


 sud then we knew what made hit life in place.
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##  Caught by the Camera 



In the "Petrified Forest" of Arizona there is a natutal bridge, across a nar-
row canyou, consisting the petrifed. row canyon, consisting the petrifed.
or agatized, trunk of a truee, 111 feet
in length. The petrified trens in this in length. The petrifted treess in this
region are belleved to have flourished
in the Trinssic age. Most of them are in the Trinssic age Moost of them are
alled to the Norfolk Island pline Carualled to the Norfolk Island pline (Arucarfa) of today, but some resemble the
red cedar. Protessor 0 . C. 8 . Carter red cedar. Protessor O. C. S. Carter
thinks that the petrifaction was due to soluble silicates derived from the desoluble sincates of the feldspathle cement
cound tin the sand found tn the sandstone of that locality.
Professor F. B. Smith, of the WorProfessor H. B. Smith, of the Wor-
cester Polytectonte Institute, says that cester Polytechnte Institute, says that
it is to-day possible to deliver on the
cosster Callornin coast of Californla, for use in factories,
eiectric power derived from the melting snows and glaclers of the Rocky Mountains, at a smaller cost than that of an equal amount of power produced
by steam, even if the fuel were dellvby steam, even if the fuel were delly
ered free at the factory furnaces. A
eew ered free at the factory furnaces. A
few years ano, In San Franclsco, an
electric-power current cost 15 cents per horse-power per hour, but now the
same current costs only one-seventh as same ct
much.
From Russlan sources it is tearner that streams of colonists are still pour
ing into siberia to develop its tural resources, and on the shores of
tole fifty rivers homes are raptdy belng made. Farms as large as those of 1 IH -
nols, Iowa, the Dakotas and Minnesota nols, lowa, the Dakotas and
are cultivated elther by single familles
or by comblnatlons in local communlties, the basls of each of which is a mir, or viltage. But these Siberian farmers are still backward in
the use of agricultural machinery, al though the
regard.
Readers of "The Thousand and One Wak-Wak," and the marvelous adven-
Nishands of tures of Hassan of Balsora and the prlacess with the dress of feathers. Dr. Alfrel Russell Wallace suggests that the Islands were roal, and that
they can be Identifed with the Aru Isi they can be ldentiked with the Aru isi
ands, the bome of the great bird of paradse
thinks, may be an imitation of the cal of the birds, and the story of Hassan's
visit to the islunds of Wer Walk visit to the islands of Wak-Wak may
be based on the actual adventures of some traveler who discovered
baunts of the birds of paradise. Olona, the textlle of Hawail, is found
to have promising quallities. The plant to have promising qualities. The plan
belongs to the nettle familly, it resem bles ramle without the troublesome res.
in of the latter, and it flourishes in tropical forests at a height of 2,000
feet. The fiber proves to be extraor-
dinarily fie ligt, dinarily fine, light, stiong and durable.
A rope of ordinary size appears like silk and has the strencth of n shlp's
hawser, and stravds no heavier than twine are as strong as wire. Nets amd
fish lines resist the action of salt wa
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ALL ABOUT THE BIBLE.Publie Litrarar, that four shelves arbiblical literature and that every satgospereek this phace of books to look
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which theytheir pulpits on Sunday morning.nbout as limited as can be. Probablybrary contalus the "three versions ofthese three versions are. In point o
fact they are the Douny, the Kingbiblical history occurred have accountthese earlier accounts were translated
into different tongues to meet huma
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$\qquad$"Land is mighty cheap here.
"Just my durn lu
New York Spm. very few really good whent s
and that he is one of the best.

