

THE STATE IN BRIEF.

J. D. Williams, a special policeman at Beatrice on circus day, becoming intoxicated, was removed from duty by the mayor.

The Nebraska telephone company is extensively rebuilding and repairing its lines at Lincoln.

Certain crookedness in financial affairs has attached to the name of J. T. McKinstry at Beatrice. He is gone and there is, says the Register, a claim of \$4,800 against him at the Johnson county bank.

There is enough members of the order Odd Fellows in Bloomington to maintain a lodge, and the Guard suggests that one be organized at once.

A man named Downing, a teacher in the dead and dumb institute at Council Bluffs, went to Omaha with about \$100 in his possession. He fell in with two soldiers, and after taking a number of drinks started out to see the town under their pilotage.

The annual convention of the Dixon county Sunday school association will be held at Wakefield.

The stockgrowers of Red Willow and Blackwood creeks met a few days ago and organized an association called the Red Willow stock association.

Messrs. P. P. Shelby, of the Union Pacific, and Thomas L. Miller, of the Burlington and Missouri River road, have completed their tour of inspection of the various terminal facilities of their respective roads, with a view of agreeing upon certain necessary percentages to govern the pools to be formed between these two lines.

Commissioner E. P. Vining has issued a notice to the effect that hereafter all freight for Hastings, Doniphan and Hansen, Neb., will be billed to Grand Island at the rates provided for shipments to or from these points in the tariff issued by the Western Truck Line association, less arbitrators based on the following as first-class: Doniphan, 18 cents; Hansen, 15 cents.

Rev. J. J. Fleeharty of the Nebraska Wesleyan University at Fullerton died at Tampa, Florida, on the 2d inst., and the remains were taken to Elmira, Illinois, for interment. Mr. Fleeharty had been sick for many months, and his death was not unexpected. He was fifty-one years of age.

W. H. Nelson, claiming to be a real estate agent at Omaha, hired a team at Morton's livery stable in Bloomington, for two days to go to Kirwin, at the end of which time he did not return. There is no doubt that he has absconded with the team.

James Fell, of Rich Hill, Missouri, and Jack Hanley, of Leadville, fought on the 14th with bare knuckles for a purse of \$300. Fell was declared winner on a foul in the twenty-second round. Both men were dead game and hard fighters. The battle ground was just above the Platte river bridge on the Republican Valley road. On the way home to Omaha there was a free fight on the train and three men were shot, one of whom, John Enoch, will probably die from his wounds.

Postoffice changes in Nebraska during the week ending May 10, 1884. Established—Purdum, Sioux county, Geo. F. Purdum, postmaster. Name changed—Sand Hill, Franklin county, to Alpine. Postmasters appointed—Alpine, Franklin county, Charles A. Griswold; Freeman, Gage county, Elizabeth Mumford; Lone Star, Butler county, Chas. S. Stevens; Rock Bluff, Cass county, Chas. L. Graves; Willow Springs, Wheeler county, Richard C. McClemons.

Fast brush artists at Nebraska City engaged in posting up libelous notices warning the people to stay at home and guard their houses with shotguns on the day that Cole's circus visited the town. Cole had them arrested for libel, and they were held in the sum of \$1,000.

At Sterling, a two-year old child of Constable George W. Garrison fell into a boiler of hot water which had just been taken off the stove and was scalded terribly. Internally he was badly scalded, the child lingered in great agony till death relieved it of its sufferings.

The contract for widening the roadbed of the Union Pacific preparatory to laying a double track between Omaha and the Union stock yards has been let.

James T. Allan, a horticulturist of state wide reputation, says: "Last year I received catalpa seed for distribution and not one in one hundred grew. I have made three tests of catalpa this year, not one seed germinating. I return it this day with the request that you send me any sprout of either variety who is not nominated for the presidency Nebraska is the greatest tree planting state on the continent, and her people have no time to spend except on a sure thing."

Horace Merithew, the Pawnee county man who began suit against Wm. Miller at Lincoln for \$2,000 damages for enticing his wife away from him, has had the suit dismissed. He found out that he could prove nothing criminal against Miller or the woman.

H. Hewitt and E. Deming, of Furnas county, quarreled about a hedge fence. Words came to blows and blows to shotguns, Hewitt being wounded in the face and shoulder and neck. The shot being small no serious damage was done.

The creamery building at Madison is getting there lively, and will soon be completed. The engine, boiler and cans have arrived, and it is expected to have everything in readiness for business in a few days.

John Willholland, of Jefferson county, stumbled into a nest of eight young wolves, and realized \$16 from the scalps of the same.

A stranger about to take the train at Waterloo late at night, was confronted by burglars when on his way to the depot, and only succeeded in saving his valuables by hearing a hasty retreat to the hotel from whence he came, and where he remained until the day passenger came along.

By a broken freight train was derailed near Lincoln a few days ago. The train was loaded with cattle that were being shipped to Rockport, Mo. The cars were tipped up and the cattle piled together until ten head were smothered or otherwise killed. The brakeman was seriously though not dangerously hurt.

Frank White, Orleans, Nebraska, wants to learn the whereabouts and condition of James, or Jimmie, White, who disappeared from his home in Republican City, Nebraska, in August, 1883. He is eleven years old, has light hair and eyes, and is of good size for his age.

Pierce county has a wife beater named Bertram whom the citizens propose treating with a coat of tar and feathers unless he soon mends his ways.

A man rode into Valentine on a pony which it is supposed he had stolen, for on being urged to give an account of himself he made a break for the prairie as fast as the animal could carry him. He was, however, overhauled by an officer, and now he supposes that thief and horse are awaiting developments.

Miss Vieregg, of Central City, has a poor opinion of roller skating now that she is suffering from a broken collar bone, the result of her first attempt to engage in the exhilarating sport.

An order has been issued directing dress parades at Fort Omaha every day in the week except Saturdays and Sundays. The band and entire garrison, except the artillery, will turn out.

The Italian Gazolo, who shot a man named Zerga in Omaha, four years ago, has been arrested in St. Paul and will be brought back to the former place for trial.

Hanley, the prize fighter, has been arrested by the sheriff of Saunders county and will be held at Wahoo for trial.

An Omaha jeweler has a clock which will run for 400 days with but one winding. It is constructed of brass, its pocket plates and rests upon a pair of pretty pillars. The works differ but slightly from those of ordinary clocks, the great difference being in the pendulum.

Near Riverton, a few days ago, an unknown man fell from a train going at the rate of forty miles an hour. He was thrown some thirty feet before striking the ground and is supposed to have been fatally injured.

Mr. M. Bloek, a traveling dealer in fancy groceries, was held up in Omaha a few nights ago by two men, one of whom engaged him in a struggle while the other tore open his vest, broke his gold watch from the chain, and snatched about \$800 from an inside vest pocket. No clue to the robbers or their booty.

While excavating the cellar for Goehner's new block at Seward lately, Bill Woods dug up an old pocket book which had evidently contained a large number of bills, at least a half inch in thickness. They were so much decayed that they fell to pieces like dirt when the pocket book was opened out.

The people of Hayes and Chase counties held an informal meeting and concluded to change the name of a stream in their counties that has heretofore been called the Stinger Water. The new name has not yet been definitely settled upon.

Burglars rifled a jewelry store at Central City, getting \$75 worth of goods, mostly in rings.

D. L. Hughes, a Doane college student, was drowned in the Blue at Crete last week while bathing. He attempted to swim across the river, but became exhausted, and sank for the last time before his companions could reach him.

Near Fairbury, in the course of a quarrel over the possession of some plow land, a young man named James was severely wounded by a deaf mute named Frank Randall. The deed is dangerous but not necessarily fatal.

Hon. John M. Gregory, United States commissioner of the civil service, conducted a civil service examination at Omaha last week, at which there were eleven gentlemen and two ladies candidates for certificates. The examination in the first held under the Peniston law and is for applicants for any one of the seven executive branches at Washington.

Norfolk wants pay along with the racket and will exact of the roller skating rink \$300 license.

W. B. Porter, a farmer and stock-raiser in Cass county, was severely gored by a bull in the right side of the abdomen. The horn tore a gash about half an inch deep and four inches long, but very singularly did not tear his clothing.

A Lincoln youth, "all taken up" with the parade of Cole's circus, was run over by a team and, quite severely hurt. He picked up, however, he exclaimed, "Don't take me to the drug store, I'm not dead."

It is now the opinion of many, says the Nebraska City News, that the murders of Leonard will never be brought to justice, unless it be by accident. The police had only one clue—that of the man with a light mustache who was seen the morning after the murder near Mineola, but no evidence has been found to hold him. However, search has not been abandoned, and everything that is thought will throw any light on the mystery is fully investigated. Thomas Wymond has offered an additional reward of \$100, making \$900 altogether.

Faxton & Gallagher, of Omaha, have received from the government their tobacco rebate tax, amounting to \$4,900.

A bill named Barrett opened up a school in Omaha to teach the art of making machrane lace and offered to furnish work when it was learned. One hundred and fifty ladies paid him \$3 tuition, when he quietly pocketed the proceeds and left.

Headquarters Department of Nebraska, Grand Army of the Republic, Assistant Adjutant General's Office, David City, May 1, 1884. General orders No. 9.

It will be our grateful task upon that day to adorn with flowers the places where our comrades sleep; by act and word to testify that only death can sever the tie which common aims and dangers knit among us, and to protest against any who make question as to whether they who fell were on the side of right.

The regulation uniform will be worn. Comrades who are not provided with uniforms are requested to supply themselves, but let no member of the Grand Army stay out of line that day for lack of one. Put on the badge and stand in the ranks once more. Comrades, that day is ours, not because of our now civic association; but because we mustered under the national authority those whose services we shall assemble to commemorate. It seems, therefore, fitting that all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors who stood with us and them in the hour of peril (though not members of the Grand Army of the Republic) should have special invitation to aid in the labor of love we shall assemble to perform. Such invitation is cordially extended. The posts and individual comrades of the Grand Army are requested to make this invitation known. We invite as well, and shall gratefully acknowledge the co-operation of all patriotically disposed citizens and societies.

It is requested that the ministry be invited to deliver appropriate discourses on the Sabbath preceding the memorial day, and posts meet at their halls and march in a body to the churches as directed.

Reports of all services, sermons, orations and other memorial observances in honor of the day be forwarded to Rev. J. C. Lewis, department chaplain, Fremont, Neb., on or before June 10, 1884.

By command of E. PALMER, Dept. Com. BRAD. P. COOK, Asst. Adj. Gen.

A Good Letter.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 31, 1883. Messrs. Chamberlain & Co., Des Moines, Iowa.

I take particular pleasure in giving you a testimonial of the great value of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy, as I have used it in my family for several years with great success and much satisfaction. I have also seen its good work in many parts of the northwest and know that it is very highly esteemed by all who use it.

Yours Truly, J. W. PECK.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Gen. Butler Addresses the Senate Committee on Education and Labor.

Reduction in the Pension Appropriation Bill as Reported to the Senate.

Synopsis of Proceedings in Congress—Miscellaneous Matters at the Capital.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE. MONDAY, May 12.—Mr. Van Wyck moved to take up his resolution directing the secretary of the interior to withhold from the Northern Pacific railroad patents to certain land grants. Agreed to.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up. The pending question was on the appropriation to increase to \$200,000 the appropriation for education in Alaska. Mr. Vest said he would favor the highest amendment the senate would appropriate for Indian education provided both sexes were educated. It was useless to educate the Indian boys, and leave the girls without education. Mr. Ingalls thought the best thing for the Indian was to make him amenable to the law. He had heard enough of state denunciations of the government for its extermination of the Indians. There were as many Indians on the continent to-day as in 1492.

HOUSE. Mr. Payson introduced a bill to restrict the ownership of real estate in the territories to American citizens. It prohibits any non-resident or alien who has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States from acquiring, owning, possessing or holding any real estate in any of the territories.

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TUESDAY, May 13.—Mr. Logan, from the committee on military affairs, reported favorably the bill to place Gen. Grant on the retired list. Mr. Logan asked that the bill be at once put upon its passage. Unanimous consent was at once given and the bill was at once read a third time and passed without debate or remark, except that Mr. Logan announced there were no objections to it. The bill provides that in recognition of distinguished services rendered the United States, Gen. U. S. Grant, late general of the army, be placed on the retired list with the rank and pay of a general of the army.

The bill relating to police regulations for the District of Columbia was passed. Mr. O'Neill (Mo.) introduced the following bill, providing that after July 1st, the following articles be exempt from duty: Raw sugar, not refined; molasses, salt, rice, rye, barley, potatoes, oatmeal, curries, raisins, prunes, peas, beans, butter, cheese, live animals, vegetables and chickens. Referred.

Mr. O'Neill estimates that the bill will accomplish a reduction of \$67,000,000 in revenues.

HOUSE. The house went into committee of the whole on the bill providing for a civil government for the territory of Alaska. After a short discussion the committee rose and the bill was passed without amendment. As it is a senate bill it now requires the approval of the president to become a law.

WEDNESDAY, May 14.—A motion by Mr. Cullum to make his inter-state commerce bill the special order for May 21st was not agreed to.

HOUSE. A bill was reported favorably for a mint at St. Louis.

SENATE. Mr. Robinson (N. Y.) moved to abolish the office of minister to Great Britain. Lost.

THURSDAY, May 15.—Mr. Morgan offered a resolution directing the committee on finance to examine into the cause of the failure of such national banks in the city of New York as suspended business in May, 1883, and report whether said failures have to any and what extent resulted from any violation of the laws regulating their conduct.

HOUSE. Mr. Cullum introduced a bill to prevent speculation on the part of officers of national banking associations.

FRIDAY, May 16.—The committee of the whole reported the river and harbor, consular and diplomatic and army appropriation bills to the house, but no further action was taken. Recess was taken till 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for pension bills.

At the evening session the house passed thirty-two pension bills and adjourned.

HOUSE. SATURDAY, May 17.—The bill passed granting consent of congress for construction of a dam across the Mississippi at St. Cloud.

CAPITAL TOPICS.

A NEBRASKA RAILWAY LINE. The house committee on Pacific railroads has instructed Representative Hanback to report favorably the bill authorizing the construction of a railroad from Sioux City westward via a Nebraska valley to such a point on the Union Pacific railroad west of the 100th meridian as the company may select, under the following conditions:

14th was: Gold coin and bullion, \$198,143,551; silver dollars and bullion, \$186,271,722; fractional silver, \$39,201,694; United States notes, \$20,361,000; total, \$423,916,918; certificates outstanding—gold, \$60,884,600; currency, \$15,200,000.

PENSION APPROPRIATIONS. The pension appropriation bill, as reported to the senate, reduces the amount of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of the current fiscal year, to be reapportioned from \$84,000,000 to \$68,000,000; strikes out the provisions fixing the compensation to pension agents at \$10 per 100 vouchers paid in excess of \$4,000 and reducing the number of pension agents to twelve, and a section providing that the fee of pension attorneys in all pension arrears, pension or bounty land claims shall be \$10, except in cases where a special written contract is filed with the commissioner of pensions, the fee may amount to not more than \$25.

LABOR REFORM. General B. F. Butler addressed the senate committee on education and labor on the general features of the labor problem. He asserted that the present difficulties were due to over-production. We had, he said, one year's crop of grain on hand and were within three months of another crop, and nearly one year's crop of cotton was stored in the warehouses. After referring to other commodities, which were in stock in excess of current requirements, he said: "Why, we have twenty years' supply of whisky on hand."

THREATENING A CONSUL. The secretary of the navy received a telegram from Commander Batchelor, commanding the United States steamer "Galena," at Key West, saying that the threats against the life of the Spanish consul at that place previously reported were made in a bar-room by two or three drunken Cubans, but neither the consul or the authorities at Key West attach much importance to them. The secretary telegraphed Commander Batchelor to use the naval forces, if necessary, to preserve the peace and protect the consul.

CREDIT MOBILIER. An Answer to the Petition of the Union Pacific Filed.

Rowland G. Hazard, the stockholder upon whose complaint a receiver was appointed for the Credit Mobilier of America, has filed in the United States circuit court at Philadelphia, an answer to the petition of the Union Pacific railway company for the removal of Oliver Ames from the receivership.

Hazard, in answer, says the judgment for \$1,299,365 obtained by the Union Pacific Railway against the Credit Mobilier in New York courts, upon which proceedings had been brought to have said judgment opened, was not justly due, and that the Union Pacific company was necessarily interested in the suit now pending in Massachusetts, brought by the Credit Mobilier to recover \$1,000,000 from the Union Pacific road, as the latter corporation is successor to the Credit Mobilier. Hazard denies that Credit Mobilier is insolvent, but believes it would be to its best interests if Oliver Ames was removed from the receivership and a Pennsylvanian appointed. He agrees with the statement that Ames has not managed his trust in the manner that he should.

Big Cut in Passenger Rates from Denver East.

A Denver dispatch says: For several days rates from Denver to the Missouri Ditch, of Columbia, on the 16th ditch visited Gray went out to look after some stock. Returning shortly after he found his wife and Ditch in bed together. He immediately drew a pistol and shot and killed both.

Alfred and James DeCullough, father and son, for the murder of Ephraim Saxton, and Riley Anderson, for the murder of Louise Griffith, were all three hanged on the same gallows at Greenville, Ohio, on the 16th.

Henry W. Oliver, Jr., of Pittsburg, who was a member of the tariff commission, has written a letter to Morrison, chairman of the ways and means committee, criticizing Hewitt's tariff bill. He says it leans so favorably toward Trenton, N. J., as far as the metal schedule is concerned, that it might be termed a bill for the benefit of Cooper & Co.

Father McEvoy, of Indianapolis, has received notice from Rome that he has been appointed English professor for St. Peter's. There is a confessor for almost every known language at St. Peter's and all belong to the order of St. Francis.

Mrs. Leland Stanford, in memory of her son lately deceased, has donated \$5,000 to the kindergarten of San Francisco.

Robbers went through Hooker's jewelry store at Des Moines, Iowa, making way with a tray of gold watches valued at \$1,000.

Christian Rielsing was hanged at Morrison, Ill., in an enclosure, in the presence of 150 people, for the murder of Albert Lucia, at Lyndon.

Judge Reid, of Mt. Sterling, Ky., suicided by shooting himself through the head. He left a note saying: "Mad! mad! Forgive me, dear wife, and love to the boy."

Three murderers were captured from a sheriff and his assistants in Arkansas and unceremoniously hanged to the nearest tree.

FOREIGN. In the trial of Krazewski, at Lepsic, for treason a letter from Prince Bismarck to the German minister of war was read, in which Krazewski was referred to as belonging to a secret society in Paris, whose purpose was to induce Poles serving in foreign armies to betray the secrets of the govern-

THE AMERICAN CONTINENT.

Report of the House Committee Regarding Homestead and Pre-emption.

A Dozen or More Laborers Killed by a Railroad Accident in Ohio.

Late Returns Regarding the Crops—Political, Criminal and Other Intelligence.

NEWS NOTES.

The Iowa farmers association has been enjoined from receiving the appropriation made by the late legislature for fighting the Washburne & Moen company. The manipulators of Wall street started the story that Jay Gould was embarrassed.

It is proposed to add the word "nativity" to the fifteenth amendment. Giovanni Pratti, the Italian poet, is dead.

William A. Bradford, of Ritchie county, West Virginia, got drunk in Marietta, Ohio, and was arrested by two policemen, who treated him roughly. He escaped and ran toward the Ohio river with the officers in pursuit, firing at him. Bradford fired at the policemen and plunged into the river. An officer followed, and grappling with the fugitive a fearful struggle took place in the water. Bradford's lifeless body was taken from the river.

The strike at Fall River is practically concluded. Most of the mills are in full operation. Not one-half of the strikers will again secure work.

In New York city, Isaac D. Edrehi, living apart from his wife, visited her lodgings. Their son Charles, aged 5 years, was playing in the room. After some conversation with his wife Edrehi asked her to live with him again. She answered no. Thereupon he drew a revolver and fired on her as she turned to flee to her room. The bullet struck her in the back, fracturing the spine and causing a fatal wound. He then shot his little son, killing him instantly.

At a social gathering in Madison county, Ala., old man Archley and young Tuckett quarreled and their friends began firing. One of Tuckett's brothers was instantly killed and another fatally injured. Archley received a wound and his son was dangerously hurt.

The special grand jury appointed to consider crimes in connection with the riot and burning of the court house at Cincinnati, have made their report. The grand jury, at length the cases leading to the riot, and speaks of the common report that jurors were bribed; that the court permitted too many delays, and that the good citizens avoided jury duty to the detriment of the fair administration of justice.

A bill is favorably reported in the senate for the exploration of Alaska. Willard's hotel, at Washington was damaged by fire and smoke to a small extent.

Bishop Simpson, of the M. E. church, is the only episcopal officer who was living twenty years ago in that capacity.

Senator Logan will move to disagree to the senate amendments to the Mexican soldiers pension bill which provides that only in case of disability shall soldiers that were to be entitled to pensions.

Several hundred business men of New York have issued a call for a meeting in the interest of President Arthur's candidacy.

A Chicago alderman refused to drink with a politician, and was shot therefor.

The bill providing a territorial government for Alaska has passed both houses.

The Santo Domingo congress has passed a bill authorizing free trade with the United States.

A. Shaw, treasurer of Clear county, Michigan, was bucked and gagged at Harrison, the county seat, and robbed of \$5,000.

W. Bogan Cash, the fugitive murderer of Marshal Richards, was killed at Cheraw, S. C., while resisting arrest by a posse in charge of Deputy Sheriff King. One of the posse was slightly wounded. One of Cash's associates was seriously wounded.

Seventeen of the brigands who wrecked and robbed a train on the Mexican Central railroad last November were shot at Querataro, Mexico. The mayor of New Laredo, who was implicated in the train robbery, was not among the number executed.

Two duels on account of love affairs were fought at Leon, Mexico. In one Isadore Clarke was shot dead, and in the other Samuel Bernard was killed by a sword thrust.

Monroe Gray rented a farm recently near Smith's Landing, Ill., from William Ditch, of Columbia. On the 16th ditch visited Gray went out to look after some stock. Returning shortly after he found his wife and Ditch in bed together. He immediately drew a pistol and shot and killed both.

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members employing them. The information was reported to the central bureau of Paris and was ostensibly obtained for the purpose of aiding the cause of Polish independence, but Prince Bismarck made the sinister statement that the society was regarded with special favor by Gambetta, who favored Krezewski's acquaintances.

The French ministry asks for a credit of 38,000,000 francs on account of the Tonquin expedition and 450,000 francs on account of the Madagascar expedition.

There was a rush in London on the 16th to buy American stocks, and bankers cables to New York offered to ship gold on security of governments.

Police at Paris continue to raid gambling halls. Cards and stakes seized and proprietors are arrested.

POLITICAL.

The Nebraska greenback state convention elected the following delegates to the national convention: L. C. Pace, of Lincoln; C. W. Wheeler, of Omaha; W. B. Pickett, of Butler; Ed. J. Hall, of Saunders. The delegates are unopposed, but are supposed to favor Butler.

The democrats of the territory of Dakota gathered in convention at Pierre, and elected delegates to the national convention for the first time in the history of the party. The delegates are unopposed, but are believed to favor Tilden and Hendricks.

A majority of the delegates of New Jersey favor Tilden, although Randall and Judge Field are strong supporters. The platform reaffirms the resolutions of the last democratic convention.

A meeting of delegates to the anti-monopoly convention which nominated Butler for president, representing New York, Maryland and the district of Columbia, was held and a protest drawn up objecting to that action. The grounds of objection are that it is unwise to name a candidate in advance of action by the other conventions and contrary to the wishes of the true anti-monopolists of the country; that the convention was not a representative one; of the 129 votes cast for a presidential nominee, sixty-one being by delegates from two states, Illinois and Michigan, that many of the delegates present were greenbackers on their way to the Indianapolis convention; that the convention represented Butler's friends and not the anti-monopolists, and was called at the instigation of greenback leaders.

DOCTORS IN COUNCIL.

Annual Meeting of the Nebraska Homeopathic Medical Society.

The eleventh annual meeting of the Nebraska State Homeopathic Medical society has just closed in Omaha. A large number of members from all parts of the state responded to the roll call, and thirteen new members joined the society.

Among the prominent physicians from abroad were Prof. A. C. Cowperthwait, dean of the homeopathic department of the state university of Iowa.

Under the bureau of medical literature, Prof. P. L. Paine, Lincoln, chairman, Dr. J. E. Caldwell, Nebraska City, furnished an excellent paper, in which he called for more facts and fewer theories in medical literature.

Interesting papers were read from a number of gentlemen, and discussions in which all participated were fraught with much valuable information to the medical fraternity and the public in general.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, A. R. Van Syde, M. D., Hastings; 1st vice president, A. L. Macomber, M. D., Norfolk; 2nd vice president, G. H. Parsell, Omaha; secretary, J. E. Caldwell, M. D., Nebraska City; treasurer, O. S. Wood, M. D., Crete. Place of meeting for 1885, Fremont. The society sent as delegates to the American Institute of Homopathy, C. M. Dinsmoor, M. D., and C. L. Hart, M. D., to the Western Academy of Homopathy, to meet at Cincinnati, O., the society elected as delegates, Drs. J. Dinsmoor, Montgomery, Carraden, Hanchett, Firsh, Brown, Kabin, Burroughs and Connell, with instructions to do all in their power to get the next annual meeting of that body located at Omaha.

AS TO THE CROPS.

Returns from a Number of States Not Very Encouraging.

J. W. Tallmadge, of Milwaukee, is in receipt of later official crop reports from Michigan, Ohio, Illinois, Virginia, Tennessee and Nebraska. The reports show that the wheat crop is not near as promising as reported some two weeks previous, and that considerable damage is being developed as the season progresses. Michigan reports wheat on sandy soil as looking fairly well, but on clay land and on the hills, especially the northern slopes, the crop is badly injured. Two