Rainbow's End

A NOVEL by REX BEACH

Author of "THE IRON TRAIL." "THE SPOILERS," "HEART OF THE SUNSET," Etc.

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ROSA AND HER TWO COMPANIONS FACE DEATH FROM STARVATION OR DISEASE

Synopsis.-Don Esteban Varona, rich Cuban planter, hides his money and jewels and the secret of the hiding place is lost when he and the only other person who knows it are killed. Donna Isabel, stepmother of the Varona twins-Esteban and Rosa-searches vainly for years for the hidden treasure. Johnny O'Reilly, an American, loves and is loved by Rosa. Donna Isabel falls to her death in an old well while walking in her sleep. Esteban's connection with the Cuban insurrectos is discovered and he and Rosa are forced to flee. O'Reilly, in New York on business, gets a letter from Rosa telling of her peril and he starts for Cuba. Pancho Cueto, faithless manager of the Varona estates, betrays Esteban and Rosa, leading Colonel Cobo, notorious Spanish guerrilla, to their hiding place. Esteban, who is absent, returns just in time to rescue Rosa. O'Reilly's efforts to reach Rosa are fruitless and he is compelled by the Spanish authorities to leave Cuba. Esteban wreaks a terrible vengeance on Pancho Cueto. A fierce fight with Spanish soldiers ensues. Esteban escapes, but, badly wounded and half conscious, he is unable to find his way back to his camp. Rosa, with the faithful servants who had remained with her, is forced to obey the concentration order of General Weyler, the Spanish commander, and seek refuge in Matanzas. O'Reilly returns to Cuba with a band of filibusters, which includes Norine Evans, an American girl who has dedicated her fortune and services as nurse to the Cuban cause. Although warned by Cuban officers that both Esteban and Rosa probably are dead, O'Reilly refuses to abandon the search. He joins the forces of General Gomez, the Cuban commander.

CHAPTER XIII-Continued.

"I inferred as much from what Lopez told me." The general nodded his white head. "Well, you'll make a good soldier, and we shall be glad to have you." He extended his hand, and O'Rellly took it gratefully.

The city of Matanzas was "pacified." So ran the boastful bando of the captain general. And this was no exaggeration, as anyone could see from the number of beggars there. Of all his military operations, this "pacification" of the western towns and provinces was the most conspicuously successful and the one which gave Valeriano Weyler the keenest satisfaction; for nowhere did the rebellion lift its head-except, perhaps, among the ranks of those disaffected men who hid in the hills, with nothing above them but the open sky. As for the population at large, it was cured of treason! It no longer resisted, even weakly, the law of Spain. The reason was that it lay dying. Weyler's cure was simple, efficaclous-it consisted of extermination, swift and pitiless.

Poverty had been common in Matanzas, even before the war, but now there were so many beggars in the city that nobody undertook to count pour in by the thousands, and when it became apparent that the government intended to let them starve, the better citizens undertook an effort at relief; but times were hard, food was scarce, and prices high. Moreover, it soon transpired that the military frowned upon everything like organized charity, and in consequence the newcomers were, perforce, abandoned to their own devices. These country people were dumb and terrified at the misfortunes which had overtaken them; they wandered the streets in aimless bewilderment, fearful of what blow might next befall. They were not used to begging, and therefore they did not often implore alms; but all day long they asked for work, for bread, that their little ones might live. Work, however, was even scarcer than food, and the time soon came when they crouched upon curbs and doorsteps, hopeless, beaten, silently reproachful of those more fortunate than they. Their eyes grew big and hollow; their outstretched hands grew gaunt and skinny. The sound of weeping women and fretting bables became a common thing to hear.

Dogs and cats became choice articles of dlet, until they disappeared. The government did supply one quality of food, however; at intervals, it distributed yucca roots. But these were starchy and almost indigestible. From eating them the children grew pinched in limb and face, while their abdomens bloated hugely. Matanzas became peopled with a race of grotesquely misshapen little folks, gnomes with young bodies, but with faces old and

Of course disease became epidemic. for in the leaky hovels, dirt-floored and destitute of any convenience, there could be no effort at sanitation. Conditions became unspeakable. The children died first, then the aged and infirm. Deaths in the street were not uncommon; nearly every morning bodtes were found beneath the portales. Starving creatures crept to the market in the hope of begging a stray bit of food, and some of them died there, wagons, heavy with their daily freight, rumbled censelessly through the streets, adding to the glant piles of unburied corpses outside the city.

raged unchecked. The hospitals were crowded, and even in them the comreturn from one of these pesthouses, await the hour when hunger or disease But was that Rosa Varona who had and the result had been a fast friend-

stricken preferred to remain and to

die among their dear ones. Yes, Matanzas was pacified. Weyler's boast was true. Nowhere in the entire province was a field in cultivation; nowhere, outside the garrisoned towns, was a house left standing. Nor was the city of Matanzas the only concentration camp; there were others dotted through Santa Clara, Habana and Pinar del Rio. In them half a million people cried for food. Truly no rebellious land was ever more completely pacified than this, no people's spirits ever more completely crushed.

Into Matanzas, city of beggary and death, came Rosa Varona and her two negro companions, looking for relief. They made the journey without mishap, for they were too destitute to warrant plundering, and Rosa's disguise concealed what charms remained to her. But once they had entered the city, what an awakening! What suffering, what poverty, what rags they saw! The three of them grew weak with dismay at the horror of it all; but there was no retreat.

Asensio built a makeshift shelter close under La Cumbre-from it the ruins of the Quinta de Esteban were visible-and there they settled down to live. They had hoped to lose themselves among the other prisoners, and in this they were successful, for none of their miserable neighbors were in any condition to notice them, and there was nothing sufficiently conspicuous about two tattered blacks and their hunchbacked daughter to draw attention from the soldiers.

Asenslo foraged zealously, and at first he managed somehow to secure enough food for his little family. One day the soldiers seized him and put him to work on the fortifications along with a gang of other men who appeared strong enough to stand hard labor. Asensio was not paid for this, but he was allowed one meal a day, and he succeeded in bringing home each night a share of his allotment.

It is surprising how little nourishment will sustain life. Rosa and her two friends had long felt the pinch of hunger, but now they plumbed new depths of privation, for there were days when Asensio and his fellow conscripts received nothing at all. After a time Evangelina began making baskets and weaving palm-leaf hats, which she sold at six cents each. She taught Rosa the craft, and they worked from dawn until dark, striving with nimble, tireless fingers to supplement Asensio's rations and postpone starvation. But it was a hopeless task. Other nimble fingers worked as tirelessly as theirs, and the demand for hats was limited.

Their hut overlooked the road to San Severino, that Via Dolorosa on which condemned prisoners were marched out to execution, and in time the women learned to recognize the peculiar blaring notes of a certain cornet, which signified that another "Cu- to's all-devouring greed spoke from the to skill myself that day." ban cock was about to crow." When heard that bugle they ceased their and piled in orderly heaps, from the weaving long enough to cross themselves and whisper a prayer for the souls of those who were on their way

they allowed themselves. Rosa meditated much upon the contrast between her present and her forof her birth, and time was when she sion, and vaguely ashamed of her own between the empty stalls. The death by the score among its residents. But all of value that this well contained for Typhold, smallpox, yellow fever, pure Castilian, and it would never ban. Here, as a girl, she had dreamed monest necessities were lacking. It is of the highest! She to beg? The was the very spot where he had held believed that men have returned from thing was quite impossible. One crumb, her in his arms and begged her to the grave, but no one, either Spaniard so taken, would have choked her. await the day of his return. Well, she or Cuban, had ever been known to Rosa preferred to suffer proudly and had waited.

of happy days and end this nightmare

misery. Then, too, she dreaded any risk of discovery by Mario de Castano, who was a hard, vindictive man. His parting words had shown her that he assigned to the command of Col. Migwould never forgive the slight she had uel Lopez, and it was under his leaderput upon him; and she did not wish to put his threats to the test. Once Rosa saw him, on her way to buy a few centavos' worth of sweet potatoes; he was huddled in his victoria, a huge bladder of flesh, and he rade the streets deaf to the plaints of starving children, blind to the misery of beseeching mothers. Rosa shrank into a doorway and drew her tattered shawl closer over her face for fear Don Mario might recognize in this misshapen body and in these pinched, discolored features the beauteous blossom he had

Nor did she forget Colonel Cobo, The man's memory haunted her, asleep and saw him riding at the head of his cutshe cowered in the hut, trembling at every sound.

In these dark hours she recalled the stories of the old Varona treasure and Esteban's interesting theory of its whereabouts, but she could not bring herself to put much faith in either. Of course it was barely possible that there was indeed a treasure, and even that Esteban's surmise had been correct. But it was little more than a remote possibility. Distance lends a rosy color to reality to our most absurd imaginings, but, like the haze that tints a far-off landscape, it dissolves upon approach. Now that Rosa was here, in sight of the ruined quinta itself, her hopes and half-bellefs faded.

More than once she was tempted to confide in Evangelina and Asensio, but she thought better of it. Although she put implicit faith in Evangelina's dis-



Rosa Shrank Into a Doorway.

cretion, she knew that Asensia was not the sort of fellow to be trusted with a secret of great magnitude-he was boastful, talkative, excitable; he was just the sort to bring destruction upon all of them. Rosa had sufficient intelligence to realize that even if she found her father's riches they would only constitute another and a greater menace to the lives of all of them. Nevertheless, she wished to set her mind at rest once for all. Taking Evangelina with her, she climbed La Cumbre one day in search of roots and vegetables.

It turned out to be a sad experience for both women. The negress wept noisily at the destruction wrought by Pancho Cueto, and Rosa was overcome by painful memories. Little that was familiar remained; evidence of Cuesprouting furrows his men had dug, in the damp of dewy mornings they from the naked trees they had felled stones and mortar of the house itself.

The well remained, although it had been planked over, but it was partially to die. But this was the only respite filled up with rubbish, as Rosa discovered when she peered into it. Only a tiny pool of scum was in the bottom After a long scrutiny the girl arose mer condition. Matanzas was the city | convinced at last of her brother's deluhad trod its streets in arrogance and credulity. No, if ever there had been pride, when she had possessed friends a treasure, it was hidden elsewhere; of all these there was not one to whom Rosa was her memory of a happiness she dared appeal in this, her hour of departed. Of such memories, the well, need. But even had she felt assured the whole place, was brimful. Here, of meeting sympathy, her pride was as a child, she had romped with Estedown. She, a Varona, whose name was her first dreams, and here O'Reilly, her one to conjure with, whose lineage was smiling knight, had found her. Yonder

nesses whose bones pro- the boy his nickname-a name truded through her rags? It could not prompted by a marked eccentricity, for be. Happiness, contentment, hope- although Jacket possessed the two garthese were fictions; only misery, de- ments which constituted the ordinary spair, and pain were real. But it had insurrecto uniform, he made a pracbeen a glorious dream, at any rate—a tice of wearing only one. On chilly dream which Rosa vowed to cherish al- nights, or on formal occasions, he ways.

CHAPTER XIV.

That Sick Man From San Antonio. by the Cuban leaders to divide their forces into separate columns for the purpose of raiding the smaller Spanish garrisons and harassing the troops sent to their relief, reassembling these

bands only when and where some telling blow was to be struck.

When O'Reilly and Branch enlisted in the Army of the Orient they were ship that they made their first acquaintance with the peculiar methods of Cuban warfare.

There had been, at first, some doubt detachment of the enemy who had of Branch's fitness to take the field at all-he had suffered a severe hemorrhage shortly after his arrival at Cubi- close enough to use their machetes. It tas-and it was only after a hysterical was bloody work-the kind you read demonstration on his part that he had been accepted as a soldier. He simply managed to be right in the middle of would not be left behind. At first the the butchery. He's a bravo kid, all Cubans regarded him with mingled right. May male!" contempt and pity, for certainly no less promising volunteer had ever taken service with them. But upon the occasion of the very first fight all ill-will disappeared as if by magic, for, his restless fits, and now he began: awake; of him she was most desperate- although Branch deliberately disobeyed ly afraid. When for the first time she orders, he nevertheless displayed such doing? I've been looking up some grub amazing audacity in the face of the throats she was like to swoon in her enemy, such a theatrical contempt for tracks, and for a whole day thereafter bullets, as to stupefy every one. Moreover, he lived up to his reputation; he continued to be insanely daring, varying his exploits to correspond with his moods, with the result that he attained a popularity which was unique, nay, sensational.

O'Reilly alone understood the reason for the fellow's morbid irritability, his suicidal recklessness; but when he privately remonstrated he was gruffly told to mind his own business. Branch flatly refused to modify his conduct; he seemed really bent upon cheating the disease that made his life a misery.

But, as usual, fate was perverse; she refused to humor the sick man's hope. When, after blindly inviting death, Leslie had emerged from several engagements unscathed, his surprise-and perhaps a natural relief at finding himself whole-became tinged with a certain apprehension lest he survive those deliberately courted danprivations of camp life. The fellow's tongue grew ever sharper; his society became intolerable, his gloom oppressive and irresistibly contagious. When, after several weeks of campaigning, the column went into camp for a short rest, O'Rellly decided that he would try to throw off the burden of Leslie's overwhelming dejection, and, if possible, shift a portion of it upon the shoulders of Captain Judson.

On the day after their arrival O'Rellly and the big artilleryman took advantage of a pleasant stream to bathe and wash their clothes; then, while they luxury of a tattered oil-cloth shelter a salad, and coffee." and waiting for the sun to dry their garments, O'Reilly spoke what was in ly. Judson stirred uneasily.

"I'm getting about fed up on Leslie." he declared. "He's the world's champlon crepe-hanger, and he's painted the whole world such a deep, despondent blue that I'm completely dismal. You've got to take him off my hands."

O'Reilly's youthful assistant, who at the moment was painstakingly manufacturing a huge, black cigar for himself out of some purloined tobacco, pricked up his ears at the mention of Branch's name and now edged closer, exclaiming:

"Caramba! There's a hero for you. ever seen. Our people call him 'El

O'Reilly jerked his head toward the Cuban. "You see? He's made the hit so weak and ineffective. The medical of his life, and yet he resents it. My nerves are frayed out. I've argued myself hourse, but he misconstrues everything I say. I wish you'd convince him that he has a chance to get well; it might alter his disposition. If something doesn't alter it I'll be court-martialed for shooting a man in his sleepand I'll hit him right in the middle, no matter how slim he is." O'Rellly compressed his lips firmly.

The assistant, who had finished rolling his cigar, now lighted it and repeated: "Yes, sir, Meester Branch is the bravest man I ever seen. You remember that first battle, ch? Those Spaniards seen him comin' and threw down their guns and beat it. I laugh

"Jacket" was at once the youngest and the most profane member of Colonel Lopez's entire command. The most shocking oaths fell from his beardless lips whenever he opened them to speak English, and O'Reilly's efforts to break the boy of the habit proved quite

unavailing. This Camagueyan boy was a character. He was perhaps sixteen, and fact. Nevertheless, he was a seasoned veteran, and his American camp-mates had grown exceedingly fond of him. He he waved them back to their seats. was a pretty, graceful youngster; his eyes were large and soft and dark; his face was as sensitive and mobile as that of a girl; and yet, despite his youth, he had won a reputation for daring and ferocity quite as notable in its way as was the renown of Leslie Branch.

In order to expand his knowledge of English-of which, by the way, he was inordinately proud-Jacket had volunteered to serve as O'Rellly's striker,

wore both waistcoat and trousers, but at other times he dispensed entirely with the latter, and his legs went naked. They were naked now, as, with the modesty of complete unconscious-It was part of the strategy practiced ness, he squatted in the shade, puffing

thoughtfully at his giant cheroot. Once Jacket's mind was fastened upon any subject, it remained there, and after a time he continued:

"Did I told you about that battle of Pino Bravo? Eh?" He turned his big brown eyes upward to O'Rellly. "Cristo! I skill more'n a dozen men that day !"

"It was a hot scrimmage," Judson attested. "Some of Luque's niggers, those tall, lean, hungry fellows from Santiago, managed to back their way through a wire fence and get behind a made a stand under a hill. They charged, and for a wonder they got about-no quarter. Somehow Jacket

At that moment Branch approached, his long face set in lines of discontent. even deeper than usual. He had been wandering about the camp in one of

"Say, what do you think I've been for Miss Evans, and I can't find any." "Can't find any?"

"Nothing fit for her to eat. You don't expect her to live on this infernal, eternal beef stew." "Didn't Major Ramos bring anything

along?" O'Rellly asked. "He says there's a famine at Cubi-

tas." "We'd better look into this," Judson exclaimed, and, finding that his clothes were dry, he hurriedly began to dress

himself.

Together, the three men made an investigation of the camp's resources, only to discover that Branch was right. There was, indeed, but little food of any kind, and that little was of the coarsest. Ordinarily, such a condition of affairs would have occasioned them no surprise, for the men were becoming accustomed to a more or less chronic scarcity of provisions; but the presence of Norine Evans put quite a different complexion upon the matter. They were still discussing the situation gers only to succumb to the ills and when Miss Evans, having finished her afternoon nap, threw open the flaps of her tent and stepped out.

Wher she had Hstened to the account apologetically submitted by her three friends, she drew her brows together, saying, plaintively: "Oh dear! We've been going short for a week, and Major Ramos told me we'd fare better when we got here. I had my mouth all set for a banquet. Couldn't you even find the poor dog a bone?" "I'm afraid the cupboard is bare," O'Reilly acknowledged.

"Do you know what I want for dinner?" Norine inquired. "Lamb chops ay in their hammocks, enjoying the with green peas, some nice white bread,

The three men looked at her anxious-

"That's what I want. I don't expect to get it."

With a sigh of relief the captain exclaimed, "I thought you were giving your order." "Goodness, no!" With a laugh the

girl seated herself upon her one campchair, inviting her callers to dispose themselves on the ground about her. "If you can stand the food, I dare say I can. Now then, tell me what you've been doing since you left Cubitas. I've been frightened to death that some of you would be hurt. That's one reason why I've been working night and day Meester Branch is the bravest man I helping to get the hospitals in shape. I can't bear to think of our boys being wounded. Everything is so different to what I thought it would be, and I'm supplies I brought are nearly all gone, and I've learned what hard work it is fitting up hospitals when there's nothing to fit them up with." She sighed. "I imagined I was going to work wonders-I thought I was going to be a Florer ce Nightingale, and the men were going to idolize me."

"Don't they?" Judson demanded. "No. That is-not in exactly the way I expected."

"They all want to marry her," O'Reilly explained. "Insolent bunch!" growled the cap-

tain. Then he swallowed hard and said, "But for that matter, so do I." "How silly you boys can be!" Norine laughed. "I dare say the others are

joking too, but-" "Joking?" O'Rellly grinned. "Not at all. I'm the only single man in camp who isn't in love with you. When you arrived this morning there was a gen-

eral stampede for the river. I'll bet the fish in this stream will taste of soap for years to come."

As if to point O'Reilly's words at the moment appeared Colonel Lopez, shaved blood-raw and clad in a recentsmall for his age-a mere child, in ly laundered uniform which was still damp. The three Americans rose to salute him, but discipline was lax and

> O'Reilly, fighting with the Cuban rebels, makes a remarkable discovery that puts new life into his hopes. Don't miss the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Bontanists have found that Alpine plants which push their way through the snow do so by breathing more and, in consequence, those who were would at last blot out her memories promised so freely and so confidently ship. It was O'Reilly who had given rapidly than normally to generate heat.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.) (Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JULY 14

READING GOD'S WORD.

LESSON TEXT-Psalms 19:7-11; Acts 8 GOLDEN TEXT-Ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free .-ADDITIONAL MATERIAL FOR TEACHERS—Psalms 37:31; 119:9-16; Pro-verbs 13:13; Isalah 65:8-11; John 5:39-46-47; Romans 15:4. DEVOTIONAL READING-Psalms 119:

I. Characteristics of God's Word (Ps. 19:7-11).

The Psalmist here sets forth six de

scriptive titles of God's Word, six out-

standing qualities, and six resultant effects. FIRST GROUP-

1. Title: "The Law of the Lord"

By this is meant the fundamental principles which God as a moral being reveals to the consciences of men as binding upon the soul.

2. Quality: "Perfect" (v. 7). It is free from omissions and redundancies. It is perfect as a moral code, and it perfectly accomplishes

man's salvation. 3. Effect: "Converting the Soul"

The practical effect of the law of God is to turn men to God himself, righteousness and holiness.

SECOND GROUP-1. Title: "The Testimony of the Lord" (v. 7).

It is the witness which God bears as to his attributes, and against man's

2. Quality: "Sure" (v. 7) It is plain and infallible. We can repose in it our interests for time and eternity.

3. Effect: "Making Wise the Simple" (v. 7). The simple are those who have hum-

ble, open and teachable minds. THIRD GROUP-1. Title: "The Statutes of the Lord"

(v 8). These are the principles or charges which the Lord gives to us all, to fit us to rightly perform the duties which the different relations of life make obligatory upon us.

2. Quality: "Right" (v. 8). They are from the righteous God and are absolutely just and equitable.

3. Effect: "Rejoicing the Heart" (v. The true heart rejoices in justice and equity.

FOURTH GROUP-1. Title: "The Commandment of the

Lord" (v. 8). This brings into view the personal God who stands back of his law to en-

force its demands-to require obedience to its precepts.

2. Quality: "Pure" (v. 8). It is free from deceit and error. 3. Effect: "Enlightening the Eyes"

The effect of God's law is to give man ability, not only to understand his love and salvation, but to be

wise as to the things about him. FIFTH GROUP-1. Title: "The Fear of the Lord" (v. Reading the Word of God produces

reverential fear in the heart of the 2. Quality: "Clean" (v. 9). It is not only clean in itself, but

sanctifies the heart of those who receive it. 3. Effect: "Enduring Forever" (v. 9).

The life and relationship founded upon his law abide forever. SIXTH GROUP-1. Title: "The Judgments of the

Lord" (v. 9). By this is meant the sentences pro nounced by God's Word. 2. Quality: "True and Righteous

(v. 9).

The penalties prescribed by God are true, conformable to the intuitive moral sense of man.

3. Effect: "Berve as Warnings an Bring Reward" (v. 11).

If the warnings be heeded, shipwrecks upon life's sea will be prevented. Besides God pays a wage for obedience to his laws. Godliness is profitable unto all, having the promise of the life that now is, and that which is to come.

II. A Notable Example of Bible Study (Acts 8:26-39). 1. Who It Was (v. 27).

The Ethiopian eunuch, a man of great authority. He was the secretary of the treasury of the Ethiopian queen. The wisest and best men and women of the earth have been reverent students of the Bible and have testified to its beauty and power.

2. The Circumstances of (v. 28). It was while traveling that this great man was studying the Bible. This is a most excellent way to improve moments while on a journey.

3. Doing Personal Work (vv. 29-87). Philip was taken from his great evangelistic work in Samaria and directed to go to the desert. The Spirit directed Philip to join himself to the chariot in which the Ethiopian was traveling. Philip ran in obedience to the Spirit's command. One should be alert for the Spirit's direction as for the individual with whom to do personal work. The eunuch was inquiring after the way of life. But still he needed the help of a Spirit-taught