

REPUBLICANS TRIUMPHANT

Harding and Coolidge Elected by the Biggest Vote in History.

ALMOST CLEAR SWEEP

First Trial of Woman Suffrage Contributed Largely to the Result—Landslide Extends into States of Border and the South.

In a veritable landslide Tuesday, possibly unheeded in the history of politics, republicans elected Harding and Coolidge as president and vice president, respectively, defeating their democratic opponents by votes of more



WARREN G. HARDING.

than double in several states, and in some instances by even greater odds.

Tremendous and unparalleled republican pluralities beginning with the first count of the ballots continued mounting as the returns came in. Defeat in their fight both for the presidency and congress was conceded early by democratic national leaders on the basis of the crushing republican vote and despite the absence of final and official figures.

With the presidency and congress went loss to the democrats of governors, state legislatures and other state and local candidates. The break even extended into the border states and republican gains in some southern states were larger than any since the civil war.

Unofficial results presage a larger majority in the electoral college for Senator Harding and his running mate, Governor Coolidge, than any since 1858 except alone the vote of 435 for President Wilson in 1912, during the republican "split."

The first trial of woman suffrage contributed largely to the republican majorities and also was a factor in delaying the count in many states. The millions of women's ballots also swelled the popular vote recorded beyond all record.

Table of Republican Majorities showing vote counts for various states like New York, Illinois, Massachusetts, etc.

Congratulates President-Elect Dayton, Ohio—Governor Cox, the defeated candidate, has wired his congratulations to Senator Harding, the president-elect, pledging support "as a citizen to the executive authority in whatever emergency might arise."

San Juan, Porto Rico—Porto Rico with the greatest number of votes ever registered, held the first general election since the granting of American citizenship. A commissioner to Washington, members of the legislature and city commissioners of all the municipalities were chosen.

How the Vote Stands. Table showing vote counts for candidates across various states.

Balloting Broke All Records. Omaha, Neb.—More than half the votes cast in Omaha up to 1:30 p. m. were women's votes, according to counts in many precincts.

Because of women's votes early balloting broke all records. In one precinct, where the vote up to 11 a. m.



CALVIN COOLIDGE.

is usually about fifty, the total was 227, of which 117 were women. At that hour all the nine booths were occupied by women and five women waited in line.

Diplomatic Corps Deeply Interested. Washington, D. C.—No previous presidential election in the United States, as far as can be recalled here, has been watched as closely and with so much interest by members of the diplomatic corps.

Des Moines, Ia.—Iowa gave Senator Harding a plurality of approximately 400,000 votes over Governor Cox, returned Senator Cummings to his seat by a two to one vote over Claud Porter, his democratic opponent, re-elected all of its republican representatives and elected the republican state ticket from top to bottom.

Socialist Ticket Shows Increase New York—A remarkable feature of the election in New York city was the socialist vote. For Eugene V. Debbs, the party's presidential candidate, now imprisoned in the Atlanta penitentiary for violation of the espionage act were cast 131,853 votes, more than four times the total the socialists received in 1916, when the vote was 31,788. Indeed, this year Debbs received more than a third as many votes as were chalked up to Cox's account.

NEBRASKA IN BRIEF

Timely News Culled From All Parts of the State, Reduced for the Busy.

SCORES OF EVENTS COVERED

Reports of a farmers' strike in south and southwestern Nebraska are exaggerated, according to O. G. Smith, president of the National Farmers' Congress, and E. G. Maxwell, county agent. Miss Mary Schmitz, of near Paul, was seriously injured when a horse she was petting suddenly turned and kicked her, striking her in the side and breaking several ribs.

The Farmers and Merchants State bank is a new commercial institution for McCook. It has a capital stock paid up of \$60,000, authorized capital of \$150,000.

The Blue mills at Glenwood were completely destroyed by fire Sunday morning. Spontaneous combustion is believed to have caused the blaze.

Night school courses in the commercial and vocational branches will be taught in connection with the Columbus public schools this winter.

At a meeting of farmers of the Beaver City neighborhood it was unanimously agreed to hold wheat for a price of not less than \$3 a bushel.

Representatives of twenty Masonic lodges in the northern part of the state attended the school of instruction held last week at Norfolk.

Fairbury is getting anxious to start work on the six paving districts recently created. High prices have delayed operations for some time.

County officials seized and destroyed a still of 20 gallons capacity, which they found in a slaughter house about a half mile north of Anselmo.

Sixty automobile accidents resulting in two deaths and 50 persons injured was the fatality list for the month of October in Omaha.

The woman's club at Alexandria will finance an entertainment course this winter, having for its object the opening of a public library.

For the first nine months of this year, 3,816 Omaha births have been reported, as compared with 3,217 in the same nine months in 1919.

The twenty-fifth annual convention of the state federation of women's clubs has just closed an interesting session at Fremont.

Rinold Huelle of Madison dropped dead while chopping down a tree in a neighbor's yard. Death is attributed to heart failure.

A 20 per cent reduction on many lines of merchandise, particularly on clothing prices, is announced by Fairbury merchants.

Exa Frans, near Union, was badly burned while he was attempting to fill his car with gasoline, using a lantern for light.

Fred Blazek, a fireman, perished in the ruins when a building collapsed during a fire at Omaha. His body was recovered.

During a charivari at Henderson the groom was rather roughly handled, and it cost the celebrators \$100 to square things.

The Methodist church at Randolph is holding a revival, and a deep interest is being manifested in the community.

The first car of new corn reached the Omaha market last week. It was No. 4 yellow and brought 75 cents.

Fire from an unknown source, destroyed St. Anthony's Catholic church at Omaha, causing a loss of \$5,000.

Theodore Klipf, a Sterling boy, suffered the loss of a leg as the result of an accident during a hunting trip.

The six miles of pavement on the Lincoln highway, between Fremont and Ames, has been opened to traffic.

The Nebraska Farm Bureau Federation is conducting a campaign to add 45,000 new members. Clay and Seward counties have already been covered and other counties will be canvassed as fast as arrangements can be perfected.

A corn crop of 251,619,000 bushels based upon the October 1 condition of 97 per cent, as compared to 93 per cent a month ago, is the latest estimate of the bureau of crop estimates and the Nebraska department of agriculture. Last year's production was 184,186,000 bushels and the five-year average 192,430,000 bushels.

The meetings of Organized Agriculture, the largest gathering of farmers and livestock raisers in Nebraska, will be held January 3 to 7, inclusive, according to an announcement of the committee in charge.

Nebraska farmers will be richer by approximately \$9,000,000 this year as a result of the bumper crop of sugar beets grown in the state during the year. This year's yield, according to A. E. Anderson, federal agricultural statistician for Nebraska, will total 810,000 tons, and should produce approximately 202,500,000 pounds of high-grade sugar.

A noticeable shortage of ministers is reported from a number of counties in the northern part of the state. One congregation is offering \$1,500 and housing, but no takers.

Graduate nurses of the state are putting on a campaign to obtain, if possible, a reduction of a year from the present three years' term required in the nurses training course.

W. C. Caley, one of the best known agriculturists of northern Nebraska, is dead at his home in Creighton, after an illness of considerable duration. For twenty years Mr. Caley has been one of the active figures in the state fair work, being a member of the state board of agriculture for that length of time.

J. H. Singhaus of Tekamah, county judge and former United States commissioner, was assaulted by thugs and left unconscious in his car on a country road near town. Though brutally beaten about the head and face, doctors say he will recover.

Tagged like a piece of baggage, little Nedra Davis Glover, age 6, arrived in Omaha from St. Louis, addressed to "Rev. E. L. Hobbs, Wahoo, Neb., if not met in Omaha please place in charge of matron." She was promptly delivered.

Edith L. Fulghum, general secretary of Y. W. C. A. work in Austin and Mower county, Minnesota, has wired her acceptance of election as girls' work secretary of the Hastings Y. W. C. A. to succeed Miss Esther Cady.

Reports reaching C. H. Gustafson, president of the state farmers' union, from many parts of the state indicate that the farmers are seriously considering the using of corn this year as a substitute for high priced coal.

Olaf Olson, a fire fighter of Panama canal zone, has been named chief of the Lincoln fire department to succeed former Chief Sommer, who died recently from injuries received in a fire truck collision accident.

Corrine, 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Mylin Carpenter, was seriously and probably fatally injured when she was run over by a manure spreader driven by her father at their home near Benedict.

Members of a farmers' association in Furnas county will withdraw time deposits from banks and loan money to other members to enable them to hold wheat for a better price.

By a vote of 3,022 to 1,457, Franklin county has decided to remove the court house from Bloomington to Franklin. Franklin celebrated the result with bonfires and jubilation.

An increase of about 4 per cent in tenant-owned farms in Nebraska from 1910 to 1919 is shown in figures given out by Leo Stuhler, secretary of the state department of agriculture.

Bankers say that the holding of wheat for higher prices by farmers in the south and southwestern part of the state is adding to tightness of the money market in that section.

Students of the State University at Lincoln have launched a campaign for the sale of tickets to provide a special train for the Kansas-Nebraska battle November 13 at Lawrence.

Farmers all over the state are appealing to F. A. Kennedy, secretary of the labor bureau, asking in urgent terms for hands to assist in the husking of corn. "We could easily place 5,000 corn huskers in the state," Mr. Kennedy says. "During the past week more farmers have appealed for corn huskers than men have applied for work."

Alison B. Cole, held in state's prison for the alleged murder of Mrs. Lulu Vogt, in Howard county, in 1917, has been released and taken to Howard county, where he will have a new trial.

Traveling salesmen while engaged in the work assigned them are entitled under the compensation law of the state to relief when injured, the same as a workman, according to a ruling by Secretary Frank Kennedy of the Department of Labor.

Herbert Mortensen was almost instantly killed when he climbed a steel tower at Fremont to repair an electric light. The globe broke in his hands, allowing his fingers to come in contact with the current. He fell thirty feet.

Scottsbluff women have formed an athletic club.

Farm Live Stock

FEED FOR BEEF PRODUCTION

Three-Year Experiment Shows That It Costs More to Feed Calves Than Older Cattle.

Results of a three-year-old experiment with calves, yearlings and two-year-olds to study the influence of age on the economy and profit of feeding for beef production indicated that the initial cost per hundred pounds of meat produced was greater with the calves than with the older cattle; that the length of time necessary for finishing steers decreased with age; that the rate and the cost of gain and the proportion of roughage to concentrates consumed increased with age; and that the amount of gain necessary in finishing cattle of equal condition decreased as their age increased.

The experienced farmer who feeds cattle should handle older cattle in preference to calves, while the farmer who produces and finishes his own ent-



Finished Steers of Good Breeding Brings Much Better Price Than Scrubs.

tle may find calves more profitable. While this is regarded as the best practice under ordinary circumstances, there are advantages, especially at this time in feeding younger cattle, the principal ones being the obtaining of a higher market price for the finished steer, if of good breeding, and an opportunity to hold for a longer period of time when fattened with less loss than the more mature steer.

GIVE HOGS' FEET ATTENTION

Bad Underpinning Are Often Due to Lack of Trimming as Well as to Overfeeding.

When the new breeder is getting ready to exhibit his hogs at the county and state fairs he should pay attention to the feet of the animals as well as to fitting them. If the animals are overfed, very often they have a tendency to go down in the feet. Bad feet are also often due to lack of attention as well as to overfeeding and poor breeding. Animals that are not given an opportunity to take a proper amount of exercise on hard ground are apt to show this trouble more than those under ordinary conditions. In trimming the toes the pig is thrown on its side and with a sharp jackknife the ends of the toes can be pared off. Occasionally the sole of the foot may be pared also, so that the pig will walk flat on the foot. Care should be taken to smooth up the job and to not cut the foot too deeply, so as to bleed and cause lameness. The trimming should be done at least ten days or two weeks before the show.

BEEF PRODUCTION FALLS OFF

Nearly Half of Farmers Last Year Operated at Loss—Similar Conditions This Year.

Beef in the United States was last year produced at an average cost of 14 to 15 cents, according to figures furnished by H. C. Taylor, chief of farm management of the United States department of agriculture. However, only 58 per cent of the cattle concerned were produced for that and 42 per cent cost more. Fifty-six per cent of the producers kept these costs at 15 cents or less, so that nearly half of the farmers producing beef operated at a loss. 1920 figures indicate that a similar condition rules and that production is falling off considerably as a result, since no one likes to produce at a loss.

Feeding prices and land values are given as the reason for the falling off of the profit. As a remedy for it Mr. Taylor suggests keeping of better records of all farm accounts, elimination of excessive marketing charges and good management.

SCREENINGS NOT POISONOUS

As Feed Substitute for Bran They Can Be Fed to Sheep With Much Advantage.

According to a recent report of the U. S. department of agriculture, sweet clover seed screenings are not poisonous to live stock. They can be fed to sheep to advantage, being a good grain feed, but they probably are not so good as bran. However, as bran is a marketable product and sweet clover screenings are not, being an otherwise waste product of the farm, as a feed substitute for bran it constitutes a net saving of the cost of bran and is therefore of considerable value to the producer who can use it.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition. Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so. But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Our great period of invention which was stimulated by the war has not come to an end. It might seem that the engine in its present form had been practically perfected, but now comes an entirely new departure which many engineers believe will revolutionize transportation. The new invention is an oil combustion engine. We have had gasoline combustion engines and oil-burning engines but never before an oil combustion engine. The new engine has passed its experimental stage. A ship equipped with the new engines has recently made a very successful trip to Cuba and return, and throughout the voyage ran smoothly. The invention is especially important at present in view of the increasing scarcity of gasoline and coal. By using oil in this way an important economy is made possible.—Boys' Life.

USE "DIAMOND DYES"

Dye right! Don't risk your material in a poor dye. Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can diamond-dye a new, rich, fadeless color into old garments, draperies, coverings, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods. Buy "Diamond Dyes" — no other kind—then perfect results are guaranteed. Druggist has "Diamond Dyes Color Card"—16 rich colors. Adv.

Tree Planting.

The government is making an earnest effort to induce many of the states to plant trees on a wholesale scale and in some measure restore their original wealth. There are thousands of acres lying idle, even in such populous states as New York and Pennsylvania which can be made to yield millions of dollars every year if planted with trees. It is pointed out that although the Eastern states once possessed more than enough trees for their own use they must now import lumber from the Pacific coast, of course, at great expense.—Boys' Life.

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier. By cleansing the blood and building up the System, HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE restores normal conditions and allows Nature to do its work. All Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Coal Going to Waste.

One-third of the coal in situ in Indian coal mines is at present being lost by bad methods of mining while three-quarters of a million hours are lost actually by wasteful power working of Indian collieries. Various suggestions toward more efficient working of the Indian coal mines have been made by a well-known London mining engineer, who has brought this enormous loss to light.

A Lady of Distinction

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

"Spare" in Readiness.

A little girl was on a ferryboat with her mother. Evidently being the first time she was on a boat, she looked around and took everything in. Her mother questioned her as to how she liked the boat, upon which she replied: "I think it very nice, and I am glad they carry a 'spare,'" pointing to a life buoy.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher.

In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria. Gloom Explained. "Mr. Glummins seems to be particularly gloomy," said Miss Cayenne. "He seems to have something on his mind." "I don't blame him for being gloomy."

MURINE Night Morning Keep Your Eyes Clean - Clear and Healthy