

THE DAILY BEE--MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1883.

Palace Music Hall!

Wholesale and Retail.

J. MUELLER,

COUNCIL BLUFFS,

IOWA.

Proprietor of Music Hall and General Manager for the Celebrated

Western Cottage Organ Co.,

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LINDEMAN,

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Pianos.

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COTTAGE ORGANS!

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—A FULL LINE OF—

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Also a Fine Stock of Fancy Goods.

All Kinds of Games and Toys.

As a specialty in the Piano line, I would recommend most heartily the

A fine tone, finely finished, first-class instrument in every respect; they are not the cheapest Pianos, but within the reach of all who really desire something that will last a lifetime. TRY THEM.

They are fully warranted for SEVEN YEARS.

SHODDY PIANOS AND ORGANS,

so largely advertised like patent medicine, and like it, good for everything and nothing in particular, I DO NOT KEEP IN STOCK. I cannot afford to sell them, as I live too near home. But if desired, I am prepared to furnish any of these cheap Pianos and Organs at eastern prices, save freight, provided I am not held responsible. In connection with this I will state that my Organs contain 5 full octaves of Reeds, to one set, and do not call a single octave of reeds, a full set, as advertised by shoddy makers and dealers.

I sell Pianos and Organs on Monthly and Quarterly Payments; also for cash, with small extra discount. Send for circulars. Address

J. MUELLER,

No. 103 South Main Street, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

COMMERCIAL.

CORN BEANS MARKET.
Wheat, No. 2 spring, 70¢ per bushel, No. 3, 60¢ per bushel, No. 4, 50¢ per bushel.
Corn. Dealers are paying 28¢ per bushel, new mixed, 28¢ per bushel, 30¢ per bushel, the receipts of corn are light.

Oats—in good demand at 20¢.

Hay—100¢ to 120¢ per ton, 50¢ per bushel.

Butter. Plenty and in fair demand at 25¢ per pound.

Eggs. Ready sale at 15¢ per dozen.

Lard—Fairbank's, wholesale at 11¢.

Poultry—Firm dealers are paying 10¢ per chicken 15¢ per hen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 30¢ per hundred, 50¢ each large turnip.

Flour—City flour, 16¢ to 30¢ per bushel.

Brooms—2 10¢ to 30¢ per dozen.

LIVE STOCK.

Cattle—3 00¢ to 3 50¢ per cwt.; calves, 5 00¢ to 7 50¢.

Hogs—Market for hogs quiet, as the packing houses are closed; shipper are paying 4 00¢ @ 4 75¢.

Gas fixtures at Bixby's, 333 Broadway.

Herman & Brown have the contract for the carpenter work on the new skating rink, to be built on corner of Pearl and Fifth avenues. Martin Hughes is to do the mason work.

Cut rates to all points at McAllister's ticket office, 500 Broadway, Council Bluffs.

THE LUTHERAN CELEBRATION.

Commemorating the 400th Anniversary of the Birth of the Great Reformer.

Services in commemoration of the 400th anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther, originator of the great protestant reformation of the sixteenth century, are being held this week all over the civilized world.

Luther was undoubtedly the greatest of all protestant reformers. His work was the first violent outburst of human thought from the stagnations of the dark ages. The result of it was greater personal freedom in religious matters, and the introduction of the idea of "faith and works" instead of formalism. Luther was born at Eisenach, Germany, in 1483. He was ordained a priest in the year 1507, and moved to Wittenberg the following year. In 1509 he began lecturing and preaching on the holy scriptures, and the novelty and liberality of his ideas began to excite attention. The following year he went to Rome. What he saw made a deep impression on him, and almost immediately on his return he was made a doctor of divinity, and his career as a reformer may properly be said to have begun. The system of indulgences had reached a scandalous height. The sale of pardons for sin had become an organized part of the papal system. Money was needed at Rome to sustain the extravagances of the papal court, and emissaries of the church were commissioned everywhere to sell "indulgences," as they were called. John Tetzel, a Dominican friar, established at Juterbach, on the borders of Saxony, was the chief of these pardon vendors. Against him and his traffic Luther's indignation waxed hot, and finally became irrepressible. He drew up 95 theses against the doctrine of indulgences, and nailed one of them onto the gate of the church at Wittenberg, where it awaked great popular commotion. The general purpose of these theses was to deny the pope the right to forgive sins, and this proposition Luther offered to maintain in the university against all impugners. This sudden and bold movement awakened widespread excitement.

Tetzel was forced to retreat from the borders of Saxony to Frankfort-on-the-Oder, where he published a counter set of theses and publicly committed those of Luther to the flames. At first the pope, Leo X, took little heed of the disturbance, but it gradually assumed a seriousness which he could not disregard. Luther was summoned to appear at Rome and answer for his theses. His university, however, and the elector of Saxony, who was his friend, interfered, and a legate was sent to Germany to hear and determine the case. A papal bull was then issued against him. This dread document was ornured at the Elster gate of Wittenberg before an assembled multitude of doctors, students, and citizens. The diet of Worms—one of the most famous councils in history—met in the beginning of 1521. An order was issued for the destruction of Luther's writings, and he himself was summoned to appear before the diet. This was, above all, what he desired—to confess the truth and argue his claims before the assembled powers of Germany. His appearance and demeanor before the diet, and the firmness and logic with which he held his ground and refused to retract, are described with much eloquence in most histories of the time as presenting a striking picture. In 1825 Luther's writings, including his translation of the New Testament, were published in Latin, and it is considered a work of great merit, and can most cheerfully recommend it to any troubled with kidney or liver disease.

Mr. Fred Nadeau, of No. 62 Lincoln street Lewiston, Me., writes us, May 24, 1883: "I have been severely afflicted for some time with a kidney trouble, and having tried various remedies without success, I consulted Dr. Hunt's Remedy, and performed many a useless drop, blister and saddle-trap, and finally I got into a box of straw packing; I concluded I would try it, and commenced to take it, when, to my surprise, I found that the first bottle benefited me so much that I decided that I would continue its use, and I kept on taking it until I had used in all six bottles, and my appetite is good, all pains in the back and side disappeared, and for nine of my years (I am now 50 years old) I am able to attend to my business, and am strong and vigorous, as many of my friends and neighbors can testify that know me well. I beg to state also, that many of our neighbors have used Hunt's Remedy with equal as good results, and one of my friends who has just purchased a bottle of Guppy, Kinsman & Allen, of Portland, says he would not be without it at any price."

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For a reliable account of the doings of the diet, see the following:

"History of the valuable qualities of Hunt's Remedy in a peaked nose, I here state that I consider it a remedy of great merit, and can most cheerfully recommend it to any troubled with kidney or liver disease."

—PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

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—THE BAKER'S WAY.

Mr. Alfred Nadeau, of Augusta, Me., writes, May 10, 1883, as follows: "I have been afflicted for some years with a severe kidney trouble, and having tried various remedies without success, I consulted Dr. Hunt's Remedy, and performed many a useless drop, blister and saddle-trap, and for nine of my years (I am now 50 years old) I am able to attend to my business, and am strong and vigorous, as many of my friends and neighbors can testify that know me well. I beg to state also, that many of our neighbors have used Hunt's Remedy with equal as good results, and one of my friends who has just purchased a bottle of Guppy, Kinsman & Allen, of Portland, says he would not be without it at any price."

—THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.

Mr. Fred Nadeau, of Lewiston, Me., writes us, May 24, 1883: "I have been using Swift's Specific for a long time, and I regard it the best combination as a blood purifier and a kidney specific, and it is particularly vegetable in character, and extracted from roots and herbs found in this section of Georgia. I am familiar with its history from the time the formula was obtained from Dr. Swift, who is a celebrated man. It has been used in the hundreds of cases in which I have used it and seen it used, there has never been a failure to cure. I have cured thousand cases."

—ONE OF THE BEST PHYSICIANS.

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—THE THIRD GENERATION.

with it, after I had most safely followed by the most approved methods of treatment—watercress and fiddleheads of potassium. These cases have been cured of fifteen years, and are still in full health, and the children of these cases are in full health.

FRED A. TOOMER, M.D.,

Perry, Ga., U.S.A.

"It is the best selling specific in the country, and it has become a household name in every state of our country."

WALTER TAYLOR, Atlanta, Ga.

"I sell Swift's Specific—often a gross in ten days a month, and to all classes. Swift's Atlanta's best physician."

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—THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,

Atlanta, Ga.

Our treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free to applicants.

—THE GREAT SUCCESS.

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BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Buy only Dr. STRONG'S TAMPICO CORSET.

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20 One acre lots in McFarland's addition. Our city rapidly growing in this direction.

6 Five acre tracts in Tutt's Addition. The best lots in town to be had.

3 Lots in Shinn's Addition, on Charles street, to be sold together. \$3,100. A bargain for some one.

3 Lots in Redick's Sub-Division, \$500.00 each. Investment here will bring quick returns.

10 One acre lots in Park Place. Selling at price and terms to suit buyers.

Call and See.

Other Bargains.

On Our List.

Sears & Bosard.

WILLIAMS' BLOCK.

—JAS. H. PEABODY M.D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

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Furniture

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They always have the largest and best stock.</div