



A Newspaper That Gives The News Fifty-two Weeks Each Year For \$1.50

VOLUME XXXVIII.

RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA, MAY 18, 1911.

NUMBER 20

Your Bank Account

is something that deserves serious thought. If you are not satisfied at present or contemplate starting a new bank account

Come in and See Us.

We promise courteous treatment and liberal accommodations as far as is consistent with good safe banking, and it is to these facts that we owe our rapid growth. Don't be held back! Do it to-day.

Interest paid on Time Deposits.



Webster County Bank,

RED CLOUD, NEB.
CAPITAL \$25,000

B. F. Mizer, President. S. R. Florance, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
B. F. Mizer, C. J. Pope, Wm. M. Crabill, Wm. H. Thomas,
S. R. Florance.

PLEASANT VIEW

Chris Jensen and family visited at Mr. Knutson Sunday.

Mr. Meredith, John and Chris Jensen hauled corn Wednesday.

Mr. Meredith and Frank McIntosh visited Mr. Reed Sunday.

Bennie Reed, Richard Hale, Mike, Bliss and Mr. Eldredge called on Albert Knutson Sunday morning.

GARFIELD

Guy Barnes had a sick horse on Saturday night.

Will Fisher took a load of hogs to market Tuesday.

George Coon and sons were on wind mill row Sunday.

Lee Smith and wife called on Guy Barnes and wife Sunday.

Mariel and Ethel Fisher are home after a week's visit in Red Cloud.

Joe Mudd and George Houehin finished cutting stalks last Thursday.

Everybody in Garfield is busy listing and planting corn. The ground is in fine shape.

Cap. Houehin finished his contract of grading one day last week that he got of Fisher the road boss.

George Harris had the misfortune to loose a fine mare one day last week but George says that those that have must lose and those that haven't anything can't loose.

Most of the young folks and some of the old ones took in the Lucky Bill show in Red Cloud Saturday night but of course the old folks went along to take care of the children.

The Lucky Bill show went down wind mill row Sunday morning and Clyde Simpson and Len Railsback followed Old Jumbo off but what is our loss is Lucky Bill's gain for maybe they will draw a crowd.

LESTER

Everybody is planting corn except those that are thru.

Lucius Frisbie spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents.

Miss Mary Holcomb has the measles but is better at this writing.

Mrs. John Emick and son, Sylvester, spent Sunday at Porter Hale's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Blair called on Mr. and Mrs. Bill Lane Sunday.

Mrs. Luc Bergfield and daughter visited her parents Wednesday.

The Amboy Milling Co., shipped three carloads of hogs Wednesday.

After three week's sickness Mrs. Charlie Rasser is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Frisbie were seen on the streets of Blue Hill Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew King spent Saturday and Sunday with his sister near Burr Oak, Kas.

Quite a number of the young folks spent Thursday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Connie Rasser. All had a fine time.

Experiment Station Bulletin No. 120

The Nebraska Experiment Station has just issued Bulletin No. 120, entitled, "Alfalfa Management."

This gives a summary of the methods used by the most successful farmers in various parts of the state in securing a stand and in handling a crop of alfalfa. The discussion relates to the eastern as well as to the western sections.

It has been the purpose in writing this bulletin to put the material in such a form that the farmer can readily find a discussion of the phase in which he is particularly interested. The first division treats of the kind of soil best adapted to the growth of the plant, with suggestions for treating soil which does not give satisfactory results. This is followed by a discussion

of the seed bed. The method of its preparation and the importance of manure receive a prominent place.

The farmers are advised to purchase their seed from the north or from the dry lands of the northwest, rather than from the south. It is also recommended that no seed be used which has not been tested for purity and for germination by the government seed laboratory located at Lincoln. This test will be made free.

A discussion of the amount of seed per acre and of the various methods of seeding will help the man who is in doubt in reference to this point. Broadcasting is compared with drilling, both with a disk drill and a press drill. Warnings are given to farmers who use either method, and suggestions for greater success.

There is a comparison made of spring seeding, early summer seeding, late summer seeding, and fall seeding, from which conclusions are drawn. The late summer seeding is recommended for sections of the state where there is plenty of moisture to give the plants a good start at that season of the year.

The important subject of disking the alfalfa is discussed quite thoroughly. The conclusions are based upon reports which have been received from a large number of farmers who have practiced disking their fields to increase the yield. The results do not seem to warrant the practice unless the field is to be plowed up in a year or two after it is disked.

Directions are given for thickening the stand on fields where there are not a sufficient number of plants. It is stated that this can be successfully done in many instances. Recommendations are made to alfalfa seed growers, and the bulletin closes with a brief discussion of methods of caring for the hay and of pasturing the alfalfa field.

This bulletin may be had free of cost by residents of Nebraska upon application to the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station, Lincoln.

E. A. BURNETT, Director.

ion of the seed bed. The method of its preparation and the importance of manure receive a prominent place.

The farmers are advised to purchase their seed from the north or from the dry lands of the northwest, rather than from the south. It is also recommended that no seed be used which has not been tested for purity and for germination by the government seed laboratory located at Lincoln. This test will be made free.

A discussion of the amount of seed per acre and of the various methods of seeding will help the man who is in doubt in reference to this point. Broadcasting is compared with drilling, both with a disk drill and a press drill. Warnings are given to farmers who use either method, and suggestions for greater success.

There is a comparison made of spring seeding, early summer seeding, late summer seeding, and fall seeding, from which conclusions are drawn. The late summer seeding is recommended for sections of the state where there is plenty of moisture to give the plants a good start at that season of the year.

The important subject of disking the alfalfa is discussed quite thoroughly. The conclusions are based upon reports which have been received from a large number of farmers who have practiced disking their fields to increase the yield. The results do not seem to warrant the practice unless the field is to be plowed up in a year or two after it is disked.

Directions are given for thickening the stand on fields where there are not a sufficient number of plants. It is stated that this can be successfully done in many instances. Recommendations are made to alfalfa seed growers, and the bulletin closes with a brief discussion of methods of caring for the hay and of pasturing the alfalfa field.

This bulletin may be had free of cost by residents of Nebraska upon application to the Nebraska Agricultural Experiment Station, Lincoln.

E. A. BURNETT, Director.

The Birthday Gift

The practise of gift-giving at Christmas time is a modern fashion a habit. There is nothing in the original significance of Christmas to even remotely suggest a gift. It is nevertheless a beautiful idea.

A much more expressive and consistent gift is a Birthday or other anniversary gift. The anniversary is hers, or his very own--Christmas is everybody's. There is a distinction in the anniversary gift--a compliment that the Christmas gift lacks.

Give her, or him, or them, mother, sister, wife, father, brother, husband or friend--a gift on an anniversary and it means something. Make that day the happiest of the year.

Our stock offers articles of use and beauty suitable for all gift occasions, qualities unsurpassed and something at a price you can afford.

"SATISFACTION OR MONEY BACK"

The GIFT STORE

Newhouse Bros.

E. H. NEWHOUSE, Prop.
C. B. & Q. Watch Inspectors. Jewelers and Optometrists.

Harness Repairing and Oiling Neatly Done at FOGEL'S

Also my stock of Harness of all kinds and Harness repairs including Strap work, Collars, Halters and Saddlery.

My line of Harness Hardware is complete. Remember I can give you just what you call for in this line and prices always the lowest.

Joe Fogel, The Harness Man.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!



"Imperial" High Patent Flour, \$1.00

a Sack; "Select," 90 cents.

Each sack of Flour is absolutely guaranteed. If not satisfied, your money will be cheerfully refunded.

Phone your orders to the mill, phone Red 45. **ALL FLOUR WILL BE CASH.**

Free Delivery made to all parts of the City.

RED CLOUD MILLING COMPANY

Sweater Time!



This is the season of the year when the Sweater Coat is the most convenient, the weather often being too warm for a heavy coat and too cool for no coat at all. You can scarcely afford to be without such a convenient garment . . . **50c-\$5**

Our stock is complete. We can furnish sweater coats in the following popular colors: White, Blue, Red, Gray and Brown, in any size. We have the strongest and best line of

Laces and Embroideries

at absolutely the lowest prices to be had anywhere, quality considered.

F. NEWHOUSE, Dry Goods.

Butterick Patterns.

Both Phones.

MEASUREMENTS OF WHALE

The Length of Yearlings is Estimated at From Thirty to Thirty-Five Feet.

A government official, who has made a special study of whales, states that the average length of a full-grown sulphur-bottom whale is just under eighty feet. This estimate disregards the exaggerated reports sometimes spread by sailors, and is based on actual measurements of many individual specimens. There seem to be credible accounts of whales reaching a length of from eighty-five to ninety-five feet, but the authority quoted has never seen any of that size. Whales appear to grow with great rapidity, the length of yearlings being estimated at from thirty to thirty-five feet.

How high can whales spout? Photographs taken by the scientist referred to give a means of measuring with some accuracy the height to which the water is thrown. This appears to be much less than it has often been supposed to be. It is claimed that even the great sulphur-bottom whale, on the average, spouts to a height of only fourteen feet, although occasionally the height may be as much as twenty feet.

Why He Couldn't Remember.

A kindergarten teacher tells a good joke on herself. She has been very strict in requiring written excuses from the mothers in case of absence. The morning of the big snowstorm only a few of the babies made their appearance. The next day they all came with written excuses except one tot, named Willie. When asked for his, he said: "I did ferdit it."

He was cautioned to bring it the next day.

Willie's mother was quite disgusted. It seemed to her that any one with the slightest pretensions to gray matter ought to know the reason for his absence.

The next morning he arrived all rosy with the cold, and handed the teacher his excuse. It read:

"Dear Miss C--: Little Willie's legs are fourteen inches long. The snow was two feet deep. Very truly yours, Mrs. J--"