

The North Platte Tribune.

VOL. X.

NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1894.

NO. 46.

New Goods! New Goods!

Just arrived for The Boston Store.

In the month of September when our large fall stock arrived a great many asked what we would do with such a large stock these hard times, but the answer is: The quality of our goods and low prices has given us an opportunity to duplicate our stock and we are bound to sell it off this month (November) to make room for Holiday Goods.

READ OUR PRICE LIST.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Dress Goods.
15 pieces 36-inch suitings, regular price 25c, for this sale 14 cents per yard.
All wool 36-inch ladies' cloth, former price 60c, for this sale 37 1/2 cents per yard.
10 pieces wool plaid dress goods 36-inch wide, regular price 50c, for this sale 27 1/2 cents.
52 inch broad cloth, regular price \$1.50, for this sale \$1.05 per yard.
40-inch Henrietta in all colors, regular price 1.25 to 1.50, for this sale 95 cents per yard.
Frederick Arnold's 46-inch Henriettas, silk finish, in all colors, regular price 1.25 to 1.50, for this sale 95 cents per yard.
46-inch all wool serge in all colors, regular price 1.25, for this sale 67 1/2 cents per yard.
Eiderdowns in all colors 30 cents per yard.
Dress cambrics 41 cents per yard.
25 pieces worsted goods in all colors, for this sale 10 cents, regular price 15 cents per yard.
Outing flannels at 81 cents per yard.

Blankets.
10 and 11 1/2, former price \$4.00 to 4.50 per pair, for this sale 2.35.
10 and 11 1/2, all wool Spanish white, the finest made, regular price from 8.00 to 10.00 pair, for this sale from 4.00 to 5.60 per pair. We have them from 65 cents up.

Our line of knitted goods is complete, also at low prices.

SHOES. SHOES. SHOES.
100 pair of men's boots, regular price 2.25, for this sale 1.35 per pair.
200 pair of ladies' genuine calf skin shoes, all sizes; every pair warranted at 1.35 per pair, regular price 2.00.
200 pairs ladies' Dongola, patent tips, at 1.35, regular price 2.00.
Children's school shoes from 75 cents up.
100 pair of men's shoes at 1.45, regular price 2.25.
All our fine ladies and misses shoes, Padan Bros. make, at a great reduction, in fact we make a clean sweep of our entire stock of dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, hats, caps, ladies' and gents' furnishing goods. It will pay you to visit our store before purchasing elsewhere. There is no use for you to buy moth eaten, rotten, shoddy or out of date goods at auction, when you can buy good new desirable goods at low prices and every article guaranteed to you. Don't forget we are headquarters for ladies', misses' and children's cloaks and jackets.

This sale will commence

Thursday, Nov. 15th, and continue until Nov. 25th.

Parties who have premium tickets for the Boston Store which is taken up will receive their premiums now. We have just received a lot of oil paintings, etc.

Yours for great bargains.

The Boston Store,

The only Cheap Store with Good Goods in Lincoln County.

JULIUS PIZER, PROPRIETOR.

Dr. N. McCABE, Prop.

J. E. BUSH, Manager.

NORTH PLATTE PHARMACY,

[Successor to J. Q. Thacker.]

NORTH PLATTE, - NEBRASKA.

WE AIM TO HANDLE THE BEST GRADE OF GOODS,
SELL THEM AT REASONABLE PRICES, AND WARRANT
EVERYTHING AS REPRESENTED.

Orders from the country and along the line of the Union
Pacific Railway Solicited.

GUY'S PLACE

FINEST SAMPLE ROOM IN NORTH PLATTE

Having refitted our rooms in the finest of style, the public is invited to call and see us, insuring courteous treatment.

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Our billiard hall is supplied with the best make of tables and competent attendants will supply all your wants.

KEITH'S BLOCK, OPPOSITE THE UNION PACIFIC DEPOT

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.

Items of Interest Transpiring the Latter Part of the Week.

LATER LOCAL NEWS AND COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE WILL BE FOUND ON THE INSIDE PAGES.

—Mrs. J. C. Ferguson returned to Fremont Saturday morning.

—J. E. Grace returned to Omaha Sunday after having spent a week with North Platte relatives.

—C. A. Dimond, the well-known traveling man, spent a day or two in town the latter part of the week.

—Frank Murry spent the latter part of the week in Lincoln visiting his sister, Mrs. Paul Bartlett.

—Oscar Fine languishes in jail on the charge of stealing bed-clothing from the Emmon's residence last week.

—The Ancient Order of Hibernians will give their annual ball at Lloyd's opera house on Wednesday evening of next week.

—Rev. Leonard on Saturday received two barrels of clothing by express from Philadelphia which he will distribute among the needy.

—Messrs. Graves and Woodhurst while out hunting Friday shot a very large owl, a species of a bird that is rarely seen in this section.

—Every man having a beard should keep it an even and natural color, and if it is not so already, use Buckingham's Dye and appear tidy.

—Mrs. H. C. Rennie has been spending the past ten days with her parents at Grand Rapids, Mich., and will continue her visit there for some time yet.

Morris Cronen is having considerable trouble with a peculiar swelling on his back, and will probably go to the U. P. hospital at Omaha for treatment.

—Young Nolan, who was arrested for several months ago on the charge of stealing beer from Guy A. Laing, had his trial the latter part of the week and was discharged.

—Probably owing to the stormy weather, the New England supper at the Episcopal guild house Thursday evening was not very largely patronized, the net receipt being about twelve dollars.

—C. P. Davis is at present engaged in buying and selling eggs, receiving a dozen or so cases each day from points up the road. Eggs have been scarce in the local market for several weeks past.

—The TRIBUNE stated last week that Mrs. Ritner had brought suit against the Home Insurance Co. to recover money; but this was an error. The defendant companies are the Germania and Hanover.

—Presiding Elder Leonard was in Kearney last week attending a meeting of the Western Nebraska Aid Association, an organization which has been formed for the relief of needy ministers and others.

—C. F. Iddings became the father of a baby girl on Wednesday night of last week, and it is generally conceded that gentleman's cup of happiness is brimming full. THE TRIBUNE extends congratulations to the parents.

—The case of Mrs. H. M. Rennie against the Germania and Hanover insurance companies, tried in the district court last week, the jury awarded the plaintiff \$1,999.99, the full amount sued for. The defendants will take the case to the supreme court.

—You may eat cheap food and not be seriously hurt by it; but you cannot take cheap medicines without positive injury. If you use any substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, you do so at the peril of your health, perhaps of your life. Insist on having Ayer's, and no other.

—About two years ago, the Rev. Mr. Surf, of Blue Springs, Neb., lost his hair after fever, and became nearly bald. He finally resolved to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and now has as fine a head of hair as could be desired. This is certainly a fact worth remembering.

—The time and place for the meetings are as follows: Friday 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. at the Presbyterian church, Friday, Saturday and Sunday evenings at 7:30 at Keith's hall, Saturday 10 a. m. and 3 p. m., and Sunday 3 p. m. at Keith's hall.

The many friends of Mr. Nathan will be glad to learn of this opportunity to see and hear him once more before his departure for Africa. Let everybody turn out and give Mr. Nathan a right hearty God-speed.

ON TO ST. LOUIS
For the meeting of the Trans-Mississippi Congress, to be held in St. Louis, Nov. 26th to 29th, the Union Pacific System, the Overland Route, will make a rate of one fare for the round trip, plus \$2.00 from all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and from Cheyenne, Wyo.

Tickets will be on sale Nov. 24th and 25th, limited to continuous passage in each direction, with final limit of Dec. 4th. An excellent opportunity to visit St. Louis. For full particulars call on your nearest Union Pacific agent.

N. B. OLDS.

Studebaker Wagons at Hershey & Co's.

COMPOSITION ON A BOY.

A boy is a man before he is grown up. But his pants only run down to his knees. A boy is a very useful article. His usefulness comes in when his big sister wants him to run an errand; but his principal usefulness is in wearing out clothes, especially pants. Some boys wear out one pair each season. Others wear out two every week. The cut below illustrates a happy boy. Why is he happy? Because his mother has bought from us



This outfit consists of a Double Breasted Coat, two pairs of pants, and the latest style Stanley Cap of same material. (Extra buttons with every outfit.) The goods are of most excellent and stylish fabrics especially adapted for service, and we can sell you the whole outfit as cheap as you can buy the bare suit from other dealers. Buy our Stanley Combination for your boys and make them happy.

MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE.

Max Einstein, Prop.

—C. F. Iddings became the father of a baby girl on Wednesday night of last week, and it is generally conceded that gentleman's cup of happiness is brimming full. THE TRIBUNE extends congratulations to the parents.

—The case of Mrs. H. M. Rennie against the Germania and Hanover insurance companies, tried in the district court last week, the jury awarded the plaintiff \$1,999.99, the full amount sued for. The defendants will take the case to the supreme court.

—You may eat cheap food and not be seriously hurt by it; but you cannot take cheap medicines without positive injury. If you use any substitute for Ayer's Sarsaparilla, you do so at the peril of your health, perhaps of your life. Insist on having Ayer's, and no other.

—About two years ago, the Rev. Mr. Surf, of Blue Springs, Neb., lost his hair after fever, and became nearly bald. He finally resolved to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and now has as fine a head of hair as could be desired. This is certainly a fact worth remembering.

—The time and place for the meetings are as follows: Friday 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. at the Presbyterian church, Friday, Saturday and Sunday evenings at 7:30 at Keith's hall, Saturday 10 a. m. and 3 p. m., and Sunday 3 p. m. at Keith's hall.

The many friends of Mr. Nathan will be glad to learn of this opportunity to see and hear him once more before his departure for Africa. Let everybody turn out and give Mr. Nathan a right hearty God-speed.

ON TO ST. LOUIS
For the meeting of the Trans-Mississippi Congress, to be held in St. Louis, Nov. 26th to 29th, the Union Pacific System, the Overland Route, will make a rate of one fare for the round trip, plus \$2.00 from all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and from Cheyenne, Wyo.

Tickets will be on sale Nov. 24th and 25th, limited to continuous passage in each direction, with final limit of Dec. 4th. An excellent opportunity to visit St. Louis. For full particulars call on your nearest Union Pacific agent.

N. B. OLDS.

Studebaker Wagons at Hershey & Co's.

25 Per Cent Off.

25 Per Cent Off.

MILLINERY AT RENNIE'S.

New Fall Goods to be Sacrificed.

We offer all our elegant stock at one-fourth off on the dollar.

Millinery Sale at Rennie's.

PARK TALKS BUSINESS.

He Offers Suggestions Which Should be Acted Upon.

THIS IRRIGATED SECTION SHOULD BE MADE A FRUIT GROWING COUNTRY—WELL-TO-DO FARMERS NEEDED.

EDITOR TRIBUNE:—There now seems to be no question in the minds of the people of our town and the surrounding country that irrigation is destined to make this a prosperous locality and that North Platte will be, perhaps, one of the best towns of the state outside of Omaha or Lincoln. The prospects are indeed bright, based on the fact that with the element of chance eliminated from agriculture, there is no more attractive or remunerative avocation nor anything that will so certainly place us on a substantial and permanent footing. We have over one hundred miles of ditches under construction, representing an expenditure of as many thousand dollars, mostly of home capital. They are certainly great undertakings considering the short length of time in which they have been maturing. In view of the fact that a vast amount of water has been appropriated to the east of us it is also a matter of congratulation that we did not sleep on the subject.

Now, however, our ditches being well under way and able to take care of themselves, it behooves us to look about and see what should next be done in the line of our advancement. Those who have not heretofore been directly interested can now contribute to the general welfare by endeavoring to place our advantages before the world. No one need hesitate to invite friends and relatives in the east to come and make their home with us. We are in a position to assure them of a livelihood and a degree of greater success dependent alone on their capital and energy. We need a class of people who have money and are skilled in the higher classes of agriculture. Such should be induced to buy five, ten or forty acres near the town and improve it. Those who are building the ditches cannot do this at the present time, at least as quickly as the town is interested in having it done.

The largest nurseries in the world, Stark Brothers, of Louisiana, Mo., have had a representative here for the past six weeks investigating our prospects as a fruit country. The gentleman in question has been here on a salary which, with the expenses attached thereto, amounts to several hundred dollars. They are fully advised that they need expect little, if any, return at the present time as we are hardly ready to buy trees, but that we had great prospects. From the interest this firm take in the development of new irrigated countries, they were satisfied to stand the outlay in making a careful investigation. This has been accomplished from a standpoint of experience and with a knowledge of what is requisite to make a successful commercial fruit country, with very satisfactory results.

That we can grow the plum, prune and cherry of excellent size and flavor there is no question. That the people will do better than in the east they are satisfied, and we should be correspondingly elated, for it is in this class of agriculture that we must look for great prosperity. The cherry that can be grown here is far superior to that of California. The fruit of that country is large but insipid and not desirable for canning or drying, while the Osthimer, Suda Hardy and one or two other like varieties are tart, of good color and a good

shipper. In Russia, near Moscow there are large tracts planted to this fruit, the crops from which are shipped all over Europe. Our soil and climate are perfectly adapted to this variety, while it is a question as to whether it can be grown successfully in the eastern part of this state.

Two hundred miles west of us the fruit of four year old trees are netting the producer \$7.00 per tree. The conditions are perhaps more favorable here than in that altitude. Think of getting more from one tree than from several acres of wheat and with far less toil.

It is an important fact, singularly overlooked hitherto, that most stone fruits, particularly prunes and most other varieties of domestic plums, can not be depended upon except in dry climates. Even is they escape the curculio and other equally destructive enemies, the insatiable rot will destroy five out of six crops in all rainy climates. Hence all the prunes ever grown on a commercial scale in America, must be produced in the arid regions—and prunes have been by far the most certain and most profitable of all stone fruits.

There are other branches of agriculture that should be further developed; we have only a vague idea of what we can do with alfalfa. We hear that one farmer gets twenty-four tons from three acres, that another gets fifteen bushels of seed from one acre, nine hundred pounds—\$90.00. Some say, "I don't believe it." The writer will risk as much that the man who raised this seed would not tell an untruth for twice that amount. These things are worthy of emulation, not of criticism, half that amount would be enough for a majority of our people. Many of us heard a farmer from Julesburg tell how he made \$2,000 out of cabbage raised by irrigation from a windmill, a car load of which was consumed in this town. Did anyone profit from this suggestion? The same man has made more this year and we are shipping cabbage in again. It would seem from a few incidents like this that there are several kinds of farmers, the wheat and corn farmer, the stock farmer and perhaps other kinds, but the small farmer or the fruit farmer is the man we must also look for and bring into the country. Our citizens can contribute to the general welfare, by inducing this class to come and invest. There are a good many people, residents of the city, who have the intelligence and means to set out a small fruit farm and see that it is taken care of until it begins to produce. A small tract is to make the owner a fortune if properly taken care of. It is not too soon to think about such things. It will take some little time to prepare the ground and get the ditches ready for the water. If not done in some such way the chances are that the effects of our new era of prosperity may not be felt for some little time yet.

Another matter of importance that should receive immediate attention, is the necessity of thoroughly advertising our resources and prospects, in order that the proper persons who may be looking for favorable locations for industries, may be turned in this direction. Among other things, we need a cheese factory, a canning factory and a creamery as soon as we can get them, that they can be successfully sustained under the new conditions. There is no doubt by the time the arrangements are made, buildings erected and other necessary preliminaries consummated our farmers will be ready to contract for the milk, vegetables, etc., to keep them going.

To get all these things in the right way, we should have an active organization composed of the citizens in general who are interested in seeing the town go ahead. An illustrated pamphlet, showing the different ditches, their head gates, flumes, etc., notable buildings, farms and ranches, fruit trees and other interesting objects, gotten up in first class style, could be placed before the public at a very reasonable expense. Some material for such a book is now available in the shape of engravings. Many of those used by our illustrious townsman, Hon. W. F. Cody, are pertinent and interesting, which he no doubt would be glad to contribute. The several ditch companies are interested and would certainly make liberal donations.

An effort in the right direction at this time will do a great deal of good, on the contrary, if we are lethargic and take no step to advise the general public of what we have, we will fail to obtain the benefits so sincerely hoped for by all of us. No artificial stimulation is to be advocated, we should steer clear of any effort to "boom," but to spread our wares out and invite inspection is legitimate and commendable. To commence this work now will be none too soon to reap the benefits at the proper time.

W. L. PARK.

Cheap power for raising water is the most important thing to the irrigator, who is not blessed with a sufficient flow by the gravity system, which is at once the most practical and sensible of all but which unfortunately is not possessed by every farmer in the arid portions of the far west. Nature furnishes the cheapest power on earth. Wind power is the cheapest and best. If one wheel does not furnish enough power, build more. Pumping water to fill a reservoir for use does not require steady motion and the pump can run fast or slow night or day the year around as the wind goes. For ease of construction, low first cost and cost to keep repairs for deep well pumping say fifty feet and over, there is nothing better than the common lift pumps. They are found for continuous work and low first cost to be the most desirable for the average farmer.

Always put the working barrel as close to the bottom as possible and never more than twenty feet above the water level. The best sucker rods to use are wood. Ash, hickory or good hard Texas pine will do. Put the joints together with strap iron pieces on opposite the bolts in each piece. A four-inch pump should not cost more than \$1 for fifty feet and upwards, all set ready to work. An eight foot windmill will operate such a pump, but the larger the wheel the easier it will be on the lift and the more satisfactory it will be in the long run. We would not think of putting up less than a twelve-foot wheel while a fourteen-footer would be better. The rig should be high enough to give the wheel an unobstructed sweep of wind, and if the plant is on an elevation so much the better. In all cases where the windmill is to be depended upon a reservoir should be used. The whole cost of such a plant should not be over \$250. We have known of some that were constructed at a less figure.—Field and Farm.

President Fort, of the State Irrigation Association, says there are now an even hundred local irrigation associations in Nebraska. He thinks from one to two thousand delegates will be present at the second annual convention of the state association to be held next month.