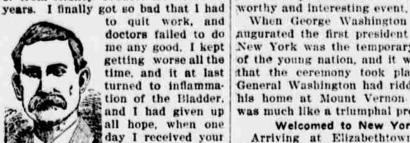


"Mebby youse wouldn't berlieve it, ma'am, but I come uv purty good stock."

"Oh! I don't doubt it. Anyone can see that it has never been watered."

SUFFERED FOR 25 YEARS.

Mr. R. M. Fleenor, R. F. D. 39, Otterbein, Ind., writes: "I had been a suffer-



little booklet adver-R. M. Fleenor. tising your pills, and resolved to try them. I did, and took only two boxes, and I am now sound and well. I regard my cure as remarkable. I can recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to any one who is suffering from Kidney Trouble as I was." Write to Mr. Fleenor about this wonderful remedy.

Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free

Politeness Ignored.

A Virginia farmer was driving a refractory cow down the road one morning. The cow and the driver came to a crossroad. The man wanted the cow to go straight ahead, but the cow picked out the crossroad.

A negro was coming along the crossroad. "Haid her off! Haid her off!" yelled

the driver. The negro jumped about the road

and waved his arms. The cow proceeded calmly on her way. "Haid her off! Haid her off, nigger!"

yelled the driver. "Ise a-tryin' ter!" replied the negro. "Speak to her! Speak to her and she'll stop!"

"Good mawnin', cow-good mawnin'!" said the negro politely.

Why, the Mean Thing!

"There's a sad case," said Mrs. Jones, as she laid the paper on her knees and wiped her spectacles. "A bride struck dumb after leaving the altar, and by last accounts she hadn't recovered her speech."

"It's the way of the world, my dear," said old Mr. Jones, with a sigh. "It's the way of the world. Some men have all the luck."-P. I. P.

A woman with bulging ankles seems more afraid of having them seen than one without them is of a hole in her stocking

No inventor has been able to produce a noiseless flat wheel as yet.

CLEAR HEADED Head Bookkeeper Must Be Reliable.

The chief bookkeeper in a large business house in one of our great Western cities speaks of the harm coffee did for him. (Tea is just as injurious because it contains caffeine. the same drug found in coffee.)

"My wife and I drank our first cup of Postum a little over two years ago and we have used it ever since, to the entire exclusion of tea and coffee. It happened in this way:

About three and a half years ago I had an attack of pneumonia, which left a memento in the shape of dyspepsia, or rather, to speak more correctly, neuralgia of the stomach. My 'cup of cheer' had always been coffee or tea, but I became convinced, after a time, that they aggravated my stomach trouble. I happened to mention the matter to my grocer one day and he suggested that I give Postum a

"Next day it came, but the cook made the mistake of not boiling it sufficiently, and we did not like it much. This was, however, soon remedied. and now we like it so much that we will never change back. Postum, being a food beverage instead of a drug, has been the means of banishing my stomach trouble, I verily believe, for I am a well man today and have used no medicine.

"My work as chief bookkeeper in our Co.'s branch house here is of a very confining nature. During my coffee-drinking days I was subject to nervousness and 'the blues'. These have left me since I began using Postum, and I can conscientiously recommend it to those whose work confines them to long hours of severe mental exertion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road

to Wellville," in pkgs. Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human Interest. Adv.

INAUGURAL DAYS OF FORMER YEARS

How George Washington Became President at Federal Hall in New York City.

FALSE STORY OF JEFFERSON

"Simplicity" of His Inauguration a Myth Traced to English Writer-Jackson Fairly Mobbed by Motley Throng.

By EDWARD WEBSTER.

From the very beginning of the nation, inauguration day has generally been a day of display and festivity for the people of the United States, though at times national conditions have made it an occasion more solemn than joyous. But always the induction er from Kidney Trouble for about 25 of a new president has been a note-

When George Washington was inaugurated the first president in 1789. New York was the temporary capital of the young nation, and it was there that the ceremony took place after General Washington had ridden from his home at Mount Vernon in what was much like a triumphal progress.

Welcomed to New York. Arriving at Elizabethtown Point. N. J., on April 23, he entered a barge rowed by 12 pilots clad in white. and passed through the Kill von Kull into New York harbor, which was full of all manner of craft gaily decorated and loaded with cheering crowds. The Spanish man of war Galveston broke out the colors of all nations, and

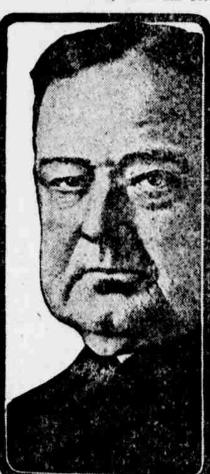
fired a salute of 13 guns, to which the

American frigate North Carolina re-

Finally, on April 30, all was ready for the inauguration. Washington was escorted to Federal hall, then the capitol, which stood on the site of the present sub-treasury at Wall and Broad streets. The streets had been filled since sunrise with waiting crowds, and the enthusiasm was intense. In the senate chamber Washington was joined by Adams, Knox, Hamilton, von Steuben and a few others, and all of them appeared on the balcony. Robert R. Livingston, chancellor of New York, administered the oath and cried "Long live George Washington, president of the United States," whereupon there broke out a mighty tumult of cheering, bell-ringing and the noise of cannon. Returning to the senate chamber, President Washington read his inaugural address and the history of the United States under the constitu-

tion began. Jefferson Story False.

If you are a good Democrat, no doubt you believe that Thomas Jefferson rode unattended to the capitol on horseback, tied his horse to the fence, and was inaugurated with less ceremony than would attend the taking of office by a keeper of a dog pound. Such is the old story, but it is pure myth and is first found in a book of travels in the United States written by John Davis, an Eng-Ilshman. Davis asserted that he was an eye-witness of the simple ceremony which he described, but it has been



Chief Justice White.

proved that he was not in Washington at the time.

The inauguration of Jefferson, which marked the defeat of the Federalist party of Hamilton, Washington, Adams and Jay, was the first to take place in Washington. The newly established national capital, then but a few months old, contained only 3,000 inhabitants, many of them negroes; the houses were mostly huts and the streets muddy roads. The big event was thus described in the Philadelphia

Aurora of March 11; 1801; "At an early hour on Wednesday, March 4, the city of Washington presented a spectatle of uncommon animation occasioned by the addition to its usual population of a large body of citizens from the adjacent districts. A discharge from the company of Washington artillery ushered in the

andria company of riflemen with the company of artillery paraded in front of the President's lodgings. At 12 o'clock Thomas Jefferson, attended by a number of his fellow citizens, among whom were many members of congress, repaired to the capitol. His dress was, as usual, that of a plain citizen, without any distinctive badge of office. He entered the capitol under a discharge from the artillery. As soon as he withdrew a discharge from the artillery was made. The remainder of the day was devoted to purposes of festivity, and at night there was a pretty general illumination."

"Man of the People." When Andrew Jackson was elected in the fall of 1828 the people of the west and the radical elements of the south scored a triumph and he was hailed as a "man of the people." This character was emphasized on the day of his inauguration the following March, for never before had such a huge motley throng gathered in Washington. Jackson's wife had died not long before, and he asked that the ceremonies be made very simple, but



Mrs. Woodrow Wilson.

the masses were too hilarious to heed the request. The weather was pleasant and the east front of the capitol was used for the first time for the inauguration. In front of it surged 10,000 persons who were restrained only by a great iron chain. Jackson rode to the capitol on a white horse and went through the ceremonies with dignity, and started back to the White House. Then began his troubles, for the people broke loose with a vengeance.

"The president was literally pursued by a motley concourse of people, riding, running, helter-skelter striving who should first gain admittance into the executive mansion, where it was understood that refreshments would be distributed," wrote a contemporary, Mrs. Samuel Harrison Smith. In their mad rush the crowds smashed furniture and dishes and seized the food as if they were starving. "The confusion became more and more alpalling. At one moment the president, who had retreated until he was pressed against the wall of the apartment, could only be secured against serious danger by a number of gentlemen linking arms and forming themselves into a barrier. It was then that the windows were thrown open, and the living throng found an outlet. It was the people's day, the people's president, and the people would rule.'

Too Much for Harrison.

For 12 years the Democrats controlled the destinies of the country. and then the Whigs elected William Henry Harrison, who was inaugurated March 4, 1841. By this time transportation was made easier by the building of railways and the crowd that flocked to Washington was immense. It was much better behaved than that which "honored" Jackson, but it was hungry for offices.

Cold, wintry blasts swept the streets of Washington that March day, and Harrison, already old and rather feeble, rode his white horse without cloak or overcoat, and with his hat off in salute to the cheering crowds. The line of march was unprecedentedly long, and so was the inaugural address, and then the president led the procession back to the White House. The exposure was too much for him and within one month he was dead.

When Lincoln Took Hold.

Immensely dramatic was the first inauguration of Abraham Lincoln in 1861. From the day of his election threats against his life were numerous, and detectives discovered and foiled an organized plot to assassinate him on his way to Washington. The big bodies of troops that had been employed at former inaugurations merely to add pomp to the occasion now were used for the protection of the president.

The day had opened cloudy, chilly and dismal, but as the president stepped forward to take the oath from the aged Chief Justice Taney the sun burst through the clouds and shone full on the bowed head of the man who was to give up his life for the country he loved. Lincoln himself noticed this "sunburst" and drew day, and about one o'clock the Alex- from it a happy augury.

GREAT PARADE IN HONOR OF WILSON

Federal and State Troops, Men From Navy, Veterans and Civilians March.

GEN. WOOD IS GRAND MARSHAL

Indians, Hunt Clubs and College Students Are in Line-Enthusiastic Spectators Continuously Cheer the Inaugural Procession.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

sonian simplicity" which Woodrow fantry and signal corps. The sailors Wilson requested should be observed and marines from half a dozen battle in every detail of his inauguration as ships rolled along smartly in the wake president did not apply to the inaugu- of their landsmen brethren. ral parade, for it was as elaborate as | The National Guard division followsuch an affair usually is. The people ed the division of regulars. It was wanted it so, and they showed their commanded by Brig. Gen. Albert L. appreciation of the spectacle by turn- Mills, United States army, who wore ing out by the hundred thousand and the medal of honor given him for concheering wildly as the marchers pass. spicuous personal gallantry at the bated with bands playing loudly and flags the of San Juan hill. General Mills is

The newly inaugurated president re. United States war department. viewed the procession and smiled his full of color, music and movement.

People Enjoy the Sight.

The inhibition of the inaugural ball stration while the procession was pass. in command. ing than there was four years ago. Victory had come to a party which abundantly noisy acclaim.

Wilson were escorted down the ave- braves, and Democratic clubs from nue by the National Guard troop of Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Balticavalry of Essex county, New Jersey. more and other cities, The carriage in which rode Vice They put the American Indians into President-elect Marshall and President elect Marshall elect Marsha States senate was surrounded by the helped out in picturesqueness and did the Culver Military academy of Indi-1 bers of the United Hunt Clubs of

The procession was in divisions, with General Wood as the grand marshal of the whole affair and having a place at its head. The display, in the words invariably used on like occasions, was "impressive and bril-

Wotherspoon Leads Regulars.

The regulars of the country's two armed service naturally had the right of way. Maj. Gen. W. W. Wother spoon, United States army, was it command of the first division, it which marched the soldiers and sailors and marines from the posts and the navy yards within a day's ride of Washington. The West Point cadets and the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis, competent beyond other corps in manual and in evolution, the future generals and admirals of the army, had place in the first division.

All branches of the army service were represented in the body of regu-Washington, March 4.—The "Jeffer- lars-engineers, artillery, cavalry, in-

the chief of the militia division of the

The entire National Guard of New approval as he returned the salutes of Jersey was in line, and Pennsylvania, the commanding officers, for all the Massachusetts. Maryland, Virginia, glittering show had been arranged in Georgia, Maine and North Carolina his honor. Pennsylvania avenue, from were represented by bodies of civilian the capitol to the White House, was soldiers. Cadets from many of the private and state military schools of the country had a place in the militia division.

The third division of the parade was and of the planned public reception at composed of Grand Army of the Rethe capitol had no effect as a bar to public veterans, members of the Union the attendance at this ceremony of Veteran league and of the Spanish enanging presidents. Masses were here war organizations. Gen. James E. to see, and other masses were here to Stuart of Chicago, a veteran of both march. There was a greater demon- the Civil and the Spanish wars, was

Thousands of Civilians,

Robert N. Harper, chief marshal of had known nothing like victory for a the civic forces, commanded the fourth goed many years. The joy of posses- division. Under his charge were posion found expression in steady and litical organizations from all parts of the country, among them being Tam-President Taft and President-elect many, represented by 2,000 of its

dent pro tempore Bacon of the United | they were in war paint and feathers members of the Black Horse troop of nothing to disturb the peace. Mem-



Scene on Pennsylvania Avenue Durin g the Progress of a Typical Inauguration Parade.

ana. This is the first time in the his- | America rode in this division. Their tory of inaugural ceremonies that a pink coats and their high hats apguard of honor has escorted a vice- parently were not thought to jar president to the scene of his oath tak- "Jeffersonian simplicity" from its

Formation of Parade.

The military and the civil parade, a Jefferson's state. huge affair which stretched its length for miles along the Washington in the civic section of the parade. streets, formed on the avenues radiat. Many of them wore orange and black ing from the capitol. After President- sweaters and they were somewhat elect Wilson had become President noisy though perfectly proper. Stu-Wilson and Vice-President-elect Mar- dents from seventeen other colleges shall had become Vice-President Marshall, they went straightway from | marchers. the capitol to the White House and thence shortly to the reviewing stand in the park at the mansion's front.

The parade, with Maj. Gen. Leonard tol grounds to move along the avenue | Wilson cannot complain that the cereto the White House, where it was to monies attending his induction into house that in fifteen minutes the newly elected president and commanderin-chief of the armies and navies of Pennsylvania avenue which is not oc the United States would be ready to cupied for office purposes was rented

review "his troops." It was thought that the parade might money. Every room overlooking the lack some of the picturesque features marching parade was taken by as which particularly appealed to the many spectators as cound find a vantpeople on former occasions. There age point from which to peer through were Indians and rough riders here the window panes. The roofs of tha not only when Roosevelt was inaugu-buildings were covered with persons rated, but when he went out of office willing to stand for hours in a March and was succeeded by William H. day to see the wonders of the inaugu-Taft. The parade, however, in honor ral parade, and many of them particof Mr. Wilson seemed to be picture ularly glad of an opportunity to go esque enough in its features to appeal home and to say that after many years to the multitudes. They certainly waiting they had seen a Democratic made noise enough over it.

seat. Pink coats were worn on the hunting field in Jefferson's day and in

There were 1,000 Princeton students and universities were among the

Cheering Is Continuous.

All along Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to a point four block beyond the White House, the spectators Wood, United States army, as its were massed in lines ten deep. The grand marshal, started from the capi- cheering was constant and Woodrow pass in review. The trumpeter sound- office were not accompanied by aped "forward march" at the instant the parently heartfelt acclaim of the ,ecosignal was flashed from the White ple over whom he is to rute for at least four years.

Every window in every building on weeks ago for a good round sum of president inaugurated.

WESTERN CANADA'S PHENOMENAL DEVELOPMENT

ITS PERMANENCY VERY LITTLE QUESTIONED.

There have been booms in almost every civilized country and they were looked upon as such, and in the course of time the bubble was pricked and they burst. But in no country has the development been as great nor as rapid, whether in city or in country. as in Western Canada. There may sometimes be found one who will say "Can it last?" Winnipeg, today, stands where Chicago stands as far as being the base of the great commercial and agricultural country lying a thousand miles back of it. It has an advantage that Chicago did not have. for no country in the world's history has attracted to its borders a larger number of settlers in so short a time, or has attracted so much wealth in a period of equal length, as have the Canadian prairies. Never before has pioneering been accomplished under conditions so favorable as those that exist in Western Canada today.

The provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta have the largest area of desirable lands on the North American Continent, and their cultivation has just begun.

Even with a two hundred million bushel wheat crop less than eight per cent, of the land is under the plough, four per cent. being in wheat. Less than five years ago the wheat crop was only seventy-one million bushels. It is a simple calculation to estimate that if four per cent. of the available cultivable area produces something over two hundred million bushels, what will forty-four per cent. produce? And then look at the immigration that is coming into the country. In 1901 it was 49,149; 17,000 being from the United States. In 1906 it was 189,064, of which 57,000 were Americans, and in 1912 it was about 400,000, of which about 200,000 are Americans. In the three years prior to 1912, there were 358,859 persons who declared themselves for Canada, who brought into Canada in cash, bank drafts, stock, implements and effects over \$350,000,-000. Why have they gone to Canada? The American farmer is a man of shrewd business instincts, and when he finds that he can sell his own farm at from \$100 to \$200 per acre and move into Canada and homestead 160 acres for himself, and similarly for all his sons who are adult and of age, upon lands as rich and fertile as those be had left, and producing, indeed, several bushels to the acre in excess of anything he has ever known, it will take more than an ordinary effort to prevent him from making the change. He can also purchase good lands at from \$12 to \$25 per acre.

And, then, too, there is the American capital following the capital of brawn, muscle and sinew, following it so as to keep in touch with the industrious farmer with which he has had dealings for years back. This capital and the capital of farming experience is no small matter in the building up of a country.

Will Western Canada's development continue? Why not? The total area of land reported as available for cultivation is estimated as 218,000,000 acres; only fifteen per cent. of this is under cultivation. Nothing is said of the great mineral and forest wealth, of which but little has yet been touched.—Advertisement

Menu Revision. "How is it there's roast hare on the

ment again today?" Waitress-Well, it ate the canary yesterday.

His Idea.

Bill: "Do you know what a plagiarist is?" Jill: "Sure; be's a fellow who plays

a joke on the playwright."

Many a slow man develops into a sprinter when he has a chance to run into debt.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children tecthing, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind coile, 25c a bottle 40

The best of men are sometimes worsted--and that's no yarn.

Happy?

It's really only another word for perfect digestion __ active liver-bowel regularity. Sickness always brings discontent and "the blues" but why remain so? Get a bottle of

HOSTETTER'S **Stomach Bitters**

today. It will make the "inner man" strong and healthy and prevent Stomach Ills, Colds, Grippe, and Malarial Disorders.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES