

THE STATE CAPITAL

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO ALL CITIZENS.

A TUBERCULOSIS EXHIBITION

To be Seen in Omaha Early in October, Managed by Walter E. Casper, and to Be Free.

There will be seen in Omaha during the early part of October one of the traveling exhibits of the National Association of Tuberculosis. This exhibit is quite free to the public and will be managed by Mr. Walter E. Casper of New York, representing the National Association. A committee of fifty interested people in Omaha are the patrons of this enterprise, working in a public spirited way to secure for it the interest and patronage which such a movement merits.

An understanding of the scope and purpose of this exhibit may be gained from the following notice taken from a Peoria, Ill., paper, from which place Mr. Casper comes to Omaha.

"Beginning at the beginning the exhibit shows the conditions which have made the campaign necessary; charts showing X-ray photographs of diseased lungs, piterns pictures of little children bent and warped with the terrible scourge, a replica of a tenement house bedroom, a dark loathsome place with its soiled, untidy bed, guiltless of sheets, its filthy floor and the square opening into a dark shaft, called by courtesy a window. Heart-breaking things to see, but all everyday sights to those who are fighting the grim plague in the big cities.

In cheering contrast to these is the other part of the exhibit, showing the intelligent and successful effort now being made to stamp out tuberculosis—an effort which the whole country is sharing with an interest and energy which promise the best for the future. First are the models for the tents in which patients now live a wholesome out-door life. For it is not with drugs that science is fighting this horrible foe of humanity, but with fresh air—its healing and curative properties being relied upon alone to restore those infected with the plague to health and strength.

Then there are the sleeping bags—great warm fleecy-lined bags of cloth fastened so that the patient may creep inside and sleep there under the night's cold canopy as warmly as in his own bed at home. There are many utensils whose use and significance only the initiated can grasp. Then there are the photographs, hundreds of them, telling more plainly than words what is being done in preventive and cure of tuberculosis. One interesting series shows an open-air school for small children; interiors are seen in which the little ones are sitting, cloaked, capped and wrapped with every window and door thrown open to show the snow-clad landscape without." Further features of the exhibit are the signs for conveyances and public places setting forth warnings and recommendations in several languages. It is to be hoped that Omaha is not the only place in Nebraska where this splendid exhibit may be shown. Information concerning it will be gladly given by the state secretary of tuberculosis, 408 City Hall, Omaha.

No Liquor in Hotel Rooms.

"That a saloonkeeper, although located in a room connected with a hotel, has no legal right or authority to deliver and collect for intoxicating liquors to guests or any other persons in other rooms in such hotel, but such guest, if he desires liquor, must purchase and receive the same at the bar. Sales made by a licensed saloonkeeper at any place other than the room designated in his license is illegal and renders him liable to criminal prosecution and a revocation of his license."

The above is the closing paragraph of City Attorney John M. Stewart's opinion, handed down regarding the legal phase of the agitation to stop the sale and delivery of liquors to other rooms in hotels than the bar-rooms; which agitation was started at the last meeting of the excise board in a resolution, submitted by Excise-man Powell, and taken under advisement by the board.

Appropriations on Hand.

Of the appropriations made by the legislature of 1905 against the general fund, there was on hand unexpended November 30, 1906, a total of \$715,068.38. Subsequent to that date warrants were drawn to the amount of \$604,739.45. As the appropriation of 1905 lapsed August, 1908, the biennial report of Auditor E. M. Searle, jr., will show that on August 30, 1908, a total of \$111,228.93 had lapsed into the state treasury.

Briefs in Stock Yard Case.

Both the Burlington and Union Pacific railroads have filed briefs in the case wherein the stock yards of South Omaha is trying to secure permission from the railway commission to increase the switching charges. It appears these charges heretofore have been absorbed by the railroads over which live stock has been shipped. The railroads contend the commission has no authority to compel them to absorb the switching charges if they are increased, and the increase therefore will be paid by the shippers.

REPRESENTATIVE CANDIDATES.

Those Selected in the Primaries to Enter the Contest.

1. Republican, O. E. Cook, S. H. Bolejack, G. E. Ward; democrat, Ralph A. Clark, Henry Gerdes, Otto Kotouc.
2. Republican, A. D. Barclay, W. B. Raper; democrat, John K. Henninger, William Stephenson.
3. Republican, J. M. Armstrong, John C. Boyd; democrat, Fred Hector, B. T. Smith.
4. Republican, J. G. O'Connell; democrat, John H. Lalleker.
5. Republican, Theodore Smith; democrat, Charles W. Pool.
6. Republican, Hans Larson, C. W. Stahlhut; democrat, George W. Leidich, E. J. Steedman.
7. Republican, Charles E. Noyes, D. Smith; democrat, John P. Stattler, O. W. Laughlin.
8. Republican, M. T. Harrison; democrat, M. A. Bates.
9. Republican, J. M. Elwell; democrat, Howard Whitney.
10. Republican, Ed. Leader, Joseph Koutsky, F. S. Tucker, W. F. Wappich, S. C. Barnes, A. R. Harvey, F. C. Best, H. A. Foster, H. A. Stone; democrat, P. G. H. Boland, William Butt, J. P. Connolly, R. H. Holmes, Jeremiah Howard, J. F. Kraus, W. S. Shoemaker, W. F. Stocker, W. P. Thomas.
11. Republican, Mads Mortensen; democrat, H. D. Schoettger.
12. Republican, Nels Johnson; democrat, W. P. Baum.
13. Republican, B. F. Griffin; democrat, W. Harrington.
14. Republican, J. H. Knowles, W. M. Smith; democrat, W. J. McVicker, Frank P. Lawrence.
15. Republican, C. Y. Thompson; democrat, Charles Graff.
16. Republican, J. W. Hazelgrove; democrat, D. C. Heffernan.
17. Republican, John R. Morris; democrat, Adam Pilger.
18. Republican, S. Saberson; democrat, B. J. McDonald.
19. Republican, W. F. Schwerin; democrat, John Kuhl.
20. Republican, Thomas N. Galbreth; democrat, J. M. Talcott.
21. Republican, C. W. Fannon; democrat, W. J. Armstrong.
22. Republican, A. A. Smith; democrat, I. S. Bygland.
23. Republican, George N. Beels; democrat, Lew J. Young.
24. Republican, W. S. Evans; democrat, James Craig.
25. Republican, John Swanson; democrat, John H. Weems.
26. Republican, W. A. Rothsack; democrat, H. E. Ruhman.
27. Republican, F. L. Hadsell, M. H. Hancock; democrat, Tremnor Cone, Frank Delegal.
28. Republican, C. C. Fulmer, John Talbot; democrat, Joseph Dostal, Joseph Lux.
29. Republican, F. A. Marsal, John P. Stolz; democrat, C. A. Ritchie, Henry Scheele.
30. Republican, Cyrus Black, E. W. Brown, W. J. Elystone, L. C. Foss, W. A. Green; democrat, H. E. Bishop, C. E. Greaves, F. B. Humphrey, Charles Knapp, W. C. Norton.
31. Republican, Henry Allpress, William James; democrat, John Chab, J. H. Respodsky.
32. Republican, B. H. Begole, D. J. Killeen, J. McColl; democrat, Lester Kuriz, L. F. Heller, John Gerdes.
33. Republican, F. O. Ellis; democrat, Lester Kuriz.
34. Republican, A. V. Pease; democrat, Wes Pickens.
35. Democrat, William Groeber.
36. Republican, John P. Thieszen; democrat, Peter Gill.
37. Republican, F. O. Edgcombe, Samuel Logsdon; democrat, P. A. Murphy.
38. Republican, D. W. Baker, A. B. Taylor; democrat, Charles W. Flick, E. E. Lincoln.
39. Republican, J. B. Buckley; democrat, Victor E. Wilson.
40. Republican, George Beardley; democrat, J. G. Goetzle.
41. Republican, R. L. Ahara, W. V. Foss; democrat, R. W. Boyd, L. J. Evans.
42. Republican, D. M. Nestleton, A. J. Jensen; democrat, J. E. Broderick, Fred Kockrow.
43. Republican, J. Warren Keifer, jr.; democrat, S. J. Bowman.
44. Republican, Dr. R. F. Raines; democrat, F. H. Gerlack.
45. Republican, F. E. Crosier; democrat, Geoffrey Martin.
46. Republican, Erick Johnson; democrat, R. O. Slater.
47. Republican, A. L. Scudder, E. O. White; democrat, John W. Sink, F. S. West.
48. Republican, John G. Hall; democrat, Soren M. Eries.
49. Republican, F. H. Clough; democrat, John L. Fogarty.
50. Republican, H. A. Allen, W. T. Breen; democrat, H. R. Henry, T. J. Wilbern.
51. Republican, E. P. Skillman; democrat, R. S. Harrington.
52. Republican, H. M. Duvall; democrat, John F. Carr.
53. Republican, C. H. Chase; democrat, F. W. Johnson.
54. Republican, B. K. Bushe; democrat, Butler Buchanan.
55. Republican, Peter Mortensen; democrat, E. J. Botta.
56. Republican, J. A. Amsherry, A. L. Mathews; democrat, W. J. Taylor, E. Miller.
57. Democrat, E. A. Brown.
58. Republican, G. W. Barrett; democrat, Peter Wink, A. A. Hava.
59. Republican, W. G. Anderson; democrat, H. T. Worthing.
60. Republican, J. A. Slater; democrat, J. D. England.
61. Republican, A. R. Peck; democrat, L. H. Eastman.
62. Republican, R. A. Danskin; democrat, Joseph Snyder.
63. Republican, E. W. Roberts; democrat, P. C. Funk.
64. Republican, N. A. Pettygrove; democrat, W. V. Kelly.
65. Republican, Frank More; democrat, J. W. Hoppe.
66. Republican, L. O. Richardson; democrat, Dr. E. S. Sase.
67. Republican, W. H. Smith; democrat, W. Z. Taylor.

Governor Sheldon has appointed the following delegates to represent Nebraska at the transmississippi congress which is to convene at San Francisco, October 6: J. M. Guild, Omaha; W. S. Whitten, Lincoln; H. T. Clarke, Sr., Omaha; L. L. Dermond, Beaver Crossing; L. F. Towers, Beatrice; Ed. L. Miller, Beatrice; James Henderson, Central City; J. E. Miller, Seward; J. F. Hanson, Fremont; C. H. Gregg, Kearney; S. M. Wolbach, Grand Island; David Anderson, South Omaha; A. H. Broke, Hastings; C. J. Miles, Hastings; G. A. Millet, Van Buren county; J. R. VanBoskirk, Newport.

The German Evangelical Lutheran synod, in session at Glenville, voted to establish a German theological school at Lincoln. A committee composed of Revs. Wupper of Hooper, Michelmann of Grand Island and Beiger of Pontanelle was selected to choose and purchase a site for the new school.

Express Company Gains Point.

Ralph Breckenridge, as attorney for the express companies in the injunction suit brought by the attorney general to enforce the Sibley act, gained a point last week before Referee Sullivan by obtaining an admission from L. E. Wetting, witness for the state, that his deductions were partly erroneous and would have to be revised. Wetting's tabulation of revenues and expenses of the business of the Wells-Fargo Express company was based on testimony taken in New York City in a similar suit in the federal court.

WIFE OF THE NEW JAPANESE AMBASSADOR



Baroness Takahira, the beautiful and accomplished wife of Japan's ambassador to the United States, likes America and the diplomatic life at Washington.

SISTERS ARE BRAVE.

TWO SOUTHERN GIRLS MAY RECEIVE MEDALS.

Julia Bolton, Aged 12, Saves Drowning Companion, While Etta, Age 14, Saves Mail Sack When Tossed Into Stream.

Memphis, Tenn.—For their remarkable acts of bravery, Carnegie hero medals will probably be awarded to Misses Julia and Etta Bolton, aged 12 and 14 years respectively, daughters of H. H. Bolton. They lived near Hattiesburg, having removed recently from Mobile.

Etta and Julia, with Miss Stella Breland, 17 years old, and Miss M. Extein went swimming in Purvis creek, not far from the Bolton home. Miss Breland suddenly lost control of her limbs and sank. As she went down the second time Miss Extein cried: "Stella is drowning!"

Julia Bolton dived just as Miss Breland sank for the third time, and caught the drowning girl by her left foot. After a desperate struggle she pulled her friend to the bank, where the other girls helped get her out of the water. Miss Breland was unconscious. Julia Bolton was thoroughly exhausted. Both were taken to the Bolton home, where they were soon joined by the father of Miss Breland.

Etta Bolton was a free rural mail carrier in Alabama when she brought fame upon herself. She was driving her mail wagon across a swollen stream over a rickety bridge. The structure gave way and the girl, horse, wagon and contents were pitched into the turbulent waters.

Miss Bolton swam out, then plunged again into the torrent, and though the current was sweeping her down stream, she removed the harness from the horse, gathered the sacks and pouch under one arm, and guiding her horse with the other, struggled to the shore. She reported to the post office on foot.

Word of the girl's heroism, when received at Washington, elicited the following letter:

"Miss Etta Bolton, Carrier on R. F. D. Route 1, Mobile, Ala.: Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of the 16th ultimo, reporting the finding of the letter box keys lost by you during the recent washout on Bolton's creek. "Your courage, presence of mind and regard for the safety of the mail in the face of the great danger which confronted you have the commendation of the department. Very respectfully, "C. A. CONRAD, "Acting Fourth Assistant Postmaster General."

When President Roosevelt's attention was called by a Hattiesburg resident to the heroism of Julia Bolton in rescuing her drowning companion, the citizen received the following letter: "The White House, Washington,—

My Dear Sir: Your letter of the 18th instant, with inclosed clipping, has been received. In reply, I would suggest that you communicate with Mr. F. M. Wilmut, secretary of the Carnegie Hero Fund, Pittsburg, Pa., setting forth the facts in the case to which you refer. Yours very truly, "RUDOLPH POSTER, "Acting Secretary to the President."

Since then custodians of the Carnegie Hero Fund have been communicated with in regard to giving each of the Bolton sisters a hero medal. The matter is now under consideration.

OXFORD GRADUATE BEGS JOB.

Lieutenant in Boer War, Hungry, Wants to Wash Dishes.

Cincinnati.—"See, I have just 15 cents—one dime and a nickel. Saturday night my room rent is due. I haven't a friend in the city, sir, and I want work—work of any kind, sir. Washing dishes would do, for I haven't eaten a substantial meal in a week."

This was said to Mayor Markbreit the other day by a tall, gentlemanly young man, smooth shaven, wearing a fancy waistcoat, neat clothing—everything betokening a prosperous man, rather than one on the road to starvation.

"Lambart is my name, sir; Charles E. Kleicourse-Lambart, Oxford graduate, lieutenant in her majesty's service during the Boer war, cousin of the earl of Cavan, and—but we'll let that pass. I'm not looking for charity; What I want is work."

The mayor will try to find him employment. He told the mayor that he was best man at the duke of Manchester's wedding in 1900. Then he had \$25,000, but horses, wine, and women dissipated his fortune.

IS YOUNGEST OF FIREMEN.

Boy of Six Sleeps in Firehouse and Answers All Alarms.

Columbus, Ind.—John Hendricks, six years old, son of Capt. William Hendricks of the local fire department, is probably the youngest "fireman" in the state.

Nothing delights him more than to be allowed to sleep at the firehouse with his father, and when he has any spare time from seeing that the horses are in shape and the wagons ready to go out he practices sliding down the pole which the firemen use when they are on the second floor of the building and an alarm sounds.

One night John was sleeping with his father at headquarters when the gong tapped. He was out of bed like a flash and yelled: "Come on, papa; I'm the first man ready."

He slid down the pole ahead of the members of the department, scrambled to a seat on the hook and ladder wagon, and went to the fire.

LOVE FREES EXILE

SAMUEL LEFF'S THRILLING ESCAPE FROM RUSSIA.

Fugitive Arrives Safe in New York City, Thanks to Effort of Brave Woman Who Planned Daring Flight.

New York.—"The cunning and vigilance of the Russian soldiers who guard the prisoners in the Siberian mines may be 14-karat, but they couldn't outwit the shrewdness of a little woman who aided me to escape imprisonment there—a little woman who is now my wife and will join me here."

Samuel Leff, 24 years old, now stopping on East One Hundred and Third street, thus started the story of his thrilling escape to a reporter.

"I was a student of chemistry and engineering in a college at Harastow," he said. "Nearly all the students there had witnessed outrages committed by the czar's Cossacks. Jewish women and children were shot down in the street. There was no thought of liberty or even of common humanity among those soldiers, and many of us harbored resentment against them."

"One day, when the soldiers had aimed their guns at a group of women and children, I sprang forward and begged in God's name that no shots be fired. I was promptly arrested and thrown into a dirty hole which the officials genially called a 'cell.'"

"Then I was sent to Siberia. That was in 1906."

"Miss Mary Rittinger was accustomed to bring food to the political prisoners, of whom I was one. Mary and I fell in love. The guards did not know this. Mary was too shrewd for them. She hatched out a plot with a student friend of mine, also a prisoner, whereby one night we stealthily got over the wall of the prison and got some distance away."

"We were caught—that student friend and myself—and my friend was shot by the guards. I was taken back to prison and tortured. I will not attempt to describe how those soldiers treated me. Just look at me. I guess that'll be enough evidence."

"The scars and emaciated appearance of the man seemed to bear out his statement."

"Mary and I were married just after my first unsuccessful attempt to gain liberty. We were married quietly. She also was arrested, and luckily sent to the same part of Siberia where the Russians sent me."

"One day we were sent to pick wood in a forest. We had horses to carry the wood. When the guards were not on the alert we rode away on the animals and finally arrived at a town 300 miles distant, where we had friends."

"On that awful trip, through snow, slush, water and mud, we nearly starved. My wife and I had to go without food. We reached Minsk, where we met revolutionists who heard our story and cared for us. Then my wife and I separated, she taking a different route, but bound for New York, where I also have friends. My wife reached Austria, I learned, after an exciting rush across from Minsk."

"On the boat which bore me to this country there were two Russian spies. I knew them. They knew me. But I also knew that under the American flag I was safe—and here I am."

LOST PIN ODDLY RECOVERED.

Fraternity Badge Travels Far in Old Paper.

Marion, Ind.—Earl R. Hunt of Indianapolis, member of the 1905 class of De Pauw university, lost a Sigma Chi fraternity badge while driving from Greencastle to Cloverdale, in Putnam county, two months ago. The pin has just been found in the "beaters" at the Marion paper mills.

The supposition is that the badge, which was set with opals, was gathered up in old papers which were baled and shipped to the Marion paper plant. The fraternity pin was disposed of by the man who found it to a local jeweler at a nominal price. The pin was placed in the show window, where it was soon discovered by a member of the fraternity and its owner was identified by the name and chapter on the back of the pin.

MANY NEW TOWNS DISCOVERED.

Mexican Commission Locates 7,679 Not Known Of Before.

City of Mexico.—The geographical commission appointed by the government seven years ago to map all of the towns of the country has just made its report.

The commissioners make the astounding statement that they discovered 7,679 towns which were not officially known to exist and which have heretofore had no federal control.

Many of these towns are of considerable size, ranging in population from 5,000 to 15,000 people. Most of them are situated in the remote recesses of the Sierra Madre, far removed from ordinary courses of travel.

Picked Trout from Bushes.

Buffalo Park, Col.—A cloudburst above this place sent a flood down the canyon and caused Buffalo creek to overflow. At Buffalo the water ran over the banks and trout became stranded on the land. A large number of the fish were caught in low bushes along the river banks when the water receded. They were picked off vines and eaten by the people here at the evening meal.

ONE KIDNEY GONE

But Cured After Doctors Said There Was No Hope.



Sylvanus O. Verrill, Milford, Me., says: "Five years ago a bad injury paralyzed me and affected my kidneys. My back hurt me terribly, and the urine was badly discolored. Doctors said my right kidney was practically dead. They said I could never walk again. I read of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. One box made me stronger and freer from pain. I kept on using them and in three months was able to get out on crutches, and the kidneys were acting better. I improved rapidly, discarded the crutches and to the wonder of my friends was soon completely cured."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Women Fishermen.

On the coast of Holland, Belgium and Northern France the fisherwomen are a familiar sight, with their great hand nets and quaint costumes. Many of the towns have distinctive costumes by which their women can be recognized anywhere. Those of Mana-Kirke, near Ostend, wear trousers and loose blouses, while their heads and shoulders are covered by shawls. They carry their nets into the sea and scoop up vast quantities of shrimps and prawns, with an occasional crab or lobster and many small fish. They often wade out till the water is up to their necks, and they remain for hours at a time in water above their knees, rarely returning until their baskets are full.

ONLY A COW.



Artist (who has been bothered by rustics breathing on him all the morning)—My good fellow, I assure you that you can see the sketch with more advantage from a little distance!

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c. Many smokers prefer them to 10c cigars. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Electrified Water Used in Washing. A Hungarian washing machine makes use of electrified water.

WE SELL GUNS AND TRAPS CHEAP & buy Furs & Hides. Write for catalog 105 N. W. Hyde & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

People who are true blue never suffer much from the blues.

HELPFUL ADVICE



You won't tell your family doctor the whole story about your private illness—you are too modest. You need not be afraid to tell Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., the things you could not explain to the doctor. Your letter will be held in the strictest confidence. From her vast correspondence with sick women during the past thirty years she may have gained the very knowledge that will help your case. Such letters as the following, from grateful women, establish beyond a doubt the power of

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

to conquer all female diseases. Mrs. Norman R. Berndt, of Allentown, Pa., writes:

"Ever since I was sixteen years of age I had suffered from an organic derangement and female weakness; in consequence I had dreadful headaches and was extremely nervous. My physician said I must go through an operation to get well. A friend told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I took it and wrote you for advice, following your directions carefully, and thanks to you I am today a well woman, and I am telling all my friends of my experience."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

We, Wholesale of California Lands with agents in all portions of the U. S. Can you sell the Best Land in the West? We can give you a subdivision on a commission. Write to us at once. Business & Co., 227 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.