

## DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp. A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

### Limited Mind.

Wife—Oh, doctor, Benjamin seems to be wandering in his mind.  
Doctor (who knows Benjamin)—Don't trouble about that—he can't go far.—Medical Pickwick.

### CREAM FOR CATARRH OPENS UP NOSTRILS

Tells How to Get Quick Relief from Head-Colds. It's Splendid!

In one minute your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, snuffling, blowing, headache, dizziness. No struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh will be gone.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh—Relief comes so quickly.—Adv.

### Accuracy of Statement.

"I heard that Smith failed for \$50,000." "No, he didn't; he failed for the want of it."

### Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so. But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

Present prices should provide the needed stimulus for a back-to-the-farm movement.

An idle brain is the devil's scheme factory.

# ENGLAND MAKING PLANS TO FEED HERSELF

## Profiting By War Lesson, She Proposes Never Again to Be Confronted By the Danger of Famine.

By LLOYD ALLEN,  
Special Staff Correspondent.

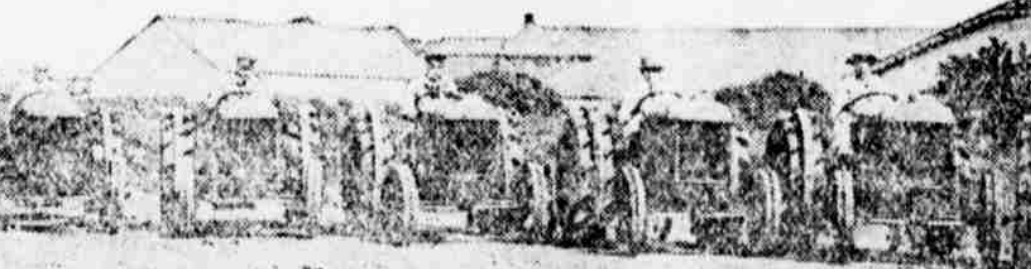


LONDON.—England had such a narrow escape from famine while German submarines were sinking food ships right at her very doors that a national movement is well under way to prevent the recurrence of any such danger. Not that the English people expect another war. It's simply a case where war called the attention of everyone here to the fact that the nation was producing only a 12 weeks' supply of foodstuffs; the country had moved to town, and the nation was depending on ships to bring in food that might well enough have been raised in the British Isles.

Right in the middle of the world's greatest war it was necessary to suddenly turn back the great



EIGHT-PLOW OUTFIT WHICH HELPED TO BEAT THE U-BOAT



NOT AN AUTO RACE BUT A BATTERY OF TRACTORS READY FOR WORK ON BRITISH FARMS



GIANT TRACTOR BUILT TO HAUL ARTILLERY PUT TO WORK IN FIELD

farm boy and girl migration from city to the soil and correct, almost overnight, a food shortage that threatened to engulf the British empire. While the flower of British manhood was fighting in France the agricultural balance was turned in the home land with the aid of the older men, the boys, thousands of women educated and brought up to city life, and above all other things, with tractors.

The situation was saved. But the lesson of unproductive farm lands has been learned. Henceforth there will be a department of food production in the British government charged with the duty of maintaining and without a doubt bettering the wartime crop record, a record of which England is justly proud because, in the midst of a period where the services of every hand was needed in munition making, the country went from a "12 weeks' food production" era to a point where the land of England was producing enough food to last 40 weeks. Sir Charles Fielding, the director of food production, believes that eventually, possibly sooner than the world expects, England will be harvesting enough food to last through every one of the 52 weeks in the year, barring, perhaps, some additional cattle food that will be needed when the British herds are increased to 2,000,000 head, the number that will be required to properly supply the population with milk.

Back in 1914 the English were importing four-fifths of all cereals consumed and one-half of the meat supply. The new program will certainly put 1914 into the place it deserves—the low-water mark in English farming.

### Will Guarantee Prices to Farmers.

Success with the national "after the war farm scheme" depends largely on what kind of a price guarantee the government will be willing to give the farmer for his principal crops. The department of food production has it in mind to ask for certain fixed prices that will run through a term of at least ten years. It is believed that at least a decade will be required to firmly establish the new era, and in the meantime give the farmer a fair deal.

"The farmer is not greedy," Sir Charles Fielding, himself a farmer, declared the other day. "We must remember the farmer has his living to make and he has a right to reasonable security, and to the assurance that he will get a fair return for his work and his expenditure. I believe that the importance of agriculture is being realized in this country at last. If it had been realized in the first year of the war we should never have known such perilous times as those through which we have passed. But we got through somehow and the prospects are better now."

Sir Charles is constantly pointing out that big crop production here in England is going to be one of the factors in settling the nation's war debt.

He has warned that England "must not go back to her old ways and spend three hundred millions a year for imported food. Our exports would have to pay for that food before they paid for anything else, and it would be an utterly unnecessary expenditure. The food is here in our own country, only waiting to be taken out of the soil."

It was in March, 1917, just before America

declared war on Germany, that the British government foresaw grave difficulties with the food situation should the war last much longer. And it was quite evident that the war would last "quite some time," as the British phrase it. American strength on the battle front, and in ship building, could not be expected for many months.

### Attention Turned to Tractor.

Lord Lee it was who suggested the tractor scheme for breaking up the soil of farms then suffering from the shortage in horses (50 per cent of farm horses were in the army) and for plowing up the grass lands of the big estates. It was in the minds of all those men connected with the food production department to make 1918 the banner crop year in England's history.

Originally it was planned to adopt a small tractor as a standard, and turn them out by the thousand in British factories standardized. Some 6,000 would be needed to do the job thoroughly. It was thought. Sudden urgent demands on the factories for increased supplies of munitions caused the abandonment of the first plan, and the next step was to order the first shipment of small tractors from America.

Weeks and months were lost testing out the initial lot of machines and then, after a desirable model had been developed, came the terrible winter of 1918 in America tying up railroad transportation and preventing the shipment of machines that should have been at that very moment engaged in turning over the soil of some dual estate perhaps.

Actual shipment of 1,500 tractors was made in America. No more reached England in time to be of service in preparing for the 1918 crop. So every possible kind of mechanical power was mobilized to haul plows. Some giant machines built for hauling heavy artillery in Russia were trundled out to the English fields and performed excellent service.

Ancient sets of "steam tackle" were inspected, quickly repaired and put to work. Sometimes two engines are used on a field, one at each end of the furrow. The idea is to keep the heavy weight of the engine off the ground that is to be put under cultivation for the reason that, past experience had shown, the engine's weight acted as a press on certain kinds of chalky, sticky English soil, causing the plow to turn up large solid square chunks of earth that were absolute fixtures in the field week on end. These chunks, when struck by a sledge hammer, gave forth a dull kind of thud and the hammer left a small indentation.

Sometimes, in the dry days of May usually, one month after the planting season is over, the chunks automatically crumble overnight, leaving a perfectly level field that has apparently been cultivated into dust.

The "steam tackles" worked all fall and winter making ready for the 1918 crop, and, all told, plowed up a million and a quarter acres of soil. The tractors, that is the gasoline rigs, small and large, plowed up something like a million acres last year.

Approximately two-thirds of the land in England is held in the big parks and estates. It is in the remaining third that the war marvels of food production were accomplished.

At first glance it appears manifestly unfair that so small an amount of the park lands was put to work. As a matter of fact the whole matter was handled with thorough British justice; wherever park lands were found that should have been plowed, the land was plowed. More will be cultivated in peace time, it is generally believed.

In order to satisfy a popular demand in some sections thousands of acres of grass lands were plowed uneconomically, largely for the purpose of conducting the "more-food crusade" in a manner that appeared fair to the smaller landholders. There is talk now, and the plan will probably be carried out, of bringing the dual parks, with large wooded areas, into a general scheme of productive forestry in order to increase the national resources. The earl of Selbourne's plan, which follows, appears popular, however. On many of the old places venerable trees were sacrificed during the war to fill the need for lumber.

### Special Committee Makes Investigation.

At the direction of the British government a special committee, headed by the earl of Selbourne, has investigated the whole farming situation in England and has submitted its report. It is interesting to note that the committee asks for the provision of good cottages for agricultural laborers with ample gardens attached to them.

Hereafter, if the recommendations of the committee are carried out, the state will see to it that no land suitable for farming will be used for golf links.

"It must be clearly understood," the report reads, "that henceforth bad farming is a danger to the state, and that the waste of good land on game or games is inconsistent with patriotism. There will be plenty of room for game or golf, but too much game, or golf links carved out of fat land, make an inroad on the production of foodstuffs which can no longer be defended."

Mind you, this admonition is not addressed to England at war, but to England at peace, and the report as a whole is an effort to guide England's new-found farming industry through the trying days of reconstruction.

### Minimum Wage Proposed.

For the farm hand there should be a regulated minimum wage set by duly appointed wage boards in each administrative county, acting in conjunction with the local government officials, as well as acting harmoniously with the wage boards in adjoining counties.

The impartial eye of the committee rests on the great estate and park evil, where two-thirds of England's acres rest, virtually uncultivated, and the recommendation is made, with careful use of phraseology in order to completely cover the case, that these untitled lands be taken over by the board of agriculture, acting for the government, and a system of crops planted under the direction of an expert estate manager.

Three years' warning should be given the estate owner, and then if nothing has been done toward actual farming, the estate goes into government management for a period of only five years, however.

Committees, appointed locally, are to judge on the capability of tenant farmers, and where such men are found negligent, or wanting in proper knowledge of competent cultivation, the tenant can be evicted.

Back of all this is the knowledge that great things were accomplished in agriculture during the war days; that England was a fair farming country until the middle of the last century, and that neighboring European countries have succeeded in establishing farming on a profitable basis. So the men at the helm feel confident that with prudent legislation the future of farming can be assured in England.

## LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels needs a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

Many a man's failure in small things is due to his being troubled with great ambitions.

Cuticura Soap for the Complexion. Nothing better than Cuticura Soap daily and Ointment now and then as needed to make the complexion clear, scalp clean and hands soft and white. Add to this the fascinating, fragrant Cuticura Talcum and you have the Cuticura Toilet Trio.—Adv.

Saw a fellow the other day who'd cut out his bad habits all at once. He was riding slow lying down.

## Weekly Health Talks

### What Is the Cause of Backache?

BY DOCTOR CORNELL

Backache is perhaps the most common ailment from which women suffer. Rarely do you find anybody free from it. Sometimes the cause is obscure, but Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., a high medical authority, says the cause is very often a form of catarrh that settles in the delicate membranes of the feminine organs. When these organs are inflamed, the first symptom is backache, accompanied by bearing down sensations, weakness, unhealthy discharges, irregularity, painful periods, irritation, headache and a general run-down condition. Any woman in this condition is to be pitied, but pity does not cure. The trouble calls for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which is a separate and distinct medicine for women.

It is made of roots and herbs put up without alcohol or opiate of any kind, for Dr. Pierce uses nothing else in his prescription. Favorite Prescription is a natural remedy for women, for the vegetable growths of which it is made seem to have been intended by Nature for that very purpose. Thousands of girls and women, young and old, have taken it, and thousands have written grateful letters to Dr. Pierce saying it made them well. In taking Favorite Prescription, it is reassuring to know that it goes straight to the cause of the trouble. There is but one way to overcome sickness, and that is to overcome the cause. That is precisely what Favorite Prescription is intended to do.

Send 10c for trial pkg. of Tablets. Address Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. Constipated women, as well as men, are advised by Dr. Pierce to take his Pleasant Pellets. They are just splendid for constiveness.

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