

The Tribune

F. M. & E. M. KIMMELL,
Editors and Publishers.
SUBSCRIPTION: \$2 PER YEAR
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.
FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES G. BLAINE,
OF MAINE.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,
JOHN A. LOGAN,
OF ILLINOIS.
CONGRESSIONAL.
FOR CONGRESS, 2ND DISTRICT,
JAMES LAIRD,
ADAMS COUNTY.
SENATORIAL.
FOR SENATOR, 30TH DISTRICT,
JAMES W. DOLAN,
RED WILLOW COUNTY.
COUNTY.
FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
GEORGE HOCKNELL.
FOR COMMISSIONER, 1ST DISTRICT,
HENRY CRABTREE.

Republican State Convention.
The republican electors of the state of Nebraska are invited to send delegates from the several counties to meet in convention at Omaha, Wednesday, August 27th, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for five presidential electors. Also, for Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Auditor of Public Accounts, Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General, and such other business as may be presented to the convention.

The counties given below are entitled to representation as follows—being based upon the vote cast for J. M. Hiett, Regent of the University, giving one delegate-at-large and one for every one hundred and fifty votes and the major fraction thereof:
Dundy.....1 Hitchcock.....2
Frontier.....2 Red Willow.....4
It is recommended that no proxies be admitted to the convention, except such as are held by persons residing in the counties from which proxies are given.
Omaha, Neb., May 22, 1884.
GEO. W. E. DORSEY, Chairman.
S. B. COLSON, Secretary.

Reduced Rates to Conventions.
HEADQUARTERS NEBRASKA REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, FRENCH, AUGUST 11th, 1884.
The different lines of railway in this state will sell tickets to the delegates elected to the republican state convention to be held at Omaha, August 27th, 1884, for one fare for the round trip, and to the district conventions to be held at Beatrice, Hastings and Columbus, August 20th, 1884, for one and one-fourth fare. The delegates will present their credentials to local agents, who are authorized to sell tickets upon such representation.
GEO. W. E. DORSEY, Chairman.

At the Congressional Convention held in Hastings, Wednesday, Hon. James Laird, our present representative, was nominated on the first ballot by a vote of 89 to 52. Gaslin having withdrawn, the 52 votes were cast for France. The convention is reported as being harmonious and enthusiastic.

BENJ. BUTLER, the muchly nominated presidential aspirant, in his recent manifesto, pays his compliments to both parties, and especially does he handle the democracy with unglued fingers. It is suggested that his arraignment of that party would prove an excellent campaign document for use by the republican party.

From those present at the Senatorial Convention held at Indianola, last Saturday, we learn that the meeting was a most harmonious one. There being no opposition, our present Senator, Hon. J. W. Dolan, was unanimously nominated by acclamation, being placed in nomination by W. S. Morlan of Furnas county, and seconded by a Hitchcock county delegate. This is a befitting compliment to Senator Dolan at the hands of the representatives of his constituency.

Last and least comes Cleveland's letter of acceptance. The letter deals in generalities mainly, and expatiates particularly on the civil service reform, prohibition and imported labor questions, to the entire exclusion of the important issue—the tariff question. Grover makes a strong bid for the laboring man's vote. As compared with Blaine's lengthy dissertation and Butler's 20,000-word blow-hard, it is mild—prominent more particularly for its brevity.

GEORGE D. LUCAS, a prominent young Irish-American of Dubuque, Ia., who has been president of the Cleveland and Hendricks club of that city, has resigned his position because he feels it his duty to vote for Blaine and Logan. The club will except his resignation, reorganize as a Blaine and Logan club, and probably elect Mr. Lucas as president. The members, of whom there are about 140, are mostly Irish-Americans. But still they insist that the Irish defection "doesn't amount to much"—that it is "exaggerated."—Republican.

TOBIAS, this state, has been in terrible commotion the past week, by reason of alleged scandalous acts of the village's original owner, Tobias Castor, and the recent murder of Mrs. Ferris, by her husband, Wiley Ferris, and his subsequent self-destruction.

THE Boston Globe says: "Unless we are mistaken, the events of the next few weeks will either cause Mr. Blaine to withdraw or make him wish he had never accepted the nomination." What's the matter now? Is it the intention of democrats to fasten on to him the paternity of the Widow Halpin's boy.

EX-SENATOR SHARON, of Nevada, shook the dust of San Francisco courts from his boots long enough to organize a company to build another railway across the Isthmus of Panama, with a steamship line as a side issue. The capital is generously placed at \$12,000,000. With the De Lesseps canal, the Eads ship railway and the Sharon short line, the neck of the continent will not be much of a barrier to commerce in a few years.

DR. BURG of Paris has been making some experiments in the treatment of cholera by dosing the patient with a weak solution of copper which is said to have proven highly successful. The theory is that the microbe that causes the cholera can be destroyed by poison mild enough to be harmless to higher organisms. If the experiments demonstrate the soundness of the theory a solution of the cholera epidemic is near at hand and the dread disease will soon be stripped of its terrors.—Journal.

It seems the inhabitants of Hickman and Lewis counties, Tennessee, do not relish the proselyting ministrations of Mormon missionaries, and have commenced a counter campaign with their shot guns. Up to the present time three Mormon elders have gone to join Joseph Smith and Brother Brigham in the happy hunting grounds, and it is probable that nine or ten wives and thirty or forty children mourn their untimely loss. The shotgun policy seems to win where duty applied by skillful hands.—Topics.

MRS. MARY A. LIVERMORE, a woman whose name and fame are world wide and whose labors in the cause of temperance are too well known to require even passing mention, is out in a long letter deprecating the third party movement on the part of the prohibitionists. Mrs. Livermore's works and observation make her especially able to view the tendencies of an independent political movement by the prohibition element, and her conclusions are that nothing valuable for the cause can be accomplished by the candidacy of St. John.—Republican.

THE Buffalo Courier, not satisfied with the vindication of things accomplished by "Gen." King has produced another. It, however, resembles King's so much that it seem hardly worth while to publish it. It does admit the asylum business, but denies that any more force was used in putting the woman there than was necessary to make her go. We don't remember that the clergymen's association said that there was. It takes considerable force to put an able bodied woman in the asylum, if she knows it. The vindication of Grover is, in short that Maria was about the same kind of a citizen that he was. This is not brilliant, but perhaps it will do.

LEUTENANT GREELY has been interviewed in the matter of the alleged cannibalism of his party at Cape Sabine and says that if there was any of it, it did not come under his notice. He says that men living for months upon shrimps and partially out of their heads by reason of famine, might very naturally commit excesses of this kind. As to private tracks, it is only when, as in this case, an attempt is made to pass on the same track, that engines come to grief. And further, Haigler is in this state, and well nigh 200 miles from Denver.

THIS glorious commonwealth of corn and hogs comes to the front again numerously: The peaceful little hamlet of Albion, Boone county, produces a unique specimen of boyhood of 13 summers, who has already become a connoisseur at the manufacture and manipulation of "the queer," while Red Cloud comes forward with a novelty—in depravity deep—in the shape of a nine-year-old boy-rapist, his victim being a little girl of the tender age of three years. This is intended to offset the notoriety accruing to the Pine Tree and Empire states by reason of the alleged actions of the candidates for presidential honors whose homes are within their borders.

THE recent earthquake in the east was described in the telegraphic dispatches in a highly sensational manner and the people of the west were led to believe that it was no ordinary shaking up. The accounts swelled in their sensationalism the farther west they were sent, and the Boston Advertiser in commenting on this fact says: According to the telegraphic reports the recent earthquake was not felt in the west; but the reports of the western papers tend to remove this impression, and seem to show that the intensity of "seismic catclysm" became greater as the news of it moved toward the Pacific. Here there were ten people who did not know there had been a quiver to one that did. But, according to western journals "the whole populace was panic stricken." Here, the shock, as felt in the top of the Equitable building, might perhaps have rolled a man off a sofa; but by the time it reached Chicago the poor wretch was thrown from the sofa across the room, while in Omaha all the furniture was piled upon him and in San Francisco only faint traces of his remains were to be found. The great danger discoverable in this curious phenomenon lies in the possibility that the shock may make the circuit of the globe and return to plague us at the end of eighty days. If it does the Chicago newspaper correspondents had better be chained up for the day, or all Boston will be in fragments.

THE American banker's association, in session at Saratoga, has been giving considerable of the time to a discussion of panics and bank failures. One of the notable papers was read by Lyman J. Gage, the Chicago banker, who urged as a remedy for panics the keeping of cash reserves considerably larger than 25 per cent., a repeal of the usury laws, and the adoption of uniform rules as to loaning freely in times of distrust. It is shown that in such times of distrust, when those who have money are locking it up, and extensive loans are necessary for strengthening the different branches of trade, the banks draw in on their loans and discounts; and on the other hand, when trade is good and times are easy, money is easily obtainable. Mr. Gage takes the ground, which has every appearance of being reasonable, that the practice should be more nearly the reverse—that the reserves should be larger, and loans more easily obtainable in times of general distress.

GENERAL MANAGER CLARK, of the Union Pacific, who tendered his resignation some time ago, is to be succeeded by Mr. S. R. Calloway, late general manager of the Chicago & Grand Trunk railway, and at present assistant to President Adams. Mr. Calloway, who recently made a trip of inspection over the entire system of the Union Pacific, will probably enter upon the active discharge of his duties at an early day, making his headquarters in Omaha. The resignation of Mr. Clark was received with regret and excepted with great reluctance by the board of directors, but as Mr. Clark insisted upon its acceptance, such action had necessarily to be taken. Mr. Clark has been with the Union Pacific in various capacities for many years, rising step by step to his present position. He is regarded as one of the ablest railroad men in the country.—Bee.

THE E. & M. train was seven hours late yesterday and the regular 11 o'clock train did not arrive here until 6 in the evening. The delay was caused by a collision at Heigler, a small town not far this side of Denver. The east bound train was standing on the side track and another train ran into it, smashing both engines and badly ruining one baggage car. The passengers were all excited and badly shaken, but the good luck happened that no one was hurt. The blame could not be attached to any one in particular.—Gazette-Journal.

BRO. ISAAC has a penchant for mixing matters, but there is usually no difficulty in safely passing trains on different tracks, it is only when, as in this case, an attempt is made to pass on the same track, that engines come to grief. And further, Haigler is in this state, and well nigh 200 miles from Denver.

THIS glorious commonwealth of corn and hogs comes to the front again numerously: The peaceful little hamlet of Albion, Boone county, produces a unique specimen of boyhood of 13 summers, who has already become a connoisseur at the manufacture and manipulation of "the queer," while Red Cloud comes forward with a novelty—in depravity deep—in the shape of a nine-year-old boy-rapist, his victim being a little girl of the tender age of three years. This is intended to offset the notoriety accruing to the Pine Tree and Empire states by reason of the alleged actions of the candidates for presidential honors whose homes are within their borders.

A FEW more of those cases which appear from time to time reminding us that inhumanity has not been entirely eradicated from the human breast have just been unearthed by the Pennsylvania committee on lunacy of the state board of public charities. In one case an old man was found naked in an outhouse in a very secluded spot of the state, where he had been confined for more than thirty years, chained by the leg. In the other case neither the public nor the committee had any knowledge of the inhumanity practiced upon an old man, who had likewise been chained for more than a quarter of a century, and it was not until his death that the particulars were brought out and made public. Indignation throughout the state runs high and the committee, in view of the disclosures already made, have sent a letter to every physician in Pennsylvania desiring to ascertain the mode of treatment in vogue in private asylums, and in any such cases are known or believed to exist to send them to state hospitals for the insane, where they can receive humane and proper treatment. The letter further informs them that if they have any reason to believe any such insane are concealed and badly treated they should investigate such cases and take the necessary step for their transfer.—Republican.

THE fate of Thurman and Hoody is a sad indication that the Ohio man is losing his grip on the offices of his country.

Commissioner's Proceedings.

CLERK'S OFFICE, Indianola, August 9th, 1884.
Board of County Commissioners met pursuant to adjournment. Present, Henry Crabtree, S. L. Green and E. J. Allington, commissioners, and C. D. Cramer, clerk. Minutes of last meeting read and approved. Petition of Patrick McMillan and others, asking that all that portion of the territory lying and being on the north side of the Republican river, in "East Valley Precinct," be set off and separated from said precinct, and a new precinct created out of the territory so set off and separated was read, and on motion the petition was granted. On motion, it was resolved that the new precinct, as above stated, should be named North Valley Precinct, and that the voting place should be at the school house in school district No. —, and that it should embrace all the territory lying and being north of the Republican river in towns 3 and 4, range 26, west of 6th P. M.

On motion, Bondville was selected as the voting place in and for Bondville precinct. On motion, it was resolved that sealed proposals to build a bridge across Buffalo creek (in place of the old bridge, washed out by floods) would be received any time previous to noon, September 11th, 1884. Said bridge to be built according to plans and specifications on file in the clerk's office, and notice to contractors, published according to law; and that the bids shall be made to furnish all the material and labor.

On motion, the chairman and clerk of this Board were authorized and directed to execute a warranty deed to Andrew Barber, as per contract for painting coat house, for lot No. 3, block 31, in Indianola, Neb. Stephen Lyon having filed an affidavit that he was assessed on the same property, viz: Cattle, in Danbury precinct and also in Red Willow precinct for the year 1882, and that he had paid the tax same as assessed in Red Willow precinct where he resided and had his ranch. On motion, it was resolved that the said Stephen Lyon be, and is hereby, released from the payment of said tax as assessed in Danbury precinct, for the reason that said property was not liable to taxation in Danbury precinct.

The petition of John G. Eaton and others was read and laid over till next meeting. Said petition asks that a new voting precinct be created out of a part of the territory of Driftwood, Bondville and Red Willow precincts, as follows: Commencing at the point where the Republican River crosses the line between ranges 29 and 30, running thence east along the south bank of said river to the range line between ranges 28 and 29, thence south along said range line to the town line between towns 1 and 2, thence west on said town line to the range line between ranges 29 and 30, thence north on said range line to place of beginning, embracing all of town 2, range 29, and so much of town 3, range 29, as lies south of the Republican River.

On motion, the claim of Mrs. Sine Anderson for boarding Homer Mack, was rejected; amount claimed, \$67.00. On motion, the claim of Dr. Chas. Gilbert for medicine and attendance on Homer Mack, was rejected; amount claimed, \$127.50. The claim of W. Carnahan, for services as overseer road district No. 1 for the year 1882, was laid over.

On motion, claims were audited and allowed as follows on the county general fund 1884: S. W. Stigebauer, witness fees, State..... 3 50 Henry Crabtree, services as county commissioner..... 12 00 S. L. Green, services as county commissioner..... 15 60 E. J. Allington, services as county commissioner..... 13 80 Henry Crabtree, money expended looking after bridge lumber and use of team one day..... 5 00 Andrew Barber, material furnished and labor done painting and graining in coat house, as per contract..... 115 00 ON 1882 LEVY GENERAL FUND, J. B. Teas, materials and labor done on county treasurer's office..... 42 83 Jos. J. Reid, making road district map Red Willow county..... 6 00 ON 1884 LEVY BRIDGE FUND, Frees & Hocknell, bridge material..... 406 12 ON 1884 LEVY INSANE FUND, J. W. Welborn, sheriff's and assistant's fees and expenses in taking Maria Enos to the insane hospital at Lincoln..... 90 60 ON 1884 LEVY ROAD FUND, Page T. Francis, surveying road south of McCook..... 5 00 Page T. Francis, surveying road north of Indianola, and road between McCook and Indianola, and services as road commissioner..... 24 00 E. S. Hill, claim of \$90.00, services as chain-man in assisting county surveyor, allowed at..... 4 50 Pearson, claim of \$9.00, services as chain-man in assisting county surveyor, allowed at..... 4 50 On motion, the Board adjourned to meet September 11th, 1884, at 8 o'clock, A. M. C. D. CRAMER, County Clerk.

UNSURPASSED.

A Pleasant, Safe and Reliable Remedy for Bowel Complaints.

"Please send three bottles of MARSH'S TONIC ASTRINGENT, by express, to my wife, in Waveland, Indiana, where she is visiting friends. She writes me that our little girl has the Summer Complaint, and that she cannot obtain the ASTRINGENT there. Please send it immediately as we are anxious to have it get there as soon as possible. We have more confidence in it than in any other remedy."—John E. Petty, Fort Scott, Kans.

MARSH'S TONIC ASTRINGENT is for sale by S. L. Green, druggist, McCook. It quickly cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, and all Bowel complaints. Price 50 cents. Don't fail to try it.

FIFTY CENTS will buy the MARSH AGUE CURE—liquid or pills. Never known to fail. For sale by S. L. Green.

MARSH'S CATHARTIC LIVER PILLS are mild, thorough and harmless. For sale by S. L. Green.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure.

FOR DYSENTERIA and Liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure.

THE Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE."

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 40 and 81.

SHILOH'S CATARRHIC REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria and Canker Mouth.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents.

SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis.

"HACKMETACK" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Sold by S. L. Green, druggist, McCook, Neb.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female and domestic physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

FOR THE working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to young and old. You can easily earn from 50 cents to \$5 every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer; to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortunes will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success assured. Don't delay. Start now. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 2-35.

Agents wanted for authentic edition of his life. Published by Augustus, his home. Largest, handsomest, cheapest, best. By the renowned historian and biographer, Col. Corwell, whose life of Garfield, published by us, outsold the twenty others by 60,000. Outlets every book ever published in this world; many agents are selling fifty daily. Agents are making fortunes. All new agents successful; grand chance for them. \$43.50 made by a lady agent the first day. Terms most liberal. Particulars free. Better send 25 cents for postage, and we will mail you at once, including large prospectus book, and save valuable time.

2. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

Agents wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book price. The best selling ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in the world. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. HALLETT BOOK CO., Portland, Maine. 2-35.

Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to make more money right away. Anything else in this world. All of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address TRAU & CO., Augusta, Maine. 2-35.

OUR LIVE DRUGGIST S. L. Green is daily having call for Beggs' Diarrhoea Balsam. In cases of Colic, Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Bowel Complaint, etc., it will relieve the sufferer immediately. Every bottle sold is positively warranted to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price, 35 cts.

Make good at home. \$5 out free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Reader, if you want business at which you can make good at the time they work, with absolute certainty, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 2-35

Attention, Land Attorneys. We have in stock "Cash Application" and "Proof" blanks, under act approved June 15, 1880. Same are put up in \$1 and \$2 packages, ready to mail. Send in your order to THE TRIBUNE, McCook, Neb.

COMPLAINT NOTICES.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., July 12th, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this office by Robert S. Hileman against George W. Simpkins for failure to comply with law as to Timber-Culture Entry 1908, dated at North Platte, Neb., February 21st, 1884, upon the northwest quarter of section 24, township 2, north, range 30 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that George W. Simpkins has wholly abandoned said tract; that no part of said tract of land has ever been broken, cultivated, or planted to trees, seeds or cuttings, by said Simpkins, since making said entry; that during the year ending February 28, 1884, no part of said land was broken, cultivated, or planted to trees, seeds or cuttings, and up to the present time the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on TUESDAY, the 10th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
H. C. F. BABCOCK, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., August 4th, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this office by L. Adams Smith against Charles Watson for failure to comply with law as to Timber-Culture Entry 1908, dated at North Platte, Neb., January 18th, 1880, upon the west 1/2 southeast 1/4 and south 1/2 northeast 1/4 section 7, township 4 north, range 28 west, in Red Willow county, Neb., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that Charles Watson has failed to cultivate, or plant to trees, seeds or cuttings, any part of said tract of land, since making said entry to the date hereof; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., August 4th, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this office by George A. Land against Theodore Glover for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry 1483, dated at North Platte, Neb., April 19th, 1880, upon the southeast quarter of section 20, township 1 north, range 34 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that Theodore Glover has failed to cultivate, seed or plant to trees, seeds or cuttings, since date of entry up to the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., June 23rd, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this office by George A. Land against Theodore Glover for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry 1483, dated at North Platte, Neb., April 19th, 1880, upon the southeast quarter of section 20, township 1 north, range 34 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that Theodore Glover has failed to cultivate, seed or plant to trees, seeds or cuttings, since date of entry up to the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., August 13th, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this office by George A. Land against Theodore Glover for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry 1483, dated at North Platte, Neb., April 19th, 1880, upon the southeast quarter of section 20, township 1 north, range 34 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that Theodore Glover has failed to cultivate, seed or plant to trees, seeds or cuttings, since date of entry up to the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., August 13th, 1884.
Complaint having been entered at this office by George A. Land against Theodore Glover for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry 1483, dated at North Platte, Neb., April 19th, 1880, upon the southeast quarter of section 20, township 1 north, range 34 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that Theodore Glover has failed to cultivate, seed or plant to trees, seeds or cuttings, since date of entry up to the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., July 12th, 1884.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Walter M. Shepp against Theodore Glover for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry 1483, dated at North Platte, Neb., October 7th, 1880, upon the south 1/2 southeast 1/4 section 4 and north 1/2 southeast 1/4 section 4, township 4 north, range 28 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE— McCook, Neb., June 23rd, 1884.

Complaint having been entered at this office by George A. Land against Theodore Glover for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry 1483, dated at North Platte, Neb., April 19th, 1880, upon the southeast quarter of section 20, township 1 north, range 34 west, in Red Willow county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that Theodore Glover has failed to cultivate, seed or plant to trees, seeds or cuttings, since date of entry up to the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of SEPTEMBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.
G. L. LAWS, Register.

FINAL PROCEEDINGS.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 21st, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20th, 1884, viz: Charles E. Hinman, D. S. No. 251, for the southeast 1/4 section 13, township 3 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John F. Gleason, Harmon Brown, Henry C. Jacobs and William S. Hamilton, all of McCook, Neb. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 19th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27th, 1884, viz: John M. Ferguson, D. S. No. 245, for the southeast quarter section 47, township 2 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Samuel L. Green, John Stone, Wesley M. Sanderson and Frank P. Alton, all of McCook, Neb. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 19th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29th, 1884, viz: John F. Rawlings, Homestead No. 412, for the northeast quarter section 13, township 3 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John F. Black, Daniel Shaw, Lutherford H. Arnold and James M. Heiler, all of McCook, Neb. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 19th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27th, 1884, viz: William N. Potter, D. S. No. 424, for the south 1/2 northwest 1/4 and south 1/2 northeast 1/4 section 3, township 2 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John F. Black, Daniel Shaw, Lutherford H. Arnold and James M. Heiler, all of McCook, Neb. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 19th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27th, 1884, viz: William Coleman, Homestead No. 418, for the southeast quarter section 34, township 4 north, range 30 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Nemeth, L. J. Starbuck, Jacob Harshberger and Richard Johnston, all of McCook, Neb. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., July 16th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on SATURDAY, AUGUST 25th, 1884, viz: William Coleman, Homestead No. 418, for the southeast quarter section 34, township 4 north, range 30 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Phillip Weick, Michael Weick, George White and Millard Horrell, all of McCook, Nebraska. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., July 16th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on SATURDAY, AUGUST 25th, 1884, viz: George Pohl, Homestead No. 188, for the south 1/2 southeast 1/4 section 21, and north 1/2 northeast 1/4 section 28, township 3 north, range 30 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Phillip Weick, Michael Weick, George White and Millard Horrell, all of McCook, Nebraska. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., July 16th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 1884, viz: Abraham Hammond, Homestead No. 1574, for the southeast quarter section 13, township 1 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William Coleman, Homestead No. 418, for the southeast quarter section 34, township 4 north, range 30 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Phillip Weick, Michael Weick, George White and Millard Horrell, all of McCook, Nebraska. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 4th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 1884, viz: Abraham Hammond, Homestead No. 1574, for the southeast quarter section 13, township 1 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William Coleman, Homestead No. 418, for the southeast quarter section 34, township 4 north, range 30 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Phillip Weick, Michael Weick, George White and Millard Horrell, all of McCook, Nebraska. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 4th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15th, 1884, viz: Abraham Hammond, Homestead No. 1574, for the southeast quarter section 13, township 1 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: William Coleman, Homestead No. 418, for the southeast quarter section 34, township 4 north, range 30 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Phillip Weick, Michael Weick, George White and Millard Horrell, all of McCook, Nebraska. G. L. LAWS, Register.

LAND OFFICE at McCook, Neb., August 13th, 1884.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at McCook, Neb., on FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20th, 1884, viz: Benjamin F. O'Leary, D. S. No. 257, for the northeast 1/4 section 7, township 3 north, range 29 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Samuel Brown, George Talbot, Bertold Lufkin and George White, all of McCook, Neb. G. L. LAWS,