OMAHA, NEB., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, 1885.

SURPRISED PARTIES

The Pain and Pleasure Produced by the Plenipotentiary Prizes.

The Country Searched Successfully for Political Fossils.

And High Honors are Heaped Upon Their Hoary Heads.

Cleveland a Dangerous Bull in the Bourbon China Shop.

A Loud and Prolonged Howl of Dis gust Creets the Ministerial Appointments.

OUT IN THE COLD. THE ROWDY WEST COMPLETELY IGNORED.

Special telegram to The BEE.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Thus far California has been entirely ignored by President Cleveland and representatives of the golden gate state here are more than hot about it. They are inclined to boil over. A meeting was held by them this afternoon to devise ways and means to secure a portion of the spoils, After discussing various propositions gravely After discussing various propositions gravely
the meeting took a comedy turn. One member suggested that the assembly unite in silent
prayer; another reminded those present that
perhaps few of them knew how
to pray and thought it was
true in politics as in everything else
that the Lord helps those who help themselves.
Still another advised singing a hymn and
called on Rosecrans to "line" it and lead in
vocalization. No plans were decided on.

SOME OF THE NOMINEES. Mr. Sparks, the new commissioner-genera Mr. Sparks, the new commissioner-general
of the land office, is the well known democratic politician who served in cougress from
1875 to 1883, declining re-election.
Mr. McConville, nominated to be audiror
of the treasury for the postoffice department, is from Stenbenville, Ohio, and is the
private secretary of Governor Hoadly.

THE EAGLE'S ENVOYS.

COMMENTS ON THE COURTIERS COMMISSIONE

NEW YORK, March 24.—Regarding the president's diplomatic nominations the Evening Post says: The nominations sent to the senate by President Cleveland to-day are the most important that he has made since the cabinet appointments were announced. They sustain fully the expectations founded upon the high character of the appointments made the high character of the appointments made the high character of the appointments made.

In the lords this evening against the appointment division for the treasury department. The secretary gave notice that he would ask Cambridge ganizations in which the would ask Cambridge ganizations in which the division for the treasury department. The secretary whether, in view of the heavy losses in Sunday's engagement, which were due to a disreptomized to give the matter consideration.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury, today tendered his resignation at the request of Secretary Manning.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury, today tendered his resignation at the request of Secretary Manning.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury department of the matter consideration.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury, today tendered his resignation at the request of Secretary Manning.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury tong for the matter consideration.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury tong for the matter consideration.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury tong for the matter consideration.

Edwin W. Keight, third auditor of the treasury tong for the matter consideration.

Edwin W. MacKey, of Nevada, called on the president to-day.

The land sales of the company during the year was \$478,000.

The land sales of the company tong for the matter consideration and floating the sales cancelled, and floating the sales cancelled, and floating the proper with the sales of the confidence of the duke.

A BROWN STUDY.

A BROWN STUDY. have been filled in a manner most creditable to the administration and befitting the digni-ty of the high stations to which the nominees have been assigned.

The Commercial Advertiser says:
The diplomatic nominations sent to the sen-

plete surprises. Mr. Phelps, named as minselection to succeed Mr. Lowell seems unservanteen other clerks. Out of this clerical fortunate in any case. The British mission is the one that most imperatively needs a may of wide reputation and panies of Iowa, receiving the benefit of selecapproved tact. Mr. Phelps may or may not have the necessary tact; he certainly has not the reputation needed. Mr. Jackson, who goss to Mexico, was minister to Austria during Pierce's administration. The news of these from the insurance companies examined, he appointments comes to us at the moment of going to press too late to permit any adequate examination to-day of the several qualifications for the service to which they are appointments of the service to service to which they are appointments of the service to use at the moment of standing the loss of time when not employed, and paying his own travelling expenses. This proposition he as often declined, preferring to accept the guarantee. If it had not been pointed, but we may say generally that, with country expected men of larger fame as its as salary for the nine and a half months emrepresentatives at the principal foreign cap-

The Sun says: Phalps, who, without any previous public no tice, was nominated as minister to England, is a lawyer of much reputation in Vermont, him. He has never served in congress, is un-known in democratic pational conventions, and nobody ever dreamed that he would re and nobody ever dreamed that he would re-ceive the most desirable diplomatic post that is at the disposal of the president. In fact, Mr. Phelps himself did not expect such a thing until Mr. Bay-ard telegraphed for him four or five days ago. No political reason whatever is apparent for giving such an office to a citizen of Vermont, a state hopelessly republican and yet it cannot be said that Mr. Phelps is unequal to the public duties to which he is assigned. At the same time it is certain that he cannot perform those social, postprandial, and semi-literary duties in which Mr. Lowell has made himself the most popular man in lingland; and it is equally certain that the new minister will never come back, as Mr. Buchanan did in 1856, to carry off the demosense it is a prudent appointment. Mr. Mc-Lane of Maryland, whom Mr. Cleveland nomi plished, intellectual, wealthy and popular. His services to the democratic party have been conspicuous, and nothing can be said against his being minister to France. He will give quite as fine dinners there as Mr. Morton, whom he succeeds. Mr. Jackson, of Georgia, who is nominated for minister to Mexico, served as minister in Austria under President Pierce, and was a confederate brigadier general in the civil war. The office to which he is now allotted is quite important, and he succeeds a man of extraordinary ability, wisdom, and influence in the person of Mr. Phillip H. Morgan, of Louisiana, who has been minister in Mexico during the last five years. The

revised, and if Mr. Fendleton shall succeed in obtaining such a revision of it as this country requires, he will perform a great service and more than justify his astonishing appointment to a second-class post.

The World says:

The first feeling occasioned by the announcement of yesterday's diplomatic appointments will doubtless be one of regret at the absence of Allen G. Thurman's name. The yearsable statesman has been so closely identified. renerable statesman has been so closely iden-tified with the struggles of democracy in its years of trial that the people expected to see him crowned with its honors in its hour of triumph. His advanced age, an obstacle to

during the last five years. The appointment of Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, as min-

ster to Germany is not the least sensational

in this list of surprises. The public mind had supposed that Mr. Pendleton would have

one of the two great missions and be sent either to France or England. He is a gen-

tleman of great experience and influence, and

may be that in sending him to Germany resident Cleveland has felt the necessity of

baving there a representative of unusual strength. The Bancroft treaty needs to be revised, and if Mr. Pendleton shall succeed in

courteous, educated gentleman, accustomed to the unages of polite society, Ten years in congress as a representative and six years as a senstor have given him a national reputation, and the prompt confirmation of his appointment by the senate was not only a customery but a deserved compliment. There may be some surprise that the English mission should go to little Verment, and to a mussion should go to little Verment, and to a gentleman whose name is entirely unfamiliar to the democrats. Yet Mr. Phelps is a man of attainments, a jurist, and a popular professor at Yale cellege. He was formerly a whig, and the only political position, we believe, he ever held was that of second controller of the treasury, under President Fillmore. Since the close of that administration Mr. Phelps is said to have acted with the democratic party, and he is spoken of as very positive and strong in his American views. Mr. Mc. Lare, who goes to France to succeed Mr. Morton, is an able, scholarly intelligent man, a proficient French scholar, and thoroughly familiar with the history of the country to which he is secredited. Mr. McLane has always been an active democrat. He was a delegate to the St. Louis convention of 1876 and a strong supporter of Mr. Tilden's nomination. Mr. Jackson, who is named for the Mexican mission, has been a lawyer, an editor, a confederate brigadier-general and a poet. No one would deny that he is thus equipped for the Mexican Mission, even if he had not had diplomatic experience, first as Charge d'Affairs at Vienna under Pierce and afterward as minister resident there. gentleman whose name is entirely unfamiliar

CAPITAL NEWS,

afterward as minister resident there.

DIVIDING THE SPOILS. WASHINGTON, March 24.-Nominations Henry S. Muldrow, Mississippi, assistant secretary of the interior; Wm. A. J. Sparks Illinois, commissioner general of the land office; Daniel McCanville, Ohio, auditor of the treasury for the postoffice department.
It is understood the cabinet session to-day
was devoted to consideration of appointments
to be made before the senate adjourned. Mr. Muldrow was nominated assistant secretary of the interior. He was a colonel in the confederate army and a member of the 45th. 46th, 47th and 48th congress.

THE SENATE. The cenate met at noon and went into ex-The cenate met at noon and went into executive session to consider the Weil and
La' Abra treaty. Discussion was brought to
an end by a half hour's speech by Senator
Vest in spoosition to the treaty. No action
was taken. There were about a dezen senators in the chambers when the doors reopened.
Senators Voorhees and Spooner were appointed a beard of visitors to the naval academy at Aunapolis. Adjourned,
KICKING HIGGINS.

The committee consisting of Joseph Pickard and William Winchester, representing the Civil Service Reform Association, of Maryland, waited on the secretary of the treasury to-day and presented him a copy of the resolution adopted by that association protecting against the appointment of Eugene Higgins as chief of the appointment division

CHICAGO, Ill., March 24.—The following

The Commercial Advertiser says:

The diplomatic nominations sent to the senate this morning will surprise most men who give attention to public affairs. Mr. Pendleton, who is named as minister to Germany, is a good selection, and Mr. McLane, of Maryland, who goes to France, is known as a public man of ability and rectitude, so far as be is known at all, to the public outside of his own state. The other two names are complete surprises. Mr. Phelps, named as minimal contents and comment is self-explanatory:

"I, H. S. Vail, being duly sworn, depose and say that I have read the affidavit of Stuce Reid, dated March 20th, 1885, published in the Chicago Evening Journal of March 24th, 1885, making certain statements in regard to his services for me in the Iowa listers the facts and give a false impression, some of the statements being utterly false. I employed said Reid in my office in Chicago uttil said Reid became familiar with the ocument is self-explanatory: until said Reid became familiar with the ster to England, is so slightly known that his insurance business. At that time I employed for the extra time put in I should have lost the single exception of Mr. Pendleton, the money on him; as it was I actually paid him ployed all that was received from the insur-ance companies except \$116.89. This The Sun says:
In the nominations sent to the senate yesteriay Mr. Cleveland preserved that element show that my charge to the insurance compaof the unexpected and surprising which he mies were simply enough to cover my guaran-seems always to take pleasure in. Mr. tee and no more. Reid's statement that he eceived for his services in the examination of the Burlington insurance company, not to ex good \$100 is false, as is also his statement that I had said that the difference between what he was paid and what I collected from the where he lives, but is not much known outside. Though he has sometimes appeared here in law cases, few New Yorkers know company for his service was to be turned over to Auditor Brown for election campaign purposes is also utterly and totally false. This additional more alidavit merely shows the animus of an employe discharged for cause. H. S. Vall. State of Illinois, County of Cook.

Personally appeared H. S. Vail, signer of the foregoing affidavit, who makes solemn oath to the truth of the same, before me this 24th day of March, A. D., 1885. WM. S. WHARTON, Notary Public.

BARRIO'S WAR. THE CENTRAL AMERICAN REPUBLIC ALL TORN UP. LA LIBERTAD, San Salvador, via Galveston, March 24.-Couriers arriving here to-day from the city of San Salvador report that in the latter place the gravest consternation prevals because of the approach of President Barrios at the head of his army, which was first thought to number only eight thousand, the constraint of the fully double that number of the companient will be given one of the cratic nomination to the presidency and be Barrios at the head of his army, which was elected by the people afterward. In this but is now said to be fully double that numnates for minister to France, is a gentleman ber. He has considerable artillery and cavof eminent talent and cultivation, acromalry, and it is said he is being reinforced every day. The most misleading reports are being scattered over the republic and become more exaggerated at each telling. Many of the rich citizens of San Salvador have deserted the city and fied to the mountains. Others have taken ship from this port, country is full of Barries' spies, and the San Salvadoran army, which numbers less than fifteen hundred is said to be in a state of re

> City of Mexico, March 24. - Mariscal, min ister of foreign affairs, informs the Associated press correspondent he had just received news that Barrios had invaded San Salvador with 15,000 mcs. He added if the moral disapproval of Mexico and the United States has no effect upon President Barrios, more decisive action may be necessary. While devoting our energies to internal reconstruction, we would deplore the necessity of foreign war.

The Oklahoma Boomers, COFFETVILLE, Kan., March 24. - The Oklahoma colonists of Coffeyville are seeking to get a large force into Oklahoma while Gen. Hatch is watching Couch at Arkansas City. The plan is to send men in small squads and scatter them over the country, keeping scouts riding to warn them of the approach of troops. They have received large reinforcements from Texas and propose to wear out the Ninth cavalry by long marches. Several wagons loaded with supplies for colonists were started from here on Sunday

Sr. Paul, Minn., March 24 .- The Northern Pacific Express company has abolished this advanced age, an obstacle to his presence in a vigorous, hardworking cabinet, would have been no barrier to a foreign mission. With the regret at the absence of this one name, it will be conceded that the appointments are creditable to the democratic party and to the country. Mr. Peudleton, who has the mission to Berlin, is a the Wells, Fargo company.

The Mahdi and Muscovite Stirring the Animal With Hot Pokers.

The Recall of Graham and McNeil Demanded in London.

Russia Responds Menacingly to England's Afghan Note.

Uncommon Activity in the Arsenals of the Empire.

France and China Getting Tired of War-Affairs in Germany and Elsewhere.

ENGLAND'S TRIALS.

ON TO TAMAL. SUARIM, March 24-Sappers are now en

vance. The Shropshire regiment accompanied by a convoy, started to join Gen. Mc-Neil at the Hasaeen zeraba.

At the cabinet council this evening, it understood, a reply of somewhat unfavorable nature was received from the Russian govern ment in relation to the Afghan frontier question. The situation is still very critical, The war office is dissatisfied with Gen. Graham's management at Suskim and he will probably be recalled. The St. James Gazette denounces "The incapacity shown at the head-

quarters" and says: "This murderous military scuffis would never have happened if Gens. McNeil and Graham had taken precautious, which should have occurred to a cadet." The general press comments in the same tone.

In the lords thus evening Baron Treville gave notice that he would ask Cambridge

iron-clad in commission.

In the lords Northbrook said a naval office.

In the lords Northbrook said a havai officer had been sent to America to inspect the newly invented torpedo boat, but it was not desirable to publish the result of his investigation yet.

Advices from Suakim state the country between Suakim and the zetebas is swarming with Arabs. The Directo of Rome, alludes to the fact Suakim as a transported of the fact Suakim as a transported of the suakim state of the fact Suakim as a transported of the suakim state of the s to the fight Sunday as a tremendous defeat of the British which will inspire with new courage the whole Arab world, and make it necessary for Italy to send 2,000 mm more to in order not to risk the beginning

A dispatch from Korti says messengers there from the vicinity of Kassala report that the powerful Shukeriyah tripe have revolted

against the mandi. The latest returns regarding the casualties of Sunday's engagements show that, includ-ing the Indian troops and exclusive of camp

Naval officials at Plymouth were ordered a few days ago to make a list of vessels available for service. To-day an order was re-ceived to prepare the vessels immediately for active service.

The transport and commissary of the British service lost 150 men killed inSunday's ngagement near Tamai.

The scarcity of camels delays the advance on Tamai. In the attack on the guards and marines to-day several Arabs were killed. Armed women were seen among the rebels Osman Digna has ordered his Arabs not to Arabs found in the field near Tams, after the recent engagements were very much emaciated, proving Osman Digna short of food. Two powerful native tribes of rebels will be led against the Mahdi.

THE AFGHAN BOW. ALLAHABAD, March 24 —Earl Dufferin, vicercy, met here to-day Gen, Sir Donald Stewart, commander in chief of the forces in India. The vicercy sanctioned the mobiliza-tion of two army corps of 25,000 men each luke of Connaught will be given one of the divisional commands. Supplies for six months are being sent to Pishin. Gen. Stewart started for Rawul Pindi to mature his plans. Earl Dufferin will start for Rawul

adjourned for three weeks.

FRANCE AND CHINA. Members of the Chinese Legation here state that earnest peace negotiations between France and China are proceeding at Pekin. A GIFT FOR BISMARCK.

Refore the reichstag adjourned to-day the THE SUPREME COURT DECISION STRIKES THEM emperor's entire approval was imparted con cerning the disposal of the Bismarck testi-monial fund. The title deeds of the Schonhauses estate will be presented Bismarck on the 50th anniversary of entry into the service of the state. THE COLORS STOLEN.

iring the visit of the Prince and Princess of

The Manitoba Rebellion. Offawa, March 24.-There is no doubt the

THE LION TAMERS. the lobbles that the Indians are joining Riel REWARDED

THE UNION PACIFIC.

THE GOVERNMENT DEUT. Washington, March 24. - The report of the commissioner of railroads on the Union Pacific railroad, as revealed by the company's books, show there was due the United States A Political Portrait of Higgins, for the year 1884, under the Thurman act, \$1,135 220, against which there was credited for government transportation, etc., S1.185, 173, leaving \$47 due the government for the year. President Adams says the compony will pay pron.ptly \$917,000 a judged due the government by the court of claims.

Elevated by Manning.

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

Barnings and expenses.

Boston, March 24.—A summary of the operations of the Union Pacific for the year 1884 has been made public and is as follows:
For the last six months the earnings, excluding the St. Joseph & Western railroad, were \$14,738,000; expenses, \$6,807,000; taxes, \$549,000; taxes, \$549,000; taxes, \$6,807,000; taxes, \$549,000; taxes, \$6,807,000; taxes, \$549,000; taxes, \$6,807,000; taxes, \$6,807,0 bonds, Total surplus for the last six months of the year, \$4,036,000. From this is deducted \$750,000 for the gaged making a road through the brush to-United States requirements, leaving the net ward Tamai. A convoy of provisions and water has gone to the Zereba, the scene of irst six months of the year. The president Sun isy's battle. Osman Dignas, the famous chief, Taggaih, was killed in Sunday's fight.

WARS AND HUMORS OF WARS.

LONDON, March 24.—The Egyptian troops at Suakim will be shipped back to Cairo to-morrow. A prisoner reports that Osman Dignas's men at †Taxai are sending women and children back into the hills and preparing to make a desperate resistance to the British advance. The Shropshire regiment accompature.

Sushim will be shipped back to Cairo to-morrow. A prisoner reports that Osman Dignas's men at †Taxai are sending women and children back into the hills and preparing to make a desperate resistance to the British advance. The Shropshire regiment accompature of the past year there have been in mind that the various measures of economy which have been measures of economy which have this morning, and a few hours later Carter Harrison was nominated by the local democracy for mayor of Chicago for the third time. "So Mackin atd Gallagher are out just in time for the spring election to do some more investments, was \$26,205,000. In 1883 the earnings were \$29,341,000; the surplus for 1884 this morning, and a few hours later Carter Harrison was nominated by the local democracy for mayor of Chicago for the third time. "So Mackin atd Gallagher are out just in time for the spring election to do some more investments, was \$3,62,000,000. In 1883 the earnings were \$29,041,000; the surplus for 1884 this morning, and a few hours later Carter Harrison was nominated by the local democracy for mayor of Chicago for the third time. "So Mackin atd Gallagher are out just in time for the spring of their 'fine work'," said a disgusted citizen, in leaving the court room, where a great crowd was in waiting to hear Judge Gresham's decision. There is m Sun isy's battle. Osman Dignas, the famous says that it is necessary to bear in mind that

During the past year there have been ex-enses and loss in receipts that are not likely occur again. The increase in taxes, \$245, to occur again. The increase in taxes, \$245, † 753, was owing to a new law in Nebrasks. The tolls due from the St. Joseph & Western road to the St. Joseph bridge building company have not been paid. These tolls, amounting to \$101,865, are properly receipts of the system. They will soon be paid. The accumulated deficiencies, open accounts and disputed credite, since the consolidation in 1880, have been charged off against the surplus income of 1884, which has sufficed to meet tham all after paying a dividend of 12 per cent, and yet leave a balance of \$1,033,444, equal to 1.7-10 per cent on the companies capitallstock. The total outstanding funded debt of the company, which does not include debt of the company, which does not include favored debts of auxilliary independent or-ganizations in which the company is interest-ed, amounted. December 31, 1884, to 884,173, 285, as compared with 883 506,332 the previ-

THE DYING HERO.

AN APPRAU TO THE THRONE OF GRACE, CHESTER, Pa., March 24.-The Philade! chia Methodist conference unanimously passed the following resolution: "That we, the preachers of this conference, for ourselves friends of Mackin and Gallagher. and our people send Gen. Grant assurances of our sifection, and promise our fervent of the campaigh with such experience as that his sufferings and if it be possible to lengthen of Gen. Graham's expedition. Capt. Grappi before leaving Rome to join Gen. Graham's of inner man and surround him with shinings of divine felicity, so that if, we fain hope, he f divine felicity, so that if, we fain hope, shall be spared to yet live many days to family and to bis country, the peace of God which passeth all understanding may rest apon him always, or if it be appointed to him last fight, his last enemy be

out under his feet." wounded. One officer and seventy men are reported missing. The guards and marines, while advancing from the Hashen zereba to-day to meet the convoy from Suakim, had several muskery skirmishes with the rebels, during which sixteen British were wounded and one killed. remained indors. The general is apparently cumbered, in a better condition this evening than for

A New York dispatch to the Boston Her-ald says: Being pressed to give his opinion as to the further duration of Grant's life. Dr Fordyce Barker could only say that it must be very brief, but Dr Douglass fixed the ex treme limit at thirty days, and added that he appointment as clerk, was disclosed to day, might not live through another week. If he It begins with 1875, when Higgins is charged ould and would take sufficient nourishment as he does on exceptional days, he might hold on the road to Tamai, but to intercept and on for several months yet; but he is now destroy all convoys of water and provisions wasting away so rapidly, in consequence of as to starve the garrisons. The dead of persistency in light eating and through inability to sleep, that power of endurance has become unknown factor, and it may leave him in a state of collapse at any moment. His robust and hearty constitution is no more. Like Garfield, he wastes away from day to day. He is weak and listless much of the time, and during this week his work on his book has been slight and spasmodic, making very little progress. At times he lapses into a condition bordering on stupor. But in his wakeful and brighter periods he is the same stolid, grim, brighter periods he is the same stolid, grim. Again he is charged with being a lobbyist, man who faced death on the battle field and with having an interest in a gambling twenty years ago. "It has been a misrepresentation,", he

added, "to say that the general does not appreciate the fact that he must soon die. The hero of Shiloh and the Wilderness fully understands that he has a few weeks only, and to his intimate friends he speaks of this with the same freedom and in Pindi to-morrow. It is expected the whole force will advance at the conclusion of the meeting between Dufferin and the Ameer. The greatest rivalry prevails among the natives for active service. Monitors in the harbor are being equipped on a war footing.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

THE DUKE OF AUGUSTENBERG.

BERLIN, March 23.—The reichstag adopted the Russian Augustenberg hill. Under its terms Russia restores to the Duke of Augustenberg hill advances him intentions with respect to dinner or the condition of his digestion. If left to himself, he would not live four days. He is very weak and indisposed to take any nourishment whatever, because of the pain produced by swallowing. He is never hungry. Despits the earnest solicitation of those who care for him, he has refused to eat a morsel for two days at a time. Then the members of his family gather around him and beg of him for their sakes to take some nourishment. He then concents to the ordeal, and is invariably extended to the concentration of the discusses his intentions with respect to dinner or the condition of his digestion. If left to himself, he would not live four days. He is very weak and indisposed to take any nourishment whatever, because of the pain produced by swallowing. He is never hungry. Despits the earnest solicitation of those who care for him, he has refused to eat a morsel for two days at a time. Then the members of his family gather around him and beg of him for their sakes to take some nourishment. He then concents to the order of his digestion. matter-of-fact manner that he discusses his terms Russia restores to the 1/uke of August-terms Russia restores to the 1/uke of August-terms Russia restores to the 1/uke of August-hausted by the effort; but in an hour or two he begins to mend, and thereafter improves very rapidly until his system calls out again Schleswig house renounce their claims to the sovereignty of the duchess. The reichstag him to eat. Ida is rather more successful in dealing with his moods than anybody else. Ida is rather more successful in and it is usually from her hands that he fin-ally accepts food."

THE POLYGS POUT.

HARD, SALT LAKE, March 24.—The general renti ment among intelligent Mormons regarding the decision of the United States supreme court yesterday in the election cases, in which the Utah commission were respondents, DUBLIN, March 24.—There was some excitement to-day due to the announcement that a number of medical students had stolen the mansion house flag because of the recent is one of disappointment. While the test eaths prescribed by the commission are declared invalid, they state that the court was not of its way to practically declare the Edmunds act valid, when the point was not necessarily before it. The rulings that in their intelligence to be about on a par with that of the detectives of Dublin or Lordon. threat of Mayor O'Connor to lower the colors control of congress is viewed with amazament and generally considered as a position more Office of the connection with the rebellion at Prince Albert. It is reported in

The "Filligree Frands" of Democracy in company with some friends, to make a public appeal in his behalf, but he was too proud to consent to this, and as soon as he heard of our intention he peremptorily forbade any further steps in the matter.

Traders and Speculators Rustling for the Day's Expenses in the Pits.

The Maryland Polisher.

Elevated by Manning.

DISAPPOINTMENT AND DISGUST among the better people of both parties that these two men should be taken from behind the bars, and there is a general feeling that and that the tr'al was affected thereby, he will grant a new trial, which may proceed forthwith before himself or Judge Gresham, or be reserved for another district court judge. But,

ON THE OTHER HAND, if he finds the information good, and the judge gets the ruling, he will then confirm the sentence of the district court and defendants sentence of the district court and defendants will go to the penitentiary. There is no appeal from his decision except to the president for pardon. In a brief interview with Mr. Thompson, counsel for the defense, the latter said: "We shall have our fight on the question of jurisdiction. The desper I have looked into that question the more do I become satisfied that the district court for the country of the c fied that the district court had no right to try this case on mere information, and I think it at all the case ought to be tried in the circuit court." Should the motion for a new trial be denied next May, an appeal to the supreme court will be the next move of the defendant's connsel. It may be several months before a

JUGGE GRESAAM'S RULING. CHICAGO, March 24.-Judge Greeham in the prayers be seeching Almighty God to lighten United States circuit court this morning this sufferings and if it be possible to lengthen granted a writ of error in the case of Mackin or sending the two men to the penitentiary expired at meon to-day, and if that writ had been granted they would have been taken The time for hearing the writ of error has not yet been fixed upon. In reviewing the case Judge Gresham said after examining the records of

Age York, March 24.—After visiting Gen.
Grant to night Douglass said: "The general had a very good day. He took a good deal of food. His pulse and temperature are good for a sick man. His throat looked quite as well as usual. The general came down stairs this evening and said he felt like going out for a walk, but of course he did not go. His car, if are a sum to be taken that he would feel it necessary to increase the half of the default necessary to increase the half of the default.

A FINE WORKER.

A SKETCH OF REGGINS' CAREER. BALTIMORE, Md., March 24.—The commuication of the civil service reform association o Secretary Manning, upon Eugene Higgins appointment as clerk, was disclosed to day. with having violated the ballot boxes (Governor Carroll's election) After the election clerk of the superior court, he is charged with having fraudulently destroyed the ballots of one party and substituting tickets of the other party. In 1878 he is charged with hav-ing gone to Clarksville district of Howard county, and having been the "champion bull-dozer of that district," and under a rowdy alias, and with pistol and whiskey bottle hand, terrorized the quiet citizens and ille-gally voted hundreds of negroes and others brought from outside, with the assistance of the district register and other conspirators

Harrison fot Mayor. CHICAGO, March 24,-The democratic city convention met at 11 o'clock this morning out did not effect an organization till after oon. At 2:30 o'clock Carter H. Harrison was renominated for mayor by acclamation.

THE FENIAN HEAD CENTER. ATRICK EGAN DEFENDS THE NOTED PENIAN

JAMES STEPRENS. CHICAGO, March 24.-In a letter to the ditor of the Tribune, dated Lincoln, Neb., March 21, Patrick Egan, president of the Irish national league, writes:

In your notice in yesterday's Tribune of the expulsion of James Stephens from France, and of the appeal which has been made in his behalf, you say:

"Since the practical collapse of Fenianism, Stephens has managed to take a leading part with Rossa and others in keeping alive the Irish antipathy to English rule. . . . It has been claimed that the Phoenix Park murders, the recent London explosions, and other sim ar occurences, were more or less inspired by

During the two years that I had spent in Paris I had frequent opportunities of meet-ing and conversing with Mr. Stephens. I am he has not taken any active part in the Irish volutionary affairs, and the use that has been so freely made of his name in newspaper dis patches from Paris was wholly and entirely without foundation. I am aware, beyond any question of doubt, that he has no cannection with O'Donovan Rossa, and that he is bitterly opposed to the methods which that gentleman

who, in order to cover up their own stupidity always endeavor to sacrifice some one "as a

Mr. Stephens for a considerable time past has been in very low health, and, through his

own and his wife's exertions in giving lessons in languages and music, has been barely able to make out a very precarious existence. Knowing his circumstances I proposed in 1882,

further steps in the matter.

While like many of his old friends I differ very widely from some of Mr. Stephen's views, I feel that he has done incalculable service in laying the foundation of our organization which for nearly a quarter of a century has been the great purifying element in Irish politics. I know that he has made great sach in the service of the ser rifices for pure love of Ireland, and I feel that it would be the basest of ingratitude on the part of his countrymen, now that he is broken down in health and in need of their assistance o hesitate in coming to his aid. I remain cours truly, PATRICE EGAN.

TOBE CASTOR OUT.

THE FIRST ROUND IN A LOCAL FIGHT. Special to the BER.

WILBER, Neb., March 23. -The case of the state of Nebraska (or more properly speaking Tobe Castor and Clark Braden) vs. Leonard L. Luse, was heard Friday morning on de murrer to indictment by Judge Pound, the state being represented by O. P. Mason and the defendant by E. E. McGintie, of Wilber, CHICAGO BALLOT SOX STUFFERS.

Special telegram to The Bee.

Chicago, March 24.—It has been a great day for the democrate in Chicago. "Jo" Mackin and "Bill" Gallagher, the democratic ballot box stuffers, were released from jail this morning, and a few hours lates Carter Harrison was nominated by the local democratic ballot box stuffers. effect it might have in a case pending in Sa-line county court, and the indictment obtained by hard swearing on the part of Castor and Braden. Three or four other cases are pend-ing between these parties in which the public are much interested.

The Illinois Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 24 .- The bill providing for raising jurors' fees from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per day and the mileage from 5 to 10 cents per mile was introduced by the judicithe bars, and there is a general feeling that they may by hook or crook escape the clutches of the law. The effect of to-day's proceedings is that the legal points in the case are sent for review to Justice Harlan. Should be decide that the information is bad, the case not being one that can be prosecuted under an information, or that the district court has no jurisdiction, that will end the matter and the cases will be dismissed. Should be decide that Judge Blodgett erred in his ruling and that the trial was affected theteby, he was killed.

tion. Pike advocated the bill, believing that \$50 was too high an exemption. The bill was killed.

The state board of canvassers convassed the vote in the Nineteenth district with the following result: Spafford, republican, 5,275; McKinnie, democrat, 725, scattering 9.

At 11:45, Hon. Dwight S. Spafford, the new member from the Nineteenth district, was introduced to the house by Mr. Fuller, and after the usual formalities was sworn in.

In the senate to day a resolution was offered

and after the usual formalities was sworn in.

In the senate to day a resolution was offered by White, that the senate adjourn sine die April 18th. It went over. Also a resolution to have the senate meet at 9 o'clock. A bill was introduced by Funk to establish maximum rates of charges for storage of grain in public warehouses. Sanator Bergeun's bill to revise the law in relation to criminal' jurisprudence. I'assed. Senator Morris' bill assessing fire arms passed.

In the joint assembly 43 senators and 114 representatives answered the roll call. Senators Cantwell and Streeter were the only ones voting; the former voted for Morrison, the latter for Black.

One of the Rescals Turned Out-Suspension of Postmaster Hendall

at St. Paul,

Sr. Paul, Neb., March 24.—This com. mon, \$2 40@3 60; good, \$3 65@4 30; stock munity is all tore up over the suspension of A. A. Kendall postmaster, by the denort Texaus, \$4 06@5 00. A. A. Kendall, postmaster, by the depart The sharp downward turn of yesterday in ment for being a defaulter. Postoffice In-A. A. Kendall, postmaster, by the depart spector Steen dropped in here last week and examined the books of the office and discoverable with a slight reaction and active demand. There were some salesmen that made poor sales yesterday, who wanted an advance of examined the books of the office and discovered that Kendall was short \$900. When 10c on the ordinary run of packing hogs, but asked where the money was Kendall replied in a general way values were only about a "at the bank" whither Mr. Steen went, only to find that he had no deposit there. Mr. Stean at once suspended Mr. Kendall, turned the office over to the bondsmen and reported 25,000. Rough and common packers sold food. His pulse and temperature are good for a sick man. His throat looked quite as well as usual. The general came down stairs this evening and said he felt like going out for a walk, but of course he did not go. His carriage came to take him for a drive, but I adqualified as chief bondsman, and testified he would feel it necessary to increase the bail of the defendants to \$50,000. Mike McDonald riage came to take him for a drive, but I adqualified as chief bondsman, and testified he only leaked out to day. It appears from what your correspondent could learn that remained indoors. The general is apparently his full duty by reporting the case to the de-partment and to the U.S. district attorney, as he was instructed. An officer is expected here almost hourly, after the offender, just what the result will be no one can tell.
A. J. Kendall and N. J. Paul are on the bond, and perhaps others. Inspector Steen

ommissioner, is a slick one.

Dry Goods Market. NEW YORK, March 24. - For Tuesday there down of crop prospects, we shall see the has been more than an average trade, as winter wheat crop in quality below that of New York, March 24. - For Tuesday there orders have been of greater number and, with personal selections, have taken a good quantity of stuffs from agents. At jobbing hands there has been a good trade in progress, with

The Marine Bank Fraud. New YORK, March 24 .- The trial of ex resident Fish, of the Marine bank, was continued to-day. The prosecution closed yesterday and the defense opened this morning, claiming that there was no wilful misappre priation of the funds of the institution and nence no criminal action.

What Are We Here For?

Austin, Tex., March 24.—The constitutional amendment providing for submission tional amendment providing for submission in opera comique, in Paris last evening, she to the people of the question of prohibition was received with hisses and whistling, which passed the house to-day without discussion by a vote of 72 to 16. The announcement of the vote was greeted with prolonged applause. Were soon drowned, however, by a storm of applause, There is an organized opposition to her because she is an American.

A SCALP DANCE.

The Grain and Provision Markets Decidedly Flat.

A Crop or a Consol Scare Anxiously Awaited.

Jaw Breaking Beef Still Monopolize the Stock Yards.

Frisky, Porkers Command a Nickel More than on Monday-the Market Review.

SIRTING BULLS

WAITING FOR SOMETHING TO TURN UP. pecial Telegram to THE BEE. CHICAGO, March 24 .- "This is a waiting narket," said one of a large circle of energetic

builetin-board watchers this morning. "The market is waiting, waiting for a crop scare." 'That is," interrupted the speaker's nearest neighbor, "the bull portion of the market is waiting for a crop scare. The rest of the boys are waiting for legitimate causes to put the price of June wheat down to 75¢. All the waiting in the world can't bring any damage to crops this late in the season." Meanwhile small congregation of operators, known by their works rather than by their talk, were anxiously waiting to scalp the market of their day's expenses. They had a hard time of it, At opening the market showed considerable At opening the market showed considerable firmness owing to reports of lower consols. The increase in the visible supply, too, had something to do with the better prices prevalent early in the day, June wheat, which closed yesterday at \$1\frac{1}{2}c, opened \$2\frac{1}{2}c.

After the first half hour the report regarding the price of consols being emphatically desired visions beginning the great backets. nied, prices began to decline. The opening price was highest, for everything bought and sold on change. At one o'clock June wheat was weak at 812c, May corn lower at 412c, and May pork 10c lower than epening, at \$11.85. In these last two named articles trade was al-most too insignificant to be worthy of men-

The range of fluctuations in the price of corn was too narrow to admit of any profitable scalping and it was generally commented that no big traders were on the floor except as spectators. The only encouraging thing about the situation appeared to be the improved and improving condition of the ship-ping trade, which has been large enough durhe past week to more than counteract the

heavy volume of receipts.

THE STOCK MARKET. The cattle market, in a general way, was rather slow. Buyers were endeavoring to get another reduction on the ordinary run of shipanother reduction on the ordinary run of shipping steers. Shippers were buying sparingly, and dressed beef dealers had limited orders on the market, first-c'ass butchers stock selling equally as high as at any time. This class takes in fat heifers, fat cows, bulls and oxen. Canning stock steady and a shade stronger than last week. The supply of stockers and feeders is rather light, and the quality rather below the average; 1,050@1,250 lb. steers, \$4 25@5 00; 1,250@1,375 lb. \$5 15@5 40; extra. \$5 50@5 80; butchering stock, com-

falling off in the receipts was a surprise to all concerned. At least 20,000 were expected around \$137 \ 64 40; fair to good, \$4 45 \ 450. and the best heavy \$4 60 \ 75; packing and and shipping, 240 to 420 pounds, \$4 light, 150 to 215 pounds, \$4 35@4 70.

GRAIN AND STOCKS.

CROP PROSPECTS. CHICAGO, March 24 - The Farmers' Regiew, in summary of the reports from correpondents throughout the western states for the week ending March 21st, says: "The conditions are such that only a comparatively is entitled to great credit for the detection, as small area of spring wheat can be got into the Mr. Kendall, P. M., like Mr. Kendall, land ground before the first of April. This, though ground before the first of April. This, though it cannot be called late, neither can it be called early." In regard to winter wheat it says: "The indications are that taking the lecrease in acreage and the daily running

> STOCK. Sr. Louis, March 23 .- Amos T. Atwater, Secretary of the National Cattle and Horse Growers association of the United States, re-crived from F. K. Moreland, vice-president of the association for the state of New York, an official weekly bulletin to the effect that tremely cold but no losses occurred among cattle or horses; that so far as known there is no contagious or infections disease among cattle or horses, and that a very interesting coming event in live stock circles is the great public sale of Holstein and Jersey cattle to take place in New York city in April and May,

When Miss Van Zandt came upon the stage

Spring Medicine

When the weather grows warmer, that | At no other season is the system so susalmost the entire human family, and scrof-ula and other diseases caused by humors, and the weak condition of the body, caused manifest themselves with many. It is im- by its long battle with the cold, wintry

reliable medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla. | effectively combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I could not sleep, and would get up in "Hood's Sarsaparilla did me a great deal the morning with hardly life enough to get of good. I had no particular disease, but out of bed. I had no appetite, and my was tired out from overwork, and it tened face would break out with pimples. I bought me up." Mrs. G. E. Simmons, Cohoes, N. Y.

extreme tired feeling, want of appetite, ceptible to the beneficial effects of a redallness, languor, and lassitude, afflict liable tonic and invigorant. The impure possible to throw off this debility and expel blasts, all call for the reviving, regulating numors from the blood without the aid of a and restoring influences so happily and

Hood's Sarsaparilla

began to sleep soundly; could get up with- scrofulous sores come out on my legs, and out that tired and languid feeling, and my for two years was not free from them at appetite improved." R. A. SANFORD, Kent, O. all. I suffered very much. Last May I began I had been much troubled by general taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before I had debflity. Last spring Hood's Sarsaparilla taken two bottles, the sores healed and the

better." H. F. MILLET, Boston, Mass. Hood's Sarsaparilla

proved just the thing needed. I derived an humor lyft me." C. A. Arnold, Arnold, Mc. immense amount of benefit. I never fell "There is no blood puritier equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla." E.S. PHELPS, Rochester, N.Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar 100 Doses One Dollar