THE DAILY BEE.

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CORRESPONDENCE:

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BUSINESS LETTERS.

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THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., Props.
E. ROSEWATER, EDITOR.

A. H. Fitch, Manager Daily Circulation, P. O. Box, 488 Omaha, Neb.

THE Nebraska legislature resumes business to-day at the old stand.

THERE is considerable pipe laying going on already for the spring election. Not less than three candidates for the mayoralty are quietly driving their pins where they will do the most good.

THE Miller delegation to Albany is temporarily over-shadowed by the greater lights of the party. The visits of Randall and Carlisle to the president-elect will doubtless result in harmonizing the tariff wings of the party.

ONE hundred thousand dollars is the modest sum demanded by an Omaha citizen of the Union Pacific for damages to his person and peace of mind by being forcibly bounced from a freight train between stations in Wyoming. Evidently the walking was not good.

A BILL has been introduced in the Indiana legislature for the suppression of base ball on Sundays. Now here is a hint to the moral legislators of Nebraska who seem to have overlooked base ball in their various bills to improve the morals of this commonwealth.

WHEN Grover Cleveland hears both sides of the squabble that is going on in this state he will begin to think that the democrats of Nebraska are of some importance, and that the breach between the two factions must be healed. How to accomplish this, however, will somewhat puzzle the president-elect, as it will be hardly probable that he can give each faction a cabinet position.

To at least one of the claimants under the French spoliation bill the result comes as a special dispensation of justice—Miss Celia Nidalot, a New York seamstress now over 80 years of age. Her father father had three well-freighted vessels destroyed by French cruisers and he died with a broken heart because congress would not recognize his claim. For over forty years Miss Vidalot has watched the papers when congress was in session for legislation on this subject, and when the news came the other day the venerable maiden laid aside her work and consulted relations who for some time did not know of her whereabouts.

THE oil-producing industry seems to have fallen into decrepitude and decay. A barrel of crude oil brings less than seventy cents to the producer, while at the seaboard it costs nearly four times that sum. The officers of the Standard oil company retire with princely fortunes, while the oil producers, one by one, are forced to sell out at a ruinous loss or go into bankruptcy. The loss to the state of Pennsylvania is incalculable; and all because railroad discrimination in oil freights threw the business exclusively into the hands of a giant monopoly, which owns communities, judges and legislatures, and threatens to invade the general government.

THE New York committee appointed to raise the funds required to build the pedestal for the Bartholdi statue, have secured $160,000 of the required $250,000, and are now looking confidently to congress to help them out with an appropriation of $100,000. Congress may finally consent to do this in order to save the country from further humiliation in the matter. The money with which to build the foundation for this grand work of art, donated by a sister republic, should have been raised by the moneyed men of New York within a week and without any begging, and the fact that it was not, and has not been after months of persistent solicitation, is not creditable.

Now that the legislature of Illinois has at last been organized the governor has been given an opportunity to unload his annual message upon that body. Among other things he recommends an amendment to the election law, making the maximum of election districts limited to three hundred votes. This is an excellent recommendation, and will probably be adopted. It will not only be the means of preventing frauds in the wards of Chicago, but will facilitate the counting of votes and otherwise aid in making the work of election day a much easier task than it now is. We would suggest to the legislature of Nebraska that a similar amendment be made to our election law. It would be appreciated in the cities, especially in Omaha, where the election districts are altogether too large. If the limit of votes in a district is placed at three hundred, the counting can all be completed on the night of election day. For several years we have not been able to ascertain the result in Omaha until the day after election, and very frequently not until two or three days afterwards. There are various other amendments that ought to be made to our election law, which is defective in several respects.

THE UNCLAIMED DEAD.

A bill has been introduced in the Nebraska legislature "to authorize dissection in certain cases, and for the advancement of science." It commands the board of health of any city, village or township, or the common council of any city, the mayor of any city, the president of any village, any board, or officer having the charge of any prison or house of correction, workhouse, jail or lock-up, county superintendents of the poor, keepers of poor-houses, the sheriff, the coroner, the board of state commissioners, the board of trustees, board of control and all officers and persons in charge of any institution of the deaf and dumb, blind, and insane, or any other charitable institution supported at the public expense having in his or their possession or control the dead body of any person not claimed by any relative or legal representative and which may be required to be buried at public expense, to ship such dead body or bodies within thirty-six hours after death to the demonstrator of anatomy of the state university. This is a pretty sweeping bill, and if passed the demonstrator of anatomy ought to have enough subjects for dissection for the medical colleges of several states, but why Mr. Holmes, the introducer of the bill, should want to give to the state university a monopoly of receiving the unclaimed dead is something we cannot quite understand. Why does he not want the Omaha medical college to have an equal show with that institution? It is true that the "Medical college of Omaha," as the Omaha medical college is erroneously called in the bill, is to have its proportion of the unclaimed dead, but why shall it be dependent upon the demonstrator of anatomy of the state university for its share? It seems to us that if such a bill is to be passed, it would be only just to provide that the unclaimed dead north of the Platte shall go to the Omaha medical college, while those south of the Platte shall go the state medical college at Lincoln. Now that Lincoln has got the state fair for five years it seems that this proposition ought to be considered fair enough, and that she should be satisfied with it. For the sake of the anatomical scientists of this city, it is hoped that the Lincoln body-snatchers will loosen their grappling hooks from the unclaimed dead north of the Platte and let them go direct to the Omaha medical college. If this proposition is accepted Omaha might perhaps feel inclined to bury the hatchet and shake hands with Lincoln and let the dead past be forever buried. But we have our doubts whether Lincoln will be willing to compromise this grave matter in any such way. She will probably insist that the capital city must be made the grand depot and distributing point for all the unclaimed dead of this great and growing commonwealth. There is such a thing as asking to much, and we maintain that Lincoln's monopolistic intention of gathering in all the stiffs, as described in the proposed law, from the jails, the workhouses, lock-ups, poor-houses, deaf and dumb asylum, the insane asylum, the blind asylum, and all other state institutions, is something against which Omaha enters its most emphatic protest. We demand, in the name of the anatomical students of the commercial metropolis of the Missouri Valley, that Omaha be given jurisdiction over at least one half of the territory from which the subjects for dissection are to be gathered. We call upon the Douglas county legislative delegation to do everything in their power to have Omaha given a fair show. Should they prove direlect in their duty in this respect they need never again expect the support of their constituents. If they falter in this matter they will only be digging their political grave, from which they will be snatched and placed upon the dissecting table to be cut and slashed by public opinion.

THE powers allotted to the city council are perhaps all right in themselves, but it is the abuse of those powers that should be guarded against. The character of individual councilmen should be taken into consideration by the people at every election. If a council is elected that proves to be corrupt or reckless and extravagant, the fault lies with the people for electing men who will abuse the powers that are vested in them by virtue of their office. No man should be elected to the city council whose character is not above suspicion. What we want in the council are honest and capable business men, who will transact the business of the city just as they would their own. With such men in the council the city's interests are safe and the powers of that body will not be abused. It, therefore, behooves our citizens at the next election, which is not very far distant, to select only the very best men for candidates for councilmen. If more interest is manifested in our local elections we shall have better men in office, but so long as the people submit to "party machines" and to the intrigues and dictation of ward politicians and bummers we shall continue to be cursed with more or less official corruption. The people have it in their power to put good men into office, and if they fail to exercise that power and permit the ward bummers to manipulate the primaries, conventions and the ballot-box, they ought not to blame any one except themselves for the result.

SENATOR HILL, while in Chicago recently gave his successor, Mr. Teller, a very severe excoriation through the medium of a newspaper interview, in which he charged that Teller secured his election to the United States senate through the free use of money furnished by Jay Gould and the Western Union folks, whose enmity had been incurred by Hill on account of his attempt to establish postal telegraphy. Other equally severe charges were made against Teller, but the charge that he virtually bought the senatorship has naturally aroused the virtuous indignation of Teller's friends in the Colorado legislature, and a resolution has been adopted by the house to investigate the matter. Whether the resolution was introduced by the friends of Teller the telegraph dispatches do not tell us, but if an honest investigation is had some very unpleasant developments may be made. The probability, however, is that, as is usual in such cases, it will amount to nothing, and Mr. Teller will pursue the even tenor of his way. There is always plenty of whitewash on hand to cover the fly-specks of a senatorial campaign and make the record of the victorious candidate look as clear and spotless as a virgin sheet of white printing paper, but the people will have their opinions all the same.

AT the meeting held on Saturday evening to discuss the proposed city charter amendments, Mr. Joseph Barker is credited with saying: "When I was on the board of public works I forced rejection of many bids from bidders who were backed by friends where they ought not to have had any friends." This comes with very poor grace from Mr. Barker, who, while a member of the board of public works, never neglected an opportunity to advance the interests of Colorado sandstone, the contractors for which were Union Pacific men, and who were the friends of Mr. Barker. He was for sandstone first, last and all the time simply because it was a Union Pacific material. The contractors for sandstone certainly had a "friend" in Mr. Joseph Barker where they ought not to have had a friend, and yet Mr. Barker did not force the rejection of any sandstone bids, but on the contrary he endeavored in every way to have them accepted in preference to any other. The interest that he manifested in sandstone made his course as a member of the board of public works subject to very severe criticism.

WE have received from the secretary, W. L. May, the annual report of the Nebraska fish commission, which shows that the fish interests of the state are being promoted in a very satisfactory manner. During the year the expenses amounted to the modest sum of $3,325.14, and there were distributed in the various waters of the state 1,650,000 young fish, the varieties including brook and California trout, land-locked salmon, wall-eyed pike, black bass and German carp. Most of these fish have flourished in our waters, particularly the pike, carp and trout. The commission has done its work economically, and without any personal compensation worth mentioning, except the satisfaction which is afforded to them upon seeing such good results. They all take a great interest in fish and do their work simply out of love for the finny tribe. This is particularly true of Mr. May, who is one of the most ardent disciples of Izaak Walton. The commission asks the legislature for a small appropriation—$8,240 for carrying on the work of the next two years—and it is hoped that the request will be granted.

Now is the time for Omaha to take steps to establish an annual exposition. A meeting of the prominent and enterprising citizens ought to be held immediately so that the matter can be thoroughly discussed. The next thing is the organization of an exposition company which shall have the management of the enterprise. The people of this city are anxious to see the project carried out, and they stand ready to contribute liberally towards its success. There will, however, be no trouble about raising all the funds needed if the company is properly organized. We hope that some one will start the ball rolling and call a meeting to consider what shall be done. It seems to us that the board of trade ought to take this matter in hand so far as issuing a call for a meeting is concerned. Let there be no delay, because if we wish to make the exposition a success we must get an early start, so that all the plans can be properly carried out and the affair thoroughly advertised.

LINCOLN, as usual, comes to the front with a display of legislative gall at once bewildering and extensive. Not only must the state pay tribute in cash, but it is proposed to gather in the pauper dead from the four corners of the commonwealth to supply the "demonstrator of anatomy" with subjects. Among the bills introduced by the Lancaster delegation are the following: To make the state tax for completing the capitol one mill for the years of 1885 6; to lease half a section of school land for 99 years to the Lincoln stock yards company; to appropriate $75,000 for two additions to the university; to pay T. P. Kennard $12,831.21; and one providing that the bodies of persons dying in public institutions and which may have to be buried at public expense, shall be boxed and shipped to the state university, for which $15 will be allowed. This is especially appropriate and timely, and in obedience to the scriptural command, "Let the dead bury the dead."

The present legislature would do a good thing and a needful one if it were to devote a portion of its time to the revision of the laws regulating legal advertising, so that hereafter such advertising may really advertise.—*Altoona (Penn.) Tribune*

The above applies with as much force to Nebraska as it does to Pennsylvania. Legal advertising in Nebraska is as a rule given out to the papers that have the smallest circulation simply because they are party organs. It is a rare thing for legal advertising to find its way into the columns of a paper having the largest circulation and which reaches the reading public. With few exceptions, the plan of hiding legal advertisements in the obscure corners of obscure papers is followed in this state. There should be a law compelling the officials to insert their advertisements where they will be seen by the public and sworn statements of circulation should be required of every newspaper in which legal advertising is done.

THE adoption by the citizens' meeting of Saturday night of a resolution that all curbing, guttering and paving bonds shall be paid for one-third by the city at large and two-thirds by the abutting property, and that the time of payment be extended over a term of ten years in ten equal payments, will meet the wishes of the people. This will make the burden of public improvements much easier, and the people will be more willing to vote for bonds under such conditions. The resolution recommending a city auditor will also be generally approved. Upon the whole, some good work was accomplished at the meeting, but there are other matters that ought to be acted upon and discussed in a similar way, and we believe that still another meeting should be held. It is by public discussion that the wishes and needs of the people are ascertained, and in this way we shall secure well-considered legislation.

MR. HAINES, of Illinois, has suddenly loomed up as a man of great importance. Having after a long fight been elected speaker of the house, he is now credited with having the democratic party by the throat, and it is intimated that he may compel the democrats to make him their candidate for United States senator. Mr. Haines has already shown himself to be a man who will not let any opportunity pass by, and if there is any chance of his catching on to the Illinois senatorship his modesty will not prevent him from thrusting himself into the field against all candidates.

A SINGULAR strike has occurred at Vienna. A newspaper reporter was insulted in some way by the Austrian reichsrath or legislature, and now all the newspapers have resolved to cease reporting the proceedings until the reichsrath apologizes. This is a warning to the Nebraska legislature to be very careful in its treatment of reporters. It would be a severe blow to the vanity of some of our ambitious statesmen if their names were kept out of print for any lenght of time.

THE state is paying altogether too much money for the printing of the legislative bills. They ought to be closely printed in small type, just the same as congressional bills, each line being numbered. The present system of spreading our legislative bills in big type and with a half inch space between the lines is done more for the benefit of the printing contractor than anybody else. A big saving can be made, if the legislature is disposed to consider the interests of the people rather than those of the *State Journal*.

IF the democrats in the Illinois legislature continue to get sick the republicans will elect a senator. The democrats on joint ballot are now in the minority by two votes, owing to the serious illness of two members. This adds a new complication to the senatorial squabble, and if one or both of the sick members should die it will still further complicate matters.

THE Memphis *Avalanche* very sensibly says that "if the time has come when a democrat shall be as good as a republican in the north, the time has also come when a republican shall be as good as a democrat in the south."

JOHN L. SULLIVAN has been fined $115 by a Boston magistrate for cruelty to a horse. The magistrate ought now to figure out how much the bruiser should be fined for slapping a waiter girl.

CHURCH HOWE as a legislator has had enough experience to know that there are now on the statute books sufficient game laws. All that is necessary is their enforcement.

Judge Bradley.

Chicago Tribune.

Bradley is perhaps the richest member of the supreme bench. He is supposed to be worth $750,000. He has the largest private law and miscellaneous library in Washington. His large house is packed from basement to garrett with rare and valuable books. Justice Blatchford is nearly his equal in wealth. They are the only two rich members of the bench. Justice Field is generally supposed to be very rich, but this is an error. His own fortune is moderate, but his two brothers in New York are very rich, and the relations between the three brothers are so close that the justice has never been made to feel the disparity between his fortune and theirs. Justice Field does more miscellaneous reading than any of the justices. He is very fond of richly bound books and has a beautiful private library. He is the only democrat upon the bench. His theory of state rights has made him often dissent from the other justices, but he is no such dissenter as Justice Harlan. Harlan was called last winter the dissentery justice (dissent-ery), on account of the thin legal footings of his opinions. He does not rank as a judge, but is rather regarded by the profession as a jury lawyer out of place.

Bradley, as he is now eligible for retirement, naturally attracts more attention than the other justices. Through his decisions in the electoral commission affair he has acquired more notoriety than any other member of the court. Although he is 70 years old he looks as if he would be good for ten years more work. He certainly will be in no hurry about retiring. He is of a very obstinate turn of mind. Since he has gotten it into his head that some of the aspirants for his place are trying to hurry up his retirement he may not go out until his death. He is passionately devoted to mathematics. He flies to figures for relaxation from the law. He is one of the most accomplished mathematicians in the country. He was originally intended for the ministry. He was born in Berce New York state. He was the eldest of eleven sons. He was a farmer's boy. He graduated from Rutger's college with Frederick T. Frelinghuysen and Courtland Parker. He was a railroad lawyer during the greater part of his New Jersey career. He was appointed to the bench by President Grant in 1870.

Two stories are told illustrating his hot temper. Once when he was studying theology two students came along and found him sound asleep over a theological work. They stood laughing at him when he woke up. He flew into such a frightful rage at their making game of him and swore so that it was thought best for him not to pursue his theological studies, but for him to turn to the more congenial occupation of the law. At another time he was leaving home to try a case in a distant town. As he was going out of the door his wife noticed that he had on a pair of old trousers with a hole in the seat. She called him back and pointed out to him the disgrace of going away from home in such shabby clothes. The future justice went back and put on a pair of new trousers. But when he arrived at the station he found that the delay in changing his trousers had caused him to lose his train. He went home in a frightful rage, flew up stairs to his room, pulled off the new trousers and tore them in two, vowing with wild and horrible oaths that those trousers should never cause him to lose another train. Then he put on his old pair and went back to his law practice.

Taming the Crofters.

LONDON, January 31.—The Crofters recently arrested in Kilmule and Glendale on the charge of resisting the sheriff in the discharge of his duties, are guarded by a strong force of policeman and marines. A large crowd of friends gathered at the landing. From the landing to the court house there was a large crowd which kept up a continual yelling and several times made threatening demonstrations, but were held at bay by guards. No trouble is anticipated now.

Shocking Ending of a Dance.

TOLEDO, Ohio, January 31.—A sleigh containing nine persons, returning from Port Clinton, where they had attended a ball, to Oak Harbor, was struck by the west bound express and two of the number—S. S. Hall and Jennie Whipple—killed. Three others were injured, probably fatal.

CATARRH

That pure, sweet, safe, and effective American distillation of Witch-Hazel, American Pine, Canada Fir, Marigold, and Clover-Blossom, called Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh, with one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Sanford's Improved Inhaler, all in one package, may now be had of all druggists for $1.00. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

Complete Local and Constitutional Treatment for every form of Catarrh, from a Simple Cold or Influenza to loss of Smell, Taste, and Hearing, Cough, Bronchitis, and Catarrhal Consumption, in every package.

Clergymen, Vocalists,

And Public Speakers without number owe their present robustness and success to Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh.

Rev. Dr. Wiggins says: "One of the best remedies for Catarrh—nay, the best remedy we have found in a life time of suffering—is Sanford's Radical Cure. It clears the head and throat so thoroughly that, taken each morning on rising, there are no unpleasant secretions and no disagreeable hawking during the entire day, but an unprecedented clearness of voice and respiratory organs."

Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00

Potter Drug and Chemical Co. Boston

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

Weary sufferer from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Weak and sore Lungs, Coughs and Colds, Weak Backs, Weak Stomach and Bowels, Dyspepsia, Female Weakness, Shooting Pains through the Loins and Back, try these plasters. Placed over the pit of the stomach, they prevent and cure Ague Pains, Billious Colic, Liver Complaints, and protects the system from a thousand ills. 25c.

COLLARS AND CUFFS

WEARING THIS MARK ARE THE FINEST GOODS EVER MADE, BEING All Linen, BOTH Linings AND Exteriors. Ask for them

CAHN BROS., Agents for Omaha.

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY.

Brands advertised as absolutely pure CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST:

Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemist will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.

DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumers' reliable test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., MAKERS OF

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,

The strongest, most delicious and natural flavor known, and

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES INDIAN SERVICE, PINE RIDGE AGENCY, Dakota, January 12, 1885.

Sealed proposals in triplicate indorsed, proposals for the erection of one Wheelwright and Carpenter shop, one harness, shoe and tin shop, one slaughter house, two wagon and storage sheds, one bake house and cellar, at this agency and directed to the undersigned, care of Chief Quartermaster department, of the Platte, Omaha Neb., will be received until 12 m. Saturday, February 14, 1885.

Plans and specifications can be examined in the office of the chief quartermaster, department of the Platte, Omaha, Neb, the "Inter Ocean" Chicago, Ill. and the "Journal" at Kansas City, Mo.

Contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, subject to the approval of the department of the Interior.

The right, however, is reserved to reject any and all, or any part of any bid, if deemed for the best interest of the service.

Proposals must state length of time required for completion of building after approval of contract, and must be accompanied by a certified check upon some United States Depository, payable to the order of the undersigned, for at least five (5) per cent of the amount of the proposal, which check shall be forfeited to the United States in case of any bidder receiving the award shall fail to execute promptly a contract with good and sufficient securities, conforming to the terms of his bid, otherwise to be returned to the bidder.

For further information address the undersigned at Pine Ridge Agency, Dakota.

The undersigned will will be at Paxton House, Omaha, Neb., by the morning of Friday, February 13, 1885.

V. T. MCGILLICUDDY, U. S. Indian Agent.

Jan 30-5w m e

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO LOAN—MONEY.

MONEY FOR LOAN—On good real estate security. Ballou Bros., 317 S 13th st. 871-30

MONEY TO LOAN—In sums of $10 and up, on horses, pianos, furniture and all kinds of chattels. W. H. Motter, 1404 Farnam st., over Morse's shoe store. 855tf

MONEY TO LOAN—I have money to loan on improved city property in any amounts to suit, at reasonable rates. W. H. Motter, 1404 Farnam st., over Morse's shoe store. 853tf

MONEY to loan on chattels by J. T. Beatty, 218 south 14th st. 668feb18

MONEY LOANED on Chattels, Collaterals, Secured Notes, or Real Estate. Financial Exchange 1505 Farnam st. 845feb8p

MONEY TO LOAN In sums of $300 and upward. O. F. Davis and Co., Real Estate and Loan Agents, 1505 Farnam St. 895 tf

MONEY loaned on chattels. Railroad Ticket bought and sold. Foreman, 213 S. 12th 748tf

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Apply to Mrs F. S. Bush, corner 19th and Mason st. 922 2p

WANTED—Girl to do general house work at 313 Pleasant street M. Orr. 923-3p

WANTED—Apprentices. Apply at Dressmaking Parlor, Mrs. A. E. Roe, Williams block 16th and Dodge. 924 3tp

WANTED—A girl to do second work at 1724 Douglas. 899 3tp

WANTED—Two good girls; one to do chamber work and wait on the tables, and one for chambework and dishwashing. Apply at the Atlantic Hotel, 10th st. Scandinavian preferred. 908-3tp

WANTED—A good stout girl for general housework at 2009 Cass St. 879 3tp

WANTED—Girl for general house work. Only competent one need apply 110 South 25th St., 4th door from Dodge. 889 3tp

WANTED—Boy to learn book-keeping, good situation. J. B. Smith, 1516 Douglas St. 888-2p

WANTED—A first class dining room girl at the Metropolitan. No other need apply. 783 tf

WANTED—Two boys with horses to carry evening Bee. 976 tf

WANTED—Agents to sell Gately's Universal Educator; on monthly payments. Address or call on W. D. P. Lowry, room 5, 119 N 16th st., Omaha. 597feb8p

WANTED—Boarders at 1212 Capitol ave. 570feb7p

WANTED—100 solicitors, good pay to the right man. Address Nebraska Mutual Marriage Benefit association, Fremont, Neb. 941feb 5

WANTED—10,000 families to try our self-rising Pure Buckwheat flour and Self-Rising Corn meal kept by all first-class grocers. We warrant all buckwheat sold under our brand pure. W. J. WELSHANS & CO. Manufacturers. 424-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSES AND LOTS.

FOR RENT—Furnished cottage to parties who would board a lady and child. Apply 2216 Capitol ave. 918-3tp

FOR RENT—Farm three miles from Omaha. Inquire 813 north 16th St., over store. 882-4p

FOR RENT—Nice 6 room cottage corner 24th and Davenport street. Apply to E. B. Chapman, 1217 Howard St. 893-tf

FOR RENT—Four room basement convenient for house keeping, well, cistern, moderate terms, 1508 Chicago. 877-31p

FOR RENT—Small house $8 per month, 3 blocks from Opera house, 1013 Howard st. 818-31p

FOR RENT—Good house five rooms on 2d st. near Mason, 3 blocks from car line. Well and cistern. Inquire M. Lee, grocer, 22d St. 799-31p

FOR RENT—A new eight room house. Enquire of Mrs. E. Roddis, 15th, bet Davenport and Chicago sts. 791tf

FOR RENT—Furnished Room with board 663 N. 17th. 524-tf

FOR RENT—Brick house, 10 rooms, modern improvements. Bedford, Souer & Lavis, 213 S 14th street. 660t

FOR RENT—A GOOD CHANCE—Mrs. Hillekes hotel, which is now called the Grand Central, on Capitol Avenue and 13th sts., is now ready for rent to one or three different parties. The basement, which consists of three apartments, saloon and billiard hall, oyster house and barber shop; first floor for a dining hall, and the two upper floors for rooms which have fifty rooms. 797-tf22

FOR RENT—Part of double house; 4 rooms, Shinn's 2d addition; $10 per month; room 24 Omaha National bank. 602tf

FOR RENT—New three room house, with city water, on South 17th St. near railroad track suitable for boarding house; rent $30; inquire at Omaha Foundery or of T. W. T. Richards. 57-tf

FOR RENT—Store room 1511 Farnam St., with or without Billiard tables, by Paulsen & Co., 1513 Farnam st. 424-

FOR RENT—A 5 room cottage on east side of 17th St. second door south of Webster. Inquire of G. R. Doane & Co. 777-tf

ROOMS FOR RENT.

ROOMS with board for two gentlemen 1601 Capitol Ave. $4. a week. 92 4p

FOR RENT—Furnished room east and south front 330 Pleasant St. 919 3p

TO LET—A furnished room. Inquire of J. E. Wilbur, Omaha Savings Bank. 925-tf

FURNISHED rooms suitable for one or two gentlemen at 1613 Dodge St. 9 6 4p

FOR RENT—Two or four furnished front rooms 1909 Farnam St., between 19th and 20th St. 9 6-3p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms 605 N. 17th St. 925 3p

FOR RENT Furnished rooms at 1619 Farnam St. Brick House. 911-3p

FOR RENT—Pleasant furnished room, 1707 Cass St. 915-18p

FOR RENT—Handsome furnished room 2509 Dodge. 916-6p

FOR RENT—Handsome furnished rooms within one block from Boyd's opera house. E. J. Edwards 316 South 15th st. 790 4p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 1816 Dodge st. 9 3feb 8

FOR RENT—Suit furnished rooms, with board, 1617 Capitol ave. 905 3p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room with excellent board for two gentlemen, 1612 Farnam st. 907-tf

FOR RENT Furnished south front room, 1904 Farnam st. 793-31p

FOR RENT—Two front rooms, 1423 Capitol ave. 858

FOR RENT—Furnished room and board $5.00 per week. Very best location, 1811 Davenport. 778 feb 21p

FOR RENT—Neatest and cheapest furnished rooms in Omaha. Apply to G. G. H. Andresen, room 14, Andresen block, north entrance, 16th and Davenport street. 717feb6

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FOR RENT—For light housekeeping, two rooms, furnished for that purpose, S. W. cor 8th and Howard 8-3tf

ROOMS—With board, desirable or winter. App at St. Charles Hotel. 421-tf

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FOR RENT—Two elegant rooms in Redick's block, Paulsen & Co., 1513 Farnam. 440-tf

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FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good paying implement business well located and established in thriving town on B. & M. R. R. in Neb. Everything ready to step right into good trade. Only moderate capital required. Address "X. Y." Bee office. 912-feb 28p

FOR EXCHANGE—For a good stock of general merchandise and buildings. Address lock box 8, Wiota, Cass Co., Iowa 910-4p

FOR SALE CHEAP—One elegant chamber set, former cost $375.00. One regulator clock, one nearly new Knabe Piano, five gold framed pictures, one horse, harness and phaeton, one Halls safe, small size, one beautiful china coffee set. Also a large pure blooded St. Bernard dog. Inquire 1615 Dodge St. 234-tf

FOR SALE—120 acres of best farm lands in Washington county, Neb; 2½ miles from Herman; 8 miles from Blair. Will either sell for cash or will trade for house in Omaha, if buyer will take up some notes on long time. The whole land under cultivation. Address Jos. Kolewatek, No. 13 4 S 13th st., Omaha, Neb. 901-3

FOR SALE—Horse, harness and phaeton, cow and calf and 8 months old colt. Inquire at 214 south 12th St. Rott. Stein 902-4p

FOR SALE—Stock of agricultural implements, pumps, wind mills, and frame warehouse 25x90 feet on Main street. Trade established; business increasing yearly. Sales in 1884 were $22,000; valid reason for selling. Address Lock Box 63, Wayne, Neb. 899-2p

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Good stock farm of 240 acres, 20 miles from Omaha, one mile from Springfield, Neb; will trade for Omaha property. Address Wooley & Harrison, Omaha, or O. M. Harrison, Springfield, Neb. 877feb2p

FOR SALE—66x165 feet on Cuming street 3 blocks west of Military bridge, $1,600. John L. McCague opposite Post office. 426-tf

FOR SALE—A new stock of hardware and implements, business well established, sales for year 1884, $75,000. Also new brick building built in 1883, size 25x120, two story and basement. Also frame ware house. Capital required from $10,000 to $12,000 exclusive of building. Location the very best in the city of Kearney, Neb. For particulars, address Whitaker & Co., lock box 581, Kearney, Neb 788-

FOR SALE—132x124 feet on corner, south-east front, house 3 rooms, barn, 3 blocks west of Park ave. and Leavenworth, easy payments, cheap $1,700. John L. McCague, opposite Post Office. 427-tf

FOR SALE—My building and stock of clothing, boots and shoes, will trade for farming land. Geo H Peterson, 804 South 16th St. Omaha. 487-feb1

FOR SALE—MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—A. Hospe offers

One Boardman & Gray Piano at	$ 125 00
One Haines Bros Piano at	150 00
One J. P. Hall Piano at	125 00
One Mason & Hamlin Organ at	35 00
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One Woodbridge Organ at	50 00
One Estey Organ at	50 00
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For cash or on easy monthly installments. Also agents for celebrated *Kimball* Piano and *Kimball* Organ, *Emerson* and *Hallet & Davis* Pianos. Largest stock, lowest prices. A. Hospe, 1019 Dodge street. 539feb6

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Good steam flouring mill with two run of burrs and one feed burr; all in good repair and only been used 18 months. Situated on one of the best business lots in Kearney, Neb. Will dispose of lot and mill together or mill alone; a fine location; will sell on good terms, or trade for other desirable property. Address Lock Box 662 Kearney, Neb. 517feb5

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—At $10 per acre, all or part of two thousand acres of timber land forty miles east of Kansas City, will exchange for Nebraska land or merchandise. Bedford, Souer & Lavis 422tf

FOR SALE—Cheap—one half acre in north Omaha. Address X. Y. Z., Bee office. 698tf

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Is there any Canadian in town who would help a countryman to work of any kind. First class references for character and business ability. Address "Toronto," Bee office. 927-31p

PERSONAL—A young gentleman of 27, would like to correspond with a young lady who knows how to write a good spicy letter. Object, mutual entertainment. Address "V. U." Bee office. 926-3

PERSONAL—A gentleman, without over aged 33 would like to make the acquaintance of a sensible young lady who would, if agreeable to both, make a good mother to his orphaned child, a girl of 5 years. Address "A." Bee office. 895-2p

PERSONAL—A young lady recently from the east and a stranger in the city would like the acquaintance of a gentleman of good address. "T. S." Bee office. 875-31p

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A yellow leather pocket-book containing a large amount of money and some notes. A liberal reward will be paid if same is returned to F. J. Sherb, or I. Sherb's grocery, 16th St., between Burt and Cuming St. 876-tf

LOST—Newfoundland pup, 6 months old; wore leather collar, tickle pisted. Return to Catherine st., 2d house south of Mt. Pleasant or address "Hector," Bee office, for reward. 896-31p

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUSINESS LOCATION—Large up-stairs room for rent or will sell either business or lease of building. Cor. 15th & Farnam. Inquire 1514 Cap. Ave. 891-tf.

TO LEASE—Ten or twenty acres first class garden land; with or without a house. For particulars inquire of H. Feckenscher, on Saunders st, east of Fort Omaha 846 31p

TAKE UP—A bay horse apparently between four and five years old, white nose and star in forehead and white hind feet. Bruno Wagner, on road ½ mile north-west of Sarpy Mills, Douglas Co. 894-1-ew-feb-24p

CAPITALISTS—For sale, shares in one of the best paying business in Omaha. For particulars, address A. N., Bee office. 840tf

TO EXCHANGE—Farms for improved property in Omaha. Chas R. Woolley, Room 20, Omaha National Bank Omaha Neb. 526-15

TO TRADE—Stock of groceries for acre property adjoining Omaha. Chas R. Woolley, Room 20, Omaha National bank, Omaha, Neb. 527-f

TO EXCHANGE—Farms for stock of merchandise Chas. R. Woolley, Room 20, Omaha National Bank, Omaha, Neb. 528-15

FOR TRADE—Stocks of goods to trade for land. Chas R. Woolley, Room 20, Omaha National Bank, Omaha, Neb. 529-15

FOR TRADE—For merchandise—groceries preferred, three (3) valuable lots in Dayton, Ohio. One (1) lot in St. Louis, Mo; 640 acres of fine land in Kansas; One (1) farm in Ohio. This property is free of incumbrance. All communications will be treated strictly confidential. S. H. Wanspear, 2924 Cuming st. 857jan30

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