

STEVENS & BARE, EDITORS AND PROP.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7th, 1885.

THE RESULT.

The result of the election in Lincoln county in some respects was not a surprise to those who had watched the course of events, and yet the wholesale slaughter of the Republican ticket was not expected even by the most sanguine of its opponents. The cause of this was a deliberate intention on the part of a strong Republican faction not to support a ticket dictated by Mr. Patterson, and although he did not in all cases dictate the nominations, yet the people were made to believe that such was the case, taking a prominent part as he did in the convention, and voted accordingly. That there is a good Republican majority in the county no one seems to deny, and personal considerations being equal, it should naturally follow that Republicans would be elected. The vote on county clerk proves this. Both candidates were unexceptional gentlemen and this vote is a pretty good test of party strength. The vote shows plainly that either party nominations must be entirely done away with, or the people must come out and take part in the primary elections that their wishes may be properly represented in the selection of candidates. Such a course will insure party harmony and success. But as long as the selection is left to the dictation of "bosses" divisions are certain and defeat is sure to follow. The voice of every man is entitled to a respectful hearing, but the overwhelming defeat just experienced is conclusive that the people will not tolerate one-man power. It is time for Republicans to begin to consider this matter, especially in the country districts, and put forward their best and most conservative men in an honest endeavor to form a united party and a sure victory in time to come.

SOME of the candidates were of opinion Wednesday morning that they had not been running for office.

WHAT has become of "the gang?" They were very quiet this year, but some people have reason to believe that still waters run deep.

WE tried to elect a Republican sheriff two years ago and because convinced that it was up-hill business, Patterson tried to elect one this year, but we have not heard what he thinks about it yet.

IT is expected an effort will be made this winter to procure the location of a government land office at Sidney. Unless a portion of the northern part of Colorado is included in the district it is doubtful if there will be business enough to warrant the establishment of the office.

THE sudden death of Gen. McClellan has changed the plans of the President in regard to reorganizing the civil service commission. He had intended to appoint the General, to the head of the commission, but it is now quite probable that the chief place will now be tendered to Judge Maynard, the present second controller of the treasury.

THE railroad commission has about completed its duty of making a personal inspection of the tracks and depot facilities of the various roads in the State and will embody its findings in annual report to the governor. The people are watching with some interest to see if the recommendations of the board are complied with. So far as we have noticed these have been reasonable and fair. The railroads will certainly find it to their interest to comply with the recommendation, and it is believed it is the intention to do so as soon as practicable.

CLEVELAND went to Buffalo to vote at the New York election Tuesday. This custom inaugurated of late years, will do very well where the distance is short as in the present case, but suppose the President was from Nebraska or some State even farther west, he would practically be disfranchised. We suggest that for the benefit of the President and other officers in the employ of the government, polls be opened in Washington, the citizens of each State voting the same as at home. This would be a great convenience and obviate the necessity of long journeys.

The statement of the Union Pacific Railway company for September shows a decrease in net earnings of \$67,152, compared with September, 1884. The statement for the first nine months of the present year is as follows: Gross earnings, \$18,378,778; increase over last year, \$1,045,525; expenses, \$11,884,137; increase, \$706,171; surplus earnings, \$649,461; decrease, \$601,640.

ABSTRACT OF THE OFFICIAL CANVASS

Of the votes cast in Lincoln County, Nebraska, at the general election, Tuesday, November 3d, 1885.

Table with columns for candidates and counties: North Platte, O'Fallons, McPherson, Brady Island, Cottonwood, Deer Creek, Fox Creek, Peckham, Hall, Nichols, Blackwood, Nowell, Red Willow, Medford, Garfield, Total, Majority.

The Northern Minnesota Indians have agreed to go on the White Earth reservation and allow the land they formerly occupied to be thrown open to settlement.

The quartermaster-general in his annual report calls attention to the necessity of assembling the troops in larger posts near the Indian reservations.

Western the Choctaw wife murderer, was executed in Indian fashion at the reservation, near Little Rock Arkansas Tuesday. His body was riddled with bullets.

The Rev. Mr. Tennant died at Evansville, Ark., Monday, aged 115 years. He was the oldest gospel minister in the United States. He had preached for ninety years.

The interior department has received a telegram from Commissioner Atkins, now at Ft. Reno, to the effect that a very large number of people who profess to be grazing cattle, are now upon the Oklahoma lands.

The custom-house officers in Montreal charge that wholesale wine and liquor merchants have swindled the government out of \$150,000 in the last few years by surreptitiously removing liquor from the bonded warehouses.

Gov. Pierce of Dakota has made his annual report to the secretary of the interior. Since the taking of the census in 1880 the population has increased from 135,180 to 410,000. The general condition of business is greatly improved. The wheat average is less than last year.

Comparatively few of the clerks in the departments at Washington went home to vote. It is stated that railroad tickets were offered to numbers of colored men if they would go to Virginia and vote for Mahone. Large delegations are said to have accepted the offers.

At the national Women's Christian Temperance Union, in session at Philadelphia, Miss Frances Willard was elected president, Mrs. Caroline B. Bell, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Mary A. Woodbridge recording secretary; and Mrs. Esther Pugh, treasurer. It was resolved to start a German temperance paper.

Gen. McClellan's remains were received at Trenton by a large concourse of people, who followed the funeral cortege to the cemetery. There was an elaborate display of flowers at the grave. The Rev. W. A. Markland of Baltimore read the funeral service of the Presbyterian church and the Rev. John Hall of Trenton offered a brief but impressive prayer.

A number of Grand Army posts have agreed to change Decoration Day to Arbor Day and to plant trees instead of strewing flowers. The tree craze as it is called by its enemies, cannot spread too fast for the interests of the west where the influence of forestry is redeeming millions of acres of virgin soil from dissolution and turning them into productive farms.

RELAPSING INTO BARBARISM. After reading the news columns of the average daily newspaper the query naturally propounds itself "is not this continent relapsing into barbarism?" The cruelties of the infamous Spanish inquisition and the tyrannies of the Roman emperor have been equalled, if not excelled, by some of the atrocities of the modern American savage of the Nineteenth century. A cursory review of the criminal news published in the Gazette-Journal for the past two weeks will show a few incidents which go to prove that civilization does not civilize in every case. The cases are reported from different sections of the country, to show that the same influence prevails everywhere, and that even our own fair state of Nebraska is not an exception.

In Arkansas two men have been deliberately burned to death in wooden cages by mobs of infuriated men, who stood around and listened to the agonizing shrieks of their victims and laughed at their piteous appeals to be shot.

Near Madison, Wisconsin, a colored minister of the gospel beat his thirteen-year old son to death with a piece of pine plank, beating the body of the unfortunate lad into a mass of pulp and not leaving a whole bone in his body.

In New Mexico and Arizona, the government offers a standing reward of \$200 for the scalp of every Apache Indian found off his reservation.

A farmer living near Waco, Nebraska, becoming enraged at his thirteen-year old son, shoves him head first into the rapidly-revolving cylinder of a threshing machine tearing his head and shoulders into shreds.

In Dooley county, Georgia, a colored man, for merely threatening the lives of one or two persons, was tied naked to a tree and flogged to death.

In Mexico a murderer was compelled to walk a mile on feet that had been flayed into shreds. His ears and nostrils were cut off, his eyes gouged out and he was finally torn into pieces.

In New York only as long ago as Sunday last, a Chinaman was found murdered. The assassin used a butcher's cleaver. The dead man's body was gashed by nine heavy blows, severing five of his ribs, cleaving the heart, kidneys and intestines, and the head crushed into an unrecognizable pulp, eighty pieces of his skull being counted by the coroner.

These are a few of the many instances of barbarism and cruelty that are constantly being brought beneath the notice of the public. The record of murders, outrages, lynchings, poisonings, etc., is so appalling that one naturally shudders at its recital. We have foreign missionary societies, humanitarian societies and societies for the prevention of cruelty to animals. What is the matter with having a society for the prevention of cruelty to human beings.—Hastings Gazette-Journal.

It is reported that large numbers of Oklahoma boomers are entering the Indian Territory daily enroute to the Oklahoma lands.

Tom Stock of Decatur, Texas, killed his father last Sunday "just for fun." Thomas will probably enter the eternal hence via the stretch-hemp line.

Has anybody heard whether an election was held in Lincoln county Tuesday. The public debt statement shows the decrease of the debt during October to be \$3,266,774. The brother of the Czar of Russia and the eldest daughter of the Comte de Paris have been betrothed. The Rev. Dr. Spurgeon has written a letter sanctioning the movement for separation of church and state in England. As a tribute of respect to Gen. McClellan the Montgomery, (Ala.) artillery fired a national salute at sunset Monday evening. The president has issued his proclamation designating Thursday, November 26th, as a day of national thanksgiving and prayer. That prince of reprobates, Fedin and Ward, now wears a zebra suit in the Sing Sing penitentiary. It begins to look a little as if criminals of his ilk are to be punished.

A highwayman in Omaha who attempted, a night or two ago to rob a street-car was shot dead by the conductor. The western highwayman must confine his attention to the safe and easy business of robbing railroad trains, the conductors of which, when a train-robbler appears, usually crawl under the seats or into the coal-box.—Chicago Times.

It is given out at Washington that the decrease of public debt for the month of October has been about \$12,000,000. The treasury officials will have hard work to convince the people of the fact, inasmuch as the debt can only be reduced by paying off bonds and no bonds have been called in for months.

This is November and what the tap room poet has dubbed "the melancholy days," because "it is to warm for whiskey, and a little to cool for beer." November has a general reputation for unpleasantness, but in Nebraska it is always up to the average. Summer has no terrors for sojourners in Nebraska, and autumn is the most pleasant part of the year.—Ex.

M. de Lesseps, in a letter to a stockholder of the Panama Canal Company justifying a further call of 125 francs per share, says that he is going to inaugurate the final period of the work on the canal. He refers to his application to the French government for permission to issue new bonds, and repeats his prophecy that the Panama Canal although it will cost double what the Suez Canal cost, will earn three times the earnings of the latter canal.

The annual report of the Utah commission has been submitted to the secretary of the interior, and shows that the work of the past year has met with some gratifying results. The point has surely been reached where no person living in polygamy can vote or hold office. Notwithstanding this nearly all of the officers chosen at the last election were Mormons who, although they do not actually live in polygamy, subscribe to the doctrines of plural wives. The commissioners say there have been but few polygamous marriages during the past year, but this arises from the enforcement of the present laws and not from any change of sentiment on the part of the Mormons. Should any weakness be shown in enforcing the laws, the report states that polygamy marriages would be as frequent as ever. The course of certain polygamists in declaring their intention of obeying the law in the future has aroused the wrath of the church. This shows evidence of internal dissensions and is an encouraging sign. The commission urges that no step backward be taken in legislation, as it would give great aid to the church in crushing out this growing spirit of opposition.—Exchange.

The Hudson Bay Company's vessel Prince Royal was wrecked near Moose Factory, Hudson Bay, and sank with her cargo of furs valued at \$1,000,000. The crew escaped. Comptroller Chapin of New York, it is stated has been suggested to President Cleveland for a place as civil service commissioner.

KEEP OF PAUPERS. Sealed bids will be received by the county clerk of Lincoln county, Nebraska, up to noon on Friday, November twenty-first, 1885, for a man and wife to board and care for paupers of said county, to supply teams sufficient to work 70 acres of land on the poor farm. Bids will state price per week for board and care of said pauper, and price per month for services, teams etc., for the four months of winter beginning December first, 1885, and for seven months of summer. The commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Notices of Final Proof.

Land Office at North Platte, Neb., October 21st, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Nebraska, on December 23rd, 1885, viz: Ernest F. Snow, who filed pre-emption declaratory statement No. 5615 for the northeast quarter section 25, town 10, range 24 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James Doyle, Wm. H. McLaughlin, George Scofield, Russell Scofield, all of Keeler, Nebraska.

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U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., October 1st, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Nebraska, on November 23rd, 1885, viz: Samuel H. Kincaid, who filed pre-emption declaratory statement No. 5335 for the northeast quarter section 25, township 18, range 27. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Clem McLaughlin, Lee McLaughlin, Peter Gavin and Wm. Hayward, all of Keeler, Nebraska.

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U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Neb., October 1st, 1885. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at North Platte, Nebraska, on November 23rd, 1885, viz: George A. Van Engelen against S. H. Farrell for abandoning his homestead entry No. 3716, dated Sept. 28th, 1884, upon the northeast quarter section 10, township 9, range 24, in Lincoln county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; constant alleging that said S. H. Farrell had failed to break or cause to be broken five acres of said land during the first year after said entry; and that such failure existed at the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

U. S. Land Office, North Platte, Neb., Sept. 17th, 1885. Complaint having been entered at this office by John L. Single against John A. Ferguson for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 2240, dated June 23rd, 1883, upon the southwest quarter section 15th, 18th, upon the southwest quarter section 10, town 12, range 24, in Lincoln county, Neb., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; constant alleging that said John A. Ferguson had failed to break or cause to be broken five acres of said land during the first year after said entry; and that such failure existed at the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

U. S. Land Office, North Platte, Neb., Sept. 17th, 1885. Complaint having been entered at this office by George A. Van Engelen against S. H. Farrell for abandoning his homestead entry No. 3716, dated Sept. 28th, 1884, upon the northeast quarter section 10, township 9, range 24, in Lincoln county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; constant alleging that said S. H. Farrell had failed to break or cause to be broken five acres of said land during the first year after making said entry; and that such failure existed at the present time; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

U. S. Land Office, North Platte, Neb., October 21st, 1885. Complaint having been entered at this office by Henry A. Hays against James Madison for abandoning his homestead entry No. 6548 dated March 23rd, 1885, upon the east half of the northeast quarter and lots 1 and 2 section 3, township 9, range 24 west in Lincoln county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

U. S. Land Office, North Platte, Neb., October 1st, 1885. Complaint having been entered at this office by John W. Stone against Thomas W. Jordan for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 2240, dated June 23rd, 1883, upon the southwest quarter section 10, township 12, range 20, in Lincoln county, Nebraska, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; constant alleging that said Thomas W. Jordan has not plowed, broken or cultivated any portion of said land during the second year after making said entry; nor at any time since the month of May, 1884; that said Jordan has not plowed, broken or cultivated any portion of said tract or in any way improved the same at any time since May, 1884, and next prior to the date hereof; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

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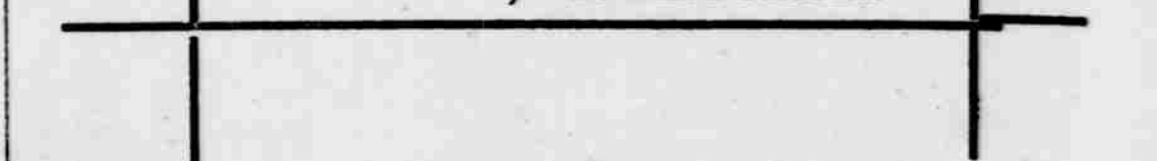
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