

THROWS A BOMB

ATTEMPT MADE TO ASSASSINATE VICE GOVERNOR DEUTRICH.

DEED FOLLOWS SENTENCE

FEELING RUNNING VERY HIGH IN FINLAND.

Assassin of Procurator General Has Just Been Ordered Imprisoned for Life—Another Report.

HELSINGFORS, Finland.—Two hours after Karl Leonard Hohensthal had been sentenced to imprisonment for life at hard labor for the assassination of Procurator General Soisalon Soisalo on February 6 last, an attempt was made to assassinate Vice Governor Deutrich as he was leaving the senate.

The vice governor had walked across the square when suddenly as he neared the police master's office, a man on the curb threw a bomb from a distance of fifty paces. The bomb fell short but the vice governor was blown off his feet by the explosion which shattered the windows of the neighborhood for hundreds of yards.

Vice Governor Deutrich was assisted to the police station. He was burned and injured about the legs and died profusely, but his wounds are declared not to be fatal.

ST. PETERSBURG.—A circumstantial report of an attempt on the life of Constantine Petrovitch Pobiedonosteff, chief procurator of the holy synod, is current in St. Petersburg, but the Associated press is unable to obtain confirmation of it. The authorities and even the police at the Tsarskoe Selo railroad station here, where the attempt is reported to have been made, disclaim all knowledge of any such happening.

According to the report, as M. Pobiedonosteff stepped from one of the coaches on the train from Tsarskoe Selo, where he is residing during the summer, a man about twenty-eight years of age rushed up with a revolver in his hand, but he was seized by a quick-witted passenger before he could shoot and was turned over to the police.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The Pullman iron works, which have continued as the principal source of industrial disorders in St. Petersburg since the beginning of the movement started by Father Gapon, were finally closed after a two weeks' warning to that effect. A small crowd of workmen and agitators attempted to make a demonstration and a bomb was thrown which failed to explode. The manifestants were dispersed by Cossacks.

AN EXPLOSION KILLS FIVE.

Lightning Sets Dynamite Off With Terrible Result.

DES MOINES, Ia.—Five miners were literally blown to pieces by the explosion of twenty-five pounds of dynamite in a storage powder house at the West Riverside coal mine, two miles west of the city.

The dead are: CHARLES BROWN, engineer; leaves wife and daughter.

LUKE MILLER, sinker, bachelor. HARRY BELKNAP, sinker, bachelor.

DELL VANCE, sinker, leaves wife and four children.

GEORGE ARROWOOD, pump man; leaves wife and four children.

Heads, arms and limbs were scattered around for a distance of 500 feet. Not a soul knew of the explosion until the appearance of the day shift at 6:30, when the horrible spectacle presented itself. The men—five in number—were engaged in sinking a new shaft, and during the early morning hour a severe rain storm came up which compelled the men to stop work. They sought shelter from the storm in the powder house. While in the house, the lightning struck a tree near the building and from there ran to the house, igniting the dynamite as well as two kegs of powder.

Not a piece of wood larger than a foot long remains of the building. The nearest house was 800 feet away and the inmates knew nothing of the accident, attributing the noise to the bolt of lightning.

The day shift appeared at 6:30. Some of the bodies are so badly disfigured that identification is impossible.

JAPAN IS VERY DOUBTFUL

THINKS CZAR IS PLAYING A DOUBLE GAME.

Russian General Adopts Most Optimistic Tone: Says Japanese Are Forced to Seek Peace.

TOKIO.—It is believed that Emperor Nicholas recently sent an encouraging message to General Linevitch promising him men, provisions and ultimate victory. It is also reported that the Russian emperor recently ordered the mobilization of four army corps. This fact taken in connection with the reported limitations of M. Witte's power a chief peace plenipotentiary is deemed to be a sign that Russia is not sincere in her express desire for the conclusion of peace.

Heavy seas are still raging off the coast of the island of Sakhalin, and further reports of the Japanese operations there are not expected in the near future.

Vice Admiral Kamimura reports that his flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers was shelled by the Russians at Yukiwan, the attacking force numbering about 200. The flotilla replied and silenced the Russians, after which cavalry was discovered retiring and was shelled. The flotilla also discovered a Russian cavalry patrol at Sunshine and turned its fire upon them. The cruiser Chibaya shelled the Russian guard and signal men posted on a hill north of Geka in the western extremity of Lasinpa in northern Korea.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY, GODZYADANI, Manchuria.—In conversation with a correspondent of the Associated press regarding the present military situation with General Babanoff, commander of the third Manchurian army, adopted a most optimistic tone. He declared the Japanese were unable to advance both on account of the strengthening of the Russian positions and because they have not fully recovered from their own losses at the battle of Mukden. He concluded: "Never during the whole war has the Russian army been so strong in every respect as at present. The Japanese know this and therefore they wish for peace."

HUSBAND ASKS ALLOWANCE.

Peculiar Suit of Former New Yorker in Edinburgh

EDINBURGH.—Singular documents have been submitted in the suit of Nathaniel Gibbs Ingraham, formerly of New York against his wife, formerly Edith Newcomb Ward, now pending before the court of sessions here. Mr. Ingraham asks that his wife be ordered to carry out their ante-nuptial settlement under which he claims he is entitled to \$1,500 a year, and also claims \$4,000 per year by virtue of a bond granted in his favor. The wife contends that the contract and bond were obtained by fraud. She alleges that after her separation from her first husband, Reginald H. Ward, the plaintiff, induced her by various insidious devices like fortune telling, to institute divorce proceedings against Ward and also induced her husband to consent to the proceedings. They (Mr. and Mrs. Ward) were divorced in 1903 and Mrs. Ward then married Ingraham. Before the marriage Mrs. Ward says she was taken to a lawyer's office and was induced to sign an ante-nuptial settlement contract without reading the papers or knowing what they contained. The plaintiff says the defendant preferred marriage to him first and he declined, but afterward consented to please her as she was in poor health.

SPORTING POOL ROOM WINS

City Officers Cannot Interfere With Interstate Business.

CHICAGO.—Indirectly protected by a federal court injunction Chicago's floating pool room, the City of Traverse, will go into commission and receive racing news from the Wireless Telegraph company as was the practice before the Chicago police raided the offices of the telegraph company in the railway exchange building some time ago. Counsel, for the wireless company raised the point that the city did not have the power to interfere with interstate commerce in the form of messages sent from state to state by means of telegraph and he was upheld by the court.

U. S. SHIP BLOWS UP

BOILERS OF U. S. GUNBOAT BENNINGTON EXPLODE.

BODIES HURLED IN AIR

FORCED TO LIE RAILED IN CLOUDS OF STEAM.

Fifteen Men Missing While Many Injured Are Expected to Die—Terrible Scenes at Hospitals and Piers.

SANDIEGO, Cal.—Twenty-eight dead bodies at morgues, on piers and on a deck of a ruined vessel of the United States navy, scores of men are lying grievously or painfully injured in sanitariums and hospitals, and fifteen sailors are missing and probably have found death in the waters of the harbor as a result of an explosion of a boiler on board the United States gunboat Bennington.

Among the injured are Preston Carpenter, Arapahoe, Neb., J. C. Barchus, Omaha, Neb., seaman, W. V. Kennedy, Lyons, Neb., and W. A. Harley, Nelson, Neb.

Lieutenant Perry was so badly burned that there is no hope of his recovery.

Lieutenant Yates while injured is not in a serious condition. No Warning Given.

At a moment when the warship lying at anchor and with her officers and crew quietly attending to their duties on board, was the object of interest to hundreds of people observing her from the piers, pleasure boats and passing ferry boats, a cloud of steam suddenly burst from a point just forward of the smoke stack out of which the spectators were horrified to see bodies and human fragments hurled high in the air and scattered over the surrounding water.

The outburst was accompanied by a roar as of thunder and a shock that rocked vessels nearby. In an instant the air was filled with shrieks and bellows of pain from the wounded, which could be heard ashore, and with flying fragments of human beings and pieces of the ship's superstructure.

Wounded Straggles in Water.

The next moment bloody sailors were fighting, crippled in the water against death in only a less sudden form than that from which they had escaped while row boats launches and tugs were being driven to the rescue as fast as arms wind and steam could carry them.

A ferry boat which was passing nearby turned and hastened to render assistance her own deck crowded with frightened men and women who saw the havoc that had been wrought in a twinkling.

A most horrible sight met those who approached. In the water men with blackened faces were struggling, handicapped by injuries. Others on deck were covered with blood and grime, some dead, some wounded faintly, while others working to rescue comrades who were yet below either dead or dying. The smaller boats turned their attention to those in the water, taking them to the wharves as fast as a few had been taken aboard a small craft. At the wharves preparations were speedily made for taking care of the injured in what by this time was seen to be a disaster of awful proportions.

Ambulances were telephoned for, every express wagon and driver who could be reached by telephone was summoned; physicians were notified and hospitals informed. Within half an hour from the time of the explosion carriages, buggies, automobiles and street cars were bearing burdens of victims toward the hospitals. The sight which met the eyes of hundreds along the street was one never to be forgotten. Wagons with a dozen wounded men were not rare. One had eight sitting or reeling against the sides, holding in their laps the heads of comrades near to death, all of them with faces black with smoke and grime and many clothed in nothing but trousers.

The force of the explosion was terrific beyond conception. Human bodies were hurled into the air to a height probably not less than 200 feet. Most of the men on board were assembled between decks above the boilers when the explosion occurred. Here is where the most frightful slaughter took place.

ROYALTY HAVE DINNER

UNUSUAL MEETING OF THE RULERS OF TWO NATIONS.

Visit of M. White in Paris Marked by Departure of a Special Courier With Message for St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The emperor left Peterhoff on board the imperial yacht Standart for Bjorke, forty-five miles to the northwest across the gulf of Finland. He goes to meet Emperor William at dinner on board the German imperial yacht Hohenzollern.

An official statement has been issued to the effect that Emperor Nicholas called on the yacht Polar Star, accompanied by Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch for the archipelago to interview the Emperor William who is cruising in the yacht Hohenzollern in the Baltic sea and the gulf of Finland.

PARIS.—Emperor Nicholas' cruise in the gulf of Finland to meet Emperor William is the subject of much comment in the press. Certain newspapers express the fear that the German emperor will influence the Russian and will hinder the carrying out of the peace program, while others are of the opinion that Emperor William will seek to estrange Russia from France. The Journal des Debats says that the first acts of Emperor Nicholas on his return to Russia will be looked forward to with particular interest.

As a sequel to the conference between Premier Rouvier and M. Witte, at the foreign office, the Russian peace plenipotentiary held an extended conversation with M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador, after which a special courier left for St. Petersburg, having dispatches from the emperor.

The utmost discretion has been observed with reference to the changes made at the recent meeting, but there is reason to believe that the French premier is now fully acquainted with the Russian standpoint and with the line of action which M. Witte will adopt at the peace conference. M. Witte appears to be satisfied with M. Rouvier's assurances that France will adopt every possible means to assist her ally to reach satisfactory arrangements. The friendly relations of the French government with Great Britain will undoubtedly play a prominent part when the period for a direct exchange of views begins. It is believed that this was the chief point discussed during the conversation at the Quai D'Orsay, but until the lines are defined on which the negotiations will be conducted France can only promise to use her influence for the best interests of her ally.

Until now both parties have succeeded in keeping their respective programs from publicity and, therefore, assertions emanating from various quarters purporting to specify the claims of either side are purely speculative. It is the universal desire that the result of the conference will be a cessation of the hostilities while the hope is expressed that Russia will be able to find an issue from her awkward situation without sacrificing her national self-respect.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Baron Komura, the Japanese envoy to the Russo-Japanese peace conference, arrived in St. Paul over the Great Northern railway. While no official welcome was accorded the baron and his party, they were greeted at the station by several hundred people, including among them city and state officials and prominent St. Paul business and club men, besides a large number of Japanese residents of the Twin Cities. The party left at night on the Burlington road for Chicago.

MOSCOW.—The final meeting of the zemstvo congress adopted a motion of Prince Dolgorouki that the bureau be granted power to call the next congress representatives from the outskirts of the empire and from places where zemstvos are not held and also from various agricultural and financial societies. The bureau is further authorized to enter into an agreement with various organizations, unions and societies.

After arranging for financial support of the congress by taxing delegates, a proposal to invite peasants to the congress was adopted. The congress unfavorably received the suggestion that workmen's organizations be invited and referred the matter to the bureau. A decision was then taken.

NEBRASKA NOTES

A large amount of permanent cement sidewalk is being put down at Albion this year, and by the time snow flies but few towns of its size in the state will be better fitted for walks than Albion.

Lee Stevenson aged 18, has been drowned in the lake at Gothenberg while swimming with a number of other young men. The body was recovered about thirty minutes after the drowning.

Elmer Jackson who was lodged in jail at Beatrice on an old charge of hog stealing preferred against him by Sheriff Case of Fairbury, has been released at the instance of the Jefferson county official, who decided not to prosecute him.

Beaver Crossing is to have a new bank, called the Citizens bank, and it will be capitalized at \$25,000. A new brick or cement building will be erected for it. Its promoters are strong representative business men and substantial farmers of that locality.

While attempting to arrest a tramp in the railroad yards at Beatrice, Sheriff Ed Case was stabbed by the man. The wound was in the face and is not serious. Case knocked the man down with the butt of his revolver and succeeded in arresting him.

Sanlin Redford has severed his connection with the Western Union Telegraph company at Beatrice as an operator, and left for Omaha to take a position with the Union Pacific company in the telegraph department.

A freight train has been wrecked on the B. & M. on Anderson's Hill near Seward. Two cars were demolished. A tramp was sadly bruised and otherwise hurt.

Masons have begun laying brick for the new two-story double brick store building of Hahn Brothers & Held at Leigh. The new structure when complete will cost \$10,000 and will be a great improvement to the town.

Sammie King, the 9-year-old son of Frank King, the Bennett photographer, has fallen from a tree striking on the points of a picket fence and sustaining two painful and serious wounds in the groins, very nearly disembowling him.

Will Hubresky, a young blacksmith of Schuyler, aged 20 years has been brought before the board of insanity and found to be a fit subject for the asylum. Hubresky is perfectly sane at times, but labors under delusion that somebody is trying to poison him.

Wayne is making many improvements in the way of hundreds of feet of cement walks, and numerous residences are in course of construction. Robert Mellor is erecting a fine brick store building which will be occupied by the popular hardware firm of Neeley & Craven.

Robert Probst, living at Mynard, three miles south of Plattsmouth, experienced a painful accident while operating a gasoline engine. His hand was caught, and his fingers were so badly crushed that it was necessary for Dr. Cook to amputate the second and third finger at the first joint.

The five-year-old son of James Heagland of Beatrice came very near being killed. Mr. Heagland was returning from Dewitt in a buggy and was leading a horse. The animal became frightened and jumped into the rear of the buggy in which the lad was riding, breaking it down and seriously injuring the child by striking it on the head with its hoofs.

August Pollen, a farmer living in Woodville township, has made the first claim under the new bounty law and has left three wolf scalps with County Clerk Graf which will net him \$7.50. He was driving a blader when the sickle became clogged and when he examined it he found he had driven over a nest of young wolves. One of them had clogged the sickle and the other three he killed with a whelp stock.

Josephine Broder, the 18-year-old daughter of Fred Broder, who lived at Table Rock for many years, has disappeared from there. Her absence was not noted until her father called her to prepare breakfast the mother having been an invalid, confined to her chair and bed for three years past. Later developments showed that she purchased a ticket for Wilber, Wash., where she has relatives.