

THIRTEENTH YEAR.

WV B Lambert in Trouble.

liver is torpid, perhaps, and you may be said to be bilious. The way to help you out of the difficulty is to take Brown's Iron Bitters...

A FORLORN HOPE.

The Prospects of Rescuing the Greeley Party in Lady Franklin Bay Far from Cheering.

The Wreck of the Proteus Causes Great Anxiety in Official Circles.

The Rapid Growth of Patent Office Business—Bonds Redeemed and in Transit.

CAPITAL NOTES.

RECORDS DESTROYED. WASHINGTON, September 14.—A large number of government records were lost in the fire by which the Olympia (Washington) city office was destroyed yesterday.

The President will leave for New York at 4:20 this afternoon.

Pensacola advices state that there are no new cases of fever and no deaths yesterday.

A dispatch from Wilmington, N. C., says: "The hurricane of the 10th and 11th inst. was the worst ever known in this vicinity. Much damage was done to buildings and shipping."

THE GREELEY EXPEDITION. No additional reports have been received from the officers returning of the Greeley relief expedition. It is generally conceded that the failure of the relief expedition is mainly due to the omission of Lieutenant Garlington to land stores and house at Littleton Island.

There would seem, however, to be some justification for the course pursued by him in the orders issued him by General Hazeo on the 7th of June, just before he sailed from New York. These orders were in part as follows: "If it should become clearly apparent that the vessel cannot be pushed through, you will retreat from your advanced position and return to the main base of operations."

These supplemental orders, which have never been made public, were as follows: "The naval tender is to join the Proteus at St. Johns, N. F., and proceed with her to the neighborhood of Littleton Island. The Proteus is to land her stores, except supplies for more northern points, at Littleton island, on the way north, if she succeeds in reaching Lady Franklin Bay. She is to pick up stores, excepting those housed in depots, if possible, on her return. The naval tender will await the return of the Proteus at Littleton island, and on her return steam southward until she reaches the ice pack, when she should return to the Proteus and her crew will retire on Littleton island, and the tender will bring to St. Johns, N. F., the officers and crew of the Proteus, the rest of the party to remain at Littleton island. If the Proteus returns, if her crew and expeditionary force succeed in reaching the north, the tender may go to the north, leaving full particulars at Littleton island, by flags, heliograph and gun, should be preconcerted, and communication by this means should be maintained between the two vessels as long as possible after they are separated. Nothing in the nature of a movement should be allowed to retard the progress of the Proteus. It is of the utmost importance that she take advantage of every lead to get up to Lady Franklin Bay."

From all information thus far received it would appear that Lieut. Garlington disregarded or found it impracticable to obey these supplemental orders with regard to the landing house and stores on his way north, since the Proteus was crowded with all her stores on board after she had passed the point where the stores should have been landed, and while she was engaged in the extra hazardous navigation of Smith's Sound. In the absence of any definite information from Lieutenant Garlington as to the reason for the adoption of the course he pursued and which led to the total failure of plans for Lieutenant Greeley's relief, officers of the signal service decline to express an opinion or make a statement for the public. The Secretary of War, Acting Secretary of the Navy and Acting Chief Signal officers are in consultation this afternoon upon the situation of affairs, but have not devised any practicable plan for the relief of the Lady Franklin Bay party.

Officers of the signal service here freely admit the present situation of affairs is hopeless, but do not regard it in any sense a party originally carried a supply of provisions calculated to last three years, or until the summer of 1884. The war department authorities say they can form no plans until they receive fuller information from Lieutenant Garlington, who has been asked for a suggestion.

LITTLE HOPE FOR THE GREELEY PARTY. Nothing, it is thought by others well versed in Arctic explorations, can be done to rescue the unfortunate men this fall. Their lives are now in their own hands, and their future depends almost entirely upon their own skill and judgment and upon the chance of wind and tide. The next information with regard to them is likely to come either from Upernivik or from the Esquimaux of Greenland coast, between the mouth of Smith's Sound and Cape York. Secretary Lincoln said to-night the question has been discussed at the department to-day. He, however, had little hope that anything could be done this year. He thought it would be useless to send a party up this fall with a certainty of their having to winter several hundred miles from Greeley's station, without means of traveling that intervening distance, when by waiting until next summer the party could be sent that would make just as good progress. He said, however, if it were shown relief could be sent the Greeley party, no expense or pains would be spared to relieve them.

BONDS REDEEMED. To date under the 121st call, \$16,772,850. As the appropriation for transportation of fractional silver coin will be exhausted by the 1st of October, proximo, express charges on such coin forwarded from the treasury on and after that date will not

be paid by the government, but must be borne by the consignees.

THE REPORT OF THE PATENT OFFICE shows an increase in receipts over 1881 of \$205,989; over 1882, \$165,020. Number of applications awaiting action on the part of the office July 1, 1883, 4,969, an increase of 39 per cent over 1882. The commissioner says the business of the office is steadily and rapidly increasing, and that nearly \$2,500,000 now stands to the credit of the office in the treasury.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

PELONSONS OFFICIALS. NEW YORK, September 14.—The rumors of a delinquency of from \$100,000 to \$200,000 in the water register office bureau of the department of public works created some stir around the city hall to-day. Commissioner of Public Works Thompson says there was but little in it and he was investigating the matter. The Mayor said Thompson had spoken to him sometime ago about one or more persons who had been feloniously collecting rent around the city and giving receipts for them in the name of the department. The city, he said, could not possibly lose a cent, as all unpaid water rents are a lien on the property.

ARREST OF COUNTERFEITERS. MISSOURI, September 14.—This afternoon officers arrested Jas. McGovern at Duluth, charged with complicity with Charles Chambers and others in passing counterfeit money. McGovern recently came to Duluth from Grand Forks and went into business with Chambers. It is reported the officers found a complete counterfeit outfit secreted in the store.

FRAUDULENT INSURANCE. BOSTON, September 14.—The Herald says the report of Insurance Commissioner Carbox upon the condition of the Metropolitan Insurance company of Paris is in the hands of the Attorney General, who will probably proceed against John C. Paige, insurance agent for his alleged flagrant violation of the insurance laws, brought to light by the Commissioner's investigations. The authorities, the Herald says, seem determined to punish any and all violations of law in this connection.

SOME ROWING MATCHES. NEW YORK, September 14.—In reply to the challenge of Peter H. Conley, of Portland, to row Wallace Ross five miles for \$500 a side, the latter announces he will accept on condition that Richard K. Fox be the final stakeholder, have the naming of the water and the appointment of the referee. Ross deposited \$100 with Fox, while Conley has just put up the same amount with The Argus of Portland.

In regard to the offer of James Keenan of Boston to match Charles E. Courtney to row Ross five miles, Ross says that if Keenan sends an \$100 forfeit to Richard K. Fox, he will arrange a match with Courtney and wager \$1,200 against \$1,000 on the result.

PHILADELPHIA, September 14.—Cleveland 5, Philadelphia 1. PROVIDENCE, September 14.—Providence 4, Detroit 1.

NEW YORK, September 14.—New York 4, Buffalo 1. FORT WAYNE, September 14.—Toledo 4, Fort Wayne 1.

SPRINGFIELD, September 14.—Saginaw 11, Springfield 6. PEORIA, September 14.—Peoria 7, Grand Rapids 5.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES. Four mile race, Barnum won, Exeter second, Lillian third; time, 7:48. Seven furlong race, Grant won, Granite second, Ligan third; time, 1:34. Mile and a furlong, Ida B. won, Governor Hampton second, Blush Rose third; time, 2:02.

Mlle. Barney Aaron won easily, Rena B. second, Harriet third; time, 1:46. Triple chase, mile and three-quarters, Baldy won, Tonawanda second, Periwinkle third; time, 2:47.

Three-quarters of a mile, King won, Followup second, Princess third; time, 1:18.

VEIGNAUX AND SCHAEFFER IN PARIS. PARIS, September 14.—In addition to the game of billiards, 3,000 points, Balke line, arranged to be played here in October, between Maurice Veignaux, of Chicago, and Jacob Schaeffer, of Chicago. Veignaux has sent another challenge, offering to play Schaeffer for the championship of the world, according to the rules, the rules provide for 800 point and \$500 a side.

PROVIDENCE RACES. PROVIDENCE, September 14.—Track good. 2:24 class, unfinished from Tuesday last, Howard J. won; Louise second, Sleepy Joe third; time, 2:22, 2:21, 2:22. Class 2:40, Joe B. won in straight heats; Pearl second, Glamis third; time, 2:25, 2:24, 2:24. Special class 2:20, Director won; Forest Patch second, Phyllis third; time, 2:19, 2:19, 2:20. 2:35 class, unfinished, Kitty Patch won; Onward second, Nettie R. third, Commissioner fourth; time, 2:25, 2:28, 2:23.

Stolen Postal Notes. CINCINNATI, September 14.—The post-office inspector for the Cincinnati post-office received official information to-day that the postoffice of Junction City, Perry county, Ohio, had been burglarized last night, and its safe robbed of all its postal notes, numbered consecutively from 7 to 500. This was one book from which the first six postal notes had been issued. The thief took the punch and office stamp, constituting the entire outfit for issuing postal notes. Inspector Brown desires to notify the public against receiving and postmasters against redeeming any postal notes issued from Junction City, Ohio, under the above described numbers until further advised.

The Revolution in Hayti. NEW YORK, September 14.—According to official advices from Hayti, the towns of Pairet and Maricot, which fell with Jacmel into the hands of the insurgents, have been retaken by the government forces. The insurgents at Jacmel are closely surrounded.

Declines Re-election. BOSTON, September 14.—Rev. Mark Hopkins, for more than thirty years president of the American Board of Foreign Missions, will, at the annual meeting at Detroit, decline re-election.

OUR VARIED WANTS.

In Which Money, Strange to Say, Cuts a Very Small Figure.

NEW YORK, September 14.—The ample sub-committee on labor and education to-day received communications from a number of persons giving their views on the labor question. Among these were Edward Atkinson, Wm. Lawrence, president of the association of American economists, Washington, the editor of The Journal of Commerce, and J. A. Schmitt of the Volks Zeitung.

J. A. Emerson, colored, once a resident of Arkansas, now living here, advocated the adoption of a system of postal savings banks in this country, similar to those in London. They would be beneficial to the country and a boon to the colored people of the south by affording means of laying up their small earnings. The greatest evil, he said, which threatened the colored people of the South was the store system. What the South needed was education and all the troubles arising from race distinctions would be overcome. There was no difficulty in supporting schools at the South, as the people were willing to contribute liberally.

Richard Hinton, a Washington journalist, said that this country needed a revolution in the law of equity in regard to corporations and distribution of wealth. This was to be accompanied by gradual legislation as the present system was built up by this means.

Florence Elizabeth Cole, principal of the school of interior art for women, this city, spoke of employment. She thought teaching admirably adapted to women and very remunerative. Designing was required in the manufacture of carpets, wall paper, gas fixtures, wood engraving, silver work, etc., but designing in this country, witness said, were few. There were large industrial schools in Paris where the most thorough instruction could be obtained free.

THE SIOUX FALLS SAGES.

The Preamble and Prohibition in the Proposed Constitution of Dakota. SIOUX FALLS, September 14.—Early in the morning session the judiciary committee reported the preamble to the constitution to be substituted for the one reported from the committee on preamble and title. It is believed that the people of North Dakota, who took exception to the phrase, "We, the people of Dakota," is accompanied by the introduction of a committee which states that the preamble is claimed to be in violation of the rights set forth in the original preamble. In submitting the report, Moody said if he found that any material portion of the population of North Dakota desired we should not assume the name of the State of Dakota, he would move to instruct the committee to change the preamble to "Congress do hereby certify that the State of South Dakota, at 10:30 p. m. prohibition, which was made special order, was called up. The gallery was crowded with ladies, who applauded the wedge-drivers, who succeeded very quietly in dividing the convention and creating a serious dissension. When the convention adjourned at 12:30 the subject was still under discussion. During the afternoon session many speeches were made for and against the subject, and it was finally put to a vote. Thirty-six voted for and sixty-four against, which was final. At an early hour of the morning session the question as to the advisability of electing State officers was brought up and made special order for to-night's session.

THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Recent Secret Convention and the Officers Elected. CHICAGO, September 14.—The delegates to the secret convention of the Knights of Labor lately closed in Cincinnati have returned and one of them said, in an interview this evening, there were 170 delegates present at the first roll call and the number increased subsequently to 170. There were representatives from a large number of states, including Texas and Arkansas, though of course a large proportion of them were from the east and west. The gathering was entirely harmonious. One or two social resolutions were introduced but quietly put aside. There were several telegraph operators in the convention and two of them were elected officers. There were no signs of their withdrawing. The convention left the telegraph question severely alone, as the only way to harmony. The telegraphers were misled in going on a strike. They supposed the Knights of Labor would stand back of them with one or two hundred thousand dollars. The Knights of Labor, he said, always opposed strikes, unless forced into them. After the operators struck, however, the body gave them its moral support and some financial aid. The headquarters of the organization was moved from Pittsburgh to Philadelphia. The next convention will be held in the latter place the 1st Monday in September, 1884. The new officers elected are as follows: Grand Master Workman, H. Powderly, Scranton, Pa.; Worthy Foreman, Prof. Col. Turner, Illinois; Grand Secretary, Fred. T. Moore, Pennsylvania; Secretary of Insurance, Board N. L. M. Gray, Pennsylvania; Grand Treasurer, Richard Griffith, Illinois; General Statistician, Mr. Egan, Michigan; Executive Board, McClelland of New Jersey, Campbell of Pennsylvania, Foster of Massachusetts, Bane of Michigan; Co-operative Board, Boyce of Kentucky, Bunton of New York, Sharp of Missouri, Yarns of Virginia, and Murray of Ohio.

Barb Wire Factory Burned. DES MOINES, September 14.—The Merchants Union Barb Wire works were destroyed by fire to-night. The building was totally consumed. The men were working dipping wire in the plant, when a bunch of wire came in contact with a lighted candle, firing the oil. The full loss is unknown; insurance on the building and machinery, \$20,000.

Jefferson's Monument. BOSTON, September 14.—The Massachusetts branch of the Jefferson National Monument association was formed yesterday, Robert C. Winthrop, president.

LIFE IN NEW MEXICO.

The Era of the Cowboy and Vigilante Fading From View.

WASHINGTON, September 13.—In compliance with a request from the secretary of the interior, Gov. Sheldon, of New Mexico, has just made a full and interesting report upon the affairs, progress and development of that territory. He began by referring to the present security of life in New Mexico, and says that with the exception of the murder of Judge McComas and wife, no citizens have been killed by the Indians since October, 1881, and that there are no signs of hostile demonstrations. Preparations have been made, however, to crush any hostile movement and the Indians are aware of the fact. The criminal element has been substantially disappeared. Nothing more is heard of the vigilantes or lynch law, and property is safe. The courts are able and efficient, and convictions, when deserved, are quite certain at the hands of justice. As a result of this improved state of affairs immigration has been renewed and industry and enterprise grow day by day. The Governor calls attention to the urgent need of a proper school system in New Mexico, and to the importance of having a session of the territorial legislature in January next. He also recommends that Congress create a special commission to hear and decide controversies growing out of defective titles to land, particularly those based or supporting to be based on Spanish and Mexican grants.

Speaking of homestead and pre-emption laws, he says their operation in that field and mountainous country has been to foster land monopoly of the most objectionable character. Locations are made embracing a spring or extending along a stream, and the surrounding lands are valuable to any one but the owners of the water. Hence, a man who obtains 100 acres, with exclusive water privilege, controls a vast tract without cost or tax. A cattle company, or an individual may, by owning a few acres, have the occupancy of a tract as large as some states of the Union, and if existing practices are continued the cattle business of the southwest will, in a short time, be in the hands of a few individuals, the Government furnishing the land gratuitously.

It is further suggested that land laws applicable to that territory be changed. The report closes with a recommendation that Congress make provision for another Judge of the Supreme Court to relieve the overworked judiciary of the Territory.

READING, Pa., September 14.—A dispatch from Hazleton says a fearful riot took place last night. A number of miners were discharged and they threatened to destroy the company's property. The constabulary were called out and a terrible fight with pistols occurred. A woman named Harding was struck by a ball and instantly killed. A young girl of six years was also instantly killed. Police Captain Hines was shot through the hand. Nine miners were arrested and eleven revolvers found on their persons. A number of men were slightly wounded.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

ANOTHER FRENCH VICTORY IN TONGKIN. LONDON, September 14.—French accounts of the battle with Black Flags state that on Saturday, September 1st, French forces from Hanoi advanced to within 12 miles of Sontag, where the enemy were found in casement forts, upon which the fire of the French had no effect. After three days hard fighting, the French troops, aided by a heavy battery under Admiral Bonet, carried the enemy's works at the point of the bayonet, capturing two towns and two Black Flag standards. The French loss was two officers and fourteen men killed, three officers and forty men wounded. After the victory Admiral Bonet withdrew his fleet to Hanoi. Reinforcements of 300 men are leaving to hold the captured town.

THE PLAN OF THE FRENCH CABINET. PARIS, September 14.—At the cabinet meeting to-day the Chinese ambassador negotiations with the Chinese ambassador were progressing favorably. The warding of reinforcements to Tonquin was endorsed. It was agreed that France, in the negotiations with China, should adopt a conciliatory policy.

THERE IS REASON TO BELIEVE the recent accession to the Austro-German alliance will shortly result in Germany issuing a proposal for a general congress of all European powers with a view of determining upon general disarmament. Austria, Spain and Italy are said to have already signified the willingness to participate in such congress.

PARNELL'S MORTGAGE PAID. LONDON, September 14.—Mr. Parnell laid off the mortgage on his estate, amounting to £13,000, from the proceeds of the Parnell testimonial fund.

ENGLAND AS MEDIATOR. VIENNA, September 14.—The London correspondent of The New Free Press says China and France have accepted in principle the mediation of England for a settlement of the Tonquin question.

THE CANTON RIOT. LONDON, September 14.—The Standard's Hong Kong special gives additional details of the riot at Canton Monday last. The riot began at 8 o'clock in the morning, as previously stated. The trouble was caused by a quarrel between some Chinese and Portuguese workmen on the quay. During the latter part of the riot some of the merchants armed themselves to defend their property. The party consisted of nine Germans and three Englishmen. They fired into the mob, killing five Chinese and wounding many more. The arrival of Chinese troops finally checked the mob, and now two British, one French, and five Chinese gunboats are moored in the river abreast of the foreign settlement. The Chinese posted placards on the walls of the city and calling upon them to kill Europeans at the next opportunity which presents itself. The different consuls at Canton admit the situation is serious and the attitude of the European colony gloomy in the extreme.

AN EIGHT HOUR BATTLE. LONDON, September 14.—Despatches from Hong Kong to-day state that a battle has taken place between the French forces and Black Flags, lasting eight hours. The engagement took place between Hanoi and Sontag, near Red River. The French forces are reported as having lost two officers and fifty men. The loss of Black Flags is estimated at between

THE SCHEDULE KNIFED.

Passenger Rates from Chicago to Various Points Cut by Regulars and Scalpers.

The High Tariff Harmony of the Pool Far from Serene and Secure. A Collision Reported on the Wabash—Huntington Works the New Hampshire Legislature.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

A CUT TO LOUISVILLE. CHICAGO, September 14.—The Pan Handle route to-day began selling tickets from Chicago to Louisville at \$6, being \$3 less than the regular rate. The Pan Handle people have been for sometime trying to get its competitors to join them in some agreement that would hold its rates to the south firm, but their efforts, they say, were fruitless, as tickets were being sold over other lines through scalping at less than the regular rates, and the Pan Handle to-day concluded to give the public the full benefit of its reduced rates instead of getting scalpers to do its business for it. The managers further say it is their intention to stay in the field until the matter is settled in a satisfactory manner, and that if railroads have any reductions to make it should be to passengers and not to scalpers.

The cut also takes \$1.50 from the rate to Indianapolis. The lines to Cincinnati are not involved and the cut is not yet publicly announced. It is not known what action will be taken by competing lines, but a serious rate war is among the probabilities.

CHICAGO CENTRAL ELEVATED ROAD.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., September 14.—The Secretary of the State of Illinois has licensed the incorporation of the Chicago Central Incorporated railway, capital \$6,000,000, the incorporators W. D. Scott, Chas. M. Clark and Jas. Swamy. The line is to extend to Riverdale, Englewood, Washington Heights, Norwood Park and Proviso, the suburbs south of Chicago.

A BANKRUPT RAILROAD.

CHICAGO, September 14.—E. Dwight, receiver of the Toledo, Cincinnati and St. Louis railway, made application in the United States court to-day for an injunction restraining the Central Trust company of New York from foreclosing the mortgage against the road for a large sum, claiming such action would embarrass him in handling the property for the benefit of creditors. The court declined at present to issue a formal injunction, but expressed the opinion that the receiver was right in his claim, and the court hoped the creditors would consider this expressed opinion as equivalent to an injunction. The matter will be heard more fully at a later date.

A CUT ON RATES TO BUFFALO.

CHICAGO, September 14.—There is lack of harmony among the trunk lines on passenger rates between Chicago and Buffalo. A secret meeting of passenger agents of the trunk lines was held to-day, which it is understood, ended in considerable ill feeling, and as a result it established the Grand Trunk and Niagara Falls lines will to-morrow morning announce first-class rates between the points near \$10, a cut of \$2 from the regular tariff; second-class rate, \$8, a cut of \$1.

COLLISION ON THE WABASH.

KANSAS CITY, September 14.—The east and west bound Wabash passenger trains collided to-night at Arnold station, seven miles east of this city. A baggage train and express messenger were killed. It is reported that some 250 passengers were killed and many injured, but this is denied by the Wabash company. The particulars are meagre, as there is no means of communicating with Arnold station. HUNTINGTON IS NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, SEPTEMBER 14.—The Senate, under suspension of the rules, passed the bill incorporating the Southern Pacific company, which proposes to consolidate a number of large railroad and steamboat lines connecting Texas and the South.

ATTEMPTED TRAIN WRECKING.

MILWAUKEE, September 14.—Officials of the Northwestern road say nothing definite is known about the attempted train wrecking at Waunakee to-day. The train due here at 11:10 arrived about noon, having been thrown from the track by an obstruction at a small station north of Waunakee. The switch was left open. This makes the third attempt at wrecking trains on this road within a month.

LEPROSY IN COURT.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 14.—The case of leprosy brought here on the last steamer from Honolulu was, by the quarantine officer, refused permission to land. A writ of habeas corpus was issued and the case will come up in the Superior court to-morrow.

EVERYBODY EATS GARNEAU CRACKERS.

10mlw Hanged. RICHMOND, Va., September 14.—Barbara Miller, (colored), was hanged here to-day for complicity in the murder of her husband, February last. Charles Henry Lee, her accomplice, was hanged on the 3rd.

Garneau's Lunch Water.

s10-0t All grocers sell Garneau's crackers because they are the best. 10mlw

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Thomas Nolan, wife of the U. P. Freight Agent, and sister returned from the east yesterday.

Miss Amy Graves, of Chicago, is in the city visiting her grandfather, George W. Homan, Esq.

Beats the World.

This is what H. C. Hoberman, a druggist of Marion, Ohio, says: "I cured my Rheumatism and to-day. One man cured of sore throat of eight years standing. Is splendid for rheumatism."

Garneau's Crimped Edge City Soda Crackers melt in your mouth. 10mlw

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

As a carefully prepared extract of the best remedies of the vegetable kingdom known to medical science as Alteratives, Blood Purifiers, Diuretics and Tonics, such as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Stillingia, Jalap, and other similar roots, herbs and barks, it is the only medicine which can be taken in any form, and which will cure all the diseases of the blood, and which will cure all the diseases of the skin, and which will cure all the diseases of the system, and which will cure all the diseases of the body, and which will cure all the diseases of the soul, and which will cure all the diseases of the mind, and which will cure all the diseases of the heart, and which will cure all the diseases of the lungs, and which will cure all the diseases of the stomach, and which will cure all the diseases of the bowels, and which will cure all the diseases of the bladder, and which will cure all the diseases of the kidneys, and which will cure all the diseases of the liver, and which will cure all 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