

TERMS:

If paid in Advance, only \$1.00 per year. One Year, if not in Advance, \$1.50. Six Months, in Advance, .75. Three Months, in Advance, .50

Advertising Rates on Application.

LINCOLN COUNTY TRIBUNE.

VOL. V.

NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA, OCTOBER 9, 1889.

NO. 39.

E. B. WARNER,

Funeral Director

Keeps constantly in stock Metallic and Cloth Draped Caskets, complete line of Trimmings in white and black, Glass White Caskets, Coffins of all sizes, Shrouds & Shoes. Telephone orders promptly attended to. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. EMBALMING A SPECIALTY. SIXTH STREET, EAST OF LOCUST. NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA

OUR FALL STOCK

IS COMPLETE IN ALL DEPARTMENTS And open for inspection with the finest line of Men's, Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, TRUNKS AND VALISES AND AT Rock Bottom Prices. MODEL CLOTHING HOUSE, M. EINSTEIN & Co. Leaders of Fashion and Low Prices.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, North Platte, - Neb.

Authorized Capital, \$200,000. Paid in Capital, \$50,000. Banking in All Its Branches Transacted

Sell Bills of Exchange Direct on Great Britain and Ireland, Switzerland, France, Belgium, Holland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Italy, Russia, Spain, Portugal, Germany and Austria.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

\$50 REWARD.

By virtue of the laws of the State of Nebraska, I hereby offer a reward of Fifty Dollars for the capture and conviction of any person charged with horse stealing in Lincoln county.

R. D. THOMSON, Architect, Contractor and Builder. 127 Sixth St. Cor. of Vine, NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA.

RICHARDS & Co., CONTRACTORS, OMAHA, - NEB.

We contract on everything in the line of building.

J. K. SOMERS, Nurseryman, Florist and Gardener, (BARTON PLACE.) NORTH PLATTE, NEBR.

Can furnish all kinds of fruit and shade trees, forest trees, and seedlings for tree claims at lowest prices. Also all kinds of plants and flowers. Estimates and designs given for laying out new grounds. Yards kept by contract.

Martin & Nauman BUTCHERS, AND DEALERS IN FRESH AND SALT MEATS, HAMS, BACON, SAUSAGE AND FISH. Highest Price Paid for Fat Stock. Sixth Street, between Spruce and Pine, NORTH PLATTE, - NEB.

BURYING OF THE DEAD.

CHANGES IN FUNERAL CUSTOMS DICTATED BY GOOD SENSE.

Women No Longer Expected to Attend Funeral Services, Nor Men to Stand with Bared Heads by the Grave—No Long Procession of Carriages.

The undertakers of this city announce that funerals are no longer what they used to be. Women are no longer expected to attend them, and with some exceptions they don't. The statement of this fact was brought about through the publication in a Philadelphia newspaper of a number of interviews with undertakers in that city. In a recently published death notice of a woman in Philadelphia this sentence was embodied: "Male members of the family only are invited to attend." This notice was published in accordance with the wishes of the dead woman. She had been of a practical and sensible turn of mind. Her object was to prevent the attendance at her funeral of women who might, if it were bad weather, contract disease of a serious nature.

IN PHILADELPHIA. Until very recently numerous attended funerals had been very common in Philadelphia. Scores of carriages followed the deceased man or woman to the grave, and men and women stood around on the damp ground in all kinds of weather while the coffin was lowered into its last resting place. Philadelphia is gradually awakening to the fact that this sort of thing is dangerous. Strange to say, it appears to be due to the undertakers of that city that these changes are being made. Evidently they are not so calculating and selfish as various writers of fiction have portrayed them. The more carriages there are at a funeral the bigger the undertaker's bill is, yet the Philadelphia members of the profession seem to view this fact with indifference. Said Mr. R. R. Bringham, one of the most prominent of these gentlemen: "The custom in vogue here of a large concourse of friends and relatives attending funerals is a very foolish one. Male members of the family only should accompany the hearse to the burial ground, and I am glad to see that this plan is being adopted by several families of this city. Ladies should not be taken to the burial ground, for more than one reason, either in good or bad weather. It subjects them to a great nervous strain to see the body of some member of their family or some relative lowered into the ground, and time and time again I have seen ladies faint from this excitement.

"Sometimes there is a hitch in the dropping of the coffin, so that considerable difficulty is occasioned in getting it straightened out. Accidents of this nature are very prolific of nervous prostration, and women should not be subjected to them.

"It is a striking fact that half of our funerals take place on stormy days, when it is positively dangerous for any man, not to mention ladies, to stand for a long time on the wet ground until the interment is finished. This city is, however, getting to be somewhat enlightened on the subject of funerals. A few years ago there were forty or fifty carriages to every funeral, but now this number is reduced to about eight. Of course, the more people attend funerals the better it is for the undertaker. His business is advertised, and he comes in for the burial of those who are taken sick and die because of the exposure at the burial ground. But we undertakers have sympathetic souls like other classes of humanity, and I for one advise all my patrons to have the funeral ceremony at the house, and then let only a few gentlemen of the family accompany the body to the cemetery.

Undertaker J. E. Knowles expressed the same sentiments and added: "The exclusion of ladies and friends at funerals is an admirable policy to adopt. This city is just awakening to the fact that a big funeral is a big folly. As a rule every large funeral is the cause of the death of at least one person who attends it."

New York adopted the new custom some time since. Save in the case of men of great official prominence, few funerals, with the exception of those of foreigners and persons of the poorer class, who accept innovations in such matters slowly, are largely attended, even by men. Nowadays there are rarely more than three or four carriages at the funeral of a person of good social rank, and five seems to be the maximum. The more fashionable the family the simpler the arrangements are. At a large proportion of such funerals that have taken place lately there have been only one or two carriages besides the hearse. Undertaker Edward M. Senior said yesterday:

"At three-quarters of the funerals I have had in charge lately, no women have been present. As a rule they do not even sit in the same room with the body of the dead. The body is usually placed in the parlor, and some male relative remains there to receive visitors and do whatever is needed, while the women stay upstairs. They may come down to be present at services in the house, but they rarely follow the body to the grave. Even when they do this, they do not leave their carriages."

It is not uncommon now for persons to provide minutely for their burials in their wills, and many prudent ones expressly request that no woman be allowed to follow their bodies. When the late actor, Chanfrau, died, the funeral at Long Beach was largely attended. The pall bearers were all old men, and they dropped one end of the coffin in going out of the house. The widow fainted at the sight, and a painful scene was the result. The new rule is to have the coffin carried by hired assistants, while the pall bearers walk on either side.—New York Sun.

For choicest cuts of Beef, Mutton or Pork call on KLECK & GATWARD.

CLAY THEIR DAILY FOOD.

SUCH IS THE DIET OF A CURIOUS SET OF PEOPLE IN ALABAMA.

A Peculiar Complexion Seemingly the Only Bad Effect—How the Clay Eaters Live and Get Their Daily Clay—One of Them Interviewed to Little Purpose.

"Those people are clay eaters." The people referred to were a group of men and women of various ages who had gathered at a country store in Winston county, Ala., to barter a few eggs and chickens for coffee and tobacco. They were poorly clad, and their women were barefooted, and three children in the party were also bareheaded. Their faces were pale and haggard, and in their eyes was a hopeless look, showing that they were not only densely ignorant, but without ambition to better their condition in any way. The storekeeper, after attending to the wants of these strange customers, informed the writer that they belonged to the poorest class of mountaineers who inhabited that section, and that white clay was a part of their regular diet.

The writer spent several days in Winston county recently and visited the homes of a number of these people who eat clay as a part of their daily food. They live in small log cabins of the rudest kind, and eke out a miserable existence by farming, hunting and fishing. Their farms, or patches as they call them, are small clearings around their cabins, and are never more than a few acres in extent. Their crops consist of corn, peas, potatoes, and a few who are fortunate enough to own a horse attempt to raise a little cotton. The land is very poor, and as the crops receive little water the yield is always very poor. Men, women and children are slaves to the tobacco habit. The women chew and smoke, and most of them also use snuff when they can obtain it.

IN PHILADELPHIA. The interior of the cabin of a clay eater is rude in the extreme. The cabin is usually built of small pine logs, from which the bark is sometimes removed. There are no windows and usually only one door. There are no pictures on the walls, no ornaments of any kind and often no furniture worthy of the name. If there are bedsteads they are of the crudest kind, made by the head of the family with no other tools than a saw and an ax. Usually the cabin is too small for bedsteads if the family is large, and they sleep on quilts and mattresses spread on the floor. The entire family, often ten or more persons, eat and sleep in one small room. The cooking is done in the one fireplace, the utensils consisting of a frying pan, a kettle, an oven and possibly a few pots. Cooking stoves, sewing machines and all modern conveniences are unknown.

The clay eaten by these people is found along the banks of the small mountain streams in inexhaustible quantities. It is of a dirty white color usually; sometimes a pale yellow. It has a peculiarly oily appearance, and this oil keeps it from sticking to the hands or mouth. When dry it does not crumble, and a few drops of water will easily soften it until it can be rolled into any shape desired. It is almost without taste, but must possess some nourishment, as these people declare they can subsist upon it for days. They place a small piece in the mouth and hold it there until it gradually dissolves, and is swallowed in small quantities at a time. The quantity eaten at one time varies from a lump as large as a pea for the child or beginner to a lump as large as a hen's egg for those who have eaten it for years.

A CLAY EATER INTERVIEWED. "How did you learn to eat clay?" I asked of a man whose face was almost the color of the clay he was eating. "Dunno," he answered. "I see 'em eat 'em and I got it."

"Does the habit grow until you acquire a taste for the stuff?" "Huh?" "Can you quit eating clay?" "Dunno; never tried."

"Has the stuff a pleasant taste?" "If 'twant good I wouldn't be eatin' it," and the native drew a second lump from his pocket and began to eat it with a relish.

The only bad effect of clay eating seems to be the peculiar appearance it gives to the skin of those who become addicted to the habit. The skin turns pale, so pale, in fact, as to give the face the pallor of death, and then, later on, it turns a peculiar pale yellow, a color closely resembling some of the clay eaters. Children who become addicted to the habit grow old, at least in appearance, prematurely, and their faces lose forever the bright glow of youth and health. There is little sickness among the clay eaters, and they live as long as the average of mankind, so it is conclusive that the habit is not fatal in its effects.

It may or may not be the result of clay eating, but these people are as superstitious as the black followers of a voodoo. They have signs for everything and almost worship the moon. Corn is planted when the moon is full and potatoes are planted in the dark of the moon. They will not start on a journey or begin a job unless the moon is right, and they foretell storms and all kinds of disasters by the appearance of the moon. If one end of a new moon is lower than the other it will rain before the moon changes again. They say the clay eaters, but if the moon is level there will be no rain until another change occurs.—Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.

Blindbuilder. The new vegetable tonic-alterative and blood purifier is in the shape of a pleasant syrup, and contains a concentrated form the most valuable vegetable curatives, which have been developed by modern medical and scientific research. It acts directly upon the blood, through its imparting vigor to the entire system and eradicating disease, and is unequalled as a remedy for Scrofula, Cancer and other humors, whether constitutional or otherwise, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Sick and nervous headache, female weakness, and all blood, liver and kidney diseases. Price \$1. Sold by A. S. Streitz.

Bernhardt's Late Husband.

He was known in European theatrical circles as Daria, and, it is said, claimed to be a count. As he was born in Greece, where there are no titles except official ones, and in the royal family, he had no birthright to one. He has often been referred to as a diplomat. His diplomatic experience was not very extensive. He was once connected with the Greek consulate for a few days through an accident. His real vocation was that of a commercial traveler. The elder Damala was a trader in raw silk, having a house in Syria, and the son is said to have been unusually successful in disposing of his father's wares. It is even said that he had no right to his high sounding name—that he assumed "Aristides" for his own satisfaction, and that he was christened as only "Jacques."

Damala was fond of gambling, and a swarm of creditors is believed to have hurried his marriage and to have followed him unrelentingly until he left for Barcelona. He was once mixed up in a gambling case with Lambr Pasha, but his friends say that he was never a blackjack. At the time of his marriage with Bernhardt nobody seemed to know whether his first wife was dead or not. During the time he played with Bernhardt he did all he could, it is said, to excite her jealousy. When she was on the stage as he was in the wings he used to flirt abominably with Mile, Lima Maute. This was in Italy, where Bernhardt had frequent fainting fits on the stage.—Exchange.

On Their Heads.

In France, when a patient is under chloroform, on the slightest symptom appearing of failure of the heart, they turn him nearly upside down, that is, with his head downward and his heels in the air. This, they say, always restores him; and such is their faith in the efficacy of this method, that the operating tables in the Paris hospitals are made so that in an instant they can be elevated with one end in the air, so as to bring the patient into a position resembling that of standing on his head.—Boston True Flag.

Parents should be careful that their children do not contract colds during the fall or early winter months.

Such colds weaken the lungs and air passages, making the child much more likely to contract other colds during the winter. It is this succession of colds that cause catarrh and bronchitis or pave the way for consumption. Should a cold be contracted, lose no time but cure it as quick as possible. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will cure any cold in a few days and leave the respiratory organs strong and healthy. For sale by A. F. Strietz and Dr. Langley, North Platte.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS.

Notice is hereby given that hunting on the lands of the undersigned is strictly forbidden. All persons so trespassing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. PAXTON & BERSHEBY.

NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS.

Property owners and others are requested to remove at once all refuse from the alleys bordering on their lots in compliance with ordinance relating thereto. SYL. FRIEND, Street Commissioner.

The Grand Island Sanitarium

Under the Management of DR. ALEY AND FREE, For the treatment of all Chronic and Surgical Diseases and Diseases of the EYE AND EAR. Particular attention paid to Deformities, Diseases of the Kidneys, Private Diseases, Diseases of Women, Diseases of the Skin, Heart, Nervous system, Lung and Throat, Surgical Operations, etc., etc. Pleasant Rooms for Twenty-Five Patients, With Board and Attendance Furnished. Address THE GRAND ISLAND SANITARIUM, Grand Island, Nebraska. Dr. H. S. Aley will be at the Nebraska House Oct. 10th.

ORDER OF HEARING.

State of Nebraska, Lincoln County, ss. In a county court, held at the county court room, in and for said county, September 27th, A. D. 1889. Present, J. J. O'Rourke, County Judge. In the matter of the Estate of John D. Arnold, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of D. C. Lord, praying that the instrument, filed on the 27th day of September, 1888, and purporting to be the last will and testament of the deceased, may be proved, approved, probated, allowed and recorded as the last will and testament of the said John D. Arnold, deceased, and that the execution of said instrument may be committed and that the administration of said estate may be granted to D. C. Lord as executor. Ordered, That October 21st, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., is assigned for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said matter may appear at a county court to be held in and for said county and show cause why the prayer of petitioner should not be granted; and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the LINCOLN COUNTY TRIBUNE, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing. [A true copy.] J. J. O'Rourke, County Judge.

New Goods AND New Prices AT THE NEW STORE.

RENNIE'S GREAT FALL SALE.

{ The Greatest Dry Goods Sale Ever Offered. \$0.000 Just } Received Direct From Lee, Tweedy & Co., New York. We are bound to sell and at prices that will surprise the whole country. Look at these prices:

Five Thousand Yards Best 8-cent Calico at Six Cents. Five Thousand Yards Lonsdale Muslin at 8 1-2 Cents. Five Thousand Yards Unbleached at 6 1-2 Cts. 5,000 Yards Dutch Blue Best Quality, at 12 1-2 Cts. 5,000 YARDS NEW STYLE GINGHAMS.

IN OUR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

We have the largest variety ever shown in the city. Colored Silks, Henrietta Cloths, the very latest shades, Handsome line of Black and Colored Brilliantees, the latest dress goods in the market.

IMMENSE LINE OF LADIES' CLOAKS AND WRAPS.

Newmarkets in Fine English Cloths. Fine line of Plush Wraps.

BARGAINS IN SHOES.

We put on sale a fine line of \$5.50 French Kid Shoes at \$3.50. Also a large line of American Kid at \$1.90, reduced from \$2.50 and \$3.

CARPETS.

Ladies are invited to examine our immense line of carpets. Two-plys, Three-plys, Tapestry and Body Brussels, in the very latest designs. Thirty patterns to select from. The only line in town.

RENNIE'S NEW PALACE OF FASHION,

Spruce Street, Opposite the Postoffice.

CENTRAL LAW SCHOOL, LINCOLN, NEB.

Newly established. First annual session Nov. 3th, 1889, June 7th, 1890. Most complete and quizzes. Special lectures by eminent lawyers. Expenses low. Superior court and library facilities. For particulars address W. MORFON SMITH, Secretary, 122 North Eleventh street, Lincoln, Neb.

Farmers' Alliance.

I desire to announce to members of the Alliance and all other farmers that I am agent for the Royal Windmills, Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machines and American Lightning Rods. I also make a specialty of erecting windmills, putting down hydraulic and deep well pumps and repairing machines of all kinds. Orders can be left at VonGoetz's Grocery Store.

VICTOR E. MEYER, NORTH PLATTE, NEB.

30,000 ACRES OF Desirable Farming Land

LINCOLN & KEITH COUNTIES FOR SALE.

These Lands lie between the North and South Platte Rivers, in Ranges 33 to 37 inclusive, on the line of the Union Pacific Railway.

Prices, terms and full information can be obtained on application at the office of

DILLON & COLLINS, North Platte, Nebraska.

"GUYS PLACE."

FIRST-CLASS Sample Room.

Having refitted our rooms throughout, the public is invited to call and see us.

Choice Wines, Liqueurs and Cigars Kept at the Bar.

Agent for the celebrated DANHA NATURAL MINERAL WATER from Soda Springs, Idaho. Keith's Block, Front Street, NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA

NOTICE TO CATTLE OWNERS.

Do not turn your cows out until the herder calls for them. I shall certainly enforce the ordinance and impound every animal found running at large in the city limits. The Town Lot Co's addition is in the city limits. This notice applies to horses as well as cows.

SVL FRIEND, Chief of Police.

Billiard and Pool Hall.

J. C. HUPFER, Prop. Keeps none but the finest Whiskies, such as ROBINSON COUNTY, TENN. COON HOLLOW, M. V. MONARCH, O. F. C. TAYLOR, GUCKENHEIMER RYE. WELSH AND HOMESTEAD. Also fine case goods, Brandy, Rum, Gin Etc. St. Louis Bottled Beer and Milwaukee Beer on draft. Corner Sixth and Spruce Streets, NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA

UNDERTAKING.



I hereby announce that I have opened out a large stock of Undertaker's Supplies, such as

Metallic and Cloth Draped CASKETS, And Burial Cases.

Also a fine stock of Shrouds, Linings, Trimmings, etc. In connection I have one of the finest hearse in the west. Prompt attention to all calls in city or country. Prices reasonable. Room on Locust St., opposite Hershey & Co.

SAML. ADAMS, Prop.

H. MacLEAN,

Fine Boot and Shoe Maker, And Dealer in

MEN'S LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES.

Perfect Fit, Best Work and Goods as Represented or Money Refunded.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE. NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA.

A NEW HAND AT THE BELLOWS.

Having purchased the Blacksmith Business of Hershey & Co. I will continue the same at the old stand, cor. Fifth and Locust streets. All kinds of

Blacksmithing, etc. Horseshoeing.

Wagon and Carriage Repairing promptly executed in first-class style. Having the best machinery west of Kearney, my facilities for doing work quickly are unsurpassed. My prices are very low, but I cannot give credit. Please do not ask for it.

JOHN H. HARDEN, The Cash Blacksmith, NORTH PLATTE.

Bismark Saloon

Corner Sixth and Spruce Streets, NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA