

AT WAR WITH STATES

BOLSHEVIKI GOVERNMENT DECLARES IT EXISTS

CONSULATE FLAG LOWERED

American Representative at Petrograd Turns Affairs Over to the Norwegian Consul

Washington—Dispatches from Russia of a somewhat disturbing nature to state department officials have been received. Vice Consul Robert W. Imbrie, at Petrograd, reported in a delayed dispatch, that members of the bolshevik government at the former Russian capital had issued a pronouncement declaring that a state of war existed between Russia and the United States.

Nebraska is Twice Honored

Portland—C. E. Adams of Superior, Nebr., was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic for the coming year. The new head of the organization served in the civil war in the Fifth Wisconsin battery.

Weekly Press Must Curtail

Washington—Reduction of 25 per cent of all publication space in excess of eight pages for country weekly newspapers was ordered by Chairman Baruch of the war industries board. Other features of a conservation plan for news print paper, which by this order is extended to include the country weeklies, are discontinuance of papers to subscribers three months after subscriptions expire.

Hope to Remove Hoo-doo

Chicago—The hoo-doo that has clung to the steamship Eastland since she capsized in the Chicago river and carried 822 persons to death will be removed and the vessel—reincarnated in the form of a sea fighter—will be launched in Chicago as the Hun-chasing gunboat Wilmette.

Shortage of Laboring Men

Washington.—The fact is made known that there is now a shortage in war work of 1,000,000 unskilled laborers and that the reserve of skilled workers is exhausted. Further curtailment of non-essential production is planned to release men for war work.

Awarded French War Cross

Paris.—The Misses Emma S. and Katherine E. Lansing of Watertown, N. Y., sisters of the American secretary of state, have been decorated with the French war cross and cited in the army orders.

Harvest Grain as Guns Boom

Rome.—Italian soldiers and civilians have succeeded in harvesting grain on the right bank of the Piave river under fire of the enemy. While the harvesters worked the entire district was swept by the enemy's artillery.

Crown for a German Prince

London.—A Finnish delegation has left Helsingfors for Germany to offer the crown of Finland to a German prince, who will probably be Duke Adolph Friedrich of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

U-BOATS BRING SPIES

Spies Landed in Collapsible Boats— Sailor Recognizes Hun Officer in New York

New York.—The first officer of an American vessel recently sunk off the coast recognized in New York one of the officers of the submarine which sank his vessel. The German officer recognized him also and escaped before he could give the alarm.

In Washington it is believed entirely possible for the submarines to land spies in collapsible boats carried for the purpose, and that there is danger that all the elaborate safeguards to check spies will be defeated and that submarine officers will be able to obtain vital information by personal visits on shore.

It is also learned that one of the German submarines equipped with a cable-cutting apparatus succeeded in cutting two cables from the United States to the West Indies. These were at once repaired.

It is known that three large German submarines of the Deutschland type have been operating off the American shore. These vessels were of the cruising type, 300 feet long, armed fore and aft with 6-inch guns and with a cruising radius of 17,000 miles.

The German action in cutting the cables and the reported landing of spies give evidence that the submarine campaign was designed to be far more than an attack on American coastal shipping. As now viewed, the objects of the Germans are shown to be:

First, to terrorize the navy department into recalling warships from European patrol duty.

Second, to cut the United States off from secret telegraphic communication with its forces and allies abroad by cutting cables.

Third, to establish direct communication between the German espionage system and German agents in the United States by landing spies from submarines.

Slackers Among Mennonites

Goshen, Ind.—Expecting to obtain evidence upon which to secure indictments before a federal grand jury in Cleveland of 185 bishops, ministers and deacons of the Mennonite Church of the World, F. R. Fortune, a department of justice agent, is in Goshen. Charges against the men are based on a pamphlet statement they signed following the annual convention of the Mennonite church of the United States and Canada at Yellow Creek church, west of Goshen, a year ago.

Tanker Sinks Submarine

Philadelphia.—A German submarine was sunk in a running battle with a British tank steamer about 300 miles northeast of Nantucket. The oil ship arrived here from Mexico. When first sighted the U-boat was two miles away, and the captain of the tanker immediately opened fire. Two shots from the submersible struck the British ship, one of them passing through the boiler room and the other through a tank.

Released Frog a Submarine

Boston.—Captain David Evans, of the British steamer Penobscot, taken aboard a German submarine as a prisoner of war after the undersea boat sank his vessel off Nantucket last week, has been landed here. With him were eight members of the crew of the Norwegian steamer San Jose, also a victim of the same submarine. Captain Evans was put into one of the San Jose's boats which was picked up later by a government vessel. He was seized by the German commander when he tried to return to his sinking vessel for the ship's papers.

Colonel Patterson Suicide

Portsmouth.—Col. George T. Patterson, U. S. A., commanding officer of the Portsmouth, N. H., harbor military post, committed suicide. Overwork and a nervous breakdown were given as causes for his act. Colonel Patterson's father is a prominent Nebraska jurist. He was forty-six years old and entered West Point from Omaha. He had served on the west coast and along the Mexican border.

China Sends Troops

Washington.—The Chinese government has sent a large force of troops to the Siberian border to prevent a threatened invasion of Chinese territory by German and Hungarian prisoners of war who joined with the Red Guard and other elements of the bolshevik against the Czecho-Slovaks in the Trans-Baikal region.

Married Men for Service

Washington.—In answer to a letter from Senator Chamberlain, asking whether it was true that the war department proposed to exempt married men as a class under the new manpower bill, Secretary Baker informed the senator that the existing regulations as to married men would continue in force. Senator Chamberlain had written to the secretary saying that if deferred classification for married men generally was contemplated, many senators would oppose lowering the present draft age to eighteen.

THE CHOICE OF THE PRIMARIES

Neville and McKelvie Gubernatorial Candidates.

Norris and Morehead for United States Senator.

Lincoln.—Practically every county has added to Neville's lead, and there seems no doubt that it will run to 15,000 or better when complete figures are in for the entire state. Eighty-three of the ninety-three counties have reported their democratic vote on governor, in whole or in part. The totals in these counties are: Neville, 32,656; Bryan, 20,201; Neville's lead, 12,455.



GOVERNOR KEITH NEVILLE Nominated by the Democrats as their standard bearer. He is now serving his first term as governor.

The counties sending complete returns on republican candidates for governor give these results: McKelvie, 33,826; Johnson, 13,894; McKelvie's lead, 19,932.

Senator Norris has increased his plurality over Sloan and Hammond to 5,000. The last two have run neck and neck for second place. Latest reports on republican candidates for senator are: Norris, 20,018; Sloan, 15,197; Hammond, 14,863; Madgett, 3,778; Mercer, 3,593.



EX-GOV. JOHN H. MOREHEAD The Democratic nominee for United States Senator. Mr. Morehead served two terms as governor.

Morehead's vote in the counties reported is above 25,000. Following is the standing of the democratic senatorial candidates: Morehead, 25,766; Metcalfe, 10,673; Howard, 7,997; Reed, 6,644; Price, 2,258.

The race for land commissioner on the republican ticket is settled in favor of Dan Swanson, who is over 700 votes ahead of E. B. Cowles. Swanson's margin is gradually increasing, and will probably be 1,500 or more on complete returns.

Dr. A. T. Gatewood defeats Hugh L. Cooper for the democratic nomination for secretary of state in the finish of a close race. Sixty-seven counties gave Gatewood a plurality of \$18. On the republican ticket, D. M. Amsberry is the winning candidate over W. S. Jay.

The last doubt as to the outcome of the republican primary race for congress in the Fourth district was removed with the receipt of figures from Saline county, giving the nomination to M. O. McLaughlin of York by a plurality of 130. Every county in the district is represented in the totals, which are, respectively, 4,183 for McLaughlin and 4,053 for McMullen.

State Auditor Smith is credited with a plurality of 4,774 over E. O. Kretzinger for the democratic congressional nomination in the Fourth.

The foreign voter constitutional amendment and the constitutional convention have received endorsement from both parties.

DEMOCRATIC United States Senator John H. Morehead.....Falls City Governor Keith Neville.....North Platte Lieutenant Governor W. B. Banning.....Union Secretary of State A. T. Gatewood.....McCook Auditor E. P. Mumford.....Beatrice Treasurer J. S. Canaday.....Minden Attorney General G. W. Berge.....Lincoln Land Commissioner G. L. Shumway.....Scottsbluff Railway Commissioner E. C. Simmons.....Pender For Congress District— 1st—Frank A. Peterson.....Lincoln 2nd—C. O. Lobeck.....Omaha 3rd—Dan V. Stevens.....Fremont 4th—William H. Smith.....Seward 5th—A. C. Schallenberger.....Alma 6th—Charles W. Pool.....Hyannis

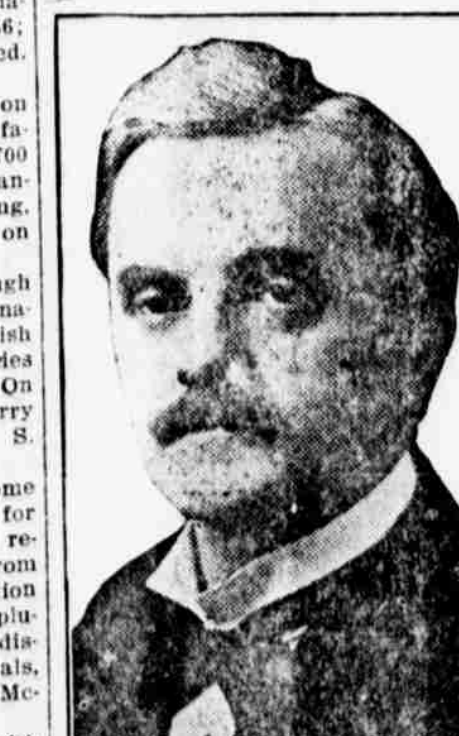
REPUBLICAN United States Senator George W. Norris.....McCook Governor Samuel R. McKelvie.....Lincoln Lieutenant Governor P. A. Barrows.....Lincoln Secretary of State D. M. Amsberry.....Broken Bow Auditor G. W. Marsh.....Lincoln Treasurer D. B. Cropsey.....Fairbury Attorney General Clarence A. Davis.....Holdrege Land Commissioner Dan Swanson.....Fremont Railway Commissioner H. G. Taylor.....Lincoln For Congress District— 1st—C. F. Reavis.....Falls City 2nd—A. W. Jeffers.....Omaha 3rd—R. E. Evans.....Dakota City 4th—M. O. McLaughlin.....York 5th—W. E. Andrews.....Hastings 6th—M. P. Kinkaid.....O'Neill

NONPARTISAN TICKET Supreme Judges C. H. Aldrich.....Lincoln W. B. Rose.....Lincoln Charles B. Letton.....Lincoln Grant G. Martin.....Lincoln E. B. Perry.....Cambridge George F. Coeoran.....York State Superintendent W. H. Clemmons.....Fremont C. M. Sutherland.....Creighton University Regents John R. Webster.....Omaha P. W. Judson.....Omaha H. L. Sams.....Scottsbluff I. D. Evans.....Kenesaw



HON. S. R. MCKELVIE Chosen as the Republican candidate for Governor. Mr. McKelvie served one term as lieutenant governor.

Omaha and Douglas county voted in the proportion of 3 to 2 in favor of the constitutional amendment prohibiting those from voting who have not obtained their final citizenship papers. They also voted



SENATOR GEO. W. NORRIS Republican nominee to succeed himself as United States Senator. Served three terms as congressman from the Fifth district.

3,658 for and 1,491 against the proposed constitutional convention for the state.

IN TRIPLE COMPACT

JOINT ACTION BY UNITED STATES CHINA AND JAPAN

AGREE IN NUMBER OF TROOPS

No Forward Step in Siberia Without Consent of All Governments Concerned

Washington.—Information has been received here that all the Japanese troops destined for Siberia have been landed at Vladivostok. The number cannot be made public, it was said, for military reasons, but taking them all together with the American, British, French and Italian forces in Siberia, the aggregate is not large. Japan also has a few contingents moving from Mukden, where she maintains a large garrison, but they are not presently destined for Siberian territory, although such disposition will be made of them as may make them immediately available should need for their services in Siberia arise.

be employed in Siberia has been definitely agreed upon between the United States and Japan. China being also consulted and the number cannot be increased without the approval of the American government; likewise the United States will be obliged to consult Japan before the American expeditionary force in Siberia can be enlarged. No step will be taken by either Japan, China or the United States with regard to Siberia, it was stated authoritatively here, without the sanction of all three of those countries.

An advantage in having China as a party to the operations concerning Siberia was said in an important quarter to relate principally to the moral effect her participation will have upon the Russians themselves. The Russians do not distrust either the United States or China, but there were fears that the motives of Japan might be misunderstood if she acted independently.

Spain Protests to Germany

Paris.—Spain has informed Germany that because of the serious inroads the submarine sinking have made into Spanish shipping, she hereafter will use German vessels now in Spanish ports in place of tonnage sunk. This announcement is made in a statement issued by the Spanish cabinet at San Sebastian. The cabinet statement says: "As a consequence of the submarine campaign more than twenty per cent of our merchant marine has been sunk, more than 100 Spanish sailors have perished, a considerable number of sailors have been wounded and numbers have been shipwrecked and abandoned. Ships needed exclusively for Spanish use have been torpedoed without the slightest pretext."

Relief for Czecho-Slovaks

Washington.—Information indicates that assistance sent to Czecho-Slovaks in Siberia will reach them in time to thwart the efforts of the German-Austrian prisoners and the bolshevik. The allies are sending arms and ammunition and heavy artillery is included. The program to re-establish the eastern front is progressing far more rapidly than was expected. The trans-Siberian railway will play an important part. That Germany appreciates the importance of the move is shown in a dispatch to the effect that soviet troops had blown up "the Baikal tunnel." It was pointed out that there are thirty-three Baikal tunnels, all of them hewn out of solid rock.

Texas Cattle to Nebraska

Washington.—A. F. Stryker, of the South Omaha stockyards, is heading a delegation here to urge Secretary McAdoo to intervene in behalf of aiding the shipment of thousands of cattle from Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas and other southern states to the long grass country of Nebraska. Members of this delegation are confident that their suggestion will be complied with. It was said that Mr. McAdoo will investigate the situation, and if it is as represented he will furnish cars and right of way for speedy shipment of the stock, which it is claimed is in danger of being lost through lack of forage.

All-Wheat Bread "Over There"

Washington.—The American army in France is amply supplied with bread made of all wheat flour, and the daily ration of eighteen ounces of flour for bread is so over-abundant that a reduction to sixteen ounces is under consideration. Soldiers in the United States consume Victory bread with the prescribed amount of substitutes for wheat flour. Not until they get to France are they allowed all wheat bread.

Requests to Governors

Washington.—Governors of all states are asked by the war labor policies board to send representatives to Washington for a conference September 30-October 1, on state and federal co-operation in dealing with industrial problems. Chairman Frankfurter notified the governors that hereafter contracts of all government departments will contain clauses restricting child and convict labor. Dr. A. C. Summers, commissioner of agriculture, commerce and industry, has been designated to meet the state officials.

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. From the first day I took it began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want good results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kline's Swamp Root, the great kidney medicine. At drug stores in large and medium size bottles. Sample size by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling you about it. Address Dr. Kline & Co., Philadelphia, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

Every Woman Wants Partine ANTISEPTIC POWDER FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free, 50¢ all drugs, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

TRYING TO PLEASE JOHNNY

Small Boy Couldn't Understand Objections Being Made to His Tooting the Horn.

A few days ago, there appeared in the News a letter protesting against noise near hospitals. The next morning, a hospital patient heard a horn sounding loudly in front.

"There!" she said to her nurse, "that's just what that fellow wrote about. If I were in the hospital of fice, it would take me about three jumps to stop that."

"It won't take me more than four," said the nurse who had noticed her patient's rising temperature.

On reaching the door, she was surprised to see seated alone in a machine a former patient whom she knew well, a tiny Greek boy who was returned regularly for dressings by a much interested social agency.

"Why, Pete!" she exclaimed. "Don't do that."

"Why not?" asked Peter innocently. "Don't you know there are sick people in the hospital? Think how Johnny (a former mate) must feel."

"Gee!" said Pete in amazement. "It never hurt my leg when it was sick. I was a-doin' it for Johnny."—Indianapolis News.

No Use. "Are you conserving food, Mrs. Jones?" "No, indeed; nobody in our family likes conserves."

He Got It. The Boss (sternly)—Jimmie, what do you want? Jimmie—Off.

Children Like Like the attractive flavor of the healthful cereal drink POSTUM And it's fine for them too, for it contains nothing harmful—only the goodness of wheat and pure molasses. POSTUM is now regularly used in place of tea and coffee in many of the best of families. Wholesome economical and healthful. "There's a Reason"