BULLS AND BEARS.

Battling in the Arena of Wall Street.

A Fierce and Desperate Combat, Marching Upon Moscow and Landing at Waterloo.

A Racy Review of the Recent Squeeze That Cornered Bears in Northern Pacific.

Rigolo's Speculation on Futures.

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

NEW YORK, October 28.—To unconcerned observers Wall street has, for the last two weeks, presented an uncommonly lively and interesting sight. After being steadily whipped since the summer of 1881, and punished with especial severity during the last eight months, the obdurate bulls became desperate and went for their assailants. Retaliation was rendered very easy by the fact that the bears, intoxicated by continuous successes, had pushed it forward almost as recklessly as the army of Napoleon did its victories when it crossed the Beresina and advanced upon Moscow. It was both buried and frozen out, and so were the bears. In both cases the result was produced by natural causes, not by any great generalship on the part of the victors. Koutonzoff and Barlay de Tolly had no more merit in defeating Napoleon's army than Vanderbilt and Villard had in cornering the bears. Frost and the want of food and shelter did the work in one case, the absence of stocks when they were wanted for deliveries did it in the other. The cornering of Jersey Central, Northern Pacific preferred and Michigan Central came of itself. Holders of the stocks merely took advantage of the oversold condition of the market and held on to their stocks till abnormally high prices began to be bid for them. The moment most of the demands of the shorts were supplied, prices began to sag off again, and if they still remain steady it is only because a few solid bears remain still uncovered. The extent of the existing short interest is, however greatly exaggerated. The borrowing demand for stocks and the premiums exacted for loans are in most cases artificial. The big holders of the so-called cornered stock are steadily selling them all the time, but they don't deliver their own certificates and borrow what they want in the "loan crowd" of the exchange. The great bulk of their stocks are carried by the banks, in many cases on time loans. The vote of interest for money being very low. Holders of these stocks prefer not to disturb their loans, and don't care a straw for the premium, which they have occasionally to pay for borrowing stocks since it gives the market the appearance of being oversold, and furnishes them a chance to frighten some more shorts into covering, and thus to keep up prices. As a matter of course the Northern Pacific corner presents the greatest interest. The corners in Michigan Central and Jersey Central being mere incidents; very few men care to deal in these stocks on the bull side, while on the bear side most of the operators take their punishment quietly and swear that they will never touch them again. In a few weeks from now these very stocks will be as dead a load on the market as the stocks of the ex-syndicate of Mr. Senoy. But the position of the Northern Pacific stocks is full of all sorts of possibilities, pending the ratification meeting of the stockholders which is to take place next month. The new mortgage is for $20,000,000 and the bonds cannot be issued unless approved by a vote of a three-fourths majority of the preferred stockholders, whether they can be issued even if the vote should be favorable remains to be seen as suits have been commenced asking that the company be restrained and enjoined from issuing any new bonds. A Mr. Field, one of the plaintiffs, has obtained a temporary injunction. The case will be argued within a few days. The principal ground upon which he rests his claim to an injunction are as follows: The charter granted by Congress to the Northern Pacific authorized the company to have a capital stock of $10,000,000, but in view of the immense grants of land made to the company it was provided that no mortgage or construction bonds should ever be issued on the road or mortgage or lien made thereon in any way except by consent of the Congress of the United States. By a joint resolution of Congress, approved on May 31, 1870, the company was authorized to issue bonds to aid in the construction and equipment of its road and to secure the same by mortgage on its property and rights of property of all kinds and descriptions, real, personal and mixed, including its franchise to be a corporation, under this authorization. The company mortgaged its property, and franchise to Jay Cooke and another as trustees, and issued about $31,000,000 of bonds. In 1874 the company made default in their payment of interest on the bonds, and a decree of foreclosure was made in August, 1875. The company was then reorganized and several further mortages were made, so that the question on which the most stress will now be laid is whether the joint resolution of Congress authorized only the first mortgage or whether it allowed the company and its successor, the reorganized company to go on issuing bonds ad infinitim. However the case may be decided, there will no doubt be an interesting recital of the facts and a considerable addition to the curiosities of the history of railroad management, for the plaintiff proposes to discuss the connection of the Oregon Transcontinental company and the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company with the Northern Pacific and the relations of Mr. Villard with all of them. According to Bradstreets, ex-Senator Conkling and Mr. Evarts have been retained to defend the company and as the ex-Senator will be fresh from his fierce fight in the Jersey Central case, there will probably be some lively times in this suit. Everyone will of course regret that Mr. Gowen is not engaged on the other side, in which case we should have a continuation of the the Jersey Central tournament now so much delighting the public. A good story is told in the street of a "little turn" which J. R. Keene is said to have made in the Northern Pacific squeeze. Anticipating that a three-fourths vote would require a purchase of a good deal of stock on the part of the Villard party, he covered all his shorts in that stock at and below 60, and went long of several thousand shares. Against these purchases he had out as a pledge a pile of Oregon Transcontinental at about 44. A few days before the close of the books the Villard party learned of his having accumulated the stock and offered to take it off his hands in preference to bidding for it in the open market. Of course Keene had it then all his own way. He is said to have gone about 70 for his stock and made the purchasers supply him besides with a quantity of Oregon Trans-Continental at 25 to cover his shorts. No wonder that he has been talking bullish for some time past. There was a sudden flurry in the Chicago market on Saturday afternoon the cause of it was evidently the same as the cause of the flurry in the stock market—an abnormally large short interest. A young Cincinnati speculator was badly squeezed, and to help the working of the thumb screws, the Chicagoans invented some sensational reports of an impending war in Europe. The general belief continues to be that the crops not being superabundant, wheat at a dollar a bushel is cheap. That might be so, but the trouble is that there is no demand for it from abroad, and since Indian and Russian wheat are much cheaper, there is not likely to be any. The speculators in petroleum will do well to take notice of the fellowing paragraph from The Journal De St. Petersburg, the official organ of the Russian government: "Many German merchants have just made, for the first time, large purchases of petroleum at Bakon. Up to now the Russian petroleum, though extensively used in Austria and Hungary, has not been used in Germany. The low price of the Russian trouble has greatly encouraged German purchasers, and the excellent quality of the Russian oil and the new facilities for railroad transportation make it almost certain that Russia will soon supercede America in the petroleum market of the whole of Europe."

NORTHERN NEBRASKA NOTES.

Starting from the main U. P. line at the bustling little city of Columbus, your correspondent struck northward passing through the densely populated prairie dog town lying north of Columbus, which town seems entirely free from the grasping tendency of many of our flourishing Nebraska cities as regards corner lots. Every inhabitant wore an expression of contentment in the midst of his primitive homestead simplicity, and seemed to be a law unto himself in the location of his domicile. The prairie dog is a citizen of quiet and pacific manner of life and yet is evidently a terror to the eager farmer who is careful to respect the city limits of his inferior neighbor. The country stretching northward along the branch line of the U. P. railway is beautiful, and the abundant crops of corn and small grain speak eloquently for the fertility of the soil. Madison is a flourishing young town and seemingly enjoys the undisturbed honors of the distinction as capital of the attractive and well developed county of Madison. Many indications of improvement shows the existence of the well-to-do farmer who is congratulating himself on his good fortune in selecting Madison county as his location. At Norfolk, which prides itself in the glory of being a railroad center of no mean importance, we paused long enough to study its situation as an important strategic center for a vast scope of country that will soon open a good chapter in the history of this portion of the State. Norfolk has a lively business, and as for hotel accommodations it ranks far beyond the attainments of many of our Nebraska towns. A Nebraska town is nothing unless it has some pet scheme that is likely to open a grand and imposing future before it, and Norfolk differs not from her sister towns. Joining company with the tide of land and home seekers sweeping up the Elkhorn valley, we bade good-bye to Norfolk and eagerly took in the situation of things along this far famed valley advertised as containing homes for the millions. And truly aside from a naturally expected extravagance in such flowing advertisement, the Elkhorn valley in attractive beauty and fertility of soil speaks for itself to the incoming multitude.

Antelope county is just now undergoing a tremendous upheaval incident to a strongly contested county seat fight between Oakdale and Neligh, the latter claiming the championship and wearing the belt. Oakdale treats the result much after the sour-grape fashion, and Neligh is quite content to let it pass as such. Your correspondent noticed that both towns were ambitious aspirants for educational honors, each one glorying in the establishment of a seminary in their midst.

Leaving the railroad at Neligh we struck across the country northward, passing throught Antelope and Knox counties by the measured pace of the Indian Pony Express. Through the thickly settled region of homesteaders in and about Willowdale and Millerboro, we were forcibly reminded of the wise policy of our government in holding these lands for the exclusive use of such families as would comply with the requirement of pre-emption, timber claim and homesteads, for within three years these claims have reached a value of from $1000 to $1200 for each quarter section, but with no disposition to prove up and sell at that figure except in exceptional cases. Our objective point was the celebrated Niobrara with its triple name of Running Water, Leau Qui Court, (pronounced Loke-Core) or Niobrara.

It is an old town, and has lived for years on great expectations, and is determined to hold on to the expected advent of railroads, crowds of people and lots of business. Just now the expected relief looks down upon them from the Saunders Indian reservalion addition, the opening of which for sale is expected to fill the waitlng streets with life and trade, to all of which we respond, "Mote it so be."

One thing is certain, and that is Nebraska is capable of so much development and growth as to hold us in readiness for almost any result. During the past year we have observed Nebraska lands advancing all over the State until the price has reached on an average a round hundred per cent increase over last year. The coming year, unless we miss our guess, will bring to our State multitudes of home seekers and land buyers beyond anything we have yet seen, and these choice acres will not be long unoccupied.

A San Antonio, Texas, special says that Halbert, charged with being implicated in the $30,000 forgery on Kidder, Peabody & Co., Boston bankers, was discharged to-day through habeas corpus proceeding. The prosecution were unable to make out a case, the principal witnesses being detained in California by legal difficulties connected with the arrest there of supposed accomplices. The San Antonio officers complain of lack of cooperation of Boston authorities and allege that several parties in good standing in various portions of Texas are involved.

THE DAY'S DOINGS.

General William Myers Figures Prominently in a Scandal Suit.

Fatal Collision Near Joliet Junction.

An Unusual Budget of Murders, Burglaries and Fires.

An Indiscreet Quartermaster.

CHICAGO, October 28.—On the 23d inst. D. B. Vermilye was arrested here on a charge of embezzling $3,000 of the Weems stove company At the same time Gen. Wm. Myers brought action for slander against him for alleged statements to the effect that Myers had been guilty of indiscretions with his (Vermilye's) wife. Subsequently Vermilye made an explicit denial of the truth of these allegations and it was generally understood the suits would be withdrawn and the matter end. A special from St. Paul, however, says Daniel B. Vermilye yesterday filed a paper asking for a divorce from his wife, Mary Holmes Vermilye. He charges her with adultery at various times and places, including her home at St. Paul, with Gen. William Meyers, quartermaster-general of the department of Dakota, until about a year ago. Their intimacy, he claims, commenced in this city in 1881 and continued up to the present time, and charges that Meyers and Mary Vermilye are now living in adultery in some place in the states of New York or New Jersey. The proceedings have created considerable excitement here where all the parties are well known in the best society.

Fatal Collision.

CHICAGO, October 28.—A passenger train bound north on the Panhandle road and an outgoing freight on the Michigan Central collided this morning at Joliet crossing, thirty miles southeast of this city. Both engines were thrown from the track and wrecked, falling upon and setting fire to the flag man's box into which flagman, Peter Colic, retreated upon seeing a collision inevitable and was burned to death. Wm. Morris, of Logansport, engineer of the Panhandle train and John Kellogg, of Michigan City, head brakeman of the Michigan Central train were killed. John Dengan, engineer of the Michigan Central train was severely injured and crazed by hurts and fright ran four miles to Dyer, Indiana, where he arrived a lunatic. John Gorman, a Michigan Central fireman was also hurt. Passengers on the Panhandle train were badly shaken up by the shock, but no one was seriously hurt. It is impossible to locate the responsibility for the accident.

The Fire Record.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, October 28.—Early this morning the Salt Lake skating pavilion was burned, causing a loss of $10,000; insurance, $3,000. Insured in eastern companies. The fire is believed to be incendiary.

At noon to-day the stables of the Railroad Exchange hotel caught fire, extending to the hotel, consuming the hotel and most of its contents. Loss, $10,000; insurance, $73,000, in eastern companies.

PHILADELPHIA, October 28.—The country residence of Edwin N. Benson, of Germanton, was destroyed by fire this morning involving a loss of $100,000. He and his wife and children escaped with great difficulty. Nothing was saved but the library, jewelry and silverware.

LORDSBURG, N. M., October 28.—Moss & Sheldon's wholesale liquor house burned last night. Loss $35,000; insured. It was caused by the explosion of an oil lamp.

Strange Suicide.

BOSTON, October 28.—A strange suicide occurred at West Newton yesterday, caused probably by mental aberration. The victim, Mabel Stone, was the adopted daughter of Joseph Stone, a retired banker. She was aged 17, and a pupil in the high school. While in the presence of the housekeeper she began to behave in a very strange manner. The housekeeper discovered that she had a revolver in her hand. After a struggle she succeeded in getting possession of the weapon. She then started for assistance. While gone the girl rushed up stairs, and went into a closet, followed by a seamstress. In the closet there was another revolver, which Mabel secured. The seamstress seized her and endeavored to get the pistol, but as Mabel was stronger the seamstress went for help. Mabel threw herself on the bed and shot herself dead.

Evangelical Seminary.

ST. LOUIS, October 28.—The new Theological seminary of the German Evangelists, situated seven miles west of this city, was dedicated to-day with imposing ceremonies. Notwithstanding the storm over 2,000 people were present, including delegates from many parts of the country. The exercises were participated in by Rev. J. Zimmerman, of Burlington, Iowa; Rev. J. Bank, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Rev. G. Mestet, of St. Joseph, Mo.; Rev. Gennert, Wanatah, Ill., and several local clergymen. The building is a handsome brick structure, four stories, beautifully located, and cost $100,000. The seminary will open next week with sixty-eight students.

Base Ball League.

NEW YORK, October 28.—The arbitration committee of the National League of the American Association and the Northwestern League of the base ball associations have been in session here to-day. No dispute was sent in from any of the clubs. Reserve rules were freely discussed and generally conceded the rule not only protection to managers, but a benefit to players. The managers present expressed themselves highly pleased with last season's work, claiming they have made large profits.

Daring Robbery.

SHRINGFIELD, Mass., October 28.—The most daring robbery ever perpetrated in this city occurred this morning at the jewelry store of L. S. Stowe & Co., Main street. The safe was broken open and rifled of diamonds, gold bracelets and watches valued between $12,000 and $15,000. The job was done between four and six a. m. by a gang of professionals, who left a fine kit of burglars' tools. The robbery was not discovered until ten o'clock. The burglars are supposed to have left the city.

A Venerable Kicker.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—Lieutenant Kabbe, stationed at Mt. Vernon barracks, Ala., reported to the War Department that the white mule which had been at that post 45 years was about to be sold and the officers asked permission to buy him and keep him at their own expense. The petition went through the regular channels, and Gen. Sherman submitted the case to the Secretary of War with the following report: "I have seen that mule, and whether true or false, soldiers believe it was left at Big Spring, where Mt. Vernon barracks now are, at the time Gen. Jackson's army camped there, about 1819-20. Tradition says it was once a sorrel, but now it is white from age. The quartermasters department will be chargeable with ingratitude if that mule is sold or its or maintenance is thrown on the charitable officers of the post. I advise it be kept in the department, fed and maintained till death. I think the mule was at Ft. Morgan, Mobile Point, when I was there in 1842." The Secretary of War thereupon made the following order: "Let this mule be kept and well cared for as long as he lives."

CRIMINAL RECORD

Special Dispatch to THE BEE.

A BLOODY ROW AT SOLOMON.

SOLOMON, Iowa, October 27.—This evening about 7:30 o'clock a drunken crowd congregated in a saloon, and soon began fighting. One of them, named Braddock, got shot and was mortally wounded, and another, whose name could not be learned, got badly pounded. Among the crowd were three of those fellows from Missouri who have been trying to kick up a row here for some time, and they are the men that stirred things up to-night, one of them being the fellow who got pounded. No particulars can be obtained, as the whole gang has skipped the town, including the barkeeper. The Sheriff has been telegraphed at Glenwood.

KU KLUX CONVICTED.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 27.—In the Banks county Ku Klux case eight prisoners were found guilty on every indictment. They will receive sentence Monday. Judge McCoy in his charge was very severe in his condemnation of so-called Ku Klux crimes. He said: "It is strange that men should so forget their manhood and so forget their God and the laws of their country as to permit themselves to do such things as reflect disgrace to humanity and to society, and I say, as a citizen of the United States and as an observer, nothing has tended so much to bring this southern country into disgrace, nothing has tended so much to put the balance of the United States against us as this kind of outrage. They are mean, they are disgraceful, they are horrible; they are things which the people of this country cannot comprehend or understand."

The conviction of Ku Klux has created a sensation. The ringleaders are men of considerable property and members of a large family in Banks county named Yarborough. Four of the family, Jasper, Tames, Detmus and Neal, were tried and all convicted. Lovick Streetman, E. H. Green, Bold Emory and Stacy Louderman were the others. Jasper Yarborough was the leader of the gang. The charges against them was that they committed outrages on negroes because the negroes voted for Hon. James Emory Speer for Congress Speer was defeated and appomted United States District Attorney, so it fell to his lot to prosecute the Ku Klux. When the verdict was read convicting the entire gang several broke down and sobbed audibly. The prisoners were handcuffed and taken to jail. Their counsel will use every effort to secure a new trial. They have not been sentenced. The penalty is from one to six years Thus far there have been no convictions of Ku Klux in Georgia.

A Novel Suit.

CHICAGO, October 28.—Miss Helen Close began suit yesterday against Mrs. M. J. McGlaskam, who advocates her business as that of a scalp surgeon. The plaintiff alleges she was the possessor of a head of hair rare in color, length and thickness, that, while having it treated in Mrs. McGlashams office it was so entangled that defendant was unable to straighten it out; that while pretending to do so the Doctor removed half of it with shears, afterward bathed it with a preparation which turned the scalp black, and that the plaintiff has since been compelled to cut it all off close to her head. She lays damages at $5,000.

Governor Crittenden's Position.

ST. LOUIS, October 28.—The Sunday Republican editorially referring to Gov. Crittenden's reply to the citizens' memorial, says: "It is a tame and forceless presentation of axiomatic generalities which no one disputes and which have nothing to do with the local abuses complained of; as an answer to the united demand of citizens of this city for the removal of officials who have used their authority to Hamstring the police and protect gamblers, it is far from being respectful and satisfying to those to whom it is audressed." The Globe-Democrat says: "His letter dodges the spirit of the appeal, while it pretends to answer."

Railroaders in Contempt.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., October 28.—Sheriff Donds and a posse of ten left last night in a wagon for Rock Point with orders of attachment from Judge McJunkin to arrest the officers and employes of the Pennsylvania railroad company for contempt of court, and at an early hour this morning they arrested forty-four employes and incarcerated them. There was nothing of importance done at Rock Point to-day and it looks now as if Chauncey Andrews, Pittsburg, Youngstown and Chicago were on top

Pension Frauds.

WASHINGTON, October 28.—A large number of complaints of wrong doing on the part of pension agents came to District Attorney Corkhill yesterday in the mail. Every section of the country is represented. In many more important cases numbers of claims are filed in the Pension Office that were not given, and it is therefore impossible to complete the cases from the files. Col. Corkhill says in sending him informatian, it is very important to give the Pension Office numbers of the claims.

Barrett's Farewell in New York.

NEW YORK, October 28.—Lawrence Barrett closed a nine weeks' engagement last night at the Star theater. His net earnings are about $40,000. At the close of one of the scenes he made a neat speech which was his farewell words, previous to his starting on a foreign engagement. Returning he will reside in this country.

The Freight War in Utah.

SALT LAKE, October 28.—The Union Pacific and Denver & Rio Grande contracted freight all Saturday at 50 cents per hundred. Officers of the Union Pacific say the merchants of Salt Lake since Thursday ordered goods to the amount of half a million to come over the road at the reduced tariff.

ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

Another Earthquake On Asiastic Coast.

Martial Law at Oldenburg--The King of Portugal Preparing to Step Down.

Cholera in Egypt—More Trouble Looked for in Ireland.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

RUSSIA AND BULGARIA.

SOFIA, October 28.- Prince Alexander held a cabinet council upon the question of recall to St. Petersburg of his Russian aid de camps, Generals Soboleff and Koulbars. It was decided to dismiss the Russian Colonel Roadiger, acting minister of war; also all Russian officers serving in the Bulgarian army, and recall all Bulgarians in the Russian service. Prince Alexander, in accordance with the action of the council, requested Colonel Roadiger to resign the war portfolio. Colonel Roadiger refused and was then ordered to leave Sofia to-day. Colonel Komancoff was requested to assume direction of the war office

SPOILING FOR A FIGHT.

BELFAST, October 28.—There is every reason to fear a conflict will take place at Bellek, County Termenagh, if the Nationalists carry out their intention to hold a meeting at that place. It will be extremely difficult for the police and military to keep the Orangemen off, as they did at the recent meeting at Rosslea. The Nationalists have made no preparation for protection.

AWARD OF MEDALS.

LONDON, October 28.—Messrs. Earll and Cox, United States delegates to the international fisheries exhibition, have completed the list of United States exhibitors that received awards at the exhibition. The United States received 48 gold medals, 18 of which go to the fish commission mostly on collective exhibit, 47 silver medals, 29 bronze medals, 24 diplomas and 7 special prizes. Among the awards were the following: Prof. D. S. Jordan, Bloomington, Ill., for work on ichthyology, gold medal; A. Booth, Chicago, for oysters in glass, oysters in tin, and canned salmon, silver medal; Frank W. Clark, Northville, Mich., for hatching apparatus for adhesive fish eggs, silver medal; Mr. Bower, Northville, Mich., for trough for semi-buoyant eggs, bronze medal; N. A. Osgood, Battle Creek, Mich., portable boat, diploma.

ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE.

SMYRNA, October 28.—Another shock of earthquake was experienced to-day, damaging the walls surrounding the town, the aqueduct and mosque. At Vourla 169 persons were seriously and 61 slightly injured. Sixty-nine are in hospitals.

NOTES.

The revival of Moody and Sankey at Cork was very successful. They begin a mission in Waterford next.

John Bright states that the report that he intended to visit America this winter is untrue.

Great disorders prevail in the penal colonies of Siberia owing to official corruption. A large number of exiles attempted to escape from the Island of Saghalien. Three succeeded.

Coming Home to Rest.

CHICAGO, October 27.—A special from Chihuhua, Mexico, says that the Apaches under Juh and Gerimo have out generaled the officer in command of the troops at Casa Grande. Their manuvers have been most skillfully executed. The Mexican officials endeavored to get both of the chiefs in camp at once with all their bucks which would have ended matters. Sorties were made for days yet. Juh came in camp one day with Gerimo and another. Meantime both knowing that Geneva, the commander of the forces of Northern Mexico, had left the City of Mexico, planned and carried out the largest raid ever made by Apaches. At the ranches of Enciriltas, owned jointly by Gov. Terragas and Henry Miller, the wealthiest citizens of the State, they surprised the herders and got away with seventy head of horses well broken and many valuables. The job was done by three Apaches. From one of the miller's ranches fifteen miles west they stole a horse and two mules and got fifteen hours' start of the pursuers. Along the foot hills of the Sierra Madres they worked the same desperate game. They are now making for Arizona with 2,00 horses, including 60 Mexican cavalry horses. They are pursued by the Mexican soldiers and citizens. It is hoped the United States forces will head them off.

Bishop Riardan's Departure.

CHICAGO, October 28.—The most Reverand Arch Bishop Riardan, of this city, recently appointed Coadjutor to Arch Bishop Altemany, of San Francisco, will leave for his new scenes of labor to-morrow, over the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road, which has placed it at the disposal of himself and clerical and lay friends, the same special train as that which took the Knight Templars to the recent conclave at San Francisco. Delegations from South Bend, Joliet, Bloomington and other neighboring points will escort the party to the train.

A Dinner to Irving.

NEW YORK, October 28.—At a dinner in honor of Henry Irving, the distinguished English actor, given by the Lotus Club, last evening, covers were laid for nearly 200 gentlemen. Every seat was occupied. Whitelaw Reid, editor of The Tribune and president of the club, had on his right the distinguished guest of the evening. Other special guests were Chief Justice Noah Davis, Hon. Wm. Henry Smith, Joseph Jefferson and E. Randolph.

TELEGRAPH NOTES.

There were twenty yellow fever deaths the past week at Havana.

Monsignor Capel, the famous Catholic divine, lectures in St. Louis to-night.

Gov. Foster, of Ohio, has issued a proclamation declaring the judicial amendment adopted.

Charles A. Pinkham, at Boston, who claims to be Charlie Ross, has been sent for by New York authorities.

J. B. Smith, for the murder of William Gresham last Christmas, was sentenced to 75 years in the penitentiary at Hillsboro, Texas.

Two road agents held up the Bowie, (A. T.) mail stage Friday night and secured several registered packages. No passengers aboard.

Anna Dickinson and her company are still at Detroit, but will make a fresh start Tuesday, when she is booked to play at Logansport.

After the sailing of the steamer Furnessia, October 31, the Anchor Line will suspend its services between Liverpool and New York for the winter.

Cardinal Henry Marc Gaston De Bauneehiz, Archbishop of Rouen, is dead. He was created Cardinal in 1863 and reached the advanced age of 81.

The body of a murdered Italian who could not be identified was found on the road near Cambridge City, Ind., yesterday. Two suspicious characters were arrested.

Smull, the horse thief, completed the 19th day of his fast at the Belvedere, Pa., jail at noon Saturday. He complains of griping pains in the stomach, and weakness.

Judge Barrett's order for examination of President Villard was practically abrogated Saturday by transfer of the Northern Pacific railway cases to the United States court.

Marquis of Lorne and Princess Louise shook the dust of Canada from their feet Saturday and sailed from Quebec to old England. The usual demonstrations of loyalty were made.

Advices from Jamaica state that the port of Antonio was almost entirely destroyed by fire October 18th. The residence of the American consul escaped total destruction. Loss, over $8,000,000.

The shoemakers of San Francisco to the number of 6,000 have constituted themselves into a Butler Democratic club to work for the nomination of Ben Butler as President of the United States.

The steamship Fulda brought to New York £102,000 gold bars to the British Bank of North America, £40,000 to Leon, Hoffman & Co., and 615,000 francs to Heidel, Back, Jekelheimer & Co.

The Ohio Republican State Central Committee met at Columbus, and appointed a committee to devise ways and means to raise money necessary to settle up the expenses of the late campaign.

Taylor, Robertson & Co., hatters and furriers, Montreal, failed, with liabilities at $80,000. They offer fifty cents on the dollar, twenty-five cents cash and twenty-five cents in four months, secured.

Upon the report of commissioner of pensions the secretary of interior has suspended from practice before the interior department Belva A Lockwood and E. H. Gebon & Co., pension attorneys in Washington.

A passenger train came into collision with a gravel train on the Grand Junction railway, near Foxboro, O. Three passengers were seriously, and several slightly injured. The loss of property is $30,000.

Two drunken roughs at Loveland, Texas, butchered a prominent citizen at his own door, in the presence of his wife and child. Armed citizens are in pusuit and if the fiends are caught they will be coffned without ceremony.

Charles M. Hubbard, late managing editor of The St. Joseph, (Mo.) Herald, becomes managing editor and editorial writer of The Detroit Evening Journal to-day, having resigned from the staff of The Post and Tribune.

Lord Coleridge sailed from New York for England Saturday. A large number of his friends saw him off. He hopes to be able to pay another visit to America. His son Gilbert will remain, and travel extensively in the eastern States.

The lumber dealer's association of Chicago, at a meeting Saturday advanced the price in thick, clear, select flooring, beaded ceiling and lathing. No change is made in the price of common boards. Thus far prices have been $1 higher than last month.

The Mississippi river improvement committee of the United States Senate left Chicago Sunday on a tour of inspection. The committe will inspect all improvements between Rock Island and New Orleans, including Captain Eads' jetties.

Mary Anderson appeared in London Saturday night in the "Lady of Lyons" before a crowded and enthusiastic house. She was recalled several times, and renewed the success she achieved in "Ingomar." The Prince of Wales witnessed the performance.

David Adams, aged 65, died in Washington county, New York, alleged to have starved himself to death. Fifteen thousand dollars in securities were found hidden in the house. Relatives are looking for $20,000 more. The wife was starved to death ten years ago.

James Hogan, of Greencastle, Pensylvania, 18 years old, deliberately placed a revolver at the head of a six-year-old boy named Willie Harris and pulled the trigger; The ball entered the left temple, and lodged at the base of the brain. Hogan did not know it was loaded.

Judge O'Gorman, of New York, has refused the injunction sought for by Colonel Mapleson to prevent Signor Del Puente to sing for Manager Abbey. The Judge says the colonel has ample remedy at law for any damage that may be done by Del Puente's performance for Abbey.

The convention of fire engineers at New Orleans closed Saturday. Chicago was chosen as the place to hold the next convention, Chief Thomas O'Conner, of New Orleans, was elected president; Henry A. Hills, Cincinnati, secretary; A. C. Hendricks, New Haven, Treasurer.

The Hawaian sugar commissen was credited with the statement that the sugar producing industry was mainly in the hands of English and Germans. The Honolulu press, answering this, shows the Germans and British only own four million dollars, whereas, out of a total of seventy plantations the Americans own fifty, valued at over ten million dollars.

The death of Maggie Conway, age 18, at the house of Mrs. Ann McIlhaney, 759 Ringgold street, Philadelphia, Friday, is believed to be due to the criminal malpractice of Mrs. McIlhaney, aged 58 and a cripple husband, age 62. Many bodies are said to be buried in the yard and the police have been ordered to disinter them. Jennie Garrison died in the house last March.

Prominent Missouri prohibitionists have devised a plan of campaign which will embrace the enforcement of the Sunday law and all other laws relative to the traffic, election of a legislature favorable to submitting a prohibition amendment to the voters of the State and opposition to the nomination or election of any one for Governor who antagonizes the prohibition cause.

Citizens of Toledo held a meeting Saturday night, the object of which was to devise plans for raising a fund for the benefit of the family of the late Major General James B. Stedman and the erection of a suitable monument to his memory. Gen. J. W. Fuller, Dennis Coghlin and Col. H. G. Neubert, were appointed board of trustees to take charge of the fund. A number of local soliciting committees were appointed.

An unconfirmed story comes from Des Moines that an express robbery took place at Atlantic, Iowa, last Thursday night. The story is that an express agent at Atlantic, on the evening in question, received from the messenger on the 8:15 train, packages of money to the total amount of between $10,000 and $15,000, and put them in a bag which hung over his shoulder with a strap; that as he was stooping to lift the baggage truck, some one approached him from behind, cut the strap and disappeared in the darkness before the astonished officers could recover their wits.

A London dispatch says that cholera has reappeared at Cairo. Since this second visitation at Alexandria twenty-five cases are reported.

The Berlin newspapers warn persons intendtending to emigrate not to buy United States trade dollars, large quantities of which are imported into Germany for sale at full value.

The city council of St. Louis, has confirmed Mayor Ewing's appointments—over which they have been wrangling since May. The chief of police has ordered all poker rooms closed.

Weekly bank statement—Reserve decrease $290,325. Banks are now $307,550 below legal requirements.

NEBRASKA'S CROP.

A Magnificent Showing for Corn.

OMAHA, October 27th, 1883.

To the editor of THE BEE.

In a special to to one of the leading papers of Nebraska, under date of October 24th, Kansas is referred to as the only state in the union which to-day can boast of a full crop of corn. The same article says while Nebraska has a fine crop there are areas which have not escaped frost. This information regarding areas of corn injured by frost was news to the writer, and he determined to investigate the facts in the case. The parties visited were Himebaugh, Merriam & Co., one of the largest grain dealers in the Northwest, who buy at seventy-five stations in Nebraska, T. L. Kimball, general superintendent of the Union Pacific railroad, P. P. Shelby, general freight agent of the Union Pacific railroad, and Mr. Miller, general freight agent of the B. & M. railroad, all of whom say that no material damage has been done by frost to the corn of our state. That the crop is the largest by 25 per cent ever raised in Nebraska; that on account of recent favorable weather the quality has been so improved that it will compare favorable with any corn producing state, not excepting even Kansas. They also further state that in their opinion the production of all kinds of grain in Nebraska, taken as a whole, both as to quality and quantity per acre, stands unexcelled in the history of this country, or that of any country, excepting, perhaps, that of Egypt during the seven years of plenty before the famine.

CATARRH

Sanford's Radical Cure.

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking mucus dislodged, membrane cleansed and healed, breath sweetened, smell, taste and hearing restored, and ravages checked.

Coughs, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, etc., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Dr Sanford's Inhaler in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for SANFORD' RADICAL CURE, a pure distillation of Witch Hazel, Am. Pine, Ca. Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossoms, etc. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

For the relief and prevention, the INSTANT IT IS APPLIED, of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Coughs, Colds, Weak Back, Stomach and Bowels, Shooting Pains, Numbness, Hysteria, Female Pains, Palpitation, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Billious Fever, Malaria and epidemics, use COLLINS' PLASTERS (or ELECTRIC BATTERY COMBINED with a Porous Plaster) and laugh pain to everywhere

A Side-Splitting Farce.

Central City Courier.

Of course nobody has been scared. It's what they've always said all along, but somehow we can't help catching our breath at seeing The Omaha Republican, which has always been acknowledged one of the most consummate railroad stool-pigeons in the State, break out into diatribes like the following:

It is time that the railroads of this state called a halt. The people have borne the interference of railway managers and attorneys in politics far to long. * * * The Republican has rested long enough in the hope that the railroads of Nebraska would see the error of their ways and the handwriting on the wall, and would reduce their charges and call in their attorneys. * * * But the accursed interference of the corporation in politics worse and more aggravated at each succeeding election.

At first we are inclined to believe Freddy must be turning the thing loose in the absence of the manager, who would be horrified when he came home at the pranks the youngster had cut up. But after reading on a little father the richness of the affair becomes apparent. No such rollicking extravaganza, it is safe to say, was ever prepared for the journalistic boards.

"The Republican party, somewhat frightened by the obvious revolt against its management, gave notice to the railroad politician that he must go—and in response to the public demand elected as many members of the late Legislature as possible for the purpose of securing a just and equitable railroad law. Through the machinations of Democratic monopolists and dishonest Anti-Monopolists (so-called) the Legislature was, however, prevented from carrying out the purpose of the Republican party."

The show winds up with the customary "side-splitting farce," as follows. The author of the plot ought to be immortalized:

Leaving the Republican party, where they were no longer tolerated, the railroad politician and railroad manager have taken full control of the Democratic organization, and have carried the war into Africa by assuming an almost absolute power among the Anti-Monopolists themselves. The people of this State, without respect to party, should this fall once and for all times rise in their might and put down these ambitious and scheming monopoly politicians and wireworkers, and they can do this only by giving the Republican ticket a sweeping and emphatic majority.

Thanksgiving Proclamation,

"In furtherance of the custom of this people at the closing of each year, to engage upon a day set apart for that purpose in special festival of praise to the Giver of all Good, therefore, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do hereby designate Thursday, the 29th day of November next, as a day of national thanksgiving, for the year that is drawing to an end has been replete with the evidence of divine goodness, the prevailance of health, the fullness of the harvest, the stability of peace and order, the growth of fraternal feelings, the spread of inteligence and learning, the continued enjoyment of civil and religious liberty--all these and countless other blessings are cause for reverent rejoicing. I do, therefore, recommend that on the day above appointed the people rest from their accustomed labors, and meeting in their several places of worship, express their devout gratitude to God that He has dealt bountifully with this nation, and pray that His grace and favor abide with it forever. CHESTER A. ARTHUR, President.

By FRED. T. FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State.

AN OPEN SECRET AMONG THE LADIES

The brilliant, fascinating tints of Complexion for which ladies strive are chiefly artificial, and all who will take the trouble may secure them. These roseate, bewitching hues follow the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm—a delicate, harmless and always reliable article. Sold by all druggists.

The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

Its effects are immediate and so natural that no human being can detect its application.