

# THE DRAFT ARMY BILL PASSES BOTH HOUSES IMPORTANT MOVE TO MAKE GER- MANY A REPUBLIC.

## KAISER IS URGED TO ABDICATE Bringing Pressure to Bear on the Emperor--- Summons Council of the Family

Washington.—Departing from a traditional policy formed at its inception, the republic will raise its army of 2,000,000 by selective conscription. The draft army bill passed both house and senate shortly after midnight Saturday; the house by 397 to 23 and the senate 81 to 8. The final vote came after an epochal session during which the voluntary system advocates fought fiercely against the overwhelming current for the draft and died still struggling. Senators voting against the bill were: Borah, Gore, Gronna, Hardwick, Kirby, LaFollette, Thomas and Trammell.

In the house, eight republicans, fourteen democrats and London, New York socialist, and Randall, California prohibitionist, voted against the bill. The others voting against it were: Bacon, Mich.; Burnett, Ala.; Church, Calif.; Clark, Fla.; Claypool, Ohio; Dill, Wash.; Dominick, S. C.; Gordon, Ohio; Hayes, Calif.; Hilliard, Colo.; Huddleston, Ala.; Keating, Colo.; Kink, Ill.; LaFollette, Wash.; Lundeen, Minn.; Mason, Ill.; Nolan, Calif.; Powers, Ky.; Pears, Fla.; Sherwood, Ohio; Sisson, Miss.; Crosser, Ohio. Of the twenty-four, four were Californians, where women vote.

**People are Anxious for Peace**  
Washington.—What may prove to be important moves to sweep aside Hohenzollernism and replace it with a German republic have been officially reported to the state department from several sources. According to a message to the secretary of state from Minister Suvall at Berne, an open movement is on in Switzerland by a committee of Germans to spread the propaganda of republicanism and democracy.

Dr. Rose Meyer, former editor of the Berlin Morgenpost, leads the Switzerland propagandists, who already have established a paper, The Frie Zeitung, to further their attempts to spread the doctrine of a German republic in the fatherland. From other sources this government learns that the German people "are increasingly anxious for peace." Such a message was taken by a traveler arriving in a neutral country from Germany to the state department officials in the unnamed neutral nation.

**URGING KAISER TO ABDICATE**  
Immediately following said to have advised him. Rome.—The Corriere d'Italia, the clerical organ, declares that it is able to confirm reports published in the Spanish newspapers, that the immediate following of the German emperor is exerting pressure on him to abdicate. The paper says that at a recent meeting of the Hohenzollern family, one member, bolder than the rest, intimated that the emperor might save the situation by following the example of Emperor Nicholas of Russia.

The German monarch is reported to have turned pale and after observing that the general opinion was against him, left the room muttering: "We shall see." The same evening, he summoned another family council. The chancellor and some of the ministers were present but whatever passed remains unknown.

**Demand Increased Food Rations.**  
Copenhagen.—The Dagens Nyheter describes a great food demonstration at Klamar, Sweden. All the factories stopped work at noon and 5,000 workmen gathered in the market place and appointed a delegation to demand an increased food ration from the food commission. The demonstrators then paraded through the streets. Many shops were stormed and scuffles occurred, the police being powerless to control the crowds.

Copenhagen.—While Berlin has been able to furnish increased rations of potatoes and meat to compensate for the reduction in the bread ration as has been promised by the government and insisted upon by the striking workmen, other cities are less fortunate. The Hamburg newspapers, as an example, announce the rationing for this week on a scale of 1,350 grammes of bread, approximately three and one-fourth pounds as contrasted with 1,600 grammes in Berlin, and only three and a half of potatoes, instead of the promised five pounds.

**American Navy Takes Over Patrol.**  
Washington.—It has become known officially here that the American navy is "rapidly taking over the patrol which the British and French vessels established on the American coast."

**General Christmas Tenders Service.**  
New Orleans.—Gen. Lee Christmas, a native of Memphis, Tenn., but for nearly twenty years connected either with government or revolutionary parties in Central America, has arrived here from Honduras en route to Washington, where he will offer his service to President Wilson. The general said he had important matters to discuss with the president. He resigned his post as military inspector for Honduras when he heard the United States had severed relations with Germany.

### ARGENTINE ON VERGE OF WAR

Demonstration for the Allies Held at Buenos Aires. Buenos Aires.—Enthusiastic demonstrations were held here in support of the United States and the entente allies in the war. One hundred thousand persons carrying flags marched through the streets singing the Marseillaise and shouting for the United States, France and other allies. Women threw flowers upon the paraders from the balconies. A great mass meeting adopted a resolution protesting against the violation of rights of nations by the Germans in sinking steamers, and expressing complete harmony with the attitude of the United States and Brazil, sympathy with the allies and gratification at the triumph of the Russian revolution.

The socialist leader, Alfredo Palacios, said that the neutrals are cowards in the face of the submarine, adding: "We cherish Belgium which places honor above everything. We also cherish Italy, France and the allies." Ricardo Rojas in an eloquent address said: "Argentina is on the verge of war, and there should be union of all parties. We do not want war but we must be ready. It will be necessary to protect the country first from all internal dangers and conclude an economic agreement with the allies."

### CANNOT ESCAPE BY MARRIAGE

Men Who Have Mated Since War Began Liable for Service. Washington.—Men of military age who have been married since a state of war against Germany was declared will not escape their obligation of military service under a war department policy formally announced. The department's statement follows: "The war department announces that all men married since the outbreak of the war will be treated upon the same basis as unmarried men insofar as their military obligations are concerned. It is desired that the utmost publicity be given by the press to this announcement."

The department was moved to take this action in order that all men should understand exactly what is contemplated in the organization of an army to fight Germany. It was desired that there should arise no question of slackers upon the score of marriages contracted since the outbreak of war with the possible construction that the marriage in any case was hastened in order that military duty might be evaded.

### ENLISTMENTS FOR THE NAVY

Volunteers Coming in at the Rate of a Thousand a Day. Washington.—Hearings were concluded by the house naval committee on the administration bill to increase the enlisted strength of the navy from 17,000 to 30,000. Rear Admiral Palmer told the committee that the naval strength now is 79,000 men; that volunteers were coming in at the rate of 1,000 a day and that unless the bill became law soon, recruiting would have to cease. Major General Barnett said the sending of an overseas expedition had been discussed, but the navy department had not reached any final conclusion about it.

### SUBMARINE MENACE GROWING

Alarm Note Sounded by London Newspapers. London.—The frequent claims of Germany that her submarine warfare is succeeding beyond hopes will doubtless be regarded in that country as fully justified as a result of the publication of last week's losses to shipping. The official returns of last week's sinkings and the menace to Great Britain's food supply implied in it are referred to by the newspapers which unanimously emphasize, with exceptional prominence of type and space, the seriousness of the U-boat campaign and the imperative necessity for food saving.

### Turkey Breaks Relations.

Washington.—Official notification of the Turkish government breaking off diplomatic relations with the United States has been received by the state department in a dispatch from American Minister Stovall at Berne, Switzerland. The communication came from G. Cornell Tarler, secretary of the American legation at Constantinople, acting for Ambassador Elkus who is ill. It was sent to the American legation at Berne and forwarded from there to Secretary Lansing.

Berlin.—Emperor Charles of Austria is quoting by Bjorn as saying in an interview at Luxemburg, near Vienna: "I believe I know war better than most of the men who are at the head of the enemy powers today. I know not only the financial and economic effects of war, but I know also what it means to die in the trenches. I have lived a long time in the field and have seen men fall and die at my feet. Therefore I know also, better, maybe, than any other emperor or king, what peace means."

Amsterdam.—The relief ship Konga is being sunk by a mine or a submarine. One member of the crew is missing, the remainder having been rescued. The Konga was hit while in the so-called safe zone on Friday night. The missing man is the second mate, a Norwegian. The others who were on board, thirty-four in number, of whom nineteen are Americans, have been landed in Ymuiden. The vessel was struck on the starboard side. Because of the darkness the cause of the explosion that sank the vessel remained undiscovered. The crew was rescued by trawlers.

### LESSONS TO LEARN

BOLDIERING TO TAKE ON NEW FEATURES.

### ARMY OF FOOD PRODUCERS

Three Trade Organizations Began at Sioux City Meeting—Critical Food Situation in Europe.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Washington.—Soldiering will take on an aspect entirely new to American military science when training of the forces to be assembled under the draft bill begins at the sixteen training cantonments. Careful plans laid by war department officials provide for the application immediately of every lesson learned from European battlefields, and much of the work to be done will be new even to men recently in army instruction camps. The American training system probably will follow that used in Canada, where the instructors have made every effort to reproduce as closely as possible conditions at the front.

### Food Situation in Europe.

Washington.—One of the foremost purposes of the French mission, revealed authoritatively for the first time, is to impress upon the American government and people the serious food situation in Europe. Members of the economic section of the mission believe there is serious danger of a world famine. The economic section of the mission is prepared to submit evidence that all the world is seriously threatened with famine because of the withdrawal of men from agriculture, the lack of fertilizers, and the derangement of transportation facilities.

Rolling stock of railroads in Europe is rapidly being worn out thru the lack of lubricants, it is declared, and more railway supplies are urgently needed. The growing scarcity of transportation facilities on the seas make it imperative, the Frenchmen believe that the United States carry out quickly its plan for a large fleet of wooden ships to assist in the struggle against Germany.

### ARMY OF FOOD PRODUCERS

Formation of Three State Organizations Began at Sioux City Meeting.

Sioux City, Ia.—Organization of an industrial army to increase the food production of the United States, which would receive the same recognition from the government as its armed force, was advocated in resolutions adopted here at a conference of food conservationists and food producers from Iowa, South Dakota and Nebraska. As a result of the conference the interstate increased production association of Iowa, Nebraska and South Dakota was formed. The association will co-operate with the federal development of agriculture in its campaign for better livestock and increased crops.

Among those participating in the organization work were: Dean Burnett of the Nebraska university; E. M. Danielson of Lincoln, secretary of the Nebraska state board of agriculture; George Berry, of Norfolk, president of the Nebraska farm bureau; Former Governor Andrew E. Lee, of South Dakota; Charles McCaffee, South Dakota industrial commissioner; Gordon Randlett, of Brookings, S. D.; and Mayor R. J. Andrews of Sioux City.

Chicago, Ill.—Wheat shot past all previous high records Thursday on a market bare of offerings. May wheat rose 7½ cents, as compared with Wednesday's close to \$2.48; July 7½ cents to \$2.13½, and September 7½ cents to \$1.89.

Traders were somewhat impressed by a prediction credited to the minister of agriculture of Ontario that wheat would sell at \$4 before it sold again at \$2.

Corn prices rose 2½c to 3½c.

### Government Wins Land Case.

Washington.—The supreme court has decided in favor of the government in the noted Oregon and California land case, involving millions of acres of land granted to railroads and claimed by the United States by forfeiture.

### Rural Life Conference Postponed.

Lincoln, Neb.—Owing to the present national emergency, it was announced here that the annual rural life conference, set for June 4 to 14, would be postponed.

Washington.—Secretary McAdoo is considering another offering of \$200,000,000 in treasury certificates due June 30 to the banks of the country. The second offering of treasury certificates, if made soon, probably will follow the same course as that adopted in the first offer of \$250,000,000 from which \$200,000,000 was loaned to Great Britain. Conferences as to the further needs of the entente governments were continued, the immediate necessities of Italy being especially considered.

## INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)  
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### LESSON FOR MAY 6

#### JESUS THE SERVANT OF ALL.

LESSON TEXT—John 13:1-15. GOLDEN TEXT—And whosoever of you will be the chiefest, shall be servant of all.—Mt. 10:44.

This lesson is really a continuation of the latter part of the lesson of last week, for the glory of Jesus is his selflessness whereby he wrought out redemption for mankind.

**I. Selflessness Amid Holy Surroundings (vv. 1-11).** The world does not appreciate Jesus. It never has. "His own," the Jews, did not appreciate him. We are considering him today as he was about to depart from the world that had despised and rejected him to one that appreciated him (Heb. 1:6). The development. Verse 2 tells of the Satanic suggestion that came to the heart of Judas. In it was personal desire, and, connected with it, human conspiracy. The coming to this upper room has been pointed out by a man bearing a pitcher (Mk. 14:12-16), the pitcher being suggestive of the Holy Spirit which was about to come in the place of the visible Christ, and it is in the midst of such sacred surroundings as this that Satan enters the hearts of students. This is a suggestion as to the power of environment. Environment is an aid, but it does not produce effective safety. No moment is too holy for Satanic suggestion. Jesus knew that the hour was come when he was to depart out of the world. "Having loved his own, he loved them to the end." Even though the Father had given all things into his hands, still it was necessary for him to teach the disciples once more, and finally, the lesson of humility. He knew and remembered the strife among the disciples (Luke 22:24-28). Doctor Bonard's famous dream, analyzing zeal as being made up of ambition, pride and elements other than the love of God is worthy of consideration in this connection. We need to realize the danger of selfishness even in our service for God. Have we examined our motives? If the consequences of our superiority, either of rank or ability, tempts us to shirk the lowliest of services, it is time for God's children to recall this scene, and remember that "the servant is not greater than his Lord." Peter's strong protest (v. 8) brings out the fact that the washing by Christ of the disciples' feet was deeper than merely the outward application of water (See Rom. 8:9).

**II. Service, the Evidence of Divine Humility (vv. 12-15).** (1) This service was tender. Jesus had all things (v. 3), yet he became the servant of all. (2) It was for all. All needed a washing. All the disciples needed to learn, and all servants must learn, to obey. (3) It signified sanctification. We are saved once for all, but we are constantly being stained by our contact with sin in the world; hence the need of renewed cleansing. New light reveals new need of cleansing. (4) It signified duty. Jesus read the thoughts of his disciples. He became their servant that in years to come they might know the meaning of service. He became their example, and in years to come they remembered his knowledge and service. (5) It was for "his own." The disciples did not know what it was he had done to them. Little do we understand oftentimes what it is the Lord has done to us. Jesus set them an example whereby he would remove the dirt of crime, self-seeking and every manifestation of selfishness from their sin-stained souls. We may call Jesus Lord and Master, and it is well that we do so, for Master and Lord he is indeed, but, if we call him so, let us not do aught that make him in our lives what we call him with our lips. The idea here emphasized has given rise to much religious literature. "The Imitation of Christ" by Thomas à Kempis, is the most popular book in the world next to the Bible.

"Verily, verily, I say unto you" (v. 16). This introduction shows how important Christ considered his teaching at this point. "The servant is not greater than his Lord" (See Matt. 10:24; Luke 6:40; 22:27). If the Lord bent to this lowly service, certainly they, the servants, should not think it beneath them to do likewise, nor should the one that is sent (an apostle) consider himself greater than he that sent him. John, who wrote this epistle, was one of the apostles guilty of an unholy strife for power and position, and desirous of bringing fire down upon those who did not acknowledge and follow Jesus, but he became a marvel of love and tenderness. Knowing and doing are the twin pillars of the Christian faith upon which the house of happiness is built. Such service is not egotistical.

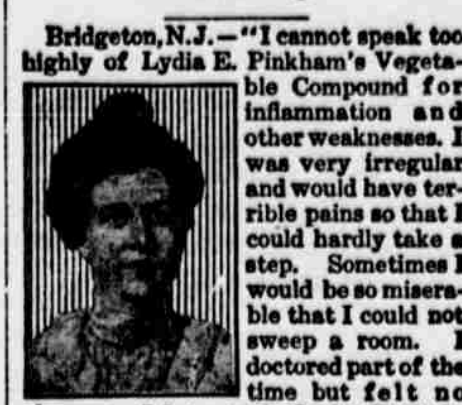
It is this that has proved the superiority of Christianity over all the religions of the world.

If we seek to do service for others, then we have the right to call Jesus Master and Lord, but if we seek honor rather than to be humbly useful, we shall have no right to call him thus.

This instance made a deep impression upon Peter, as can be seen from the striking illusion in his first epistle (1 Pet. 5:5 R. V.).

## NOTICE TO SICK WOMEN

Positive Proof That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves Suffering.



Bridgeton, N. J.—"I cannot speak too highly of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for inflammation and other weaknesses. I was very irregular and would have terrible pains so that I could hardly take a step. Sometimes I would be so miserable that I could not sweep a room. I doctored part of the time but felt no change. I later took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and soon felt a change for the better. I took it until I was in good healthy condition. I recommend the Pinkham remedies to all women as I have used them with such good results."—Mrs. MILFORD T. CUMMINGS, 322 Harmony St., Penn's Grove, N. J.

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence of the excellence of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a remedy for the distressing ills of women such as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, backache, painful periods, nervousness and kindred ailments.

He makes a great gain who loses a bad habit.

## GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has a Record of 50 Years of Success

Correcting impurities in the stomach, gently acting on the bowels. Stirs up the liver and makes the despondent dyspeptic enjoy life. It is highly recommended for biliousness, indigestion, etc. Always keep a bottle of August Flower handy for the first symptom of these disorders. You may feel fine today, but how about tomorrow? Remember that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and that it is both painful and expensive to be sick. For sale by druggists in all parts of the civilized world in 25 and 75 cent bottles.—Adv.

Have ambition and your road will lead upward.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

**Germany's Way.**  
"Germany wants peace, but it must be her own peace, pax Germanica, a German peace, that gives her Belgium, northern France, Roumania and considerable more."

Admiral Davey, who was answering a pacifist argument in a debate in Sacramento, shook his head and went on: "Germany is quite willing to behave herself, provided she can run the whole world—have it all her own way."

"Germany is like the lady whose husband came home with a new safety razor and said, anxiously: 'On account of the high war prices, my dear, I am going to shave myself hereafter. Won't you, too, do something to economize?'"


"Why, of course, I will," she replied, delightedly. "I'll cut your hair."

**Didn't Cleo Use Her Needle?**  
Customer (in rug shop)—You are positive that this is an antique? Salesman—Positive, madam! Why, this rug is known to have been in the home of Cleopatra.

Customer—What are those four little holes? Salesman—H'm—it is known, too, madam, that the rug was in her sewing room, and that is where the sewing machine stood.

**Present Job.**  
"Most theatrical people's ambition is to have a little place in the country to develop chickens." "Isn't that what a chorus manager does, anyhow?"

**The answer to the Health Question often lies in a change of table drink**



Drink POSTUM  
It's a new  
FIRST