and Shows Danger to Crops.

The weather bureau's monthly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

East of the Rocky mountains February, 1905, averaged very cold with much more than the average precipitation and decidedly less than the average over the greater part of the central valleys, middle Atlantic States, New England and lake regions. During the great part of the month there was ample snow covering over much of the winter wheat belt, but much snow disappeared after the 20th, leaving the southern and western portions without protection.

In California the month was abnormally warm with plentiful rains in the southern districts. Unusually heavy precipitation occurred in New Mexico, Arizona and portions of Colorado and Utah.

In Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas winter wheat has passed the winter thus far in good condition, but some doubt is entertained as to what its conditions in Illinois, Indiana and Ohio will be when snow disappears. The crop has, however, been generally well protected in these last named States, and also in the middle Atlantic coast districts. The condition of winter wheat on the Pacific coast is favorable, except in Washington, where it experienced severe freezing weather.

The intensely cold weather in the States of the upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys is reported to have caused injury to fruit buds, principally peaches, but in the Atlantic coast districts fruit buds are believed to have escaped material injury thus far.

News of Minor Note.

The Chickasaw normal school is to be located at Wynnewood, I. T.


Ten men were punished the other day at the whipping post in Wilmington, Del.

"Uncle" Ed O'Connor, the oldest locomotive engineer on the Missouri Pacific system, died at Nevada, Mo.

As a result of the recent scandals in the San Francisco police department in connection with gambling in the Chinese quarter, Chief of Police Wittman was suspended on charges of incompetency and neglect of duty.

Many Persons Have Catarrh of Kidneys, Or Catarrh of Bladder and Don't Know It.

President Newhof and War Correspondent Richards Were Promptly Cured By Pe-ru-na.



Mr. C. B. Newhof, 10 Delamare street, Albany, N. Y., President Montefiore Club, writes:

"Since my advanced age I find that I have been frequently troubled with urinary ailments. The bladder seemed irritated, and my physician said that it was catarrh caused by a protracted cold which would be difficult to overcome on account of my advanced years. I took Peruna, hardly daring to believe that I would be helped, but I found to my relief that I soon began to mend. The irritation gradually subsided and the urinary difficulties passed away. I have enjoyed excellent health now for the past seven months. I enjoy my meals, sleep soundly, and am as well as I was twenty years ago. I give all praise to Peruna."—C. B. Newhof.

Suffered From Catarrh of Kidneys, Threatened With Nervous Collapse. Cured by Pe-ru-na.

Mr. F. B. Richards, 600 E. street, N. W., Washington, D. C., War Correspondent, writes: "Exactly six years ago I was ordered to Cuba as staff correspondent of the New York Sun. I was in charge of a Sun Dispatch boat through the Spanish-American War. The effect of the tropical climate and the nervous strain showed plainly on my return to the States. Lassitude, depression to the verge of melancholia, and incessant kidney trouble made me practically an invalid. This undesirable condition continued, despite the best of treatment. Finally a brother newspaper man, who like myself had served in the war, induced me to give a faithful trial to Peruna. I did so. In a short time the lassitude left me, my kidneys resumed a healthy condition, and a complete cure was effected. I cannot too strongly recommend Peruna to those suffering with kidney trouble. To-day I am able to work as hard as at any time in my life, and the examiner for a leading insurance company pronounced me an 'A' risk."

In Poor Health Over Four Years. Pe-ru-na Only Remedy of Real Benefit.

Mr. John Nimmo, 215 Lippincott St., Toronto, Can., a prominent merchant of that city and also a member of the Masonic order, writes:

"I have been in poor health generally for over four years. When I caught a bad cold last winter it settled in my bladder and kidneys, causing serious trouble. I took two greatly advertised kidney remedies without getting the desired results. Peruna is the only remedy which was really of any benefit to me. I have not had a trace of kidney trouble nor a cold in my system."

Pe-ru-na Contains No Narcotics.

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results. It is permanent in its effect.

It has no bad effect upon the system, and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Peruna has been used off and on for twenty years. Such a thing could not be possible if Peruna contained any drugs of a narcotic nature.

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for over a quarter of a century?

Is there any stronger proof of merit, than the

Confidence of the People and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

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WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



The Shoe Without Buttons or Laces.

A real shoe—Not a slipper

Made in low, medium and high styles. Most comfortable shoe ever worn. Fits like a glove; does not pinch or squeeze.

Elastic at sides permits shoe to expand and contract with the natural motion of the foot. Easily put on, easily taken off; requires no breaking in.

Made of extra high grade, specially tanned and finished Vici Kid, with patent leather trimmings and tough, flexible soles.

Your dealer has or can get Mayer "Martha Washington" shoes for you. Send us his name and receive descriptive Booklet No. 10. We also make "Western Lady" shoes. Our trade-mark is stamped on every sole.

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BEST FOR THE BOWELS