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OMAHA NEBRASKA SATURDAY AUGUST 9, 1947—No. 27

LOCAL AND NATIONAL NEWS

10c Per Copy

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"To Sell It, ADVERTISE"

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Mills Brothers to Appear at Orpheum Fri.

Randy Brooks Band to Accompany the Famous Quartet

Those famous four boys of harmony and song the Mills Brothers will appear on the stage



Coming Friday

The Mills Brothers will be featured next Friday on the Orpheum stage with Randy Brooks Orchestra.

of the Orpheum Theater beginning Friday August 8, for one week stand.

The Mills Brothers is one of the oldest and best loved and known singing teams on the theatrical stage today. Will be here to give out with some of those well-known tunes that have made them famous throughout the Americas and Europe.

They have long been at the top list of singing group, touring, America and continent. The record breaking audience at their performance have hailed their unique style of presentation wherever they appear.

Radio audience throughout the land find the Mills Brothers songs refreshing and breath-taking in presentation. Their records and sheet music sales more than verify the popularity of these four singers.

Europe went wild over them when they went abroad before World War 11, and now since the war is over promoters are in the country trying to sign these famous boys up for another long European Theater tours.

The Mills Brothers, John Sr. Herbert, Harry and Donald are coming to the Orpheum Theater in Omaha Friday August 8, with the noted Randy Brooks band to bring to the musical public a host of those smooth mellow tunes and songs like none other but the Mills Brother can.

Anti-Picketing Decision Voided

NEW YORK — A magistrate court anti-picketing decision of March 1946, described by the Workers Defense League as "the first instance in recent times of the denial of the right to picket in New York City," has been reversed by the appellate division. Joseph Glass, WDL attorney, handled the appeal.

The case arose from an attempt by the Committee for Non-Violent Revolution to set up an anti-imperialist picket line in front of the swanky Hotel Savoy Plaza, where the first United Nations reception was in progress. When police arbitrarily barred picketing in front of the hotel, the pickets insisted on their rights. Eight were arrested on disorderly conduct charges, convicted and fined from \$15 to \$50. As a result of the appellate division's ruling, the fines will be refunded.

Presiding Justice George E. DeLuca in delivering the opinion of the court stated "Appellants were attempting to exercise their lawful rights to freedom of speech and press by picketing with placards and distributing leaflets on a public street—that a crowd may have collected was due for the most part to the actions of the police."

Pork Chops Are Irking, Man Punches Wife

Years of eating pork chops would make any man rebel, Orville Hoagland, 35, told Judge John T. Zuris, Monday.

"It was always pork chops and potatoes, pork chops and potatoes," Mr. Hoagland said. "That's why I did it."

What he did was throw his pork chops on the floor of his home, punch his wife, attempt to choke her and then douse her with coffee.

The husband's rebellion cost him a one hundred fine.

'School Texts Not Adequate' Says Doctor

Lag Far Behind a Child's Actual Vocabulary, He Says

Grade school textbooks are lagging far behind children's actual vocabularies, a Northwestern University psychologist said Sunday.

Dr. Robert H. Seashore, chairman of the University's Department of Psychology, said the average classroom "reader" used in America's grade schools introduced only five hundred words a year, while the average child builds his vocabulary at the rate of some five thousand words annually.

"Children's vocabularies have been developed in spite of, rather than through the aid of, textbooks with their extremely limited vocabularies," Dr. Seashore said. "Editors don't take cognizance of the fact that children read newspapers and magazines as well as many other books, which are not based on restricted vocabularies."

Recent research at the University, he stated, indicates that estimated vocabularies of children aged 4 to 10 are: 5,600 basic words for age 4, 9,600 for age 5, 14,700 for age 6, 21,000 for age 7, 26,300 for age 8, 29,300 for age 9, and 34,300 for age 10.

Business Growth Rate Gradually Receding

WASHINGTON — A new high in the number of business firms was reported Saturday by the Commerce Department, but it said the rate of growth is slowing down.

The record number is 3,700,000. It was established in March, and is 300,000 above the pre-war high reached in September, 1941.

The slowdown in business population growth showed up like this: in the first six months of 1946, the number of firms was increasing at the rate of 18 per cent a year. But in the following six months, the increase was only half as great—9 per cent.

WDL Protects Rights in Unemployed Welfare

40 HR WEEK SURVEY MADE

WASHINGTON—The post-war 40-hour work week is yielding better results in efficiency, absenteeism and safety than did the longer hours of war time, the Bureau of Labor Statistics concluded Saturday.

A survey of 20 industries where incentive plans are in effect to spur workers was analyzed in an article released by the bureau's monthly review.

Farmers Get Warning of New Racket

Lightning Rod Repair Bill Stagger Property Owners

A warning was released today by the Omaha Better Business Bureau to farmers, institutions and home owners to be on the alert for the lightning rod servicing racket. Anyone who authorizes a serviceman to check up on his lightning rod equipment and to make necessary repairs without a definite understanding of the total cost, according to the Bureau, may receive an excessive bill covering dubious and unnecessary repairs.

In calling attention to this scheme, John J. Henry, General Manager of the Bureau stated: "Home owners, farmers and institutions which have protected their buildings with lightning rod equipment should exercise caution in authorizing anyone to 'check' or 'inspect' their installations. Failure to ascertain in advance what the total cost of a job would be has led in some cases to some very extensive 'repairs' and to bills which have staggered owners. A recent complainant to the Bureau, for example stated that she was solicited to have equipment checked because possibly a few points needed re-grounding. The solicitor advised that he would also sharpen the points, 'to make sure you are fully protected.' The complainant asked for an estimate but the solicitor shrugged it off as if to say 'Why discuss pennies?'

Whereupon he asked the complainant to sign what she described as 'a little slip of paper with some typing on it,' which he said would protect him in case anybody on the place questioned him while he was checking up on the equipment. The 'little slip of paper' apparently authorized the repairman to proceed. A week later he presented the complainant with a bill for over \$2000.

"Similar complaints have been received by the Bureau from others who have authorized what they thought was a mere checking up job but which resulted in the replacement of copper cable, grounding clamps, and lightning rods. In some instances victims of this scheme were given to understand that the solicitor represented the fire insurance underwriters. After an inspection, the solicitor reported that the lightning rod equipment would not pass inspection and would have to be repaired. Bills ranging from a few hundred to over a thousand dollars subsequently were submitted for services rendered.

"This scheme can be avoided by the owners of lightning rod equipment by following the simple precaution of having a written contract specifying the work to be done, and its cost. If a contract is entered into with a firm of known reliability there will be no gouging for unnecessary servicing."

Wm. Powell Kept Under His Hat

William Powell is very particular about hats. This is true about the hats he wears on the street as well as on the screen.

But the hats that Powell wore on Sundays and other days off during the filming of "Life With Father" were a startling addition to his already large supply of headgear.

They were provided by Diana Lewis, who is Mrs. Powell in private life. They were large, colorful, floppy straw hats from Mexico and they all hid the actor from view when he wore one. Yet they were a "must" on his holiday schedule during the making of the picture.

Something to Think About

Is the any simple way of breaking down race prejudice? Some unknown writer said there seems to be a remedy for every human ailment except prejudice.

I do not believe there is anything more evil in the world than race prejudice. My interpretation of sin against God is race prejudice. When we hate people because their skin is dark, we are committing a sin. We are condemning man for being exactly as God made him.

If we would only stop and think how much harm we do, not only to ourselves, but others, we would realize that hating is completely stupid. Hate goes much deeper than any surface act or word. Hate goes to the very roots of our life.

Hate is a communicable disease. A person who carries hate in his heart is emotionally diseased. The proper function of organism is a standard for health. If our organism is not functioning correctly there is no health. The best methods to attack these germs is to eradicate them from our bodies. We can best eradicate these harmful germs and apply correct treatment by inward examination of our soul. But if we fail to cope with the disease it may spread. We can check its spread by preventing the poison being spread from one individual to another. Careless remarks are like invisible germs they spread the virus of hate prejudice.

People who make insulting remarks are disease carriers. We can take positive action against the spread of hate by being on the alert. We can lend a helping hand to members of the minority group whenever the opportunity arises. There are opportunities every day.

I am going to give an example of an illustration of which many people are guilty every day. The other day while I was riding a street car, a lady boarded and sat with me. "The reason I sat with you," she said, "is when we get farther down the line the colored people begin to get on and I don't want any of them to sit next to me."

Well, I had heard such expressions several times and they soon become like bits of gravel which somehow get into one's shoe and which, though they may be small in themselves, yet set up such irritation and discomfort as not only to make the journey unpleasant, but to give me the feeling that maybe I can write something which will help enlighten the minds of the people who make those kind of remarks. Somehow, some white people have the idea that the Negro above every thing else likes to associate with the white people. Nothing is further from the truth. The Negro has suffered so much at the hands of the white man, that except as his economic needs demand it, he is far happier to be out of the presence of the white man than to be in it. The label "white" is not and never has been sufficient to command his respect in and for itself. The Negro wants justice. It is hard enough for any race under the most favorable conditions to climb the rough road of success. Equality of opportunity is what the Negro wants and he should have it.

We believe many things about people who are different from ourselves, many of which are not true. There be two races in this world so far, "the good, the bad, and they be everywhere."

Where there is segregation between the "white" and the "colored," instead it should be, "segregation between good and bad." (Think about that a while.)

The price of race prejudice is high. If the total of sum the cost of racial prejudice were clearly and widely known—we Americans would stop and pause awhile.

If there is any hate in any of us let us all take the same prescription, that is by cooperation and understanding. We would then shed our prejudices and become better citizens.

Each of us has a role to play in the development of Democracy. Every day individual Negroes face galling insults and uncertainties. It is too late to keep the Negroes, "in their place." If we wanted to do that we should never have drawn them into the armed forces or war production.

The Negro seeks only citizenship and a place to stand in America.

Those of you who are guilty of such prejudice, try dissecting your reasons. Make yourself learn all about the standing members of the group against which you are prejudice.

Stop awhile and think about this.

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Pvt. Woods to Get New Trial By the Army

Sentenced to Hang for Shooting Tent-Mate 16 Mo. Ago

SAN FRANCISCO — The retrial of Pvt. Lemas Woods, Jr., opened in a blaze of flashbulbs and army brass this week at the Presidio.

As the trial progressed, it became increasingly evident that the army is bending over backwards to guarantee the 24-year-old Negro GI a fair trial which he had been, denied 16 months ago when he was sentenced to hang for shooting his tentmate, Robert Patterson.

The court consists of 8 officers headed by Brigadier General Robin B. Pape and includes a Negro 1st Lt., Seth D. Finley. The defense had challenged Col. Charles G. Rau, a Southern, who was immediately excused by Pape.

Most evident in the week's proceedings is the glaring contrast between the trial being conducted now, with careful emphasis placed on details, and the court martial proceedings which took place in the Philippines in 1946 when Woods was tried and convicted in only three and one half hours.

Instead of a soft drink salesman, who acted as defense counsel in the first trial, Woods is being defended by an impressive battery of competent lawyers headed by Ernest Goodman, Detroit attorney, who upon the request of the Civil Rights Congress, UAW-CIO, and other organizations, conducted the original investigation which won the new trial by presidential decree.

The noted labor attorney is assisted by army-appointed Major Evans C. Bunker, former Seattle lawyer, Captain John A. Mc Loughlin, former Kansas City

Continued On Page 8.

Packed Cities to Concern Urban League Meeting

Businessmen Forecast Cautious Buying and Sign of Buyers' Mart

Most business men report increased conservatism and more cautious buying both in their own purchasing and among their customers.

A National Industrial Conference Board survey of the business outlook for the next six months shows heavy in some lines and backlogs are still high, only one of every 10 executives replying expects new orders to exceed shipments in the six months ahead.

Cancellations currently "present no particular problem."

Of such items as steel, coal, petroleum and other materials or parts which are short the major concern is to obtain a supply sufficient to maintain production.

ELKS DRUM AND BUGLE CORPS ENTERTAINED AT JOHNSON'S DRUG STORE

Monday evening quite a pleasant surprise party, given by the American Legion for the Elks Drum and Bugle Corps, was enjoyed by this group of young people at Johnson's drug store.

The American Legion was magnanimous in their praise of the Corps for their cooperation and participation in the Legion parade July 29th.

To the American Legion: The Elks Drum and Bugle Corps salute you and are at your services at any time.

Sergeant Hamilton, director; Major Underwood, assistant director and Daughter Marie Parker, chaperon.

Protest 'Negro' Veteran Hospital at the Booker T. Washington Birthplace Site

NEW YORK, N. Y.—A sharply worded protest was dispatched to General Omar Bradley, Administrator of the Veteran Administration, by the National Urban League opposing a bill to establish a \$2,000,000 hospital for Negro veterans at the birthplace of Booker T. Washington in Franklin County, Virginia.

The action of the National Urban League was made public today as Lester B. Granger, executive secretary, pointed out that the House of Representatives Veterans Affairs Committee approved the bill on July 15.

"The measure would authorize expenditure of \$2,000,000 for Veterans Administration to acquire the birthplace of Booker T. Washington and for the construction of the segregated hospital," Mr. Granger added. "In his protest to General Bradley the National Urban League official asserted 'There is tragedy in such action, Booker T. Washington if alive today, would have been outspoken against a policy of racial segregation established by the Federal Government and inflicted upon Negro men and women who have risked their lives and shattered their health in a war to defend democracy.'

"More than irony is involved," Mr. Granger continued, "It is an insult to the memory of a great educator and a noble American to memorialize him by erecting a segregated institution on the site of his birthplace."

only way to provide education for Negroes of Alabama and the Deep South at a time when the Civil War passions had not yet died down. But many decades have passed, and this (the proposed hospital for Negro veterans is not appropriate educational institution for Negroes alone," the National Urban League executive secretary continued. "This is true, but it was a desperate last-step maneuver, undertaken as the only way to provide education for Negroes of Alabama and the Deep South at a time, when the Civil War passions had not yet died down. But many decades have passed, and this (the proposed hospital for Negro veterans is not appropriate educational institution for Negroes alone," the National Urban League executive secretary continued. "This is true, but it was a desperate last-step maneuver, undertaken as the

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Negro Population In Some Key Cities More Than Doubled

NEW YORK—Lester B. Granger, National Urban League Executive Secretary, announced today that the organization's first "closed" conference in four years would be held August 31 through September 3, at Camp Atwater, East Brookfield, Mass. The nature of the 1947 annual meeting was virtually demanded by Urban League personnel greatly concerned with increased responsibilities posed by the continued migration of Negroes to urban areas. Anxious to sit down again in self-analysis and planning sessions, more than 200 of the 300 Urban League paid professional staff throughout the country, and numerous board and committee members, have already made reservations for attendance. The four-day sessions will deal solely with plans for improving the organization's work, based on a review of facts, figures, and experience reports from the 56 affiliates.

The Urban League geared from its beginning to work in urban areas, is faced with the same determined movement of Negroes to cities as the migration which precipitated its organization in 1910.

"The 67 per cent increase of the Negro population in New York—from 327,706 in 1930 to 547,000 in 1945," Mr. Granger stated, "as reported in a recent tabulation by the Urban League of Greater New York, is not exceptional. Negro migration to Detroit, Los Angeles, Chicago, Phoenix, Portland—all Urban League affiliate cities, incidentally—and other big urban centers around the country means our work has tripled in importance. The main problems are housing, employment, education and vocational guidance, with interracial harmony an absolute necessity, if we're going to have a peaceful, progressive nation. Where the Negro finds himself in this swiftly-moving current is our concern: we must harness our methods and techniques for the biggest job we've had yet."

High up on the Conference agenda is an analytic report and discussion of the National Urban League's Three-year Community Relations Project which closes officially August 31. In one of the most unique social work approaches ever executed, the organization, under the direction of its Department of Research and Community Projects, studied and worked in 13 cities—five in the Deep South. The Project, which attracted the active participation of thirteen of the country's largest social work agencies, was made possible through a \$75,000 grant by the General Education Board.

Julius A. Thomas, the National Urban League's Director of Industrial Relations, is chairman of the 1947 Annual Meeting, with Ann Tannehill serving as Conference Secretary. Dr. William N. DeBerry, Founder and Executive Director of Camp Atwater, will be Conference Host. The Camp, one of the most completely equipped in the country, was organized in 1920 by Dr. DeBerry, then Executive Secretary of the Urban League affiliate in Springfield, Mass.

The National Urban League is the only interracial social work agency in the country, its 56 affiliates in 29 states and the District of Columbia are manned by paid professional workers, and directed by interracial boards and committees. The combined budgets of the national and local organizations reached more than \$1,200,000 in 1946.

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Henry Harrison and their son motored to Omaha to spend a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Harrison and Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Boggs.

Omaha is the former home of Dr. and Mrs. Harrison who are now living in Lansing, Mich.

Listen to "ALL STAR WESTERN THEATRE STATION WOW, 6:30 P. M. EACH THURSDAY. TUT, TUT, NOTHING BUT BUTTER-NUT BREAD