

# THE TRIBUNE.

F. M. & E. M. KIMMEL, Pubs.

McCOOK, : : : : : NEB

## NEBRASKA ITEMS.

**Kearney Journal:** A very superfluous and foolish law was passed last winter in reference to the issuing of county warrants. By this piece of foolishness a person who has a bill allowed for any service, property or expense by the county board cannot get his warrant for ninety days thereafter. If the supervisors do not meet until June a warrant cannot be drawn for ninety days after that time. Hence, a salaried officer who begins work now cannot get his pay for eight or nine months. The coal dealer who sells coal to the county demands one-half dollar extra per ton for waiting, so will the merchant and others.

**Norfolk Journal:** Mr. Pilger informs us that we can say with safety that the new pork packing enterprise is a sure thing. It is contemplated to start with \$50,000 capital, and put \$10,000 of this into a brick building. The parties who have the project in charge are fully able financially to build and put the packing house on a solid foundation.

**Culbertson Sun:** An order recently issued by the B. & M. to the effect that all stock killed on the road west of McCook, in this state, must have the hides taken off and placed where an inspector can examine the brand, will meet the approval of a majority of the stockmen in this part of the state. All differences about ownership are thus settled, and the proper parties are paid for the losses sustained.

A petition numerously signed by citizens of Otoe and Lancaster counties, asking for the pardon of A. H. Hickey, late marshal of Nebraska City, who killed a man while intoxicated, has been presented to the governor.

Blair has voted \$10,000 in bonds for a new school building.

A small vein of coal has been discovered near Blair forty feet below the surface. Prospecting will begin at once.

The Democrat says Mr. Sidney Smith, an Omaha architect, is in correspondence with parties to furnish plans for a fine hotel to be put up in Lincoln. The hotel was intended to be after the style of the Paxton in Omaha, though not costing so much.

Rev. J. W. Lille, of Columbus, is minus a bay mare, stolen out of his barn a few nights ago. A reward of \$25 for the mare and \$50 for the thief is offered.

**Marquette Independent:** Last week we chronicled the death of an infant child of Mr. Maggart, living southwest of town. Hardy had this child buried when another one, five or six years old, drank or ate some lye and came very near dying from the effects of it. At the present time it is somewhat better, but still not out of danger. It seems some preserves was setting under the lye, which dripped into them, and the child, spreading it on some bread, ate it. A warning to mothers to be careful where they set poisonous substances.

**Blair Republican:** There is an immense quantity of corn yet in the fields to be gathered. This is owing to its being too wet and soft to crib. Many farmers are preferring to stand the losses incident to leaving it on the stalk rather than run the risk of cribbing it. Luckily there has been no heavy snow-fall, and every pleasant day will be improved in securing the crop of all others most essential.

Homerville, Gosper county, is about to organize a G. A. R. post.

A fire at Ord, on the 30th, destroyed the furniture store and contents of J. E. Hall. The building was worth about \$600, and was insured for \$400. The stock was worth about \$3,000, and insured for \$2,000. Only about \$100 worth of the stock was saved.

The coroner's jury in the case of the burning of the store and body of Mr. Anderson at Sacramento, found that the deceased came to his death from foul means by some person to the said jury unknown. The fact that he had a considerable sum of hard money prior to the fire, and that none of it could be found afterwards, seems to confirm this theory. Two parties are suspected, but no arrests have been made.

Fremont is determined to abolish the public nuisances which have been growing numerous and prosperous of late. The cry is that the demi-monde must go.

The Omaha Indian reservation has been appraised. It contains over fifty thousand acres, and the total value under the appraisement is \$512,670. Land seekers have a first class opportunity for location.

**Hastings Journal:** Mrs. F. J. Newcomb, of Fairfield, this state, is sixty-five years of age, a good, hale and hearty specimen of that hardy race who were born long ago. She now has in her loom a piece of rag carpet, which, when finished, will make over four hundred yards, this lady has woven since March 1, 1883, besides doing her household duties. Not many women with more modern ideas would think of performing that amount of labor.

**Fremont Tribune:** Tuesday morning a little child six months old belonging to M. C. McCaslin, who lives in the northwest part of the city, was administered a dose of laudanum by a sister six years old, who supposed it was German syrup she was giving the baby. The mother was out of the house at the time and when she came in she found the child in an unconscious condition. Dr. Smith was immediately summoned and antidotes were given. Late last night the little patient was still alive, but the chances for recovery are not very flattering.

# NEWS OF THE WEEK.

## GENERAL.

John Seybert, a well-to-do farmer living near Hillsboro, Ill., succeeded by shooting himself.

A number of leading New England cotton mills are running half time in consequence of low prices.

Reports from twenty-seven clearing houses of the United States for the week ending January 26th, gives the total clearances at \$971,256,404, being a decrease of 21 per cent. as compared with the same period the previous week.

Andrew Mangs, of Cleveland, four years old, while poking shavings into a stove set fire to his clothing, and expired after horribly suffering for an hour. He was the last of five children; the others died within a short time of diphtheria. The mother became a raving maniac when the last one was taken from her.

The New Jersey house defeated the joint resolution asking the Jersey congressmen to favor a national postal telegraph law.

A dispatch from Matamoros, Mexico, says Rev. Father Damazo Soto, of Concordia, state of Vera Cruz, has discovered the key to the Aztec writings.

Martin Sellers, of Kendallville, Ind., was summoned to testify against C. C. Cain, charged with murder, now being tried at Albion. He remarked that he would kill himself rather than testify. Shortly afterwards he went to his room and shot himself, dying instantly.

A. Medary, for a number of years paymaster for the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, has been relieved. His accounts are said to be \$10,000 short.

Twenty-seven men met at Greensburg, Pa., and formed a secret brotherhood not to buy French goods, and to boycott all dealers selling them until the embargo on pork was taken off.

Abbe Chubert, at Montreal, was fined the sum of \$20 or two months' imprisonment for kissing Mrs. Bezeau, his landlady, while she was in bed.

A strange and fatal disease has appeared among the cattle in a Texas county. A large number have died. The cattle men will hold a meeting with a view to checking the ravages.

Frank James' attorney has applied for a change of venue in the Blue Cut train robbery. The decision is expected on the 11th of February.

The Phoenix glass-works at Phillipsburg, opposite Pittsburg, were destroyed by fire on the 26th. Loss, about \$125,000; insurance, \$74,000. The works were among the largest in the country. The most unfortunate circumstance connected with the destruction of the works is that 500 hands will be thrown out of employment in the middle of winter.

A Chicago and Northwestern train was wrecked near Cedar Rapids on the 30th. Three men were injured and the engine and twelve cars badly damaged.

A large quantity of personal effects belonging to passengers on the wrecked steamer City of Columbus has been taken to Boston for identification. Reports from the wreck state that the steamer is gradually sinking into the water. But little of the vessel is now visible.

The Texas house passed a bill providing punishment for fence cutting of from one to five years in the penitentiary, but the person owning and residing upon land enclosed by another, who refused ingress and egress may lawfully open a passageway through the enclosure.

Tilden G. Abbott, cashier of the Union Market National bank, of Boston, has disappeared, a defaulter to the amount of \$31,160, possibly more.

A committee of labor organizations from Pittsburg have gone to Washington to urge the passage of the bill restricting the importation of foreign labor under contract.

Ansen Linsenmerk has been arrested at St. Louis for committing forgeries while postmaster at Krotzingen, Dutch Baden.

Delegations of lobbyists are going to Washington from Dakota to work for the opening of the Sioux reservation.

A large three story business house at Rome, N. Y., burned on the 30th. Joseph Alexander perished in the flames.

Gould is taking hold of Northern Pacific to extend his influence with Pacific roads.

The supreme court of Iowa has affirmed the judgment of the district court of Polk county convicting Fountain W. George of murder in the first degree. He was sentenced to be hanged last August, but the case was carried to the supreme court. It now remains for the governor under the statutes to fix the day of execution.

After a heavy run on the Merchants' and Mechanics' bank, at Leadville, Colo., it suspended on the 30th ult. It was immediately attached, and 37,000 more attachments are to follow.

Patrick Harlmet, aged 39, a laborer living at Mt. Auburn, Ohio, brutally killed his wife and endeavored to chop her body to pieces and hide it under the floor. He had been addicted to drink, and was very quarrelsome.

A sleigh containing twenty-seven ladies was upset on the mountain side near Reading, Pa., and many were injured.

The American government has bought the sailing steamer "Bear" for the

Greely relief expedition. It is the same size, build and age of the lost Proteus.

A house near Norwich, N. Y., occupied by an old couple named Glinton, was burned. The bodies of the occupants were found in the ruins.

The supreme court of Iowa rendered decision in a case wherein a taxpayer sought to enjoin assessment for construction of a sewer. The plaintiff claimed the property should not be assessed because he was not benefited, and also because he was not notified of the time of the apportioning or correcting of the assessment. The court sustained the last point, and that to deny an opportunity to be heard is violation of constitutional provisions.

The annual report of the minister of public works of Canada shows that the government's management of the telegraph lines is not a financial success. The lines cost nearly \$900,000. The expenditures last year were \$55,000 and the receipts \$28,000, showing a loss of over 50 per cent.

It is now determined by the French government that the attack on Bacinh will open at the beginning of March.

A warehouse attached to an elevator at Fergus Falls, Minn., burst, letting out 400,000 bushels of wheat.

The directors of the Mexican Central railway announce that the road will be completed to the United States by the middle of March and opened for through traffic between the 1st and 15th of April.

The people of Long Island are excited over a case of poisoning, the victims being Thomas Collier and wife.

The interest in the Kentucky senatorial contest is at white heat, and will remain so until a nomination is made. With Sweeney withdrawn the dead-lock would seem to be broken, but the indications are that Carlisle will take his place with a probable dead-lock as the result.

The Harper high license law will go into effect in Chicago on the 1st of April.

E. E. Johnson, agent for the Union Pacific railroad at Walla Walla, Oregon, also for the Union Pacific express company, misappropriated a package containing \$18,000 consigned to John Bennett, a railroad contractor, by Ladd & Tilton, bankers, Portland. The package was addressed, "Agent Union Pacific express." Johnson disappeared with the money, but was subsequently arrested and jailed.

## WASHINGTON.

The resignation of John C. New as assistant secretary of the treasury was received on the 28th and will soon be delivered to the president. The Indiana delegation held a meeting and decided to recommend the appointment of A. D. Linch, of Indianapolis, to fill the vacancy.

Representative Edmund W. M. Mackey, of South Carolina, died on the 28th. The house, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, adjourned.

The senate committee on appropriations ordered a favorable report on the house bill making appropriation for tobacco tax rebate.

At a caucus of democratic senators on the 28th it was resolved to allow the republicans to debate Sherman's resolution calling for an investigation of riots in Virginia and Mississippi, among themselves, unless it should be charged that democrats were responsible for the riots, or the spirit which engendered them. At present Sherman's resolution merely recites that such riots occurred, and does not charge the responsibility upon an political party in particular.

The case of Colonel Emilio Munez, a tobacco importer from Philadelphia, is being investigated by the department of state. It is alleged that Munez was taken from an American vessel in a Cuban port by an armed crew from a Spanish man-of-war. It is not claimed that Munez is a citizen of the United States.

The bill of Representative Culbertson, to limit the jurisdiction of federal courts and to restrict the removal of cases from state to federal courts, was considered by a sub-committee of the house committee on judiciary. The impression is that the bill will be approved.

The Chinese new year was celebrated by the Chinese legation on the evening of the 28th by a reception given by the Chinese minister, Cheng Isas Ju, which was attended by a large number of prominent persons.

Representative Dockery expects to introduce a bill at an early day to prohibit the discharge, without cause, of employes of the house during a vacation of congress.

The house committee on elections dismissed the consideration of the contested election of James vs. Hunt, of Louisiana, on the ground that the evidence of the former was not introduced in the time prescribed by law.

Another bounty land bill has been introduced in congress. The measure provides eighty acres be given those who served not less than fourteen days, 120 acres to those who served not less than one year, 160 acres to those who served not less than two years, to be selected by soldiers on proof of honorable discharge. Members of the house committee on public lands say a bill will be reported declaring forfeited all land along that portion of the Northern Pacific not completed within the time specified in the grant of the tract.

The estimated reduction of the public debt during January is \$11,800,000.

Representative Belmont has prepared a resolution questioning the constitutionality of government inspection of American pork, and holding that, if necessary, the work should be done by the various states.

The house committee on public lands has decided to report a bill declaring the forfeiture of the entire land grants of the Oregon Central railroad, a line proposed between Astoria and Portland. The forfeiture will be declared on the ground that the main line of the road, for which the grant was made, was never constructed. There were 1,480,000 acres in the grant.

The president has approved the bill for the removal of the remains of General Ord from Cuba to Washington.

The house committee on war claims has instructed Representative Geddes to report favorably the bill allowing officers of the army who served in the late war pay from the date they actually entered upon the performance of their duties.

Representative Hopkins, chairman of the committee on labor, in an interview, said the workmen of this country are opposed to any reduction in the tariff, and he was of the opinion that the committee he represented would oppose any such measure that might come from the ways and means committee.

Representative Hopkins, chairman of the house committee on labor, has, in compliance with the petitions of various labor organizations in the country, prepared a bill, which he will present to the house for reference, providing for the enforcement of the eight hour law. Mr. Hopkins says the labor interests demand that the tariff should not be disturbed.

The house committee on public lands has decided to report a bill declaring forfeiture of land grants to the Oregon and California and the California and Oregon railroads, except such tracts as have been patented. The grants of these two roads amount to 5,000,000 acres, valued at \$3 to \$4 per acre. The terms of the contract expired January 8th.

General H. G. Wright, chief engineer, will be retired on the 6th of March. It is understood Colonel John Newton will succeed him.

## FOREIGN.

Circulation is prohibited in France of the book containing articles from the Nouvelle Revue, so grossly libelous to the German imperial family.

Sabielloff, a Russian officer of gen d'armes, sent to Kerkarkoff by the government to investigate nihilism, was assassinated on the 16th inst. The police have discovered a plot for an uprising of peasants in Little Russia, and also a scheme for putting strychnine in the czar's bread. Many arrests were made.

In spite of the proclamation by the authorities of Dublin, the nationalists evaded the police and military and held a meeting at Castlewellan, a small market town in Ulster.

Many Orangemen were absent from the first levee of the season given by the lord lieutenant of Dublin, owing to Lord Rossmore's recent suspension from magisterial functions.

In spite of many arrests the agrarian agitation continues in Eskow and Vitebsk, and so intense is the irritation of the peasants of the province that the troops especially sent to Vitebsk will be withdrawn, as collision is feared. Appeals addressed to the educated classes have appeared in White Russia, urging them to join in the struggle against absolutism.

The president of the board of trade of Chamberlain, in a speech at Birmingham, said England was not going to allow war with El Mehdi to interfere for a single moment with the projected reforms and improved instructions which England is making every effort to develop in Egypt, and by which it is hoped securities may be given to Egyptian liberties and the people educated for independence and self-government.

Owing to depression in landed property in Ireland a scheme is in preparation for the relief of owners. It is proposed to establish a land bank with a government guarantee, which will be empowered to lend money to landlords to pay off encumbrances created before the land act, and also to lend money to tenants for the purpose of purchasing holdings.

Advices from Sinkat are heart-rending. It is said that the people have eaten all the dogs in the town and only the horses and one hog remain. There will be nothing left by February 1st, when, unless relieved, the inhabitants intend to try to make their way to Suakin.

Peace is completely restored on Egypt's Abyssinian frontier and trade reopened between Kassala and Massowah.

Advices from Saigon announce the arrival there of General Millot, sent out to take command of the land forces in Tonquin.

William Meagle, an important witness in the Phoenix trial, complains he is made miserable owing to the continued persecution and frequent assaults which he suffers at the hands of sympathizers with the assassins of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke.

General Gordon has arrived at Karosko and entered the desert. Baker Pasha made another reconnaissance from Trinkit with a strong force. The enemy fled south and were pursued by cavalry. Several hundred rebels were killed.

The Vienna police have compiled a list of foreigners who are to be expelled from the country. They have also closed Jacoby's printing office, at which the socialist newspaper, The Future, was published.

It is now determined that the attack on Bacinh will open at the beginning of March.

WADLEY, Ga.—Dr. B. R. Doyle says: "I consider Brown's Iron Bitters superior as a tonic to any preparation now in use."

## DOWN TO DEATH.

A Passenger Train Drops Through a Bridge—A List of the Killed and Wounded.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 31.—The south-bound accommodation train on the Indianapolis and Chicago Air Line, due here at 10:30 this morning, met with a terrible accident at Broad Ripple. At that point the railway crosses White river on a truss bridge of two spans, each 150 feet in length. The engineer had gone to the baggage-car and the locomotive was in charge of the fireman. When the locomotive reached the center of the bridge the fireman felt the structure sinking. He had his hand on the throttle, which he opened, giving the locomotive all the available steam. The engine sprang forward with great force, breaking the couplings between the tender and the baggage-car. The locomotive kept the track, but the baggage, smoking-car and one coach dropped through and piled up in a mass at the foot of the piers. The smoking car was partially telescoped in the baggage car. The wreck was partially submerged. The portion above water immediately took fire. The fireman states that when he looked, after the locomotive reached the south end of the bridge, the cars were on fire, the smoke obscuring the scene.

The wrecking train, with surgeons and other assistance, sent to Broad Ripple, on reaching the wreck found the cars yet burning, and those present so lacking in presence of mind as to be unable to extinguish the flames or afford relief to the sufferers. The officials of the road went to work systematically, and in short time the fire was extinguished and search for the bodies begun. Six persons were either killed or burned to death. Their remains were recovered, burned and charred almost beyond recognition and horribly mutilated. The only means of identification were incombustible trinkets known to be the property of the dead. The following is a list of the dead:

John Brewer, of Lafayette, Ind., engineer.

J. E. Ricketts, baggage master, of New Albany.

George Lowry, brakeman, of Buena Vista, Ind.

Thomas Parr, bridge foreman, of Indianapolis.

A. T. Smith, American express messenger, of Indianapolis.

The only passenger killed was John Bray, a stock dealer, of Deming.

Ex-Sheriff Seman, of Noblesville, had his right arm broken and was injured badly about the head and body.

Lynn Clark, of Westfield, Ind., was injured internally and will die.

The others injured are: Joseph Clayton, of Frankfort, cut on the head.

A. T. Peddigo, of Frankfort, body bruised.

W. P. Hawk, of Westfield, head badly cut.

W. T. Sweigart, of Carmel, skull fractured.

Mrs. Sullivan and babe, of Carmel, slightly injured.

A. B. Snyder, of Trohooon, Ind., slightly hurt.

A gang of workmen had been making repairs on the bridge, all of whom were slightly injured.

Of the passengers Seman and Clark were left at Broad Ripple and the others brought to this city.

The accident is attributed to a defective thread on the supporting rods of the bridge. It is believed that all the killed had been recovered except Thomas Parr, who was working on the bridge, and whose remains are supposed to be at the bottom of the river. The bridge and train are entirely destroyed. The scenes around the wreck, with no appliances for extinguishing the flames, while the imprisoned victims' cries for aid resounded through the burning mass, were heartrending. Clark was pinned by a beam, and managed to escape after the beam was burned off. The messenger said that if he had had one bucket of water at the beginning he could have extinguished the flames.

## Burned to Death While Drunk.

BLOOMINGTON, Neb., February 1.—Henry B. Holmes, living just beside the depot, had his cattle barn and contents destroyed by fire last night. The fire occurred about 11 o'clock. There was in the barn eleven cows and eight calves. Mr. Holmes was burned to death in the barn. Cause of fire unknown, but it is presumed Mr. Holmes set fire to it himself by accident. He had been drinking during the day and went home at a late hour. He did not go to his house, but to his barn, where, it is supposed, he struck a match and set the fire before he was aware, and in such a manner as to cut off escape. His body was burned to a crisp. The night was still and the house and horse stable and cribs were saved.

## Bigger Thing Than the Centennial

WASHINGTON, January 29.—Commissioner General Morehead reports the utmost interest is manifested throughout the east in the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, which opens in New Orleans next December. The general says twice as many states have already made appropriations for state exhibits as for the Centennial of 1876.

## CLINTON, IOWA, May 28, 1883.

I have handled Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for the past ten years, and it has given the best satisfaction of any I ever sold; during that time I have known it to be subjected to many severe tests, but have never known it to fail. I have sold twelve dozen during the last 90 days.

E. B. LEGG.