



1-American infantrymen in France entraining to take their places at the fighting front. 2-Survivors of the schooner Edward H. Cole, one of the victims of the submarine that raided American waters. 3-Airplane photograph of a French hospital on the Alsne near Soissons, showing its Red Crosses clearly on the roofs and

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

German Submarine Raid in Our Waters Fails to Terrorize American Nation.

WAR SPIRIT IS STIMULATED

Splendid Work of Yankee Troops in Halting Hun Drive at the Marne-Enemy's Losses are Appalling -Renewal of Offensive Is Expected.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Germany's utter inability to understand the spirit of the nations that oppose her was never better shown than in the raids made on American shipping in American waters by submarines. Their purpose could only be to terrorize the United States and thus check the flow of men and munitions to France. Their result, if Germany but knew it, could only be to inspire the nation to continue the sending of its armies across with uninterrupted speed and in every other way to do what is necessary to win the war. The net loss to America is the sinking of a dozen sailing vessels and two or three steamships; the net gain is a renewed determination to whip the Hun, and a large increase in the number of enlistments for the navy.

Germany attempted to terrorize England by Zeppelin raids on London, and the Englishmen merely turned out their lights and rushed by thousands to the recruiting offices. She tried to terrorize France by bombarding Paris with the "miracle gun," and the Frenchmen gritted their teeth and swore to fight to the finish. Now she has tried to intimidate the Americans, and again she has failed miserably. In truth, the German policy of frightfulness has been a failure everywhere and from the beginning. Even mutilated and ravished Belgium still stands unafraid and steadfast to the cause of decency and righteousness.

The appearance of the submarine or submarines—their number is not known-off the New Jersey coast naturally revived the talk of the existence of U-boat bases on the Mexican coast. This is officially discredited by our navy department, though there is little doubt that Carranza and his crew would so assist Germany if they could. Their behavior and known predilections are not such as to delude anyone into bellef in their neutrality. However, there was evidence that the raiding submarines had come direct from Germany, and as they have been out some time, they probably will soon return.

New York city indulged itself in a small scare over the chance that it might be bombed by an airplane carried by the U-boats. There was little danger of this, for a plane would take up too much space on the submarine, and moreover after a raid would be compelled to return to the vessel, thus revealing its location to the naval craft that have been swarming the Atlantic coast waters looking for it. The submarine is driven by Diesel engines that give it a wide radius, and carries guns with which it might shell coast cities,

Probably there will be more of these raids in the near future, but they must be accepted as incidents of the great war in which we are engaged-really small incidents that can have no influence on the outcome of the struggle. Some of them are likely to be directed against our troop transports, but this need cause little alarm because of the perfection of the convoy system. To guard the coast against attacks Secretary Baker has asked congress for \$16,000,000 for establishing balloon and seaplane stations, thirteen on the Atlantic and three on the gulf.

Over in France the kaiser's third pretentious drive of the year came to a halt, at least for the time being, at the Marne, the Ourcq valley and the Oise. Early in the week several attempts to cross the Marne were repulsed with severe losses. In these actions American machine gunners sup-

inent part and won the warm praise of the French and British by their gallantry and valor as well as by their excellent marksmanship. The Americans were called on to hold a bridge head near Chateau Thierry immediately on their arrival after thirty hours on the road in motortrucks. They took up their positions quickly and slaughtered the Huns who tried to cross. Under cover of this fire Yankee engineers successfully dynamited the bridges, and the machine gunners have since held the south bank and repulsed all attempts of the Germans to build new bridges. It is reported the Americans killed about 1,000 Germans at the bridge head, having themselves only one man killed and a few wounded.

In the Neullly wood, northwest of Chateau Thierry, the American infantry had their chance, and three times they drove back desperate attacks of the Huns, their rifle fire being deadly. On the third assault they met the Germans in the open and put them to rout with the bayonet.

In what may be called their own sector, in the Luneville region, the Americans carried out some highly successful operations.

The allies frankly admit that they are counting on the United States troops to save the day, and the tests to which the Yankers have been submitted show the trust of the British and French is not misplaced.

Failing to make further progress southward, the Germans turned the main force of their attacks on the western front of their salient, between the Alsne and the Marne. Here they found any advance still more difficult, and indeed at many points they were driven back some distance by the impetuous attacks of General Foch's troops. In that region the dense forests of Villiers-Cottorets and Neuilly offer the best of defensive positions for the allies, enabling them to move and concentrate their forces unseen by the enemy aviators. The allied artillery, too, has been brought up with remarkable speed and is pouring a devastating fire into the Germans from well selected positions day and night. Along the line from the Marne northeastward to Reims the allied line was holding strongly, and the ancient cathedral city was still, rather unexpectedly, in the possession of the British.

The Germans made no claims to definite advances during the week, and their losses were growing so appalling that government officials in Berlin felt it necessary to speak of them apologetically, asking the people to consider the magnitude of the operations and of the stake.

Toward the end of the week there were signs that Von Hindenburg was preparing for a renewal of the drive on another part of the line, possibly in the Amiens sector, but the allied military authorities expressed satisfaction with the situation and confidence in their ability to meet any new attacks.

The German press was almost a unit last week in its calls for a peace offensive, but the papers and the factions they represent were as far apart as ever on the question of what Germany should state as her peace aims. The radical press still insists on the no annexation and no indemnity program, while the organs of the pan-German party blatantly insist that the central powers are now in a position to make demands and to enforce them, and that though Germany entered the war in 1914 with no predatory purposes, it is now entitled to take what it desires to make up for its losses and to insure its future safety.

- 100 --There is no longer any pretensions on Germany's part of treating the Russian provinces as any other than conquered territory, the treaty of Brest-Litovsk being now ignored. Neither is there any evidence that Germany is getting any benefit from those lands, for the food question is still driving the civilian population to distraction; and in Austria-Hungary the situation is far worse.

Greater Russia is actually starving. for the soviet government can procure no more food from the Ukraine. and in the Kuban and Don regions there are counter-revolutionary bands that keep things in a turmoil. The counter-revolution plot, the government says, spreads throughout the country and in consequence Moscow has been declared in a state of siege. ported by French infantry took a prom- It is reported the American govern- from twenty states.

ment is contemplating the extending of assistance to Russia in the way of assembling food supplies in Siberia and distributing them in European

In equally parlous state is Turkey, where famine is widespread and many of the poorest people are subsisting on chestnuts and pumpkin seeds. In some districts the troops have destroyed the crops though they themselves are on mighty short rations. Only the officers are well fed. With these food conditions, the steady advance of the British in Palestine and Mesopotamia and the growing strength of the Arab forces, there are evidences of the approaching break up of the Turkish empire. It has got nothing yet for all its efforts except certain oil districts ceded by Russia under compulsion, and the possession of these is threatened by the northward movements of the British expeditions.

-- KB -The Italians kept on hitting hard at the Austro-Hungarian forces along the Piave line, and they heard undisturbed of the massing of thirty enemy divisions at three points on that front for a resumption of the drive toward the plains. The Italian army is now in better condition than ever before and, with the help of the Americans, British and Frenck, can be relied on to stop the expected offensive.

The supreme war conference of the allies at Versailles expressed its complete confidence in the ultimate defeat of the central powers and declared the allied reople are "resolute not to sacrifice a single one of the free nations of the world to the despotism of Berlin." The premiers of Great Britain, France and Italy agreed on the creation of a united independent Polish state with free access to the sea as one of the conditions of a just peace, and adhered to the declaration of Secretary Lansing expressing sympathy with the national aspirations of the Czechs and Jugo-Slavs. This means, if it means anything, that Emperor Charles has lost his last chance to retain his empire entire by breaking away from Germany. It foretells the dismemberment of Austrin-Hungary when peace is made, if not at an earlier date.

---In the United States the U-boat raid served to impress the people with the pressing need of the conservation of wheat and sugar, especially. The former must be sent across the ocean in increasing quantities as our forces there grow rapidly greater; and sugar cannot be bought from Cuba because we must use all available shipping for the transportation of troops and mu nitions to Europe.

The fuel administration devoted its energies last week to urging the people to order their next winter's supplies of coal at once. There has been widespread complaint that the retailers canot fill orders, but Doctor Garfield says that orders now, whether or not they are filled soon, will do much to stimulate production. There is plenty of coal if only it can be got out of the ground and if the railroad administration will find some way of supplying enough cars. The shortage of cars really is at the bottom of the whole trouble and will be to blame if the predicted coal famine materializes next winter.

--The senate's attempt to stop the manufacture of beer and wine by means of an amendment to the emergency agricultural bill was blocked by the administration last week. Food Administrator Hoover opposed it because he believed it would put the nation on a "whisky, brandy and gin" basis with attendant evils far outweighing the small food savings that would result. President Wilson had told Senator Sheppard he would not forbid the use of foodstuffs in beer and wine unless Mr. Hoover regarded such a step necessary. The senate therefore receded from its position.

The week saw the registering of about a million young Americans who have become twenty-one years of age since last spring; and this registration probably will be repeated about once in three months. Provost Marshal General Crowder sent to the governors of all the states except Arizona orders for the mobilization of 200,000 more registrants between June 24 and 28, and 40,000 negroes were called

MAN SLEEPS WHILE HIS BEDDING BURNS

Occupant of Next Room Finds Him Stretched Out Like Brunhilda.

Newton, N. J.-He slumbered deeply and loudly in his room at the Waldmere latel. After a little a cigarette butt that he had dropped ignited the mattress. He continued to sleep, while little lames ran along its edge and the reso filled with smoke,

The man in the next room began to choke and traced the fire to the door of the slamberer. He entered to find the tottress afire, with its occupant



Entered to Find the Mattress Afire

stretched calm and still like Brunhilda on her pyre-only Brunhilda did not snore.

The intruder picked up the pitcher and emptied its contents on the modern Rip Van Winkle, who stirred, muttered drowsily, and slept again. The fire was out, to all appearances, and the rescuer left, pursued by the snores of the rescued.

Five hours later the man in the next room appealed to the management. "He's afire again," he complained,

"and I can't wake him up." It took two strong men to rouse him sufficiently for him to slide off the burning mattress.

******** HUG BY PRETTY GIRL ENDS IN LOSS OF \$130

San Francisco.-A long hug by a pretty girl cost Charles Smulters, of this city, \$130, and the fact that the young woman was beautiful does not console him in the least. Smulters told the police that he was walking down the street when the "fair young thing" threw her arms about his neck babbling terms of endearment with vehemence. Smulters struggled a half block before he could break from her embrace.

wallet was missing.

Then he discovered that his

THOUGHT SHE BURIED SON

Georgia Woman Treated to Sensation When She Meets Him In Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga.-All the sensations associated with the miracles of older times have been experienced by Mrs Rosa Holley Whitehend of Atlanta. who recently attended, as she thought the funeral of her son, Aubrey Whitehead in Louisville, Ky. After the cere monies Mrs. Whitehead returned to At lanta and met her son, who is in per feet health. The cause of the curious mistake was the result of a remark made by Aubrey, which was overheard that he "would end it all in the river." The body of a man was found in the Ohlo river and young Whitehead disappeared. There was great resemb lance in the body to young Whitehead. A Louisville undertaker is wondering who is going to pay for the expensive

"ROLL BONES" TO SHOW JURY

Detroit Defendant, After Demonstrat ing a Crap Game, Is Convicted.

Detroit, Mich.-While a court and a jury looked on and sanctioned the act a real old-fashioned crap game took place in the courtroom here.

After some of the jurors had startled the court by admitting they had never seen a crap game, Alfred Frank, a negro, who was the defendant in the case on trial, was called on to demonstrate "rolling the bones."

"Now, 'talk to 'em,' as you did the night of the murder," the court ordered, and Frank obeyed. It was one of the names given the dice that led to the shooting of Charles Powell, another negro. Frank was found guilty of the crime.

FINDS IT EASY TO BE A "WOMAN"

Mexican Poses as Fair Cloak Model and Dupes Many Lovers.

HAS MANY PICTURES

Mementoes of Conquests Held by "Gertrude," Who Finds Build Better Fitted for Feminine Than Masculine Robes.

El Paso, Tex.-The most remarkable case of masquerading on record is that credited to "Gertrude" Garcia, twenty three years old and of Mexican par entage, who successfully gulled department managers of San Francisco El Paso, Tex., and other cities; beguiled scores of lovers; hoodwinked the police and even posed as a clonk model in exclusive women's establishments, demonstrating how easy it is for clothes to make the woman.

But "Gertrude" failed to fool one man, Immigration Inspector E. M. Mar nell, on duty at the internationa bridge at El Paso, when he attempted to come across the American boundary from Juarez with a passport signed "Maria" Garcia. A dazzling frock high-heeled shoes, the latest twist it colffures, penciled brows, jet ear pend ants and a stray dimple were not suf ficient "camouflage" to fool the keeneyed inspector, and "Gertrude" and two of her latest admirers and dupes were turned back.

Garcia's Amazing Dual Life.

The exposure brought to light the amazing dual life led by Genobeba Gar cia, born in Zacatecas, Mex., who first entered the United States in the guise of a woman in 1915, accompanied by s man who posed as her husband. Garcla's face is as smooth as a child's. It never has known a razor. His habits physiognomy, deportment and appear ance are those of a woman. His hands are small and tapering and he walks with a feminine stride, due probably to the constant wearing of high-heeled shoes, examining physicians state.

"It will be difficult for 'Gertrude' to make a living as a man," was the re port of immigration service physicians "because of the peculiar mannerisms



"Gertrude" Failed to Fool One Man

and feminine characteristics which his constant pose as a woman for many years have developed to a marked de gree." His hair, which he wears like & woman, extends far below the waist when taken down. It never has been

Mexican Had Many Admirers.

Trunks which Garcia attempted to get across the Mexican border at the time he was apprehended contained quantities of feminine attire. They also contained pictures of many men who, Garcia explained with a smile had been admirers of his and who never had penetrated his disguise Garcia told the immigration official: that many of his conquests were made while he was posing as a cloak mode in shops at El Paso, San Diego and San Francisco.

SPARROW HAWK GETS CANARY

Yellow-Feathered Songster Escapes in City From Cage and Falls Prey to Hawk.

San Francisco.-A Chinese womai and her three little children cammarching proudly up Kearny street They carried a cage and a canary. At Commercial street the door or

the cage came open and the bird flew out. It lighted on a wire overhead Pedestrians gathered around and helped the woman and the children try to coax it down.

The canary hopped about and defiet them for a while. Then all of a sud den it fluttered down toward the walk But it was not quick enough. Before it alighted a sparrow hawk swoopet down from somewhere and grabbed it

There was a squeak and a flutter of wings almost within reach of the people on the sidewalk. Then the hawl with its prey flew down Commercia street and was gone.

OLD PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK KIDNEYS

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are ex-tensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfil the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says, "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent re-sults, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy that I know of has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmers' Swamp-Root is due to the fact that, so many people claim, it fulfils almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments, corrects ur-inary troubles and neutralizes the urio which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post, Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

They Had Retired.

Dr. Ellison Browning said in an address before the antigambling lengue of Duluth:

"It's impossible to speak a good word for gambling except in jest. "One of my addresses was interrupt-

yelled: "'Don't knock gamblin' so hard, doc. I know three men in this town who

ed on a certain evening by a chap who

have retired, thanks to gamblin'.' "'What's their address?' I demanded

skeptically. "'Corner of State street and Washington avenue!' yelled the chap.

"The whole audience then burst out laughing, for that was the address of the local almshouse."

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strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

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Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it falls to remove freekles.—Adv.

Its Sort. "Have you been following the news from Pimilco this week?"

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