

A DIFFERENCE IN THE INVESTMENT

The Western Canada Farm Profits Are Away in Excess.

Mr. George H. Barr, of Iowa, holds seven sections of land in Saskatchewan. These he has fenced and rented, either for pasture or cultivation, all paying good interest on the investment.

Mr. Barr says that farm land at home in Iowa is held at \$150 per acre. These lands are in a high state of cultivation, with splendid improvements in houses, barns, stables and silos, and yet, the revenue returns from them are only from two to three per cent per annum on investment.

Last year, 1915, his half share of crop on a quarter section in Saskatchewan, wheat on new breaking, gave him \$5 per cent on the capital invested—\$25.00 an acre. The crop yield was 35 bushels per acre. This year the same quarter-section, sown to Red Fire on stubble gave 3,286 bushels. His share, 1,643 bushels of 1 Northern at \$1.50 per bushel, gave him \$2,563.08. Seed, half the twine and half the threshing bill cost him \$433.00. Allowing a share of the expense of his annual inspection trip, charged to this quarter-section even to \$110.00, and he has left \$2,000.00, that is 50 per cent of the original cost of the land. Anyone can figure up that another average crop will pay, not 2 or 3 per cent on investment, as in Iowa, but the total price of the land. Mr. Barr says: "That's no joke now."

Mr. Barr was instrumental in bringing a number of farmers from Iowa to Saskatchewan in 1913. He referred to one of them, Geo. H. Kerton, a tenant farmer in Iowa. He bought a quarter-section of improved land at \$32.00 an acre near Hanley. From proceeds of crop in 1914, 1915, 1916, he has paid for the land. Mr. Barr asked him a week ago: "Well, George, what shall I tell friends down home for you?" The reply was: "Tell them I shall never go back to be a tenant for any man." Another man, Charles Halght, realized \$18,000 in cash for his wheat crops in 1915 and 1916.

Mr. Barr when at home devotes most of his time to raising and dealing in live stock. On his first visit of inspection to Saskatchewan, he realized the opportunity there was here for grazing cattle. So his quarter-sections, not occupied, were fenced and rented as pasture lands to farmers adjoining. His creed is: "Let nature supply the feed all summer while cattle are growing, and then in the fall, take them to farmsteads to be finished for market. There is money in it."—Advertisement.

Overheard.

"Isn't she just nice enough to eat?"
"No; her taste is execrable."—Boston Transcript.

STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it, without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

Mean Thing.

"Mr. Dauber said my face was classic. What is classic?"
"Oh, most anything old."

CUTICURA IS SO SOOTHING

To Itching, Burning Skins—It Not Only Soothes, but Heals—Trial Free.

Treatment: Bathe the affected surface with Cuticura Soap and hot water, dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. Repeat morning and night. This method affords immediate relief, and points to speedy healing. They are ideal for every-day toilet uses. Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Brazil has the largest known deposit of 70 per cent iron ore, practically free from phosphorus, in the world.

Panama Canal zone has 223 licensed automobiles.

France in 1916 exported to the United States goods valued at \$110,304,951.

TRAINING TODAY'S BOYS AND GIRLS

When Impudence Is Disrespect and When Frankness.

BOTH CALL FOR RESTRAINT

What Kind and How Much Are the Real Considerations That Must Be Studied by the Wise Parent.

By SIDONIE M. GRUENBERG.
ONE does not need to be very old to recall the days when all children were well-behaved and respectful to their elders. And those of us who are too young to remember the good old days can get from European visitors the assurance that American children are, on the whole, altogether too free in their speech. Indeed, our visitors from abroad are more frequently shocked by the "impudence" of our children than they are impressed by the height of our buildings.

It must be admitted that our children are rather outspoken. In our reaction against the crushing restraints of puritanism, we have no doubt gone too far. And in rejecting the old standards of human and child conduct we have too frequently failed to establish definite standards of our own. But we are not compelled to choose between disrespect and lawlessness on the one hand, and repression and hypocrisy on the other. Children must have freedom, but they can and should be taught to speak in a more respectful and mannerly fashion.

A great deal of what older people resent as "impudence" is really not offensive in spirit, but when the shocking word is spoken it is not always accompanied by its own explanation. It is necessary for older people to understand what goes on in the child's mind, instead of waiting for the child to make the explanation. There are three common sources of "impudence" that we can learn to understand and to treat. Children unconsciously imitate the tones and expressions that they hear at home or among their associates. If a child is often scolded and reproved in coarse terms, we should not expect him to use gentle and refined speech in situations that call for his critical and resentful spirit. We are outraged on hearing a young miss say to her father: "You were crazy to go out without your umbrella; you might have seen it would rain." But it does not take us long to find out that the child is using the friendly and conventional language of



The Days When All Children Were Well Behaved.

her own home. There is no question of disrespect or insolence. We learn that the girl does not mean to be offensive. But it is clear that she cannot cultivate reverence while she continues to speak in this manner to her parents. What is at first but an inelegant use of language comes in time to be an unwholesome attitude toward other people. There are two things we may do in such a case. We may either establish the rule that the child must use only certain kinds of expressions and tones in addressing older people, and must avoid others. This would insure the preservation of the outward forms. Or we may furnish the child with the models that we should not fear to have copied. We must decide for ourselves which method we are to prefer: the arbitrary separation of the child's notion of conduct into that which is to be permitted to elders but forbidden to children, and that which is permitted to all, or the cultivation of a wholesome atmosphere of considerateness and respect for others.

When the offensive word or grimace is the genuine expression of a hateful mood, we have a different problem. Under the older ideas of bringing up children the chief emphasis was laid on repressing the outward manifestations of the objectionable feelings. Now, while it is true that to a certain extent the feelings can be smothered as their expression is restrained, there was no positive effort to cultivate friendly or reverent emotions. The result of this policy shows itself too frequently in indifference, in hypocrisy and in some kind of "explosion." Running away from home is an explosion of this kind, being in a large proportion of cases set off by an emotional disturbance for which the child had no suitable means of expression. Where the steam cannot be let off something is likely to break loose violently.

Of course we do not wish our children to have "bad emotions." But be-

yond the point where they can be safely suppressed it is better that we know just what the children feel. Occasional expressions of ill will or of irreverence may be taken as the occasion for a clearing up the moral atmosphere. Talking a situation over with the child will often bring to the surface lingering shreds of spite or bitterness. These gnawing and growing usually only where the children are fairly free to give expression to their feelings, restrained only by what they learn of genuine respect and courtesy.

In many cases what appears as disrespect or worse is merely an indication of ignorance or crudeness. This was illustrated by a little boy of four, whose violent jumping on a rickety stair was interrupted by his cautious grandmother. When the old lady's back was turned the child whispered to his brother, "Don't you wish she was dead?" This was a scandalous thing to hear, and under other circumstances a child saying anything like that would have been mercilessly chastised. But in this case, as in many others, there was neither malice



Children Unconsciously Imitate the Tones and Expressions That They Hear at Home.

In the child's feelings nor understanding his mind. In all good faith he wished the disturbing grandmother beyond good and evil. A child needs in a case of this kind not reproof or punishment, but enlightenment. He must learn the remoter meanings and implications of the words he uses, and he must learn to speak discriminately.

Whether the undesirable modes of expression that we commonly call impudence are the results of imitating bad models, or the results of unrestrained freedom of expression, our remedies are not to be sought in enforced silence. It is well for us to know first of all what the sources of the impudence are, and then deal with these. We cannot always regulate in advance the language and manners of the associates of our children, but we can do a great deal to make the home impressions that they ought to be. And it is better for us to know just what the children think and feel and improve their thoughts and feelings than to foster hatred and hypocrisy under the cloak of decorum.

DEVOTED TO HIS NECKTIE

Strange How Neckwear Will Weave Itself About the Tenderest Parts of a Man's Heart.

Every morning we stand before the mirror, flap the large end over and around, push it behind and up and draw it carefully through. It becomes a habit, and yet, like dining, it has a certain fascination. The keen pleasure of a new and untried cravat helps to make a whole week brighter. And that dread day when a white spot appears in the center of the front of our favorite green one, or when the beloved brown parts internally, and, while appearing the same without, tells us that it is gone forever—that day our coffee is bitter and the mercury low.

But we never cruelly desert a faithful friend. For a couple of times after the white spot appears we try to tie it further up or lower down, usually with pathetically ineffectual results. And then we pasture it back somewhere on the rack with the bow-ties that are not good taste any more and the selections made by a worthy aunt at a reduction sale, and let it enjoy a quiet old age. Somehow eventually it disappears. We do not know how. Perhaps a careless maid drops it in a waste-basket, or a plotting wife makes way with it. But most probably, like old watches and college text-books, it has some unseen heaven of its own whether it is wafted after its life amongst us is over.—From the Atlantic.

"Lambarena."

One of the oldest native Madagascar industries is the curing and manufacturing of silk into what is called "lambarena"; "lamba" in Malagasy means dress, shroud, or clothing, and "mena" means red. "Lambarena" is made from a heavy gray native silk principally in the Betsileo country, in the southern part of the central plateau. This material was originally used for wrapping the bodies of prominent natives for burial. The more celebrated or wealthy the deceased or his relatives were, the more lambarena was used, but this custom is being gradually discontinued.

No Cause for Worry.

Mrs. Flatbush—"Oh, dear!" Mr. Flatbush—"What's wrong now?" "Oh, I read today that if the earth were to revolve seventeen times faster than it does, bodies at the equator would lose their weight and remain stationary in the air without support." "Don't worry, dear; if we ever get there I'll support you just the same."—Yonkers Statesman.

X-RAY TO SETTLE CLAIM TO BRIDE

Gypsy Appeals to Science to Prove Girl Is of Legal Age.

STOLEN BY RIVAL BAND

Romany Beauty Grew to Womanhood and Loves Son of Man Who Stole Her—Mother Claims Her.

Oakland, Cal.—Romance is mingled with the bartering of human life and happiness and the burning jealousy of nomad peoples in the case of Amelia Mitchell, a gypsy girl, of Oakland, Cal. She stands in the court of Judge Ogden torn between love for a youthful swain of her own impetuous blood and the fierce desire of her parents to get her back. And into this strange medley of play and passion, of love and of hate, science has stepped to give the verdict. Science will decide between the claim of the mother that the girl is sixteen years of age and the assertion of the opposing side that she is eighteen, the legal age for marriage in California.

Watched With Interest.

The case is one of unusual interest and is being watched with great interest by scientific men in all sections of the country. The verdict probably will rest with determinations made by Dr. S. H. Buteau, who asserts that the X-ray will show the age of any person after they pass the fifteenth year.

Back many years runs the series of events that have brought the rival gypsy bands into court. When Amelia Mitchell was still a child she disappeared from her people after the Brazilian band of gypsies had crossed the path of the Adams band of Romany. Amelia's parents insist she was kidnapped, but they never located the girl until a few years ago when she was found, happy and contented, with the Romany tribe, headed by Alec Adams. Meanwhile, according to testimony giv-



Claims Bride by X-Ray.

en by Adams, his son, George, age sixteen years, and Miss Amelia had fallen in love and had become engaged.

Paid for His Bride.

To appease the clamoring parents, George is said to have paid \$2,636 for his bride-to-be, and thereafter the Mitchell clan celebrated for six weeks, spending over \$600.

The Mitchells deny all this. They say the girl is only sixteen years of age. They declare they have not been paid for the girl and that she is not happy with the Adams clan. They are demanding their rights and insist that Amelia shall be returned to her mother, who had seven other children in court with her.

RESCUES \$6,000 IN JEWELS

Teamster Who Took Bag of Gems From Children Kicking It About Gets Reward.

Peekskill, N. Y.—Timothy Fogarty, coal driver of Bedford Hills, near Peekskill, received \$25 reward for taking away from children, who were ruthlessly kicking it around the road, a black bag containing \$6,000 worth of jewels.

John Magee, wealthy summer colonist of Bedford, who paid the reward, refused to reveal the identity of one of his guests who owned the gems. The woman got off a train and boarded Mr. Magee's automobile, thoughtlessly setting down the bag on the running board. She forgot it was there and when the car got going it was bounced off.

Children, unable to get the bag open, kicked it around the road. Fogarty took it from them and tossed it in among his coal. He drove the wagon to the coal sheds and forgot all about the bag until Policeman McCall went to his home and questioned him. Fogarty took him to the wagon, and there, sure enough, was the bag.

In the bag were a diamond studded watch, a diamond necklace, diamond brooch and two diamond rings.

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF HAIR STOPS FALLING

Girls! Try This! Makes Hair Thick, Glossy, Fluffy, Beautiful—No More Itching Scalp.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable luster, softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Adv.

Two of a Kind.

The high cost of pleasure appears to be keeping pace with the high cost of living.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

EAT LESS MEAT

Excessive eating of meat is not only tremendously expensive, but it is positively injurious to health. In place of meat try Skinner's Macaroni and Spaghetti the most delicious of all food and the richest in nutriment. They can be prepared in a hundred appetizing ways at small cost. Write Skinner Mfg. Co., Omaha, Neb., for beautiful Cook Book. It's free.—Adv.

Help! Help!

The Turk ought to make a good chauffeur—he's a born Auto-man.—Boston Transcript.

Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort, and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere 25c. Try it today. Adv.

Its Limit.

"Is there any limit to the scope of this submarine war?"
"Only the submarine's periscope."

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuric for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

Insects in the United States yearly destroy \$700,000,000 worth of trees.

Cleveland's 60s public school teachers expect increased pay for 1917.

Too Sick To Work

Many Women in this Condition Regain Health by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Convincing Proof of This Fact.



Ridgway, Penn. — "I suffered from female trouble with backache and pain in my side for over seven months so I could not do any of my work. I was treated by three different doctors and was getting discouraged when my sister-in-law told me how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had helped her. I decided to try it, and it restored my health, so I now do all of my housework which is not light as I have a little boy three years old." —Mrs. O. M. RHINES, Ridgway, Penn.

Mrs. Lindsey Now Keeps House For Seven.

Tennille, Ga.—"I want to tell you how much I have been benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. About eight years ago I got in such a low state of health I was unable to keep house for three in the family. I had dull, tired, dizzy feelings, cold feet and hands nearly all the time and could scarcely sleep at all. The doctor said I had a severe case of ulceration and without an operation I would always be an invalid, but I told him I wanted to wait awhile. Our druggist advised my husband to get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has entirely cured me. Now I keep house for seven and work in the garden some, too. I am so thankful I got this medicine. I feel as though it saved my life and have recommended it to others and they have been benefited." —Mrs. W. E. LINDSEY, R. R. 3, Tennille, Ga.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



Shipping Fever

Infuenza, Pink Eye, Epistaxis, Diphtheria, and all nose and throat diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "exposed," kept from having any of these diseases by SPOHN'S DYSENTERIC COMPOUND. Three or six doses often cure a case. One 50-cent bottle guaranteed to do so. Best thing for blood-mares; acts on the blood. 50c a bottle, \$5 dozen bottles. Druggists and harness shops or manufacturers sell it. Agents wanted. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Ind., U. S. A.

Strong Drinks Irritate

Strong drinks like beer, whiskey, tea and coffee, irritate the kidneys and habitual use tends to weaken them. Daily backache, with headache, nervousness, dizzy spells and a rheumatic condition should be taken as a warning of kidney trouble. Cut out, or at least moderate, the stimulant, and use Doan's Kidney Pills. They are fine for weak kidneys. Thousands recommend them.

A Nebraska Case

"I have been told a story," says C. C. Dempsey, 403 E. First St., Grand Island, Neb., says: "I had kidney trouble for years with inflammation of the bladder. My back pained me severely and the kidney secretions were scanty. I tried several medicines, but got little relief until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. The results were satisfactory in every way and I have had no return of the trouble for a long time."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

SELDOM SEE

a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat. **ABSORBINE** will clean it off without laying up the horse. No blister, no hair gone. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. \$2 per bottle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 8 M free. **ABSORBINE, JR.**, the antiseptic liniment for man, horse, dog, cat, bird, etc. Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; aches Pain and Inflammation. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle at drug stores or delivered. Made in the U. S. A. by W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

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