

GENERAL GRANT.

The Gates of the Other World Open to Receive Him.

The Once Strong and Healthy Body Yields to Disease.

While the Spirit is Waiting to Take Its Flight.

The General Has But Few Short Hours to Live.

He is Surrounded by the Members of His Family.

And His Old Friend and Favorite Pastor, The Rev. Dr. Newman.

GENERAL GRANT.

HIS DEATH LIKELY TO OCCUR WITHIN A DAY OR TWO.

Special Telegram to the Bee.

New York, March 30.—General Grant is no better this morning though his throat is somewhat more comfortable. He arose at an early hour and partook of a small cup of bouillon for breakfast, and went to his office where he propped up with pillows and wrapped in blankets he listened to reading of the morning paper. It is reported this afternoon that the doctors of the general begin to feel alarmed lest a fatal termination of the disease may occur sooner than anticipated.

The latest bulletins New York, March 30.—At 4.50 p. m. Dr. Douglas returned to Gen. Grant's house, and after being with the general about fifteen minutes issued the following bulletin:

Gen. Grant is free from pain and takes his liquid food at regular intervals and as well as usual. He is not so strong, and is showing more feebleness of body.

THE GATES OF THE OTHER WORLD OPENING TO RECEIVE HIM.

New York, March 30.—Prompted by curiosity many persons strolled through Sixty-sixth street during the afternoon, stopping in front of Gen. Grant's house to gaze at the building. The shades of the front parlor windows were lowered all day, and the inner blinds of the general's sleeping room were shut, with the slats open. About 3 o'clock the general's wife stood for some minutes at a window on the third floor, and after looking for some moments at the watchers below, withdrew from the shade and closed the shutters.

HARRISON, the general's personal attendant, once came out to mail papers and letters at Sixty-sixth street and Madison avenue, and a watcher inquired as to the general's condition.

"HE IS NO BETTER, I FEAR," replied "You broke your leg and it pains you very much you know it broken, but even if the pain is less it is a long time to be there all the same. The general has felt easier to-day, but I fear he really is no better."

Messengers rang the bell at short intervals throughout the day, persons in quest of sympathy and inquiry are constantly coming from friends interested, persons in the city and out. A gentleman who called with extraordinary anxiety to see the general, Col. Fred Gregory of Co. B, 69th Regt., was told that the members of the family must deny themselves to all. These are the imperious and fastidious and a servant at the door. At 10 o'clock Dr. Douglas returned to the house after a brief absence. After he had been within half an hour he re-entered the carriage to see the general. Dr. Douglas was asked if he thought the end would come during the night. In answer he said: "I think not, but the general is now passing through the stage and we and it frankly I can't tell if the end will come tonight."

THE GENERAL IS GROWING WEAKER AND WEAKER.

These words were spoken without reserve, and carried conviction to the hearers which none of the bulletins could give. Dr. Douglas returned from his calls after an absence of about an hour, he had come back to remain all night. Dr. Shively soon joined him for the same purpose. Dr. Douglas, the general's minister, called at the house. His stay was short. When asked on Fifth avenue about the patient and the outlook, he said: "Of course no one can forecast the future with certainty. The disease until recently was within the power of the doctors, but now has gone quite beyond them. The general may live ten or twenty days, but I think he is going to choke to death. If the disease reaches the artery the danger of choking is increased, and I think that this disease becomes almost inevitable. Members of the family are now at the general's bedside. The doctors as a rule too, but they keep back as much as possible."

THE GENERAL WILL CHOKE TO DEATH.

It is too bad." In response to inquiries Dr. Douglas and Shively sent out the following bulletin: "At this moment (7 p. m.) General Grant is very quiet. His temperature and pulse about normal. He has taken his liquid food regularly and we and it in usual quantity. He is more silent than usual and has made no exertion of any kind to-day. It gives the impression of being weaker than he is not indicated by the pulse. 9.20 p. m.—There is no change in the condition of General Grant. He is somewhat weaker if anything. Temperature and pulse normal. He has taken liquid food in the usual quantity to-day."

Between 9 and 10 o'clock this morning a message was sent from the house. General Grant to Schuyler Crosby, 1.30 H. street, Washington: "My father is feeling less than he was yesterday but still very weak."

ISLANDS OF THE NORTH.

Crosby is ex-Governor of Montana. A. S. p. m. Rev. John P. Newman, delegate from the Newark, N. J., conference, called at the house with recollections of sympathy and hope passed by the conference. He was told that the general was very weak. At 9 p. m. Mr. Farrington, counsel to U. S. G. ant. Jr., was admitted to the house. He carried a volume and a black satchel. On leaving he told the inquirer he could speak of nothing he knew of within the doors. At 9.15

and Senator Leland of Stamford, Conn., gained entrance. When he left the general lay upon his side sitting up but was weak. The clergyman did not anticipate speedy death.

General Adam Haddock, General Grant's former military secretary, is an inmate of the Grant residence. On reliable authority it is stated that General Grant has recently expressed his desire that General Haddock become his literary executor. The family has had a policeman stationed before the house to prevent further ringing of the bell and to keep away all inquirers.

At 9.50 this dispatch was sent Col. F. S. Dent, Washington, D. C.: "Easy, but very weak." Signed F. D. Grant. At 10.15 Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., leaving his father's

house said: "Father feels very badly. There's nothing more for me to say. At 10.35 Dr. Douglas stated General Grant was feeling a little better."

WASHINGTON NEWS.

DISTRIBUTING THE OFFICES.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Nominations: Consul general of the United States, Thomas M. Waller, Connecticut, to London; Frederick Paine, Maryland, to Berlin.

Ministers resident of the United States: Isaac Bell, Jr., Rhode Island, to Netherlands; Rufus Magner, Indiana, to Sweden and Norway.

Ministers resident and consuls general of the United States: Edward Park Curtis Lewis, New Jersey, to Portugal; Rasmus B. Anderson, Wisconsin, to Denmark.

Consuls of the United States: A. Haller Gross, Pennsylvania, to Athens, Greece; Evan P. Howell, Georgia, to Manchester, England.

Consuls extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary of the United States: Thomas J. Jarvis, North Carolina, to Brazil; Alexander R. Lawton, Georgia, to Russia; Anthony M. Keyser, Virginia, to Italy.

Minister resident of the United States: Geo. W. Merrill, Nevada, to Hawaiian Islands.

Consuls general of the United States: Edmund Jones, Illinois, to Vienna, England; Brown Shipley & Co., London, England; Special fiscal agents of the navy department: Nathan Green, Tennessee, for the second district of Tennessee; Isham G. Leary, Texas, third district of Texas.

Consul General McGee, New York, solicitor of the treasury.

David Settle, North Carolina, marshal of the United States for the western district of New York; Joseph E. Johnston, Virginia, commissioner of railroads.

Wm. Caldwell, Ohio, surveyor of customs, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Clement Dowd, South Carolina, collector of the revenue, South district of North Carolina.

John O. Henderson, Indiana, collector of internal revenue, sixth district of Indiana.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—After reading the journal the senate went into executive session. When the doors opened adjourned.

CONTINUATIONS.

Postmasters—Frederick J. Kendrick, Mount Clemens, Mich.; Aquila Jones, Lodi, N. C.; Lizzie H. Ficklin, Charleston, N. C.; Claborn Bowler, Yazoo City, Miss.; N. C. Ridenour, Clarinda, Iowa.

ALEXANDER B. LAWTON, nominated for mission to Russia is a prominent lawyer of Savannah, he was educated at the University of the South, studied law at Savannah, and is now engaged there in the practice of his profession. When the civil war broke out he was in the army and served as a brigadier-general became quartermaster of the confederacy. At the close of the war he returned to the practice of his profession at Savannah and was a member of the legislature of Georgia. He is described as a lawyer of distinction, a gentleman, and of affable manners.

EDWARD PARK CURTIS LEWIS, nominated for mission to Portugal, is a resident of Hoboken, N. J. He is said to be a distant relative of Secretary Bayard, and has been a member of the legislature.

He was in the confederate army and is a son-in-law of Edwin Stevens, of Stevens' battery fame.

ISAAC BELL, JR., nominated minister to the Netherlands, is a wealthy citizen of Newport, R. I., a prominent lawyer and an active and prominent part in the democratic campaign for governor. He is brother-in-law to James Gordon Bennett.

REFAAS M'GEE, nominated minister to Sweden and Norway, is a resident of Loganport, is a son-in-law of Secretary Bayard, and has been a member of the legislature.

FRANK M. ANDERSON, nominated minister to Denmark, is an eminent Scandinavian scholar and is the author of a number of books on Scandinavian folk lore and myth. He is one of the editors and proprietors of the well known American literary work.

He is a man of wide influence among the Scandinavians in the United States and is a prominent member of the American system against those who desire to substitute for it a system of sectarian schools. He has always taken a deep interest in the promotion of Scandinavian immigration to this country. He is not only a fine Latin and Greek scholar but knows German, French, Hungarian and Italian, and is conversant with the Scandinavian languages. The nomination is generally regarded as an extremely good one.

THOMAS S. WALLER, nominated as consul-general at London, is well known as ex-governor of Connecticut.

FREDERICK BAILEY, nominated for the Berlin consulate, is a resident of Baltimore corresponding editor of the German democratic paper.

EDMUND GROSS, of Illinois, nominated consul-general to Vienna, is the leading member of a prominent firm of German-Americans in Chicago. He has long been a resident of the United States and is a brother-in-law to Carl Schurz.

E. S. HOWELL, of Georgia, nominated consul at Manchester, is a prominent member of the United States district court of Arkansas. He was tried and found guilty upon information which was obtained from a witness under the influence of "G" for having in his possession with fraudulent intent an obligation engraved and printed after the similitude of an interest-bearing coupon bond of the United States.

THE SENTENCE OF THE HAZEN COURT MARTIAL is simply a reaffirmation and yet not approved by the president.

THOMAS J. JARVIS, nominated minister to Brazil, served in the confederate army and was governor of North Carolina six years.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The supreme court has rendered a decision in an interesting original action entitled ex parte, in the case of James B. Wilson. This was an application for a writ of habeas corpus to release a person confined in the penitentiary of the United States district court of Arkansas. He was tried and found guilty upon information which was obtained from a witness under the influence of "G" for having in his possession with fraudulent intent an obligation engraved and printed after the similitude of an interest-bearing coupon bond of the United States.

The question raised by the petition for the writ of habeas corpus is whether the petitioner was guilty of an "infamous crime" within the meaning of the fifth amendment to the federal constitution, which provides that "no person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury." This court holds that the crime liable to infamous punishment is within the meaning of the words "capital or otherwise infamous crime" in the fifth amendment, and that it is not necessary to show that the crime was committed in any country within the United States without indictment or presentment by the grand jury, and that in-

carriage at hard labor for a term of fifteen years is infamous punishment. The prisoner is therefore entitled to be discharged, and the petition for a writ of habeas corpus is granted.

It is not expected that there will be much decrease in the public debt for March. The receipts this month are up to the average, but the disbursements have been larger than usual, the payments on account of pensions amounting to \$9,000,000.

The president designated Assistant Secretary Fairchild to act as secretary of the treasury in the absence of Secretary Manning, and Assistant Secretary Cook to act as secretary in the absence of Secretary Manning and Assistant Secretary Fairchild.

THE PRESIDENT INTENDS TO VISIT ATLANTA.

Senators Brown and Colquitt, of Georgia and Henry W. Grady, one of the proprietors of the Atlanta Constitution, called upon Cleveland today for the purpose of inviting him to visit Atlanta on the occasion of the meeting of the commercial convention there in May. The president expressed much interest in the proposition and said that he would talk with the members of his cabinet about the proposed trip. Senators Brown and Colquitt believe that they will accept the invitation.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The appointment of Wm. Caldwell as surveyor of the port of Cincinnati is claimed as a victory for the Payne-McClellan party, having been endorsed strongly by the senior Payne, who is said to have personally urged his nomination.

Postmaster-General Vilas authorized the statement that the army and navy departments have become efficient and valuable men against whom no just complaint can be brought and who have not turned their attention to the public interest in the service, need have no fear of being disturbed.

MISS CLEVELAND.

THE FIRST LADY OF THE LAND.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Miss Cleveland promises to make a great social success at the white house, although she may be compelled to undergo the unpleasant ordeal. Already the city is expressed for her. Mrs. McHenry, Mr. Arthur's sister, said of her the day after she left the white house: "I pity Miss Cleveland from the bottom of my heart for the next two months." She has been visiting for three or four hundred to a thousand more callers a day (Friday) incesse entered the white house, and the majority of the visitors who were in attendance at the inauguration ceremonies. Miss Cleveland will have one or two sisters or nieces with her, and her personal appearance will be a butlerly brilliancy. She is most accomplished lady; is well read in history; as student of science; a writer of some promise and a fine musician. Her personal appearance is not specially attractive. Her face is not beautiful. The hair is cut short, but her conversation is so pleasing, and so entertaining that one can not get tired of her from which it comes, as the admirers of politicians do not look upon the rough canvas, but admire the fine shades and touches from the artist and would not have her to give up her position. She will endeavor to hold up their end of the social line.

CLAY COUNTY LYNCHERS.

WANT OF EVIDENCE FREES THEM.

HASTINGS, Neb., March 30.—The eight men arrested for lynching Elizabeth Taylor and Thomas Jones on the night of the 14th inst. had their preliminary examination today at Clay Center before the county judge. The evidence against them was so weak that they were discharged. No doubt the grand jury, which convenes in May, will take up the matter.

HASTINGS, March 30.—Preliminary examination was held today at Clay Center in the case of the state against the Spring Ranch lynchings, to witness which the court room was crowded with people. The grand jury, which convened in May, will take up the matter.

OPENING THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

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WINNIPEG WAR.

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TROUBLED EUROPE.

Exciting Scenes at the Meeting of the Chamber of Deputies.

Julius Ferry Greeted With "Down With the Wretch."

Ferry Announced the Resignation of the Minority.

Peaceful Solution of the Russo-Afghan Question Assured.

On More Peaceful Terms Than at Any Time Previous.

The Chinese Flotilla—Affairs in the Soudan—The British Navy.

UNHAPPY FRANCE.

WAR WITH CHINA.

LONDON, March 30.—A Paris dispatch to the Exchange telegraph company states that war with China will be officially declared to-day. Fifty thousand reinforcements will be forwarded and the army ordered to march to Pekin. It is expected Admiral Courbet will bombard Canton. The Figaro states the French killed and wounded in the fight at Langson was twelve hundred. Some papers favor impeaching the ministry.

EXCITEMENT IN PARIS.

PARIS, March 30.—The excitement over the French defeat at Langson is intense. The feeling against the government is so strong that an outbreak is feared. It is reported that France officially declared war. The French minister of foreign affairs, Jules Ferry, is expected to resign to-day.

RUSSIAN SECURITIES ARE MUCH STRONGER.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., March 30.—The Esbuth is ordered to be ready to sail at a moment's notice. Twenty-five gunboats and thirty-six torpedo boats are ready for crews.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

COLLISION OF STEAMERS.

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any sacrifices when the military were overthrown. They supported the cabinet for concealing the truth. The result of the vote on Ferry's motion was read with loud applause.

THE AFGHAN TROUBLE.

A TRACELIKE SOLUTION LOOKED FOR.

LONDON, March 30.—In the house of commons this afternoon the marquis of Huntingdon, secretary of state and war, said the last advice the government received from St. Petersburg was to the effect that a peaceful solution of the Russo-Afghan question is more promising than at any time since the difficulty arose. Additional extensive orders had been sent to the Chte go most packing establishments in Russia. It was possible for the English firms to compete with the Americans. The report that hundreds of tons of American meat had been found putrid were, he said, untrue.

OSMAN DIGNA DESERTED.

SKARMI, March 30.—A spy from Tatal reports that Osman Digna is deserted by almost his entire force, only about a hundred men remaining with him. Large quantities of arms have arrived at the Tatal, on the Tatal road, and were not molested enroute.

Zeebar Pasha has been landed at Gibraltar.

THE CHINESE FLOTILLA.

HONG KONG, March 30.—An auxiliary volunteer torpedo flotilla has been organized here. Fifty steam launchers, all ready for service, will compose the flotilla. The Chinese government has given Li Hung Chang power to negotiate with Japan and settle the question in dispute regarding Corea.

A GREAT HINT.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 30.—The German Gazette thinks the dispute between England and Russia of too trivial a nature to fight about. The Gazette says it is difficult to understand a nation with such a reputation as that of the Soudan disaster can assume such a warlike attitude toward a powerful military state.

A PEACEFUL REPLY.

The Journal de St. Petersburg believes the reply of the Russian minister of foreign affairs will be a peaceful one. It is expected that the queen's message calling off the restraints.

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for defense to protect the helpless. All the men have been drilled for service and arms and ammunition issued them.

THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, March 30.—In the house of commons today while the member for Cardwell moved that the account of the house be authorized to pay for military service in the Northwest. Sir John A. Macdonald moved to amend the motion so as to make it a recommendation to the government and thus amended it was carried. Before the orders of the day were called up Blake read an article from the Hamilton Spectator, charging the reform party of Ontario with inciting the rebellion in the Northwest and furnishing rebels with arms. He said he could not control himself at the publication of such an insinuation similar by a newspaper supposed to be respectable and to reflect the views of the military and naval authorities of the party.

Blake asked the government if any further information had been received from the Northwest.

Sir John said nothing had been received beyond the confirmation of the news contained in the Spectator article. But Carlton had been abandoned and burned. The minister of militia said the only additional force that could be called out in Ontario and Quebec was the 30