

W. R. AKERS, of Scott's Bluff county, is prominently mentioned as a candidate for state senator on the republican ticket.

One faction of the Nebraska populist party is pushing ex-justice Maxwell forward as a candidate for governor. The republican party placed the ex-justice on the retired list by reason of his advanced age, and there he should be allowed to remain.

The strike instituted by the coal miners in the Pennsylvania and Ohio bituminous regions is one of great magnitude, as it involves nearly 125,000 men. This is, however, only a starter, and if the result is as predicted by the union, between two and three hundred thousands men will be out by the first of May.

The name of H. M. Grimes is being frequently mentioned as a probable candidate for the nomination for congress from this district on the republican ticket. The Tribune is for him and our people are for him, because we know his competency, and we believe he possesses elements of strength equal to, if not greater than any other candidate in the field, and that he would carry his ticket to success. Desiring to know whether he would be a candidate, we have talked to him in reference to the matter and used our best endeavor to persuade him to allow us to use his name, but we failed to look elsewhere for congressional timber, if the present announced candidates are not satisfactory. Mr. Grimes' declination will be regretted by republicans at home and throughout the district.

The railroads having refused to transport the Kelly army from Council Bluffs to Chicago for less than full fare, supplemented with the plea that the laws of Illinois would not permit them to land "vagrants" in that state, the army is being transported through Iowa by wagons generously donated by farmers along the line of march. The Kellyites have the sympathy of the laboring men of the country and the manner in which they have been treated by the Iowa railroad has only widened the breach between the corporations and the general public. Kelly's army is bound on reaching Washington, and the best thing that can be done in the case is for the railroads to transport the members free of charge. The "march on to Washington" was probably ill-advised, but since the hosts are under way the best method is to let them to their destination as quickly as possible and have the matter ended.

At the state irrigation convention held in this city last winter the matter of having the legislature pass a bill creating a county fire wardens' district was discussed by some of the delegates in attendance. Since then the matter has received considerable attention, especially in this section of the state and it is highly probable such a bill will be introduced in the next legislature. The duties of this official would be to see that the overseers of the various road districts burn fire guards along all public highways, thus confining any fire that might start to a small territory, and he should also be empowered to call on overseers, constables and such other help as might be required in carrying out the work which would insure to the people safety from a wide-spread fire. The amount of loss occurring from prairie fires in the west part of the state during the past ten years has been enormous, and the loss has been on property on which there was little insurance. But this loss is not all. In burning over a country a prairie fire absorbs from the ground a vast amount of moisture which especially in the spring time, is needed by vegetation. The representatives to be elected from western Nebraska this fall must see that the office of county fire warden is created.

A Model Labor Demonstration. None of that multiplex peace army the "commonweal," have reached the common Mecca of their pilgrimage, the national capital, but Washington has already witnessed an imposing labor demonstration. One thousand workmen from Pennsylvania and New Jersey marched down Pennsylvania avenue last Saturday to the capitol, delivered by duly chosen delegates an earnest protest addressed to the senate, and in the evening took the cars for home, leaving behind a committee of three to confer by request with the populist leaders. The thousand came and went by rail, precisely like ordinary travelers, paying their own way, doing what they set out to do and leaving the seed sown to mature into its own harvest.

This protest, which had been adopted the day before at a mass meeting of representative wage-earners of the United States assembled in Washington, began by calling attention to the fact that for nearly ten months the business of the country had been paralyzed, "the promises of improvement in consequence of certain financial legislation not having been realized." This allusion to the bill repealing silver purchasing act was pertinent and cannot be controverted. Whatever may be said in favor of that repeal no one claims that it realized the predictions of those most ardent for it. The next sentence distinctly lays the responsibility for this paralysis upon the threatened revision of tariff laws, "under which we had been so prosperous and by the continuance of which without prospect

of chance," the protestants feel sure that all business would be restored to its former prosperous condition. Then follow a series of "whereases" setting forth in concise and definite language why the proposed changes in the tariff would be fatal to industrial prosperity, culminating in this resolution: "Resolved, That we, the authorized representatives of millions of American workmen, without distinction of party, hereby respectfully demand of our representatives in the congress of the United States that no change shall be made in the existing laws that shall in any way deprive us of the capacity to earn the full amount of wages to which we were accustomed during the years in which there were no protective or threatened changes in tariff laws to prevent us from providing for our families better homes, better education, and more comfort than in any other country on the face of the globe." But the protest does not stop here. A memorial specially addressed to the senate is added, giving detailed objections to the Wilson bill, including, among other things, a specific reference to the duty on raw wool. That feature of the McKinley law, it is pointed out, did not increase the cost of tinware, nor would it, as proposed, decrease it, yet it yields a revenue of \$15,000,000 a year, besides encouraging an important branch of industry.

Small wonder that the populists at Washington requested a conference with the representatives of the flens of such a protest. Those leaders cannot hope to build up a party which shall command popular support unless they pay attention to the wants and convictions of the industrial masses. There is special reason why they should seek such a conference at the present time. The commonwealers will presently swarm in upon the capitol, without any definite idea of what they really want, and if the populists could only turn that mighty stream into a common-sense channel, and make it the power to turn the wheels of legislation in the real interests of the common people they might find that there is a tide in the affairs of politics also which, if taken at the flood, leads to victory. Judging from a remark made by General Sherman with respect to the commonwealers now in Iowa, what has just occurred at the national capitol may prove only the earnest of what is soon to follow—Inter Ocean.

When the state convention is held it will be a very lively affair. New names are mentioned almost daily in connection with the state officers. Among the candidates for the governorship at present are: T. J. Majors of Nemaha, Jack McColl of Dawson, I. M. Raymond of Lancaster, G. P. Bemis of Douglas, A. E. Cady of Howard and Orlando Tefft of Cass. Those mentioned for lieutenant-governor are: T. B. Crane of Douglas, E. M. Correll of Thayer and C. M. Miller of Fillmore. For secretary of state the following are in line: E. M. Stenberg of Douglas, T. J. Pickett of Saunders, John C. McKesson of Lancaster, J. B. Piper of Harlan, A. R. Cruzen of Frontier, Cash Fuller of Chase and possibly Councilman George Woods of Lancaster. J. S. Dew of Johnson is in the race for commissioner of public lands and buildings, together with H. G. Russell of Colfax, M. Bailey of Jefferson and M. J. Abbott of Hayes. It is understood that Burt Moore will also have a candidate for this office. Treasurer Bartley and Auditor Moore will be renominated by acclamation. The candidates for attorney general are W. S. Summers of Gage, J. L. McPheeley of Kearney, and W. S. Hamilton of Lancaster. The list of aspirants for the place of superintendent of public instruction is rather longer than usual. It comprises the name of A. K. Gouley of Red Willow, C. G. Pearce of Gage, A. A. Reed of Saline, L. L. H. Austin of Lancaster, William Reece of Richardson and Frank McClusky of Lancaster. There are others of course. The list is likely to grow rather than diminish in length before the convention is called to order.—Lincoln Journal.

It is working magnificently, the Wilson bill, to make states republican. It is proving its efficiency wherever it is tried. We do not concur in the conclusion of our esteemed contemporary, the Cincinnati Enquirer, that if this goes on the democratic party might as well be disbanded. There is no need of any formal process of dissolution. The Wilson bill to make states republican will take care of that.—New York Sun.

Republican tidal waves come seldom. None at all have come since 1872, for although the republicans won the presidency in 1876, 1880 and 1888, and gained the house of representatives in the two last named years, the margin was small in each case. In 1894, however, there is likely to be an old-fashioned republican majority rolled up for congress and 1896 for president and congress stands a chance of being a repetition of 1872.

Governor Tillman, of South Carolina says: "I despise Cleveland and his mugwumps. He is no better than the rankiest republican. He has destroyed the democratic party. The south and west will be forced to unite and have a complete reorganization of party lines." What a harmonious party it is!

CONVERSION.

Sermon preached at the Church of Our Saviour by Rev. L. P. McDonald, Sunday evening, April 15th, 1894.

Except ye be converted and become as little children ye shall not enter into the Kingdom of Heaven.—St. Matt. xviii. 3.

The words are not new to you; they are very old and familiar; and to more than one of you I have spoken privately of their significance; but to-night I wish to speak to you who are present of the important meaning which they have to us, and the lessons of obedience and humility which they are intended to teach to us.

"Except ye be converted." There is hardly any sentence or group of words in all the Bible which has so engaged the attention of religious teachers and disciples, or about which there has been so much bitter and often senseless contention, as these four words from our text, "except ye be converted." "Except ye be converted ye shall not enter into the Kingdom of Heaven."

That simple word "converted," which means merely and simply changed or turned around, has itself been so turned in some people's minds as to mean only a thoughtless change, a special visitation and revelation of the Holy Spirit, which is a sign that God wishes the individual so visited to confess Him before men and to read a religious proof. Possessed with this idea of conversion, persuaded that it is not a change but this is true conversion, many men and women who earnestly desire to do right, are waiting to be inspired and have waited for this sign of God's will to them; and all this time are refusing to obey His plain and simple commands.

This is one of the most senseless theories that ever were invented in the name of religion, and that is saying a great deal. It will not stand for a moment under Scriptural, historical or logical examination. It amounts to merely this: that all men and women are free, may be compelled to ignore or disobey God's plain will in regard to baptism, confirmation, the holy communion, or any part and all parts of the religious life, until He comes in some mysterious way, as a special proof, to them, and selects them, as chosen by Him to do these simple commands. It would stand upon exactly the same plane and principle as that any one might, with right and impunity, go on directly and intelligently violating the laws of this land, until he was brought up in a court of law and commanded to do so no longer.

This is an extreme view which is held and taught by extreme people, who lay all their stress upon temporary enthusiasm, or excitement of the emotions; but it has served its awful, devilish purpose of keeping many pure, earnest souls out of the Kingdom of God here on earth, and forced them to battle all alone and all unaided through all that struggle which comes to most, and which, with such a weight as this to lean upon, becomes almost hopeless. There are, of all the manifold false teachings of sectarian ignorance and delusion, more injurious or more empty than this.

There are others again who do not accept the necessity of miraculous visitation, but believe and declare this much: that no one can be a real christian who has not experienced what is called a "change of heart"; that is a sudden and sensible change from one kind of feeling to another, from one kind of life to another. No one is really a christian until he cannot tell just how he became a christian and the circumstances which attended his conversion.



Born a Genius

Disease Threatens to Cut Short a Noble Career

But Hood's Sarsaparilla Restores Good Health. Little May Dentley is an accomplished pianist and natural born speaker, only three years of age. She is the only child temporarily withdrawn before the public. Her mother, however, did not exempt her from an attack of a disease of the blood. Her own words, "I thought that thing to save my life, but I

Continued to Grow Worse. I was persuaded finally by a friend to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. The use of one bottle cured me. After the use of three bottles the cure was complete and I am cured of my former complaint. Hood's Sarsaparilla, Druggists Everywhere, Indianapolis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

to all, and it means you and me; we must be converted, we must be changed; we must be turned away from evil and toward God; and until then we are not worthy to come, and cannot come into the Kingdom of Heaven. But this is not conversion in the sense of many people, who think of it as a mere change of opinion or feeling. Conversion is a real change, a real turning of the heart, a real turning of the mind, a real turning of the will, a real turning of the life, a real turning of the soul, a real turning of the whole person to God. It is a change that is permanent, that is lasting, that is enduring. It is a change that is complete, that is thorough, that is radical. It is a change that is necessary, that is essential, that is indispensable. It is a change that is glorious, that is noble, that is beautiful. It is a change that is sweet, that is pleasant, that is delightful. It is a change that is holy, that is pure, that is good. It is a change that is true, that is real, that is genuine. It is a change that is eternal, that is everlasting, that is forever. It is a change that is the only way to life, that is the only way to happiness, that is the only way to peace, that is the only way to joy, that is the only way to love, that is the only way to grace, that is the only way to glory, that is the only way to heaven, that is the only way to God.

SPECIAL SALE

AT THE FAIR.

We are offering for ten days commencing April 23rd and ending May 7th, 3,000 yards of wool laces at 4 1/2 cts. a yard, worth from 20 to 30 cents a yard.

We also offer some peerless bargains in Dry Goods, Capes, Jackets, Mens Underwear, Ladies' Shirt Waists and Carpets.

We are also offering big bargains in men's, ladies' and children's shoes. Save your nickels, dimes and dollars and attend this Special Sale. From past experience we believe you know that when we place a special line on sale it means low prices.

RICHARD BROS., NORTH PLATTE, NEB.

P. S. We will not sell over 24 yards of Lace to each customer.

WELL! - WELL!

Here we are again ready, willing, and waiting with a big stock of

PLUMBING MATERIAL

on our hands spoiling to be worked up at Prices to Suit the Stringency of the Times.

All material and workmanship guaranteed to be FIRST-CLASS.

Gasoline Stoves and Bicycles Repaired.

Difficult Repairing of all kinds a Specialty.

J. W. LeMasters.

Don't Forget the Number.

enter into the Kingdom of Heaven. Whosoever, therefore, shall humble himself as this little child, the same is greatest in the Kingdom of Heaven. It is humility first, and then obedience that is the real fruit of conversion. True conversion, that which God requires, and the Bible teaches, brings man out of that back, which is natural in most, that they are strong in themselves, and able to do anything that they wish; it brings them out of that idea that they are good, and which is nearly always true; it brings them out of a knowledge of their real weakness and unworthiness; and opens their eyes to the vast failure, which, compared with perfection—with the glory of heaven—is but a speck of dust. It brings, in other words, a true and real humility, like that of the child, feeling its weakness and real helplessness. And it is this humility which is the first and greatest of all graces, and which is the first and greatest of all virtues. It is this humility which is the first and greatest of all graces, and which is the first and greatest of all virtues. It is this humility which is the first and greatest of all graces, and which is the first and greatest of all virtues.

WHEN HANNIBAL

The great elephant, got a sore foot they used Haler's Barb Wire Lintiment and in four days. For sale by F. H. Longley.

CONVICTS TRY TO ESCAPE

Exciting scene at the Lincoln Penitentiary during Chapel Service. LINCOLN, Neb., April 24.—Two convicts of the state penitentiary made a desperate attempt to escape during chapel service Sunday, and were not brought to submission to the authority of the warden until the bullets from the guns in the hands of the guards began flying in close proximity to their persons.

CORBETT IGNORED THE INJUNCTION.

He Had Possession of the Palmyra Church and Bishop Bouscump Used a Staff. PALMYRA, Neb., April 24.—Bishop Bouscump and Rev. J. A. Smith, the new pastor of the Catholic church, reached here Saturday afternoon, and were met by a delegation and escorted to the church. Deputy Sheriff Thomas served an injunction on Father Corbett restraining him from holding or interfering with the services. The bishop's way into the church being impeded, he asked Deputy Sheriff Thomas to protect him in forcing his way in. The sheriff replied that he had no authority to do so, unless he were authorized by the court. The bishop thereupon requested the people to quietly disperse and announced that he would hold services in the town hall Sunday.

An Historic Pen.

Whenever the ex-empress of the French writes about her lamented husband, she invariably uses the diamond pen which signed the treaty of Paris. Each of the 14 plenipotentiaries wanted to keep the pen with which he signed the Paris treaty as a memento of the occasion. They, however, yielded to the request of the Empress Eugenie, who begged that only one pen should be used, which should be retained by her as a souvenir. Only one pen was accordingly used. It was a quill plucked from a golden eagle's wing and richly mounted with diamonds and pearls.—London Tit-Bits.

Grand Offer to the Public.

We Will Sell

Sweet, Orr & Co's

OVERALLS AT 75 CENTS, COATS AT 85 CENTS.

Best in the world. Never known to sell for less than One Dollar each.

The Star Clothing House

WEBER & VOLLMER, Props.

First National Bank, North Platte, - Neb.

Authorized Capital, \$200,000 Paid in Capital, \$50,000.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

A. F. STREITZ, DRUGGIST.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, PAINTERS' SUPPLIES.

Window Glass, Machine Oils, Diamanta Spectacles.

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE. CORNER OF SIXTH AND SPRUCE STREETS.

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Steam and Gas Fitting. Cesspool and Sewerage a Specialty. Copper and Galvanized Iron Cornice, Tin and Iron Roofing.

GUY'S PLACE

FINEST SAMPLE ROOM IN NORTH PLATTE. Having refitted our rooms in the finest of style, the public is invited to call and see us, insuring courteous treatment.

PROTECT YOUR EYES.

MR. H. HIRSBERG, The well-known Eye Expert of 623 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo., and 29 E. 14th Street, New York, has appointed A. F. STREITZ as agent for his celebrated Non-Changeable Spectacles and Eye Glasses. These glasses are the greatest invention ever made in spectacles, and every pair purchased are guaranteed, so that if at any time a change is necessary (no matter how scratched the lenses), they will furnish the party with a new pair of glasses, free of charge. A. F. STREITZ has a full assortment, and invites all who wish to satisfy themselves of the great superiority of these glasses over any and all others now in use, to call and examine them at A. F. STREITZ, Sole Agent for North Platte, Neb. No pedlers supplied. "The Best in the World. None genuine unless stamped Non-Changeable."

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE