THE DAILY BEE.

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THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., Props.

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THE revised edition of the bible will afford a new field for the parsgraphers.

EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR TITTON has been promoted to be receiver of the Bloomington land office. In this instance the office did not wear itself out in looking for the man.

THE Union Pacific has painted its headquarters red. If that company would build a new depot, commensurate with the demands of the city, the people would paint the entire town red.

As to the planting of democratic editors in Nebraska postoffices, the *Herald* declares that "the first condition is fitness, and the next, strong support from good democrats." So far the editors whom the *Herald* has planted have possessed neither of these qualifications.

Two enthusiastic republicans, who had recently been ejected from office, celebrated Logan's victory by firing a hundred guns in Washington. They were of course arrested for disturbing the peace and slumbers of the democrats, who consider this sort of thing as offensive partisanship.

THE *Herald* informs us that Mr. Neville, of North Platte, has filed recommendations favoring Mr. Pritchett for United States district attorney. This is in accord with the sentiments of Dr. Miller, who declared that he had but one request to make, and that was that Mr. Pritchett be appointed to this office. But the question is how to get rid of the Omaha candidate for the office of internal revenue collector, who is pretty strongly backed for the place. It is not likely that all the fat offices will be given to the Omahegs.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Secretary Manning has called for the resignation of Major S. Willard Saxton, of Massachusetts, chief of a division of the first comptroller's office. It is stated that Mr. Saxton will refuse to resign on the ground that there are no charges whatever against him, either of inefficiency or offensive partisanship. It is understood that he will be given until June 15 to comply with the secretary's request. Major Saxton was an officer in the army during the war, and is a brother of General Rufus Saxton, U. S. A.—[Associated Press dispatch.

How much longer is this "offensive partisanship" sham to continue? Why don't the democratic spoilsmen come out in a manly way at once and say, we want the offices, and we are going to have them? How can they turn out such a man as Major Saxton and yet maintain that there is any such thing as civil service reform in their political dictionary? They can't serve two masters at the same time.

The Omaha of to-day is the richest product of railway creation in this garden domain.—*Herald.*

Had the railroads done for Omaha what they should have done, and what they were in duty bound to do, this city would to-day have been a place of over 100,000 people. They have in many ways retarded the growth of Omaha, and what is surprising under the circumstances is that this city has reached its present size in spite of the obstacles thrown in its way from time to time by the railways. It is unnecessary to go into details in this matter at this time, as our people well know the facts in the case. Now that Omaha has grown to be a city of some importance, and is getting to be independent of the railways, the railway managers are beginning to see the mistake that they have made. They may, in time, be compelled, by the force of circumstances, to rectify their mistakes.

THE new dress in which many of the old texts of the bible appear in the revised edition is not likely to meet with popular favor. "All is vanity and vexation of spirit" has been revised into "All is vanity and striving after wind." The latter partakes somewhat of a very modern slang expression. "The way of transgressors is hard" has been made to read "The way of the treacherous is ragged," which reminds us of the ragged edge, and the conclusion is that the text applies to only one class of transgressors, and not to wrongdoers in general. "Oh, that mine enemy would write a book" has been robbed of its significant sarcasm by being revised as follows: "Oh, that I had the indictment mine enemy has drawn." These are only a few examples of how many pet proverbs have been changed. So far as we can see most of these changes have not improved the beauty of expression or the sentiment, but on the contrary have in many instances rendered popular texts and sayings almost pointless. After the revised edition has been scanned out of curiosity we believe that it will be laid aside, and that the people will stick to the old version, with which they have become familiar.

MANNING'S MISTAKE.

Whatever may be the object of moving $35,000,000 of the government gold and silver from San Francisco to Washington, to be deposited either there or in New York, it seems that the expense incurred in the transportation is wholly unwarranted. The coin will load eight cars, and the government is to pay the Central Pacific railroad $100,000 for its carriage, besides paying for the passage of a company of soldiers and special watchmen. It is estimated that the total cost of moving this money will scarcely fall short of $150,000. The question naturally arises why the government should pay such an exorbitant sum to railroads which it virtually built, and which to-day owe the government millions upon millions of dollars. This is especially the case with the Central Pacific, from which the government has never received even a cent upon the interest of its bonded indebtedness. Other nations, particularly those of Europe, send their treasury in smaller quantities, and in their own conveyances. There seems to be no reason why this great amount of coin could not be shipped in our war vessels, say in sums of a million or two at a time. This could be done at a trifling expense, and the cargoes could be insured. Responsible insurance companies in this country and abroad would take the risk of insuring the money. Does any one pretend to say that the Central Pacific would charge a private concern, like the Omaha Smelting works, for instance, $100,000 for the use of eight cars and a locomotive? Why should the Central Pacific consider this coin other than ordinary freight? It does not insure the government against any loss, for the government provides its own escort and takes all risks. The railroad does not assume as much responsibility in the transfer of this coin as it does in the transportation of a trainload of sugar. The sugar might be destroyed, and in that event the company would have to pay for it. But the gold cannot be destroyed, and with the government escort there is no show of its being stolen, and even if stolen, in whole or in part, the railroad company, under the circumstances, would not be responsible for such a result. It will be seen that the government is virtually presenting to the railroad company the greater part of $100,000. Any express company would gladly have taken the contract for less than half that sum, and furnished the guards.

It would seem that Secretary Manning should have hesitated about engaging in such a transaction, involving such a vast outlay, unless he deliberately intended to enrich a giant monopoly like the Central Pacific. His action certainly is not in accord with the boasted reform and economy of the democratic administration. It is not at all unlikely that Mr. Manning has been influenced in this uncalled-for extravagrance by the Central Pacific magnate, Leland Stanford, who is now a United States senator. It is true that Stanford is a republican, but, like Jay Gould was with Erie, Mr. Stanford is a republican in a republican district, a democrat in a democratic district, but a Central Pacific man all the time. The democratic administration can cut down expenses by disposing of a few old horses and carriages, and dispensing with a little superfluous carpeting for which it has received a good deal of advertising on the ground of economy, and yet at the same time it can deliberately put its hand into the people's purse and taking out a cool hundred thousand dollars present it to the Central Pacific railway for performing a service not actually worth at the most over one-fifth of that sum. This is economy with a vengeance.

RUSSIA'S CRUELTY.

One of the saddest pages in the world's history is that devoted to the annihilation of Poland from the map of Europe. The denationalizing of that once prosperous country, which contained over 12,000,000 people, and the division of its territory between Russia, Prussia, and Austria, was one of the greatest outrages the world had ever witnessed.

But it seems that the troubles of the people of Polish birth have not yet ended. Russia, not content with having seized its share of the territory and subdued the people therein, now proposes to persecute all Russian Poles that have dared from time to time to locate in Germany. In accordance with a request of Russia all the Russian Poles are now being expelled from Germany, and are being delivered over to the Russian authorities to be taken back to the dominion of the czar to be treated more like brutes than human beings. The latest cable advices regarding this strange proceeding are certainly of a most startling character. Many of the Poles who are being driven out have been settlers in the Germany territory for many years, and had become identified with local interests. Most of them located in Posen and Silesia to escape from the intolerable despotism at home. The decree of expulsion issued by the German minister of the interior affects about thirty thousand Poles. Without one word of warning eight thousand have already been arrested, just as if they were criminals or fugitives from justice, and have been conducted to the German frontier by Russian troops, who were permitted to enter Germany on this special mission. The remaining twenty-two thousand had obtained permits of settlement, and they have been given a short time to settle up their affairs, to dispose of their property at a sacrifice, and prepare to be taken back to the jurisdiction of the most despotic government in the world. Russia has expelled Jews, which was an outrage that caused great indignation not only in the United States but in every other country where freedom and equality prevailed and where human rights are respected. But the permitted invasion of another country by Russia in order to bring back conquered subjects simply to persecute and tyranize over them, is an outrage a hundred times worse. It only shows that the relations existing between Germany and Russia are of the most intimate character, and that they propose to completely extinguish the people of the once happy Poland. If England would ask the United States to collect together all the Irishmen in this country and turn them over to British war vessels to be taken back to Ireland it would not be any more unreasonable than the action of Russia towards the Poles who have located in Germany. And yet there are persons in this land of freedom who wonder that nihilism exists in Russia, and who sympathize with the Russian government. They seem to forget that nihilism is simply the outgrowth of such arbitrary outrages as that which is now being perpetrated upon the Poles, with the permission of Germany. Nihilism is simply a struggle for human rights. Could any one now blame the persecuted Poles from becoming nihilists and blowing the Russian despots from the face of the earth? The cable tells us that news of all this cruelty towards the Poles has cast a chill of despair throughout Russian Poland. And it ought to create the greatest sympathy and indignation among the freedom-loving nations of the earth.

MILITARY DRILL IN HIGH SCHOOLS.

THE time is not far distant when the veterans of the war will all have passed away, and there will be comparatively few men acquainted with military drill and tactics. This certainly will not be a desirable result in this country where the regular army consists of a mere handful of men and the safety of the nation in case of emergency is in the hands of volunteer soldiers. The organization, therefore, of military companies, and independent drill organizations among our young men, is an enterprise that is to be heartily commended. When the civil war broke out the various independent military companies in the large cities not only went into the volunteer service, but they supplied a very large number of officers, owing mainly to the fact that the members of the companies were thoroughly acquainted with military tactics and evolutions, and their services as drill masters were in demand from the very start. Many of the officers of the civil war who reached a high rank owed their promotion to the fact that they had learned the art of war in these independent companies.

We are pleased to see that the subject of military drill in high schools in eastern cities is receiving considerable attention. The drill, while not intended to train young men for a military life, inculcates habits of obedience, punctuality and precision, cultivates an erect carriage, a manly bearing, self-respect and self-reliance in emergencies. The drill gives systematic and healthful exercise to all the muscles of the body, and its benefits therefore in the development of physical manhood cannot be overestimated.

The practical advantages of military organization, discipline and exercise have been demonstrated in many eastern high schools. The Chauncey Hall school, of Boston, has always had a military drill; and the English high school in the same city and others in the immediate vicinity have military companies. No exercise is more healthful and productive of good results than military drill, and we hope that our board of education will consider the project of having a company organized among the boys of the high school and the higher grades.

OMAHA has passed another milestone on the highway to commercial supremacy. The opening of the extensive beef-slaughtering house in connection with the Union stock yards is an event of more than ordinary importance. It will make Omaha a great cattle market and attract various other enterprises. The dressed-beef business as inaugurated at the stock yards is in the hands of a company of experienced men, who have ample capital. They propose to carry on the enterprise on a very large scale. They start with a capacity of 500 head of cattle per day, which will be increased from time to time as occasion demands. Their prices for cattle will enable stockmen to realize more clear money on their sales at the Omaha Union stockyards than they will on shipments to Chicago. By selling in Omaha 500 miles of travel is saved, and this of course avoids a heavy shrinkage and liability to accident. This is an important item to be considered by western cattle men. They no doubt will soon see the advantage of Omaha as a cattle market. Without beef slaughtering houses and pork-packing houses our stockyards would hardly be more than a feeding place, but now that we have these establishments we feel safe in saying that Omaha will soon rank as one of the leading live-stock markets. A great deal of money has been invested in South Omaha to bring about this result, and now that active operations have begun we may expect to see a boom in that direction which will reward the capitalists and other enterprising men who have united with them in this undertaking.

Hon. Wm. Neville is continuing his efficient labors in behalf of Nebraska democrats, and discovered that the papers of applicants are in a chaotic state in the interior department. He has rescued many petitions and endorsements from oblivion.—[Herald.

This goes to prove the oft-repeated assertion that Mr. Lamar is not by any means the proper person to have at the head of the interior department, as he is not only absent-minded, but pays little or no attention to the details of his office, and generally shirks his duties, as he prefers his personal ease.

THE democrats of the thirty-fourth Illinois district have waked up and promise to give their candidates for circuit judges 3,000 majority. It is pretty late in the day for them to wake up. The St. Louis *Republican* says that a democrat who thinks more of a circuit judge than of a United States senator might as well continue his snooze.

ST. LOUIS takes considerable pride in the fact that it costs $273 a year to wash the towels for the government buildings in that city, while in Cincinnati it costs only $63. The St. Louisians are either much cleanlier than the Cincinnatians, or else washing is much cheaper in Cincinnati.

ACCORDING to the *Herald* Hon. William Neville has, during his visit in Washington rescued from oblivion many petitions, and endorsements in the interior department. Now if he can rescue the petitioning office-seekers from oblivion he will do a valuable service for a large number of his constituents.

THERE is nothing small about Kansas City. She now claims 128,474 inhabitants within the city limits, and 143,863 counting the suburbs. The city limits include everything in northern Missouri, up to St. Joe, and the suburbs extend over into Kansas, even unto the doors of Topeka.

STATE JOTTINGS.

Wisner's water works are in operation.

There were 700 red ribbon men in Fremont at last accounts.

The railroad is completed fifty-five miles beyond Valentine.

Fremont horsemen are investing heavily in Normans and Clydesdales.

The contract for building the college at Homer has been let for $7,500.

The methodists will camp at Table Rock this summer, beginning July 20.

Grand Island keeps down the dust with twenty saloons and a chain gang.

A stack of 200 bushels of oats was fired by lightning and destroyed at Fremont.

There is a lively scrimmage among the democrats for the postoffice at Kenesaw.

Salt creek spread itself over the neighboring fields last week, but did little damage.

The contract price of the Norfolk congregational church, to be built immediately, is $6 000.

The North Nebraska M. E. college to be built at Central City will cost $14,998, the contract price.

Grading gangs are already at work on the Burlington & Missouri extension from Holdridge to Ogalalla.

An of average 100 immigrants a day arrive at the end of the Sioux City & Pacific track beyond Valentine.

The Juniata post of the grand army of the republic has decided to build a brick hall for public and private uses.

Land speculators from all parts of the state are raiding Kansas by the score, in search of cheap and profitable claims.

There are 366 men and one woman confined in the penitentiary at the present time. Twenty-four are serving life sentences.

Circuses and cyclones have given Blair the go-by so far this season, and there is much gnashing of teeth among the small boy.

A Fremont woman, after quietly listening to her husband's explanation of the revised version of hades, cut him short with, "Oh, sh——!"

The Sarpy county fair will be held at Papillion, September 22 to 25. All unpaid premiums of the last fair will be settled immediately.

John Fitzgerald, of Lincoln, has a garden of 1 600 acres planted in corn, and 700 acres in wheat. Mr. Fitzgerald is the Dalyrimple of Nebraska.

The state fish commission has 18,000,000 wall-eyed pike ready for distribution and all parties having suitable lakes or ponds can obtain a supply.

A committee of Blair citizens are negotiating to secure the location of the proposed Danish Lutheran college there. A donation of $3,000 is proposed.

A fine young Percheron horse, belonging to Mrs. Anna Gaughan, living near North Bend, was struck by lightning and killed during Friday night's storm.

The Plattsmouth Journal intimates that Omaha base ballers masquerade as professionals and are liable to indictment for obtaining money under false pretenses.

The frequency of shooting scrapes and inquests in Northern Nebraska suggests a return to the days of rigid regulation, when desperadoes died with their boots on.

The state papers are quite jubilant over the election of Gen. Logan to the senate from Illinois. Several old roosters cooped up since the gloomy days of November were given an airing.

Mr. N. Pillsbury, a prominent resident of Central City, died suddenly of spinal meningitis on the 19th. He was a native of Ohio, 59 years of age, and leaves a wife and five children.

Lightning struck a saloon in Stromsburg last week. The struggle was brief and bloodless. As soon as the heavenly fluid collided with the home-made article, death was instantaneous.

Frank Funkhouser of Humboldt, while caressing a vicious mare was kicked in the face. His nose was spread over his cheeks and his frontipiece was otherwise illustrated with cuts.

The steady growth of West Point necessitates the construction of water works for protection against fires. The question of issuing $16,000 in bonds for that purpose will be decided by the voters on June 20.

Adolph Peterson and Louis Koenig got down in the mud at Papillion and chawed and clawed each other till exhausted. The court then took a hand in the row and secured first money—$10 and costs each.

E. O. Ferelli took French leave of friends and creditors in Franklyn one year ago. He returned the other day and was escorted to jail by the sheriff. Among his varied misdeeds is that of robbing a till.

Ida M. H., Herman, Neb.—Lemon juice will take out ink stains on paper. Rub the juice on the stains, cover with salt and set the article in the sun. Repeat the process if necessary. Vinegar will sometimes do it.

Emerson has decided to put a $6,000 school house on one of the hilltops overlooking the town. These hilltop school houses are a perspective pleasure, but the climbing process is decidedly injurious to many children.

Mrs. J. W. Tamblin, of Lancaster county, who lost her aged mate by death a few days ago, became despondent, took chloroform, and went to join her husband with whom she had journeyed for nearly fifty years.

The irrepressible I. D. Chamberlain refuses to be suppressed. He has turned up at Stromburg with a Headlight gleaming through the journalisic fog, while his voice is as of yore, like a caliope in a circus procession.

W. H. Smith, a railroad man from Grand Island, found his runaway wife and only child in Nebraska City, living in the most abject poverty, and plying the avocation of a beggar. The woman had abandoned her husband for a handsomer man.

A little five-year-old daughter of Thomas Hobbs, of Osceola, while a passenger on a west-bound Union Pacific train Wednesday fell from the platform of the car to the ground, the wheels of the coach cutting off one of her hands.

J. R. Webster has again entered suit against the county for $14,876.65, for negotiating, engineering, and successfully refunding the Midland Pacific 10 per cent bonds into 6 per cents. There is nothing small about Webster.

The Union Pacific has submitted a proposition to Howard county to build from St. Paul to the west line of the county, through Danneberg, on the line to Loup City, for $20,000 in bonds. Sherman county will get a similar proposition.

Elder Jason G. Miller, the political prohibitionist, has donated $20,000 worth of mortgages to the "missionary society of the methodist church, incorporated by the legislature of the state of New York." The mortgages cover property in Cass county.

A correspondent at Gordon points out a "long-felt want" in that town, a "crying need," as it were, of a live newspaper, intimating in as many words that the present occupants of the journalistic field thereabouts are fit subjects for a funeral. Here is a good postoffice for a live democratic editor.

Howard Spencer, a prominent citizen of Wilber, killed himself with a pistol last Wednesday. Spencer was half-owner of the planing mill. He had been in poor health for some time, and in a fit of dispondency stepped into a small room in the mill, put a pistol to his temple and died instantly. He was 28 years of age.

The trial of Long and Powell for the murder of Province in Custer county, began last week. The prisoners, who had been confined in the Plum Creek jail, were taken to Broken Bow, escorted by an armed guard, as it was feared that a mob would lay violent hands upon the murderers. The crime was the result of the Brighton ranche troubles in that county, and the company's attorneys are defending the prisoners.

The folly of building cheap temporary bridges over the Republican river has been nowhere more thoroughly shown than in the neighborhood of Red Cloud. The last flood wiped out several bridges over the stream and new ones must be built. Red Cloud proposes to build substantially or not at all, and the question of bonding the county for $45,000 for that purpose will soon be submitted to the voters at an early day.

Preparations have been made for the proper observance of decoration day in every city and village in the state. This is certainly a commendable spirit, and one that will grow with each succeeding year. It not only commemorates the great struggle for which the best blood of the nation flowed, but instills into the hearts of young and old a reverence for the honored dead and leads them to the silent cities to moisten with tears and strew with flowers the mounds of loved ones.

Lee. Miller runs a saloon in Hastings, and in off hours speculates in horses. Early last week he filled Frank Ketchum with corn juice till his tongue refused to wag, and in a moment of playful hilarity he pulled his gun and and blazed away at Lee, but failed to hit. Miller had scarcely recovered from his surprise when the sheriff of Hall county cast his shadow over the bar and coaxed him to accept the invitation of the authorities of Grand Island where the charge of horse stealing is booked against him.

Daniel Crellin murdered his wife in the streets of West Point last Wednesday. The victim was an old lady some sixty years of age and what makes the matter more horrible is that the perpetrator of the deed was her husband, who had been the sharer of her joys and sorrows for a period of forty years. The old couple had not lived together happily for some time and a divorce suit, brought by Mr. Crellin, had just been dismissed. This seemed to so work upon him that he determined to take her life and his own. In the former he succeeded, but spectators of the tragedy prevented him taking his own life.

IOWA ITEMS.

Sigourney is to have a new $200,000 hotel.

The Keokuk Base Ball association, with a capital of $3,000, has been incorporated.

The state bank of Keokuk, with a capital stock of $200,000 filed articles of incorporation.

A youngster named Lovell, eighteen years of age, was arrested in Des Moines for stealing a horse.

The Iowa electric medical society will hold its eighteenth annual session at Grinnell, June 3 and 4.

The Bismarck transporation company, of Sioux City, with a capital stock of $10,000, has been incorporated.

The assessors' returns show Davenport manufacturing establishments to have turned out $5,703,330 worth of products in 1884.

During the Logan jollification at Davenport, a rocket stick dove through the roof of a street car and exploded behind the ears of the driver.

Fred Sheels, a Davenport youth, has confessed to robbing his father's residence last week, plundering it of three gold watches, a pair of diamond earrings and various other valuables.

Auditor Brown has written a letter to Governor Sherman in which he offers to comply with all of Governor Sherman's requirements. No reply has been received from the governor.

Wolves are reported numerous and destructive in the neighborhood of the capital city of Des Moines. A farmer in that locality lost twenty young lambs in one night last week by a raid of these marauding booters.

Five Pottawattamie Indians passed through Muscatine Monday on their way to the Chippewa reservation in Wisconsin, to engage in the annual spring meeting and join in the grand medicine, war, and scalp dances still celebrated by those people.

Shelby county farmers have been visited by a lot of sharpers selling sulky plow attachments. When the goods arrived the farmers generally had enough of the attachments to supply their neighbors, when in fact they supposed they were only signing for one. The amount of the bill was of the same proportion.

A Marshalltown negro started out to attend the burial of a colored brother, but couldn't find the remains. In his chase after the corpse he finally discovered that the body of his friend had been given over to the dissecting knives of the surgeons and students at the state university.

Iowa college is to have one of the finest library buildings in the west, Mr. E. A. Goodnow, of Worcester, Massachusetts, being the generous donor of the funds necessary for its construction. The materiel used will be the celebrated Dakota granite. The building is to be dedicated about June20.

John Underhill, of Reinbeck, was arrested last week on complaint of Postoffice Inspector Pulcifer for sending obscene letters through the Traer postoffice to some of the young and most respectable girls of the town. He was brought to Des Moines in charge of an officer, and has made a written confession.

Mrs. R. M. Roberts, of Red Oak, who suddenly disappeared from home some ten days since, taking her little six-year-old daughter with her, has been discovered at Shenandoah and returned home. The unfortunate lady is, and has been, laboring under a temporary aberration of mind, and in her wanderings was vainly seeking a Mrs. Lothrop, a person she had never known.

"Notwithstanding the supposed suppression of the saloons and the extirpation of 'bug juice' from our commercial and social fabrics," says the Des Moines Leader, "the usual number of drunks continue to come up smiling each week. Every day records the dissolution of a saloon, and on good days the number sometimes reaches four or five, and still men continue to get drunk with alarming frequency and astonishing regularity."

SUDDEN AND SAD.

Charles Trabing, a Well-Known Cattle Man, of Laramie, Dies at the Paxton,

En Route to Chicago with a Large Shipment of Cattle—Blood Poisoning Supposed to be the Cause of His Death.

A very sad death occured about 8 o'clock yesterday morning in room 79, Paxton hotel. It was also sudden as well as sad. The particulars are these: Last Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock, Charles Trabing, junior member of the well and widely known firm of Trabing Bros, Laramie, Wyoming, left home with thirty-six car loads of fat cattle, for the Chicago market. At Sherman it was discovered that a steer had gotten down in one car and was being trampled under foot. While helping to get the animal up again, Mr. Trabing knocked a piece of skin from the large finger of his left hand and that little accident cost him his life. The next day, his hand was considerably swollen, and he suffered with a severe headache, but thought nothing strange of it, though he had never been sick before in his life. Friday night about 11 o'clock Mr. Trabing arrived here, unloaded his cattle at the stock yards, then went to the Paxton hotel, where he registered, was assigned to room 106, and retired. At that time he complained of his hand paining him and head aching, but still made no effort to do anything in the way of medical relief. Saturday morning he went out to the stock yards, but got to feeling so badly while there that Mr. Keith, stock agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, brought him back to the hotel. In the meantime his brother, Mr. A. Trabing, who also left Laramie Thursday at 10 o'clock with another train load of cattle, arrived. He immediately had Dr. Koffman summoned to examine the sick man and administer unto him relief. But it was then too late, though Dr. Koffman lanced the swolen hand, drew a quart or so of blood from it, and said that by morning the sufferer would be all right. Saturday morning he was moved to room 79. Under the influence of morphiates given to him he slept well all night, but would groan occasionally and was very hot about the head and face. The brother slept on a cot in the same room, and when he arose about 7 o'clock yesterday morning he found it impossible to rouse Charly. His body was cold and finger nails blue, but his head and face were hot. Dr. Koffman was hurriedly summoned and soon arrived, but when he looked at the unfortunate man said that it was no use to attempt anything, and he breathed his last in a few minutes afterwards.

Deceased leaves a wife and five children. The sad news of his death was telegraphed to them.

The body was moved to Drexel & Maul's, embalmed, placed in a handsome casket and at 8 o'clock last evening Mr. A. Trabing started with it back to Laramie.

The Trabing Brothers have long been known as prominent and wealthy cattle men, and they also conducted the largest wholesale grocery house in Wyoming. In addition to that, they owned large interests in the Big Laramie land, cattle and improvement company. The two brothers have been together all their lives; were born in Germany, but emigrated to this country when only 12 and 14 years of age, in 1853. They lived at Washington City until 1865 and during the war were connected with the quartermaster's department. In 1865 they came west together, took several government contracts for freighting goods across the plains. They founded and started the town of Buffalo, Johnson county, this state, but left there and went to Laramie in 1868, where they have remained ever since. The only relatives in this country are an aged uncle and aunt, who live with them.

The cattle were sent on to Chicago.

A VILLAINOUS VAGABOND.

Murder Most Foul and Fiendish in a Freight Car.

Lured to an Untimely and Awful Death by Acceding to the Friendly Advances of a Dirty Tramp—Plattsmouth the Scene.

The news of a brutal murder, committed at Plattsmouth early yesterday morning, was received by the city marshal here about 10 o'clock, and search was at once instituted to apprehend and arrest the guilty party. All sorts of stories regarding the crime were put in circulation, and from fragments of facts gathered here and there the BEE is enabled to present in detail the horrible affair as it occurred. A pedler by the name of W. H. Brown had taken up friendly relations two or three days ago over in Missouri with an old tramp, who is known as Frank Williams, and they were traveling together. The pedler had money, and was free with it when they wanted anything to eat or drink, and the tramp was having better living than he had been used to for many months. Rather, however, than travel decently by paying railroad fares, they beat their way on freight trains. Saturday night they used a box car that stood in the yards of the Burlington & Missouri road, at Plattsmouth station, in which to sleep, and both snoozed under the same blanket. Brown had agreed that if they could not get a chance to steal passage for Omaha yesteday, he would buy tickets. It seems they had come from Hastings, Iowa, on Saturday. Early yesterday morning the tramp went through his pantaloons and robbed him of $60, in money, a watch and revolver. While the thieving was going on Brown made signs of awakening, whereupon Williams placed the revolver at the butt of his left ear and fired. The ball passed entirely through Brown's head and lodged in the side of the car. It shot away a piece of the ear and one thumb, as he had his hand up at the side of his head at the time. After receiving this mortal wound he scuffled with the murderer and was knocked down three times in succession. Supposing his victim to be about dead, the villian finally jumped from the car, forced the door shut, locked it, and departed. Two or three hours after this occurrance, Brown was discovered by some yard men, who hearing his dying groans, broke open the car and got him out. When found, he wallowed in a great pool of his own blood, and was almost beyond the power of speech, but managed to tell his story of the bloody deed. The authorities were notified and medical aid was summoned as quickly as possible. Dr. Livingston, who attended the unfortunate man, pronounced the wound fatal, and said he could not possibly live until this morning. At latest advices last night, however, he was still breathing.

Sheriff Eickenbarry immediately instituted steps to apprehend and arrest the murderer. Telegrams were sent out in all directions. As to the way the criminal went there are conflicting stories. An engineer on the early Kansas City, St. Jo & Council Bluffs train reported to the sheriff at Plattsmouth that he had seen a man walking along the track towards Pacific Junction, who answered the description of Williams, and he also told a reporter that while talking to the sheriff. A dispatch was received by the latter from Pacific Junction saying that the murderer had been arrested there by W. W. Jones, a livery stable man. This statement however is probably a little confounded with two or three others made. About 10 o'clock yesterday, a man by the name of Jones from La Platte station, who had been deputized by Sheriff Ekenbarry, reported to the place here that Williams had come up to Omaha on the early Burlington & Missouri train, but had jumped off down by Boyd's packing house and took to the woods. Jones saw Williams on the train, but noticing that he still had the revolver and carried it conveniently for quick use, his bravery sunk within him, and rather than run any risk of getting plugged, he deliberately permitted the scoundrel to escape. All the afternoon a detachment of police officers, sent out by Marshal Cummings, searched among the hills and brush south of town, but their efforts were fruitless. A dozen or more people were met who declared that they had seen the criminal, but none of the officers could get sight of him.

Williams is described as being a man about five feet eight inches high; will weigh 160 pounds; has sunken eyes; is dressed in dark clothes, blue shirt, and wears a slouch hat.

TRACK AND TRAIN.

A General Reduction in the Price of First-Class Fares, Westward.

General Ticket Agent Eustis, of the B. & M., returned Saturday morning from Chicago, where he has been for the past few days in attendance upon the meetings of the Transcontinental, the Colorado and the Utah associations. The meetings were harmonious and fairly productive of important business, the main points of settlement being as follows: The passenger rates on all lines from the Missouri river to San Francisco were reduced from $95 to $91.65. To Sacramento, Los Angeles and all intermediate points the first class passenge rate will be $88.35, instead of $95, as heretofore. First-class rates to California were changed from $22.50 to $20.25, while the rates to Salt Lake City and Denver are reduced from $53 to $51 40. It was decided to abolish the $30 east-bound tourist rate, which was experimentally tried last season, as it did not prove a success. Hence this reduction to eastern tourists will not go into effect June 1, as many anticipate. These changes represent the joint action of the three pools, the Utah, Colorado, and Transcontinental. The next meeting will be held in Denver June 3.

Messrs. Shelby, general freight agent of the Union Pacific railroad, and Miller, of the Burlington & Missouri railroad, left for Chicago Saturday night, to attend a meeting of freight agents, which will be held there to-day.

George Knight, a brother to Joe Knight, who is chief clerk for Division Superintendent Dorrance of the Union Pacific, was in the city yesterday a few hours, visiting. George is an engineer, and resides at Des Moines.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha boys were made joyfully happy Saturday night by the paymaster of that line putting in an appearance here.

Monsignor Capel's Last Lecture.

This evening at 8 o'clock, in the Catholic cathedral, Monsignor Capel will deliver a lecture on "Marriage and Divorce," as affecting the happiness of the Individual, the Home and the State. On Tuesday morning the right reverend prelate leaves for Denver.

Where Are the Whistlers.

N. Y. Cor. Syracuse Journal.

A correspondent of mine asks, "What has become of the whistlers?" I can not say for the life of me whither they have gone, for hunt high and hunt low, they are not to be found splitting the air with notes like chanticleer as was their wont when most of us were in roundabouts. As any correspondent intimates the race of whistling boys, for the music is distinctly that of boyhood, has probably become extinct, for not once a month does the ear of the passer-by catch the dulcet strain, or once have a chance to curse the mouth that gave it utterance. You don't hear people out nights long after bedtime whistling to keep up their courage, as they used to do when the towns depended upon kerosene for their light, and were not patroled by relays of policemen. Whistling is rapidly becoming one of the lost arts. Manishness is encrouching uron our youth so fast that not many of the playthings and pastimes so popular with the boys twenty years ago are in favor now. Lads of fifteen who indulged in the weed used to be of the most surreptitious description, now puff tobacco smoke under the very noses of their lenient papas. They play polo or lawn tennis in preference to trundling a hoop or knuckling down to marbles. Kite flying, which even before the time of Benjamin Franklin, was a boy's most blissful exploit, eventually fell into decadence—one of the misfortunes of discovery—as a direct result of the application of his theory to the practical purposes of his race, for with the heavens cob-webbed with electric wires the kite became an effete and useless toy. It seems to me, now that the Philadelphia philosopher served the kite flyers a very scurvy trick in putting the lightning in harness. But there is the peg-top, the go-cart and crossbow, all contrivances which any boy might amuse himself without discredit, virtually relics of another epoch. I cannot believe that when you and I were boys we were any less manly than youngsters of this century, but one would think, like Cæsar, all males are now born with teeth, they are so excessively wise in their generation.

No Defense for Lathrop.

LANSING, Mich., May 23.—A joint resolution passed unanimously by the house of representatives yesterday defending Minister Lathrop against the charges made by several prominent newspapers, was taken up in the senate this morning, and after some discussion, tabled.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure

the Great Balsamic Distillation of Witch Hazel, American Pine, Canadian Fir, Marigold Clover Blossom Etc.,

For the Immediate Relief and Permanent Cure of every form of Catarrh, from a Simple Head Cold or Influenza to the Loss of smell, Taste, and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis, and Incipient Consumption. Relief in five minutes in any and every case. Nothing like it. Grateful, fragrant, wholesome. Cure begins from first application, and is rapid, radical, permanent, and never failing.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one Package, forming a complete treatmen of all druggists for $1. Ask for Sandford's Radical Cure. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

PAIN IS THE CRY OF A SUFFERING NERVE

Collins' Voltaic Electric Plaster instantly affects the Nervous System and banishes Pain. A perfect Electric Battery combined with a Porous Plaster for 25 cents. It annihilates Pain, vitalizes Weak and Worn Out Parts, strengthens Tired Muscles, Prevents Disease, and does more in one half the time than any other plaster in the world. Sold everywhere

GOVERNMENT SUPPLIES.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Omaha, Neb., May 15th, 1885.

Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at this office until 11 o'clock a. m., Monday, May 25th, 1885, at which time they will be opened in the presence of bidders for government supplies of the following kinds.

Hardware; steam and water supplies; fire clay; brick and cement; saddlery; stationery; iron and steel; stable brooms; rope &c., lumber; lamp globes; drugs; paints and oils; rubber buckets and hose; road scrapers; stove parts; iron buckets.

Lists giving quantities and other information furnished on application; best qualities of all articles required; preference given to articles of domestic production. Bidders are requested to attach copies of advertisement to their proposals.

C. A. H. McCAULEY, Captain A. Q. M., U. S. A.

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