

THE TRIBUNE

F. M. & E. M. KIMMEL, Pubs.

McCOOK. : : : NEB

NEWS OF NEBRASKA.

ROPING A RUNAWAY.—People on Saturday afternoon, at about three o'clock yesterday afternoon, were treated to an exhibition of horsemanship which is a peculiar product of the great American west.

He sat astride a little yellow pony, impossible to decide upon between a broncho and a cayuse. He wore a white felt hat and a lathered leggings; his deep Texas saddle was graced at the pommel by the most elaborate of harnesses; his feet buried in big stirrups with enormous tapaderos almost trailed the ground on either side of the horse.

At this point, a sudden warning cry startled the crowd, and a block appeared a few feet away, dashed forward at a furious pace. The people in the streets hurriedly sought the sidewalks and teams were shortly drawn up to the curb.

The crowd, which had gathered in the street, was now a mass of people, and the little beast stretched forth and with a surprising burst of speed, the side of the fleeing horse was reached. The reins trailed in the air, and the animal was bent to their exertions.

It was a brave and valorous action skillfully done. All honor to the cowboy and his little scrub nag.—Omaha Republican.

THE RAILWAY RATE WAR.—The fight on freight rates between Chicago and Omaha still continues, and shippers of west-bound goods from Chicago can make about any rate they please. It seems to be the determination of the managers to stick the knife in deep and make the war sharp and strong.

The Northwestern is not anxious to continue upon its own terms as its refusal to put in the Sioux City & Pacific business shows. The Union Pacific, which has the latter railway, the Tripartite a means of shutting off useless competition, awakes to the grim fact that one of the members of the association is contending a parallel road westward through its territory with alarming rapidity, and is even now bidding high for the cattle and grain traffic of Nebraska.

In Nance county the other day two children, one ten and the other two years old, were burned to death. The elder child, by request of his father, fired a hay-stack, his little brother being on top at the time. Seeing his brother enveloped in flames the larger boy went to his rescue and both were so badly burned that death soon ensued.

The total bonded debt of Otoe county with interest due thereon up to April 1, 1885, is \$42,012.50. This does not include registered or outstanding warrants.

Twenty men and ten horses keep the paved streets of Omaha clean. Their work commences at midnight and generally ends about 7 a. m.

Preacher Van Doran, of Boone county, Ia., went to Hastings in October last to expound the gospel. In walking about the back streets at a late hour of night Van Doran fell off the walk and sustained injuries for which he thinks the city of Hastings should pay him \$10,131. Van Doran claims \$5,000 for bodily injuries, \$5,000 for loss of time and \$101 for a cowboy.

A cowboy, in Adams county, too poor to have but one name, and that "Tom," was before Justice Kirk last week on a charge of adultery with Mrs. Bayse, a married woman. Tom was a chance of venue, and took it by jumping on the back of a thoroughbred mare, and striking out for Kansas.

A district fair will be held in Omaha in September at which there will be races and other attractions.

Two companies of the Fifth United States cavalry have been ordered to the western part of the state.

John McCarty has been arrested and jailed at Falls City on charge of stealing cattle.

The son of Dr. Kerr, at Falls City, accidentally shot himself in the leg with a 32-caliber revolver. There are doubts about physicians being able to save the injured member.

Among needed enterprises at Plainview is a grist mill. The man who puts in the enterprise will get good interest on the investment.

The Lincoln Journal says the University faculty, which has been working at the course of study for some time, has finally completed its 10th year. Sweeping changes have been made in all the courses, the general tendency being toward specialization.

Kearney is building two school-houses at a cost of \$10,000 each.

Beatrice is building \$43,000 worth of churches this season.

The commissioners of Douglas county, acting under the advice of the county attorney, will refuse to accept the furnishing of the county officers' rooms.

Mrs. Patrick Finnegan, of Platte county has been decreed a divorce on the ground of drunkenness and extreme cruelty. Defendant also has to pay \$2,500 alimony.

Mrs. George White, of Butler county, suicided by the use of strychnine, dying in about twenty minutes after taking the fatal drug. The lady was laboring under an aberration of mind.

A dog supposed to be suffering with rabies was shot in Schuyler the other day. It is feared that he bit several dogs in the neighborhood, and owners have been requested to keep them chained.

At Beatrice during a heavy rain storm, the barn on the premises occupied by C. M. Rigg at Fourth and High streets, was struck by lightning, and taking fire, soon burned down. At the time of the fire, a heavy south wind was blowing, but the rain had been falling steadily for two hours and every thing out of doors was thoroughly soaked so that the fire was prevented from spreading.

Two spans of the B. & M. railroad bridge, 300 feet in length, across the Republican at Concordia, were burned.

The new mayor of Omaha proposes to regulate the gambling houses. Some of the more respectable places have been closed entirely, and at others the doors are shut to thieves, tramps and "tin-horn" gamblers.

Prof. Lane, superintendent of census, and his chief clerk, Brad Cook, says the Lincoln Journal, are deep in the work of preparing for a thorough and complete census of the state, under the law passed at the recent session of the legislature. They will have everything ready to begin the work at the time required, unless the apathy of the people in remote and sparsely settled districts leaves them without competent enumerators.

The grand commandery of Knights Templar in session at Lincoln elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: Grand Commander, Allen B. Smith; Deputy Grand Commander, Edwin F. Warren; Grand Generalissimo, Charles F. Keedham; Grand Captain-General, John J. Wemple; Grand Prelate, Leroy F. Britt; Grand Senior Warden, Henry Gibson; Grand Junior Warden, H. E. Nicodemus; Grand Treasurer, James S. France; Grand Recorder, William R. Bowen; Grand Standard Bearer, Edgar C. Salisbury; Grand Sword Bearer, Alfred C. Cass; Grand Warden, Alfred W. White; Grand Captain of the Guard, Ashbury Townsend. Fremont was selected as the next place of meeting of the grand commandery.

The farmers of Harlan county have soon about as much small grain this year as last. The corn crop will be about one-third more in acres than last season.

Brownville saloon keepers have been sued by Mrs. Worrall for \$10,000 damages. Mrs. Worrall's husband was recently killed by one Hall, whom it is said was drunk at the time on whisky sold by defendants.

The Reporter says there were forty-five entries made at the Valentine land office before noon on Monday. This gives something of an idea of the rush for land in that section of the state.

Creighton needs and is determined to have a mill and a brick yard in the near future.

The Atkinson Graphic says: Last Wednesday, Mr. Chambers' children, living on the Mead farm in Pleasantview neighborhood, were playing with a 32-caliber revolver, and while in the hands of a boy twelve years old it went off, the ball striking his little sister, five years old, just over the left eye and came out at the side of the head without penetrating the brain. It was a narrow escape for the little one, but with proper treatment she will probably come out all right.

Judge William Gaslin has sold his farm west of Alma to parties from Humbolt. There were 1,320 acres in the place and it sold for \$12.50 per acre.

On last Friday, says the Alma Tribune, a prairie fire broke out on Mill creek, this county. The wind, which was blowing a gale, soon drove the fire toward the residence of M. H. Burr. In his effort to save his residence he was overtaken by the fire and almost burned to death. His face, arms and legs were horribly burned and his hands were so badly burned that the nails are all coming off. A Baldwin, who happened to be at Mr. Burr's, was also badly burned about the hands and face. It was by his efforts that Mr. Burr was saved from being burned to death. No damage was done to property by the fire farther than the destruction of timber.

In Nance county the other day two children, one ten and the other two years old, were burned to death. The elder child, by request of his father, fired a hay-stack, his little brother being on top at the time. Seeing his brother enveloped in flames the larger boy went to his rescue and both were so badly burned that death soon ensued.

The total bonded debt of Otoe county with interest due thereon up to April 1, 1885, is \$42,012.50. This does not include registered or outstanding warrants.

Twenty men and ten horses keep the paved streets of Omaha clean. Their work commences at midnight and generally ends about 7 a. m.

Preacher Van Doran, of Boone county, Ia., went to Hastings in October last to expound the gospel. In walking about the back streets at a late hour of night Van Doran fell off the walk and sustained injuries for which he thinks the city of Hastings should pay him \$10,131. Van Doran claims \$5,000 for bodily injuries, \$5,000 for loss of time and \$101 for a cowboy.

A cowboy, in Adams county, too poor to have but one name, and that "Tom," was before Justice Kirk last week on a charge of adultery with Mrs. Bayse, a married woman. Tom was a chance of venue, and took it by jumping on the back of a thoroughbred mare, and striking out for Kansas.

A district fair will be held in Omaha in September at which there will be races and other attractions.

Two companies of the Fifth United States cavalry have been ordered to the western part of the state.

John McCarty has been arrested and jailed at Falls City on charge of stealing cattle.

The son of Dr. Kerr, at Falls City, accidentally shot himself in the leg with a 32-caliber revolver. There are doubts about physicians being able to save the injured member.

Among needed enterprises at Plainview is a grist mill. The man who puts in the enterprise will get good interest on the investment.

The Lincoln Journal says the University faculty, which has been working at the course of study for some time, has finally completed its 10th year. Sweeping changes have been made in all the courses, the general tendency being toward specialization.

Kearney is building two school-houses at a cost of \$10,000 each.

Beatrice is building \$43,000 worth of churches this season.

The commissioners of Douglas county, acting under the advice of the county attorney, will refuse to accept the furnishing of the county officers' rooms.

Mrs. Patrick Finnegan, of Platte county has been decreed a divorce on the ground of drunkenness and extreme cruelty. Defendant also has to pay \$2,500 alimony.

Mrs. George White, of Butler county, suicided by the use of strychnine, dying in about twenty minutes after taking the fatal drug. The lady was laboring under an aberration of mind.

A dog supposed to be suffering with rabies was shot in Schuyler the other day. It is feared that he bit several dogs in the neighborhood, and owners have been requested to keep them chained.

At Beatrice during a heavy rain storm, the barn on the premises occupied by C. M. Rigg at Fourth and High streets, was struck by lightning, and taking fire, soon burned down. At the time of the fire, a heavy south wind was blowing, but the rain had been falling steadily for two hours and every thing out of doors was thoroughly soaked so that the fire was prevented from spreading.

Two spans of the B. & M. railroad bridge, 300 feet in length, across the Republican at Concordia, were burned.

BRIEFLY TOLD.

The week of opera in Chicago was a great success. The receipts were \$135,000.

John M. Buchanan, postmaster at Victor Iowa, has been arrested for converting money order funds to his own use.

The president of the Board of police commissioners of St. Louis has laid all the particulars of Mr. Preller's murder before Secretary of State Bayard and the British minister at Washington and asked their co-operation in arresting the murderer and bringing him to justice.

Mrs. Mary Ireland, of New York, whose husband was, as alleged, inveigled into Canada by English officials and thence transported to England for trial on the charge of desertion from the British army, has received word from her husband at Sterling Castle, Scotland, dated the 6th inst., stating that he had been released as no evidence can be found against him, and he "would not surrender."

Dispatches from Fulton, Mo., state that the people of Calloway county are greatly discouraged at the failure so far to stamp out pleuro-pneumonia among the cattle in that county. Leading stockmen of St. Louis will make a personal appeal to the governor for an extra session of the legislature. It is stated that the cattle interest in the state has already suffered a depreciation in value of over half a million dollars.

The published reports of the battle of Chalchuapán, on March 31, say that the Guatemalans left 1,600 on the battlefield. San Salvador had 50 killed and 150 wounded, including many officers. The Guatemalans say that to obtain the body of General Barrios cost twenty lives. The body was conveyed to Guatemala and interred with military honors. Since peace was signed by San Salvador and Guatemala, general confidence in commercial circles is returning.

The Spanish government has received offer from England for several torpedo boats in process of construction in England on Spanish account.

Ernest Williams and Patrick Lawler, miners and noted pugilists at Wilkesbarre, Pa., agreed to settle a grudge by resorting to a prize ring. Accordingly the men met in a lonely spot on Snake Island. After the first round, during which Williams had the advantage, Lawler's friends broke into the ring and a general fight ensued. Pistols, clubs and knives were used, and a number of Williams' friends were injured.

The news that General Lawton had declined the Russian mission was received at Savannah from Washington on the 21st. General Lawton's action was based on a desire to save the administration any possible embarrassment which a fight over his confirmation in the senate might cause.

Near Greenwich, Conn., Barclay Johnson, son of a prominent railroad lawyer, while walking in the woods with his mother and sister, shot and killed them both and then killed himself. Mrs. Johnson was shot in the back of the head, the sister in the mouth, after an apparent struggle, and again in the eye. The murderer then placed the revolver to his right eye and sent a bullet through his own brain. He was insane.

The commission appointed by the Mexican government to revise the Mexican Central provisional tariff and classification has accepted the new tariff proposed by the company. It now goes to the secretary of public works for approval, which is merely a form, however, now that the commission is notified, and it will probably take effect June 1.

Gen. Grant weighs 141 pounds. Three months ago he weighed 162 pounds.

J. B. Hagan, a prominent stock raiser and shipper of southern Illinois, fell under a Wash-burn train near the stock yards, in Chicago, and was instantly killed.

The heaviest snow storm ever known in Colorado occurred on the 24th. Fully twenty inches fell, as much as the aggregate of the previous falls of a who's winter. The snow is very heavy and numberless roads have fallen, but without fatal results so far as reported.

At the session of the Iowa encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic the state legislature was recommended to appropriate \$100,000 for the establishment of a soldiers' home.

The revised edition of the Old Testament, which will appear simultaneously in London, New York and Philadelphia May 21, will meet with a large sale, but it will not be so large as that for the revised edition of the New Testament. This version is the joint property of the universities of Oxford and Cambridge, and each will issue its own edition, although both will be printed from plates from one set of types. The various publishers' houses are working in harmony, and copies of the new work cannot be obtained before the time specified. All the editions offered for sale in this country are imported complete, no sheets even having been sent forward for binding. Heavy orders for the work from New York, Boston and Chicago have already been received, and the sales will no doubt be very large.

A Washington special says: Representative Weaver is here, very busy looking after matters for his constituents and endeavoring to secure in their places various clerks for whom he has found office in times past. He will object to certifying to the fitness of his democratic constituents who apply for office, as several other republican congressmen are doing under the new era of good feeling. The entire Nebraska delegation are fully satisfied with Mr. Cleveland's course. Laird and Valentine still linger here.

A grand jury in London indicted Cunningham and Burton, the dynamiters, for treason and felony.

Nearly 10,000 Sunday school children of Dublin marched in procession to Phoenix Park, with banners and music, to present an address to the prince and princess of Wales.

In a Chicago court a cattle dealer from Texas was awarded judgment for \$960 against the Western Union Telegraph company for an error in a quotation sent over the wires, through which he lost the amount claimed.

The Illinois Central road to visit the New Orleans exposition, notwithstanding that the speaker drew up a resolution favoring the trip.

Eighteen cases of small-pox have developed within a week in the Hotel Dieu at Montreal.

Under orders of the United States court at Indianapolis, the Cleveland, Indiana and St. Louis road was sold to Thomas C. Platt, for the American Express company, his bid being \$40,000. There are eighteen miles of track in operation, from Anderson to Noblesville.

The secretary of state has received a dispatch from the United States consul at Madrid, saying that he is informed by the direct general of health that there is no cholera in Spain, and that the cases recently reported in the province of Valencia are not cholera.

Postoffice Inspector Stewart arrested Edward Whalen, Frank Mitchell, Wm. Connors, John Harrison and Albert Halstead on the charge of robbing the postoffice at Gilsto, Ill., on March 10th. The inspector, in his dispatch, states that the evidence is conclusive as to the guilt of the persons arrested.

The president has made the following appointments: Ministers resident and consuls general—Wm. D. Bloxham, of Florida, to Bolivia; Bayless W. Hanna, of Indiana, to Persia; Walker Fearn, of Louisiana, to Roumania, Servia and Greece. To be consuls of the United States—James Murray, of New York, to St. Johns, N. B.; Boyd Winchester, of Kentucky, to Nice, France; Charles P. Kimball, of Illinois, to Stuttgart, Germany.

Senator Manderson had a conference with Secretary Manning, to hasten the arrangements for making Omaha a full port of entry, like St. Louis.

The secretary of the treasury has detailed three clerks to the second comptroller's office to assist in the settlement of accounts, particularly those of pension agents, which are in arrears. Arrangements have also been made for a more prompt examination of these accounts in the third auditor's office.

The secretary of the treasury has given orders for the immediate repairs of the revenue steamer "Manhattan," now at Baltimore, with a view to utilizing it as a quarantine boat at Cape Charles station.

President Cleveland refused to pardon General Swain, judge advocate general of the army.

The president has signed the commissions of the collectors of internal revenue appointed since the adjournment of congress, including that of Eben F. Pillsbury as collector of the Third district of Massachusetts, over which there was said to be some dispute. No further action has been taken in the case of Collector Craig, of Virginia, who declined to resign at the request of the secretary of the treasury. It has been referred to the president and it is understood that he will order the suspension of Mr. Craig.

CRIMINAL.

William Jones, a workman, brutally murdered Mrs. Elizabeth Kinney at St. Paul, a lonely place on the Second Oregon mountain, about four miles from Plainfield, N. J., and then committed suicide.

City Marshall Steele, of Clarksville, Miss., tried to arrest John House, a drunken brakeman, the other day. House drew a six-shooter and opened fire. Steele returned the shots. After emptying his pistol House sought refuge behind a box. The city marshal fired his last shot just as House was getting behind his barricade and the latter fell dead.

Near Forney, Texas, two strange negroes with drawn pistols entered the caboose of a freight train on the Texas and Pacific road. A brakeman named B. S. Cloud, who was fortunately armed, opened fire. The negroes jumped off and the train hastened to Forney station. An alarm was given and a posse started in pursuit of the negroes, who were soon captured.

FOREIGN NOTES.

Dispatches from Kabul state that the ameer of Afghanistan has reiterated the statement that he is competent to defend Herat against the Russians without the aid of the English.

The Armstrong works at Newcastle having received an order from Russia for a large quantity of war material, declined to fill it and has given notice to the British admiralty of the nature of the order.

The Duchess of Edinburgh, daughter of the czar, is greatly distressed at the strained relations existing between Russia and England. She is prepared to start, if necessary, in a few hours for Cobourg, where she will reside in the event of war.

A telegram from Alexandria to the Exchange Telegraph company states that the French consul general has informed the khedive and Nubar Pasha, Egyptian foreign minister, of his instructions to suspend official relations with the government of Egypt. The same telegram also states that the consul general has left Cairo for Alexandria to embark for Europe.

BOREAS ON A BENDER.

A Storm That is Feared to Have Been Disasters in Its Results.

A Mexia (Texas) special says: Prairie Grove neighborhood, eight miles south of Mexia, was visited by a severe cyclone, causing serious results to life and property. A two-story school house, in which were about fifty children, was blown down and torn to pieces, killing one and wounding several. Several residences and stores were demolished. Larkin Gentry's house some distance from the village was wrecked, and himself, wife and child killed. Other serious results are probable, as the country is thickly settled in the direction which the storm took.

The Wichita road and the Atchison and Clear Water, and Frank McDaniel, engineer, was drowned. The fireman and brakeman went down with the train, but they were rescued. At the latest accounts the water was subsiding, but it was still very high and it will take several days for it to run off. Advice from Kingman company the previous report that the water was done to business property in town and ten lives are reported lost. Traffic on the Wichita & Western railroad between Wichita and Kingman is suspended, and the bridge on this road and the Atchison and Clear Water at Santa Fe at Cheney, Belle Plaine and Clear Water are washed away. Other dispatches state the storm extended into western Missouri, and that many streams there overflowed their banks, and that much property has been destroyed, and that the railroads traversing that section have been washed away in places, and traffic is greatly interrupted. Advice also come from northern Texas noting a very heavy rainfall, extending over a large section of country, embracing Dennison, Abilene, Fort Worth, Dallas, and other places. At Gainsville, the Pecan and Elm creeks overflowed their banks, and besides washing away a number of houses, several lives are reported lost. Women and children clung to the branches of trees for hours before they were rescued. Several streets in Dallas were deluged with water, and a high wind damaged a number of houses. The Red river is very high and at last accounts was rising very rapidly, and fears of great damage along its banks was apprehended.

MR. HANLAN GETS LEFT.

Beach, the Australian, Wears the Champion-ship Belt.

The steamer "Australia," which arrived at San Francisco a few days ago left Sidney, March 27th, the day before the Hanlan-Beach race occurred. The Auckland Evening Star publishes the following telegraph particulars: "The skulking man, the Australian, Mr. Edward Hanlan, on March 28th, on the Paranal river, was for \$500 and the championship of the world. The banks of the river along the course were crowded with spectators and the race was a very exciting one. Both men got away well together. In a few moments Beach gradually drew ahead until he was half a boat's length from Hanlan. At Putney the Australian was a length to the fore. At this point Hanlan seemed to be laboring heavily, while Beach was fresh and quick. In passing Gladstone it was apparent to all that the race was virtually over. Beach won as he liked, coming in six lengths ahead amidst a perfect storm of the wildest cheers."

The new Christian church at Ashland is receiving the finishing touches and will be ready for dedication in a couple of weeks.

SETTLERS BECOMING ANXIOUS.

In Consequence of the Threatening Attitude of Oregon Indians.

Portland (Ore.) dispatch: Very recent reports from portions of eastern Oregon, eastern Washington Territory and western Idaho indicate a restlessness among the Indians that bodes trouble in the near future. Between the white settlers and the Indians a strong feeling of animosity exists, which has intensified with time. One fruitful source of irritation between the whites and Indians has been the rivalry and jealousy concerning the use and occupation of immense grazing tracts. These grass-producing regions have for years been considered as "neutral grounds," to which the horses and cattle of one belonged as much as to the other. Naturally, the hostility and conflicting interests had full scope for action and exercise under such favorable conditions. If cattle were run off, stolen, or killed, belonging to white ranchers, the Indians would retaliate by killing the horses and man was at the bottom of it. Frequently the inevitable clashing of interests resulted in sanguinary meetings between herdsmen and Indians. Occasionally the body of a white man was found pierced by an Indian arrow. In such cases the real murderer could not be tracked down, and not infrequently unjustifiable revenge was taken by the friends or relatives of the murdered person on some unfortunate and innocent Swah found straggling away from his tribe. For years these reprisals have been indulged in. In few cases the perpetrators of murders have been detected, arrested and punished by the civil authorities. In not a few cases, the Indian offender has been dealt with summarily at the hands of a court presided over by Judge Lynch. Private and personal revenge has been gratified by the brutal and lawless savages on helpless and defenseless women. Relatives and friends of these helpless victims survive, and with them the fires of hatred and vengeance still glow with a fierce heat. A few days ago considerable excitement was caused in Astoria county, Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble. Along the Whitman county shores of the Snake river a number of Indians were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble. Along the Whitman county shores of the Snake river a number of Indians were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought, was the easier way out of the trouble.

Washington territory, by the appearance of two Indians, who, it is asserted, came from Umatilla reservation, in Oregon. These Indians were said to be hunters of Indians, and were stopped, and their horses taken from them and sent back to their owners. This, it was thought