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ELEVENTH YEAR.

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NO. 52

INTERESTING INTERVIEW

With Drs. Bliss and Reyburn About the Condition of the President's Wound.

A Statement About the Latest Obstruction and How It Was Removed.

The Fact of the Obstruction Being There Regarded by Outside Physicians as an Act of Negligence.

But the Attending Physicians Claim That They Have Treated the Case Correctly.

National Associated Press.

A COMFORTABLE SATURDAY.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—This has been the first Saturday in the history of the case when the indications have not been less favorable than on other days of the same week. The best bulletin which has been issued for ten days was issued this morning, and the subsequent figures were in accordance with the general improvement noticeable in other respects. The amount of nourishment given was larger than yesterday, and it caused no gastric irritation. The swelling was no worse and has caused less pain.

AN OBSTRUCTION NEAR THE MOUTH OF THE WOUND.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—The accidental discovery of an obstruction in the track of the ball near the mouth of the wound is regarded by unofficial physicians as an evidence of great neglect. The official surgeons have frequently announced that the wound was healing nicely to within three or four inches of the mouth of the wound. It now appears that eight inches beyond it has been suppurating all the time and the light flow of pus was due to the obstruction just discovered, and to the fact that considerable was absorbed. This accounts for the inflammation on the neck, and satisfies at least the unofficial experts that the president is and has been suffering from blood poisoning for a week; that the eight inches of suppurating surface has not been cleansed at all, and the result will probably be serious complications yet to arise. The official surgeons, however, profess to think the president is doing well, and take a more conservative view of the case than many of their professional brethren.

THE ONLY NEW FEATURE

was that the cleansing tube had been inserted in the wound channel to a depth of eight inches. This in the face of recent statements that the wound was supposed to be healed to within three or four inches of the surface caused considerable worry about town. The doctors, however, claimed that their ability to traverse a greater distance of the wound was a favorable feature and the existence of the long channel would not retard the progress of the case. Probably the best idea of what really has been accomplished in the exploration of the wound and of the other features of the case can be gained from the following interviews, between the agent of the National Associated Press and Drs. Bliss and Reyburn late this afternoon.

Dr. Bliss gave a history of the recent development in the wound, which was this: Since the eighth day, when the last incision was made, no drainage took place. The catheter had been used in the wound, but at each morning and evening dressing a small catheter had been made use of for cleansing. The supposition for some time was that the wound had healed from the ball to within that distance from the surface. Recently, however, it has been noticed that more pus was taken from the wound than it took cleansing water to fill the space again. There was some secretion of some drainage, to which the tube did not reach. A pus cavity had formed at a short distance in the channel of the wound, and the channel was still open where it seemed to come to an end. The temperature denies the existence of a pus cavity, and therefore the theory that the catheter had perfectly healed to that point was not substantiated. By pressing on the body extra pus was obtained, but not a great deal of it. There was enough, however, to show that the wound channel carried some secretion deep in; here a close watch has been kept for several days on the wound. The pus was to have free vent from the inner channel, but yet the catheter could not be pressed in. There seemed to be a sort of valve at the point indicated on Thursday night. Dr. Bliss says he worked around the wound for a long time—in fact until his associates tired of wondering what he was at. He didn't succeed in reaching the inner channel, but "fooled around" just long enough to bring about the good result of yesterday morning, for the next dressing, after the wound had been cleansed and the tube removed, a small piece of cellular tissue followed it. Dr. Bliss took it in his forceps and handed it to Dr. Woodward. It was about as large as the end of his little finger. This is what had formed the valve of hindrance to the penetration of the catheter and gave an outlet to the pus. The pus had nearly all been drained from the inner channel when the valve was removed. The catheter was then inserted and was passed downward and forward to the depth of 12 inches. The catheter is a flexible rubber tube about one-quarter of an inch in diameter. It was passed in easily, and by its means the channel was perfectly cleaned and kept so. Dr. Bliss was asked why no mention was made of this yesterday. He replied that it was a matter of discussion

A NEW COMPLICATION.

The Swelling of the Parotid Gland Causing Considerable Anxiety.

The President Vomits Twice During the Afternoon Yesterday.

The Stomach all Right Up to Noon Yesterday.

In the Afternoon it Fails to Retain Nourishment.

A Gloomy Feeling at the White House Last Evening.

An Important Change One Way or the Other Expected to take Place Today.

A Bulletin at 2 O'clock This Morning Reports Him as Well as Usual.

National Associated Press.

SUNDAY AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, August 21.—It has been remarkably quiet at the White House to-day. Callers of all kinds numbered scarcely more than a score. The early bulletins showed the condition of the president to be not materially changed from yesterday, and that could be learned from the sick room went to show that there had been no loss of ground. The gain had been very slight. The annoying swelling of the gland continues about the same, less painful, but the consequent gathering of phlegm necessitates the frequent cleaning of the patient's throat and makes him restless. The wound is reported doing well. The flow of pus from the inner channel has not been materially increased by the removal of the slough, by which the cleansing catheter is allowed to penetrate to its entire length. The wound is now kept perfectly clean, and there is said to be nothing about its condition to retard the progress of the case.

THE STOMACH

up to noon retained increased nourishment and bids fair to be able to respond to the full demands of the case. Of course every one has been deeply anxious as to the certainty of the conduct of this organ, for it seems to hang the life or death of the president. No change has been made in the nourishment. About two ounces of beef extract are administered daily by enemata, and he has taken more than that amount of milk porridge and koumiss through the mouth. His doctors have been approaching during the day, which is always a favorable indication. They have been anxiously sought by the press for an explanation of why the pulse was higher to-day than yesterday.

THE TEMPERATURE

remaining less than 100 degrees most of the time does not cause any alarm. Dr. Bliss gives the most satisfactory answer to press questions. He says it has not been accelerated by any new unfavorable feature. He thinks it is caused by the restlessness during the night. The patient slept enough, but was frequently awakened by collections of phlegm in his throat. His efforts to clear his throat always have more or less effect on the pulse, and frequent disturbances increase restlessness. Bliss says he takes a very slight matter to increase the pulse of the patient in so weak a condition as the president is now. He has known turning him over in bed to cause an acceleration of from 8 to 12 beats. It does not remain so high, but it often happens that some such thing has disturbed the patient just before the figures were taken for a bulletin. In regard to the swelling of the gland, Bliss says that it was less painful but very annoying. They were trying to keep it from suppurating, and from present indications he hopes to be able to take good care of it. Dr. Bliss also explained that by the opening of the inner channel of the wound they had been making comparisons, showing the process of its repair early in the case.

THE WOUND CHANNEL

would then hold three ounces of cleansing water, while now the entire channel was only vindicated by a healthy granulation. In the comparison allowance is made for the shortening of the channel by the last incision.

DR. BOYNTON

is an old physician of the president's family, and has often been consulted recently in regard to the treatment of the stomach. This morning, however, he thought the stomach was doing so well at present as to afford encouragement, and that it would yet be able to meet all the demands, but very careful watching. He considered the most important feature in the case at present to be the inflammation of the parotid gland. Dr. Boynton considered the swelling of the gland the most important feature. He said the inflammation was most important. He said the stomach had not evidently rest enough, and there was hope that a longer rest might bring happy results. What he fears most is the suppurating of the gland. They prefer to scatter the inflammation because the result of the suppurating might be indefinite, and the possibility was a danger to the inside ear and another to the bones of the jaw, and still another trouble might be with the hair. While none

OF THESE TROUBLES WERE SURE TO FOLLOW SUPPURATING, THEIR POSSIBILITY MUST BE RECOGNIZED, AND HENCE THE PREFERENCE OF SCATTERING THE INFLAMMATION.

Dr. Boynton said this afternoon that it looked now as if the inflammation was well on hand.

Some time after the noon bulletin was issued, Dr. Woodward said: "He takes nourishment as usual."

Thus far all seemed to have gone completely well and no one expected a bad evening bulletin. The exact figures were fully as good as anticipated and as Dr. Bliss says afterward, "If the vomiting had not been mentioned it would have been considered a favorable bulletin. The fact that the vomiting occurred, however, caused a great deal of alarm. The news leaked out before the bulletin was sent out and a crowd was waiting at the gate when they were waiting at the rate when they were forthcoming. The first thought was that the stomach had thrown its entire disability and the worst must be expected."

ON THE STREETS

it was mournfully believed, and there was a gloomy evening indeed at the White House. Anxiety was deepened but the alarm was not apparent. The family had been very quiet since the face trouble began, and are anxious of course. This recurrence of vomiting is said to have been due to phlegm in the throat. Bliss is authority for this explanation.

DURING THE EVENING

Dr. Boynton was asked further in regard to the vomiting. He said the first recurrence of the trouble came at 1:40 p. m. to-day. The president had been having some trouble with phlegm and in clearing his throat he gagged until he vomited. About 3 hours later the same trouble occurred, caused in some way. This was 5:15 p. m. After that there had been no vomiting up to 9 p. m. Dr. Boynton gave it as his opinion that the phlegm trouble was due to septemia. The first effect of course being swelling. He thinks this septic condition has been apparent for ten days. To-morrow, he says, there will probably be a turning point. An effort will be made in the morning to test his stomach again. If nourishment is retained the hopes of the physicians will be re-established. If the stomach still refuses to accept the gravity of the case will be deepened. Dr. Boynton thinks the change will be for the better. He was therefore asked what he thought of the case. The doctor answered cheerfully and no more was said. He says that the president's voice is stronger now than for several days and he does not look to be worse.

MRS. GARFIELD

still keeps up and thinks there is a good way out of all. Dr. Reyburn makes the case less serious. He said at 10:30 p. m. that the president had taken water without disturbance. The president took his last supper at 10:30 p. m. consisting of milk porridge, without suffering trouble from it. It was some time after this was taken that the vomiting occurred; hence the idea that it was caused by phlegm at the throat. The second vomiting came the same way.

CABLE TO LOWELL.

The following telegram was sent to-night: Lowell, Minister to London: The president's sleep to-night was broken and unrestful. His symptoms throughout the day have been less favorable, and his general condition is not encouraging. He is unable to retain food on his stomach, having vomited twice during the day, the last time at 2 p. m. This evening he has been able to drink water and retain it. The swelling of the parotid gland has not increased the pulse, and the temperature is about the same as yesterday. His sleep up to this hour—11 o'clock—is somewhat disturbed. Wear all deeply anxious. Blaine, secretary

MORE PLOTS AGAINST THE BRITISH

National Associated Press. NEW YORK, August 21.—The so-called council of Irishmen, of whom O'Donovan Rossa is the alleged head, met in secret to-day in this city for the purpose of completing their organization and of perfecting plans for the destruction of English shipping all over the world. After considerable discussion, in which the most violent measures toward England were advocated, adopted a proclamation of which the following is a substance. The Irish are scattered over the world and the English flag is in every part of the world. The Irish people could destroy it wherever it floats, and thus pay back the vengeance with which England thanked God that she had rooted the Irish people out of Ireland. Take for example this port of New York. The Irish of New York could, in one night, burn every ship of England that was in the harbor. The same in Halifax, Boston, San Francisco, Sidney, and every other port frequented by English shipping. By the time a few hundred English merchant vessels had been destroyed the world may witness beneficial sight of all the shipping merchants and insurance companies of England presenting a petition to Gladstone to reconsider the Irish question. After continuing in this strain for some time the council kindly volunteers the following: The council expresses the opinion that after Sept. 1 it will for all peaceful people to aid in patriotizing ships that sail under the protection of the English flag. The council, having completed their plans for the destruction of every ship sailing under the English flag, adjourned. Persons opposed to dynamiters say the movement amounts to nothing, and has been gotten up by Rossa in the hopes of getting subscriptions to carry the plans of the alleged council.

Catholic Church Dedication.

CHICAGO, August 21.—The new Catholic church of All Saints, at Kosuth and Mason streets, was dedicated to-day by Archbishop Feehan, assisted by Bishops McMullin and O'Connor and sixty priests, among them Father Carroll, the oldest priest in the United States. He is ninety old years of age and has been sixty-two years in the priesthood. The pastor of the new church is Rev. Edward J. Dunn, who in 1875 was assigned to preach the school house at that locality, then an open prairie. His church properly is now worth \$70,000.

Burglar Killed.

LAWRENCE, Kan., August 21.—A man named Murphy was discovered last night attempting to rifle a safe in Bar's hardware store. He jumped on a horse, was pursued through town, and finally shot dead by a colored policeman. He fired several shots at his pursuers and seriously wounded ex-Policeman Harmon.

SUMMER SPORTS.

THE TURF. NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. SARATOGA RACES. SARATOGA, August 20.—The first race, misses stakes, three-fourths of a mile, was won by Tuscaloosa, with Chickadee second and Virginia Cush third. Time, 1:21.

The second race, a handicap sweepstakes, for all ages, one mile and five furlongs, was won by Girelle, with Boulevard second and Ella Warfield third. Time, 2:55.

The third race, for all ages, one mile, was won by Fireman, with Jake White second and Brooklyn third. Time, 1:34.

The fourth race, a handicap for all ages, one mile and three-quarters, over seven hurdles, was won by Post Gard, Disturbance second, Rose third. Time, 3:28.

MONMOUTH PARK RACES.

MONMOUTH PARK, August 20.—The first race, all ages, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Sir Hugh, Enderberry second. Time, 1:16.

The second race, for two year olds, five furlongs, was won by Valusia, Itaska second, Ilusud third. Time, 1:03.

The third race, for all ages, one and one-quarter miles, was won by Glenmore, Parole second. Time, 2:10.

The fourth race, a handicap, mile and two furlongs, was won by Eole, Una second, Strathgarry third. Time, 2:24.

The fifth race, all ages, mile and a furlong, was won by Ventriquoil, Rapture second, Sweet Home third. Time, 1:57.

A match of three-fourths of a mile, between Hiamase and Memento, was won by the former. Time, 1:16.

The seventh race, a handicap, all ages, mile and a quarter, over five hurdles, was won by Ingomar, Fra K Short second.

MAKING IT RED-HOT FOR SALOON-KEEPERS.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BEE. GRAND JUNCTION, August 21.—The W. C. T. U. are making it red-hot for the saloon-keepers of this town. One firm has agreed to leave town and the others are badly scared as a number of suits are pending against them.

ELECTRIC BRIEFS.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 21.—Six cars on the State Line railroad, at Maplowood, were thrown from the track, a hot journal set fire to the cars and all were burned. Two were loaded with cheese and three with lumber and one contained a horse and colt.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 21.—The Mexicans have given a day to a general celebration of the anniversary of the heroic Mexican resistance against the Americans at Chertulcohuac.

CINCINNATI, August 21.—The C. & D. railroad was sold at Akron, O., on Saturday, by the master commissioner to W. H. Smithers, of New York, representing foreign bondholders, for \$1,140,000.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., August 20.—The express, on information from F. L. Davis, says that Lieutenant H. Flipper, colored, second lieutenant company C, of the tenth cavalry, has been arrested on a charge of defrauding the government out of \$1,000.

CHICAGO, August 21.—Theodore Thomas last night closed his most successful five weeks' season of summer night orchestral concerts in the exposition building. Quite an ovation was tendered him by the large crowd present. A speech was made by Professor Swing, to which Mr. Thomas responded.

DECATUR, Ia., August 21.—An engine blew up last evening on the old Dubuque & Southwestern road, killing Engineer John James and injuring ten others.

URBANA, Ill., August 21.—Rev. G. W. Riley, a well known Baptist clergyman, died yesterday of apoplexy cholera, after an illness of only a few hours.

HOLLAND, Mich., August 21.—An eight-year-old daughter of John H. Kooyers, a farmer residing six miles north from here, was missing yesterday. After a long search she was found towards evening standing on her head in a deep privy vault, dead.

COLUMBUS, O., August 21.—Wm. Hedary, for years local agent of the Pan Handle and based lines in the west, has accepted the position of general freight agent of the Ohio Central.

MORE "BUDGE" MONEY.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 20.—Carlew Lackestein, a Hindoo, forty years old, confined here for drunkenness, received word to-day that he had fallen heir to \$15,000 by the death of an uncle at Calcutta. He came from his confinement long enough to arrange to have a Calcutta lawyer take charge of his fortune when he went back to the work house to serve out his sentence.

LABOR DEMONSTRATIONS.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATED PRESS. CHICAGO, August 21.—Ten thousand workmen attended a grand demonstration of the trade and labor assembly at Ogden grove to-day. Twenty trade unions participated, and speeches were made by Joseph Lohr, Richard Powers, C. F. Wake-man, J. V. Mulvaney and A. R. Parsons.

CO-C Notes.

An election to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Second Lieut. E. D. McLaughlin will be held at the armory of Co. C on Thursday evening, by order of Capt. Crager. On Monday, Sept. 5th, the company will assemble in full uniform at the armory at 7:30 a. m., to proceed to the depot and take the train for the 1st regiment encampment near Lincoln.

TICKLISH POSITION.

Midnight Tussle Sixty Feet Above the Ground.

A Gory Individual Holding a Colt's Revolver Demands a Life or Blood, and Gets Blood.

Sensational Episode Which Reads Like a Romance.

One of the most sensational stories that has lately been developed in this state comes from Plattsmouth. It seems that Chas. Kuhlman, who formerly lived here, and Alex. Rudebeck are both employed by the B. & M. railroad company. Both are watchmen on the big bridge across the Missouri at Plattsmouth, one upon either end. Each man is provided with a little shanty which has been erected on a small platform extending beyond the side of the bridge. According to the way Kuhlman tells the story, after the midnight train had passed through to the west on Wednesday night he sat down in the narrow space between his shanty and the rails. While there occurred to him that he had not seen his fellow-watchman, Rudebeck, follow the train to the Iowa side, as it was his orders to do. Kuhlman said he sat there for nearly an hour after the train had passed. At the end of that time he happened to look in the direction in which Rudebeck should have come, and what was his astonishment to see that individual standing within half a dozen feet of him. A close look at the man disclosed that he held a cocked revolver in his hand, while his eyes seemed to snap quick glances of hatred. Although he had noticed some strange things in his behavior previously Kuhlman says he could not bring himself to believe the man was in earnest. He quickly asked him what was the matter.

"I've come to shoot you," said Rudebeck in a low voice, and with that he jumped over the short space that separated them and stood upon the little platform, confronting Kuhlman. This platform comprised a space of only a few feet square. Sixty feet below rushed the Missouri; all around was darkness and not a soul within hearing distance. To complicate matters, Kuhlman was unarmed, except for a very short little club that he carried. As Kuhlman tersely put it, the fellow "had the drop" on him. The man hesitated but a moment, but in that moment Kuhlman knocked the revolver out of its range. As he did so Rudebeck jumped back, apparently heedless that a westerly wind plunged him to a certain death sixty feet below. Kuhlman followed him up at once, as he saw it was his only means of escape. Rudebeck had again brought the revolver to the proper range, and before Kuhlman could reach his side had pulled the trigger. At the same instant Kuhlman threw up his left arm, receiving the slug in the wrist. Some of the powder flashed in his eye partially blinding him. Notwithstanding the pain from the shattered arm which fell lifeless to his side he followed up Rudebeck closely and a wild and dangerous pursuit was begun over the ties. Rudebeck proved the more fleet of foot and eluded his pursuer in the darkness. Kuhlman paused to rest and had sat but a few moments on the side of the bridge, with his feet dangling down, when Rudebeck suddenly appeared again, and leveling his revolver, said he was determined to kill his man. Kuhlman sprang to the opposite side of the bridge, and throwing himself down, crawled along beside the rail until he had again reached his shanty. A few moments afterward a freight train came along and Kuhlman signaled it to stop. Getting aboard, he rode to Plattsmouth. He found his arm badly shattered, but the physicians did not think amputation necessary.

He sued out a warrant for an assault to kill, before Judge Sullivan, the circuit court, who put Rudebeck under \$500 bail to answer the charge. Kuhlman claims he never did anything to warrant Rudebeck's enmity and cannot explain the cause of the attack.

Kuhlman is a powerfully built man, very intelligent, and tells a straight story.

A Bit of a Row.

Pat. O'Brien and John Graham were walking down Farnham street yesterday together, arm in arm, singing and laughing and apparently the best of friends. Soon, however, they got into a dispute in regard to their respective vocal merits, and fell to fighting. O'Brien appears to have been the aggressive party, as he hit Graham two or three times in the face, to which treatment he made but little resistance. O'Brien is a powerful young man, while Graham is rather old and weak. Both were arrested by City Jailor McClure and officer McClure.

Wilmington (Del.) Daily Republican.

A great name has been made by St. Jacobs Oil in Wilmington. Among the latest cures that it has effected is that of John Lungren, residing at 201 East Third street. Mr. Lungren is well and favorably known in Wilmington. He is 72 years of age and said that about forty-five years ago he cut his foot, scalping off the top down to the bare joints. The cut developed into acute rheumatism from which he at times suffered the most excruciating pain from his toes up to his head. He lost many a night's sleep and many a day's work on account of it. Hearing that St. Jacobs Oil was making many cures, he purchased a bottle. The first application relieved him, and he has been getting better ever since. The rheumatism has entirely left him.