

The North Platte Tribune

VOL. IX.

NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1893.

NO. 42.

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We have bought at panic prices goods for SPOT CASH at the lowest prices, thereby giving our customers and friends the benefit. NOW IS YOUR TIME TO BUY FOR CASH

Clothing, : Boots, : Shoes, Hats and Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods

FOR LESS MONEY THAN YOU EVER HAVE HERETOFORE OR YOU WILL AT ANY TIME HEREAFTER:

Do not DELAY the GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY now offered to YOU, but come at ONCE and see the

MAMMOTH STOCK of goods, see our prices, examine the quality and convince yourself.

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LUMBER, COAL,

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Order by telephone from Newton's Book Store.

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NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA.

WE AIM TO HANDLE THE BEST GRADE OF GOODS, SELL THEM AT REASONABLE PRICES, AND WARRANT EVERYTHING AS REPRESENTED.

Orders from the country and along the line of the Union Pacific Railway Solicited.

F. J. BROEKER, Merchant Tailor, CLEANER AND REPAIRER. LARGE STOCK OF PIECE GOODS, embracing all the new designs, kept on hand and made to order. PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. PRICES LOWER THAN EVER BEFORE. Spruce Street, between Fifth and Sixth.

THE CASINO BILLIARD HALL, J. E. GRACE, Proprietor.

SUPERIOR BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES. Bar Stocked with the Finest of Liquors.

A QUIET AND ORDERLY RESORT Where gentlemen will receive courteous treatment at all times and where they will always be welcome. Our billiard and pool hall is not surpassed in the city and lovers of these games can be accommodated at all times.

THE CASINO, - - NEVILLE BLOCK.

SET-BACK FOR SILVER.

Democrats Decide to Drop the Fight Against Repeal.

MAY SOON COME TO A VOTE.

It Will Probably Be Reached by the Close of the Week.

TEXT OF THE VOOHRES MEASURE.

The Senate Resumes Its Dreary Grind—Mr. Stewart Begins Another Chapter—House Banking Committee Hearings—Other News of the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—At noon Senator Harris, acting for the silver Democrats, informed the silver Republicans that the Democrats had concluded that, after taking all the circumstances into consideration, they had decided that their best course was to drop the fight against the repeal bill and allow it to come to a vote.

If this decision is not reconsidered, and it does not seem at all probable that it will be, the end of the present fight will soon be reached, and the result will be in accordance with the wishes of the president and the repeal forces in the senate. The silver Republicans will not undertake to prolong the fight beyond the time necessary to complete their speeches, and will after that permit the voting to begin upon the amendments to the bill. It is generally believed that this will take place before the close of the present week. Still, in a body which has shown itself capable of such rapid change, no one can tell what may bring forth, and there is a possibility of some transformation which may produce another change.

The Republican silver senators said their course in this matter would depend entirely upon the Democratic silver senators. They said from the beginning that whenever the Democratic silver men should return to all them in the voting measures they would allow the voting to begin. They are confident that some of the Democrats who would aid in filibustering if necessary to defeat the bill, might, after sleeping over it, feel disposed to change their minds.

Text of the Voohres Bill. SENATORS, Oct. 24.—There are 27 amendments to the repeal bill which have been introduced in the senate as "intended to be offered." It is generally believed that a very large percentage of them will be adopted. Upon this contingency will depend the issue of the disposal of the bill after the voting is begun. Following is the full text of the Voohres bill, which will be substituted in the senate:

That so much of the act approved July 14, 1890, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of treasury notes thereon," and all the amendments thereto, as directs the purchase of the treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of \$500,000 ounces or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for 37 1/2-38 grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such bullion treasury notes of the United States, be, and the same is hereby repealed, and it is hereby declared to the policy of the United States to continue both gold and silver as standard money, and to coin both gold and silver money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, and that such coins be secured through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as will insure the maintenance of the parity in the value of the coins of the two metals, and the equality of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts.

It is hereby further declared that the efforts of the government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a safe system of bimetallic coinage as shall be maintained at all times at the full power of every dollar coined, or issued by the United States, and in the market and in the payment of debts.

CONGRESSIONAL. IN THE SENATE. WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—While the recess of the senate expired at 10:30 a. m., it was 15 minutes later before any business was transacted, as the senator necessary to make a quorum did not appear until 10:45 a. m. After some routine business, Mr. Stewart of Nevada resumed his speech against the repeal bill. He said that he had found that where the slavery agitation was most violent, the human intellect was most active, and that in Kansas and Missouri there was a much higher average of intelligence and a broader grasp of public questions than in any other part of the country. With that as a preface, Mr. Stewart read a letter from a gentleman in Missouri sustaining his side of the silver question.

Mr. Stewart then directed himself to what he called the charges that those who opposed the pending bill were thwarting the will of the majority. This he denied. Who were the filibusters, he asked. The administration had filibustered for 25 years against legislation allowing the will of the majority to be expressed. They had used the most corrupt, the most aggressive, the most outrageous means, secret at first, public now, to enslave the majority. "Let the administration take off its hands and let the majority express itself in the senate," said Mr. Stewart, "and we have nearly two to one."

The absence of a quorum was suggested by Mr. Power. A roll call developed a quorum, and Mr. Kyle of South Dakota then moved when the senate adjourns it will be met at 12 o'clock tomorrow. By 12 years and 41 days the motion was lost. The senate bill authorizing the Chattanooga and Western Railway company to construct a bridge across the Tennessee was taken from the calendar. Mr. Stewart then resumed his speech, without conceding his speech, yielded the floor and Mr. Jones of Nevada resumed his argument against the bill.

Collapsing of the Compromise. WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—There was a serious misunderstanding, says a compromise paper, to the collapse of the compromise. The members of the caucus committee who had charge of the compromise insist that they did not in any way misrepresent the state of feeling they found at the treasury department

when they visited Mr. Carlisle, and that his conversation led them to believe they would be perfectly justified in declaring that the president would approve the proposition. Secretary Carlisle, on the other hand, contends that he did not give any assurances whatsoever, but simply agreed to lay the proposition before the president. The members of the committee understood him and this assumption will make plain some things that could not be reconciled on Friday and Saturday. On those days, when the members of the caucus committee were arguing with senators and trying to bring them around to support the compromise on the ground that it would be acceptable to the administration, newspaper correspondents, who saw Mr. Carlisle and other members of the cabinet were unable to get any confirmation of the reports that the president approved the proposed compromise or that he had changed in any way from his original position in favor of repeal with any conditions whatever. The only logical conclusion therefore in view of the developments of last night, is that the caucus committee misinterpreted what the secretary said.

Banking Committee Hearings. WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Mr. McLaughlin of South Carolina, before the banking committee, spoke in reference to the clearing house certificates issued by the banks of Columbia, S. C., upon which a 10 per cent tax had been threatened. He read a telegram showing that \$31,000 had been issued payable Jan. 1, 1894. Discussion turned as to whether the tax should be paid by the association issuing the certificates or by all who circulated them. There was a vast difference of opinion in the committee which led to hot argument among the members. Messrs. Springer, Warner and Hall claimed the tax must be paid every time the note is passed. Mr. Broderick contended that the tax should be paid at that it was a matter of doubt. The sentiment of the committee is in favor of an immediate report on the bill. Mr. Turpin of Alabama was heard in favor of his bill to allow the national banks to loan money on real estate.

BANKERS ARRESTED.

Officials of the Broken Madison Square Bank Give Bonds. NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The police are still hunting for the man who stole \$100,000 from the Madison Square bank, who are under charges of mismanagement. Simon O. Tenberg, one of the directors, was arrested at the office of his cigar manufacturer on a bench warrant issued by Judge Martine in the court of general sessions. He was brought down to the district attorney's office, where he is held, pending the arrival of bondsmen, and falling the giving of bail.

President Joseph E. Blair of the Madison Square bank was taken into custody, and later taken to the district attorney's office. The district attorney's office presented an unusual case against an officer of the Madison Square bank, who hurriedly fled from the city after the arrest. The Central office of the bank has a number of a dozen, arrived with the prisoners to a bench warrant issued by Judge Martine in the court of general sessions, and had all the appearance of wealth and refinement. These were the president and some of the directors of the defunct bank. The first to arrive was Tenberg, who was quickly taken to the district attorney's office. Andrew Soudar came next, with Sergeant Titus, and another detective escorted Castler Thompson down from headquarters, and Frederick Ahlman arrived a few minutes later. Dr. Stewart and Deputy Sheriff King had been sent to bring back the remains. It is feared that the legal proceedings will have to be instituted before the body can be recovered.

MISTAKE IN THE IDENTIFICATION OF THE WRECK VICTIMS.

Dr. Stewart then directed himself to what he called the charges that those who opposed the pending bill were thwarting the will of the majority. This he denied. Who were the filibusters, he asked. The administration had filibustered for 25 years against legislation allowing the will of the majority to be expressed. They had used the most corrupt, the most aggressive, the most outrageous means, secret at first, public now, to enslave the majority. "Let the administration take off its hands and let the majority express itself in the senate," said Mr. Stewart, "and we have nearly two to one."

RESCUED ON THE DESERT.

Frugal Experience of Two Prospectors in Western Arizona. SAN DIEGO, Oct. 24.—John Pulzer, a young miner, and Conrad Limerick, an old German, were rescued on the desert between here and Yuma by Joseph A. Allison and T. H. Sibley of this city after a frugal experience in which the party nearly died of thirst. Neither of the men were used to traveling and took few of the precautions customary with old prospectors. When found Pulzer had been without water three days. He had dug a well six feet deep for water, but without success and crazed with delirium, he had lain down to die. His companion, whose strength failed some miles back, had crawled under a mesquite bush and recovered strength sufficient so that he had next day gone back over the trail to a brackish pool, where he remained in reach of water. The men are now at Allison's ranch on the border of the desert, where they are fast recovering.

CONTRACTED BY ACCIDENT CAPTURED.

Port Townsend, Wash., Oct. 24.—News has been received here by Collector Saunders of a fight between four contracted Chinese and a settler named Doran at Wickersham. Doran came upon the Chinese by accident, and tried to arrest them. The Chinese resisted, and Doran fired upon them, wounding one, the remainder escaped. Customs officers continued the pursuit and captured three from the celestials.

AMONG THE RAILWAYS.

Santa Fe Employees Threaten to Strike If Not Paid by Oct. 25.

L. G. RAMSEY UNDER ARREST.

Chief of the Order of Railway Telegraphers Accused of Instigating Wire Cutting—Action of the Union Pacific Impunitously Awaited.

EMPHORIA, Oct. 24.—Investigation into the reports of a probable strike on the Santa Fe system next Saturday show that a committee representing the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen was in Topeka last Wednesday and Thursday and to Superintendent Nickerson and General Manager Frye made a demand that September wages be paid by Oct. 28, and that hereafter wages be regularly paid on the 25th of each month.

The committee informed the officials that this was the ultimatum of the order, and if not complied with the company a general strike of all the employes operators, etc., would be ordered on the Chicago, East, Middle, West, South, Panhandle, New Mexico and Rio Grande divisions.

Last month's wages were about a month delayed, and the men here refused to give the men credit for over one month, so a delay in payment is a very serious thing for them. The men at Argentine held a meeting and adopted a resolution calling upon the road to pay the men there by 6 o'clock Monday night, and said they would strike if the company failed. General Manager Frye telegraphed a reply to the master mechanic of the Santa Fe at Argentine, and directed Superintendent Frye to call on the men. This letter has been wired to all general and division superintendents of the system.

The letter referred to is very lengthy, and asks conciliation. It says that temporary shrinkage in receipts, and the impossibility of obtaining such accommodations has made it simply impossible to not inconvenience some. The men at Argentine held another meeting and discussed the situation. The association here goes out immediately, but it was finally decided to appoint a grievance committee to go to Topeka and talk over the matters with the railway officials.

Spanish Steamship West Ashore.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 24.—The Spanish steamship Mariona, bound from New Orleans to Lambert's Point, near Norfolk, Va., went ashore about one and a quarter miles south. The vessel is heavily laden, and both cargo and vessel are likely to be a total loss. When last heard from, nine persons were taken off, and the life-rafts were seen they will land all safely.

Lozera Declared President.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—A Montevideo dispatch says: News has been received from Rio Janeiro that Frederico Calveiro Lozera has been proclaimed provisional president of Brazil by Admiral Melo, in command of the insurgent fleet. Lozera is the captain of one of the rebel warships. It is also learned from Rio that the bombardment of the capital has been suspended.

Minneapolis Miller Report.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 24.—The Northwestern Miller reports the stock of wheat in private elevators of Minnesota at 44,000 bushels, a decrease for the week of 16,000. This makes the total stock at Minneapolis and Duluth 12,433,409 bushels, against 11,671,999 last week, and 10,514,999 bushels a year ago.

Grand Chief Ramsey Indicted.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., Oct. 24.—D. G. Ramsey, grand chief of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, was indicted at Madison by the grand jury of Lincoln county. He is charged with instigating the cutting or crossing of wires and otherwise obstructing the telegraph system of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern. He is held in the city jail, and a \$1,000 bond has been set for his appearance at the coming term of court.

Railroad Engine Exploded.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 24.—The engine attached to a passenger train on the Dayton and Ironton railroad exploded at Martinsburg, O., killing the engineer named Shields and severely injuring Engineer Hayes and slightly injuring several others. Two passenger coaches stood on their ends, but beyond slight bruises none of the passengers were injured.

After the Dalton Gang.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 24.—It was rumored here that the Dalton gang would raid this town, and that they were camped 17 miles east of here. No importance was at first given this rumor, but Northern during the past 11 days left here is true. No information can be obtained from the marshal's office, but it is thought that the posse went after the Dalton gang.

Will Execute McCurtain.

PARIS, Tex., Oct. 24.—There is no doubt now that the Chopart council will execute Green McCurtain in spite of his shortage of between \$250,000 and \$500,000. The finance committee is practically of his own make and will undoubtedly do as he bids. It declares his account with the general fund is correct, but reserves an expression on the leased district fund.

Report of Mission Work.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The missionary council of the Protestant Episcopal church convened here. Bishop Whipple of Minnesota presiding. The treasurer's report showed expenditures for the last year including domestic, Indian, colored and foreign missions, to have been about \$400,000. Papers were read by prominent bishops and laymen.

Large Grain Receipts at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Oct. 23.—During the past 48 hours the receipts of grain by lake foot up 2,700,000 bushels, the largest amount for that space of time in the history of Buffalo. Railroad elevators are well filled. A blockade is not expected.

Gonzo's Funeral Postponed.

PARIS, Oct. 24.—The government has postponed the state funeral of M. Gonzo until Friday. The composer's remains will be interred in the family vault at Antelle.

SEVENTEEN DEFENDANTS.

Mrs. Anna Bell Has Sued Ex-Governor Foster and Others.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 24.—A special from Tiffin, O., says that suit was begun there by Mrs. Anna Bell of Fostoria, one of the creditors of ex-Governor Foster to enjoy the transfer of certain property, real and personal. Seventeen defendants are named, the principal ones being ex-Governor Foster, John E. Wilkinson, Charles Olmstead and Mrs. Laura Foster, mother of the ex-governor, all of whom were parties in the banking firm of Foster & Co. It is alleged in the petition that the firm was known to be insolvent two years ago, that October 1888, Charles Foster decided his homestead and other real property to his mother, who in turn decided it to his wife, but the deeds were not recorded until the day of the assignment, May 28, 1890; that on March 21, 1892, Charles Foster and wife decided \$110,000 worth of property to William L. Harkness, a creditor, but the deeds were not recorded until after the assignment. It is further alleged that Charles Olmstead and John E. Wilkinson also transferred certain real and personal property on the day of the assignment. Temporary injunctions were granted restraining all the defendants from transferring or disposing of any of the property in question.

Honored Toward Denver.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 24.—The Great Northern has inaugurated a daily passenger train service on its new branch between Santa Fe and Yankton, a distance of 600 miles. The train will run twice a week, and will be operated by a single engine. The branch is one of the most profitable, but the most general and feasible is that the line will eventually be projected to Denver. Should this branch receive this possible extension, it would run an air line to Denver. One of the principal effects of such a line would be to give the corn traffic a more direct route to the seaboard via the great lakes.

Inspection of Canadian Emigrants.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The agreement between the treasury department and the Canadian railway and steamship companies for the inspection at Canadian ports of emigrants destined for the United States, has gone into effect. The emigrants destined for the United States arriving at Halifax, Point Lewis, Quebec, Victoria and Vancouver will be examined by three officers and be issued passports which they will be required to present before they can enter the United States.

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DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder. The only Pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

APPROACHES THE END.

Closing Exercises of the Fair Will Be of a Dignified Character.

BUT ONE POPULAR FEATURE.

Christopher Columbus Will Cruise Around Lake Michigan in the Santa Maria—Wedded on the Ferris Wheel—Patronage Keeps Up.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—A chilling breeze came off the lake and made it necessary for visitors to pull their coats closer about their chins. People are realizing that this is the last week of the exposition and it is doubtful whether they will stay away for anything less than a bombardment. The patronage keeps up. Every-giving gives interest to the close of the fair. The statement from Washington that President Cleveland and his cabinet would not attend in person, but would appear on ceremonies at final, and the program is being arranged accordingly.

The exercises will be of a dignified character, consisting of speech-making at Festival hall. In connection with the closing exercises, it is likely that medals and diplomas will be awarded successful exhibitors. Invitations will be sent out to select few. The hall will only seat 5,000, and as there are 50,000 exhibitors there is considerable dissatisfaction among those who feel they will not be invited. The only popular feature of the entertainment during the day will be the landing of Christopher Columbus. The noted mariner will step aboard the Santa Maria and cruise around Lake Michigan awhile. He will step ashore opposite the Manufacturers' building, and discover some of Professor Putnam's New York Indians.

Declared Unconstitutional.

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 24.—The act of the last legislature permitting women to vote at the annual state elections was declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. This will prevent women taking part in the election.

Death of General Gourko.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—A dispatch from Cracow announces the death of General Gourko, governor of Warsaw.

How Sugar Settles.

If we drop a lump of sugar into a cup of tea, we find it takes a considerable time to melt if allowed to rest at the bottom of the vessel, but if we hold it up in the spoon near the surface of the liquid it dissolves much more speedily. This is owing to the sugar, as it melts, rendering the portion of the tea containing it heavier. The sweeter part, therefore, descends, leaving the sugar constantly in contact with unsweetened or only partially sweetened tea, in fact, a continual circulation of fluid is promoted until the whole is dissolved.

Week of the Riverside.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 24.—It is now settled beyond question that the schooner Riverside was the craft which fendered 30 miles off this port and was discovered Sunday morning. A party of newspaper men went out to the wreck reported that they found two men lashed to the topmast where they had perished, probably in great suffering. It is thought the remainder of the crew will be found among the wreckage.

Despote Between High Seas.

CAPE HORN, Oct. 24.—There seems to be quite a nice fight in progress between Sir Henry Locke, the commander-in-chief of the British forces now advancing against King Lobengula and Cecil Rhodes, the premier of Cape Colony. It is announced here that Sir Henry Locke, nettled at some instructions sent to him by the colonial premier, has curtly informed the latter that he, as government high commissioner and commander-in-chief, has sole control of the settlement of the Matabele question. Sir Henry Locke adds that power in this matter has been relegated to him by the imperial government.

Fire Uncommonly Destructive.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 24.—Owing to an abundance of dry prairie grass and a high wind, the prairie fires were uncommonly destructive about Hallock, Minn. So far reports have come that besides one dwelling house and stables, about 200 tons of hay were consumed. One fire is said to have started from fire built by the section men to burn the grass near the track.

Attempted Train Wrecking.

LOUISVILLE, O., Oct. 24.—It is reported here that some one tried to wreck passenger train No. 22 on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago at Oswalt's crossing, near Perryville, O. Fortunately a track worker discovered the obstruction and removed it in time to avert a wreck. No. 22 is the east-bound flyer from Chicago and New York.

Free Woman in Three Minutes.

TACOMA, Oct. 24.—Tacoma now has the record for granting divorces in a short time. Saturday Mrs. George Burbank obtained a divorce from her husband on the ground of adultery. She was free woman within three minutes after she had filed her complaint.

Reopened For Business.

FORT LINDSAY, Oct. 24.—The Puget Sound National bank of Everett, Wash., and First National bank of Ellensburg, Wash., which closed their doors during the recent financial panic, have reopened for business.

Racine Bank Resumed Business.

RACINE, Wis., Oct. 24.—The Union National bank of this city, after a suspension of 16 weeks, resumed business with its capital stock increased to \$250,000.

Want the Caribbe-Mitchell Fight.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 24.—An effort is being made by well known and prominent sporting men to secure the Caribbe-Mitchell fight for Hot Springs.

HIGHER GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago Closing Prices Show an Advance of a Cent and a Half.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The wheat pit today showed the loss of the short interest rolled out. The fact that New York stocks turned strong helped the market temporarily, but later it looked as if New York might mean some selling of wheat here. Prices changed but within a range. May opened unchanged at 77 1/2, but was later bid to 77 1/2 and closed at 77 1/2. The contract for December was bid to 77 1/2 and closed at 77 1/2.

In corn, Condon and Schwartz-Dupree were buyers, Bankers' Trust & Co. sellers. May opened 42 1/2 up at 42 1/2, declined to 42 1/2, and closed at 42 1/2. December was bid to 42 1/2 and closed at 42 1/2.

WHEAT, Cash, Dec. 76 1/2; Dec. 76 1/2; Dec. 76 1/2. CORN, Cash, Dec. 42 1/2; Dec. 42 1/2; Dec. 42 1/2. RICE, Cash, Dec. 82 1/2; Dec. 82 1/2; Dec. 82 1/2.

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—CATTLE, Receipts, 5,200 head, including 2,000 Texas and 2,500 western. Closing prices, \$4.25, and 10c yesterday. \$4.25, and 10c today. MARKET, \$4.25, and 10c. HOGS, Receipts, 10,000 head; market steady, \$6.00. MARKET, \$6.00, and 10c. SHEEP, Receipts, 2,000 head; market steady, \$4.50. MARKET, \$4.50, and 10c.

Colombus Street Cars and Street.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—A street car strike was proclaimed here without public warning. Two strikes are held up in the city.

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LONDON, Oct. 24.—A dispatch from Cracow announces the death of General Gour