

FOOD FOR BELGIANS

AMERICA HAS SENT MANY CAR-GOES OF SUPPLIES.

MUST HUSBAND FOOD SUPPLY

Germany Urges Conservation of Grain Supply—Airmen Make Daring Attack Christmas Day.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. New York.—Remarkable progress in the work of getting food, clothing and medical supplies to the suffering Belgians is shown in the first official report of the commission for relief in Belgium, received here from the headquarters in London. It tabulates the work up to December 7, at which time fourteen relief ships had arrived in Rotterdam, bearing cargoes totalling 31,881 tons, valued at \$1,617,603. At that time the contents of these ships had been delivered to the people in eleven provinces and eight large cities.

Airmen Make Daring Attack.
London.—Assisted by light cruisers, destroyers and submarines, seven British naval airmen, piloting seaplanes, made a daring attack Christmas day on the German naval base at Cuxhaven, at the mouth of the Elbe. Six of the airmen returned safely, but the seventh, Commander Hewlett, it is feared, has been lost, as his machine was found off Helgoland wrecked. What damage was done by the bombs thrown by the attacking party could not be ascertained, but the German report of the affair says that the raid was fruitless.

MUST HUSBAND FOOD SUPPLY.

Warning in Germany Against Feeding Grain to Animals.

Berlin.—The Norddeutsche Zeitung issues a warning against using grain to feed animals, especially rye, which is needed for breadstuffs. It says the empire's food supply must be carefully husbanded to guard against a possible shortage which would force upon the people a difficult problem. Professors of economy in Berlin university have issued a similar warning. They drew attention to the nutritious quality of potato meal and advised a greater consumption of milk products and pork. They suggested limiting the consumption of beef and pointed out that these resources were necessary to frustrate England's plan of starving Germany into submission.

Truce Granted to Bury Dead.

Berlin.—Three thousand English dead were left on the battlefield after fighting near Festubert. The British asked for a truce that they might bury their dead, and it was granted. The statement declares: "The success of the fighting near Festubert with the Indians and the English could not at once be ascertained." The announcement states, "Nineteen officers and 819 colored and English soldiers were taken prisoners. Fourteen machine guns, twelve mine-throwers and searchlights and other war material was taken. The enemy left on the battlefield over 3,000 killed."

Prospects Are Brighter.

Vienna, Austria.—An early peace is now looked for by the Austro-Hungarian government. While no official statement to this effect has been made, or for that matter would be made, the war measure now in hand and those contemplated indicate that a cessation of hostilities in the near future is most likely. Military preparations, however, continue to be made throughout the dual empire.

France Will Be Represented.

Paris.—The Paris chamber of commerce has adopted the following resolution: "The chamber of commerce of Paris desires to acknowledge the sympathy displayed by the United States and wishing to demonstrate the vitality of French industry, decides to participate in the San Francisco exposition and urges all its members to exhibit."

Record Price for Wheat.

Duluth, Minn.—A carload of durum wheat was reported sold at Minneapolis Saturday at \$1.45, the highest figure recorded there. December durum sold at \$1.43½ and May at \$1.43.

Totally Unprepared for War.

Chicago, Ill.—Military service during the youth of every male citizen of the United States is suggested as a means of providing a sufficient reserve army, by Colonel H. O. S. Heistand, U. S. A., adjutant general of the central department of the army, in a public address here. Colonel Heistand said the United States was totally unprepared for war and urged that the regular army and the national guard were inadequate.

\$100 a Minute for Jewish Relief.

St. Louis.—A hundred dollars a minute was the rate by which contributions to a fund for relief of Jews in European war zones were pledged at a two hours' mass meeting of Jews here. Twelve thousand in all was raised, contributions ranging from \$1 to \$600. The money will be collected within the next few days and sent to the Jewish relief committee at New York, thence to be distributed among Jewish refugees of Russia, Austria and Palestine.

BRIEF NEWS OF NEBRASKA

A poultry show will be held at Holbege, January 12 to 15. The Rock Island station at Virginia was destroyed by fire from a defective flue.

A municipally owned heating plant is being urged by business men of Hastings.

Plans for the new armory building at Hastings are being prepared by the architect.

Students of Albion high school gave a benefit concert for the Belgian relief fund.

The state bar association will hold its annual meeting at Lincoln, December 28 and 29.

J. F. Hade, a York man, fifty years of age, for the second time in his life, has started to school.

The contract has been awarded for the erection of the new city hall and engine house at Geneva.

Bonded abstractors of the state will hold their annual convention at Lincoln, February 9 and 10.

Nebraska Sheriffs' association held their annual session at Grand Island Wednesday and Thursday.

Preparations are being made for the annual state poultry show at Hastings to be held the middle of January.

Games of chance of every description have been put under the ban by the city council of Grand Island.

Fire, originating from a defective flue, completely destroyed the Odd Fellows' building at Humboldt.

The third annual corn show and educational exhibit closed Saturday night at Seward after a successful week.

The fifth annual tournament of the state high school basketball teams will be held at Lincoln, March 10 to 13.

Frank Rustler may lose an arm as the result of getting it caught in a corn sheller on a farm near Lushton.

The new Christian church, which was built at Sutherland last fall at a cost of \$3,500, was dedicated last Sunday.

The Tecumseh Christian church has extended a call to the pastorate to Rev. C. C. Atwood of Phillipsburg, Kas.

The Richardson county poultry show proved so successful that efforts are on foot to make it an annual affair.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin F. Rengler celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary last week at their home at Overton.

A severed finger found in an alley at Lincoln has given the police a puzzle that is being investigated by local sleuths.

Howard Mapes, an Avoca lad, was accidentally shot by his brother, while they were hunting mice in the barn at his father's home.

Carl Glochel, a farmer near Nebraska City, lost three fingers when he came in contact with a circular saw he was operating.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the barn of Mike Curtin, near Grand Island. Five horses and four cows perished in the flames.

Permission of the state military board will be given the Fourth regiment band of Omaha to make a concert tour over the state.

Col. John A. Dempster, past department commander of the G. A. R. for Nebraska, is dead at Omaha, after an illness of several months.

Four children of Marion Tower of Hastings are seriously ill from eating crackers thought to have contained some poisonous substance.

Because the pipes at his home were frozen and he could get no water, Ernest Eitner, a pioneer of Omaha, took carbolic acid and ended his life.

Nearly fifty relatives and friends assisted in celebrating the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Graves at University Place last week.

The Hord elevator at Monroe, together with a large amount of wheat, corn, oats and other grains, was destroyed by fire of unknown origin.

The little son of George Ireland of Pawnee City was badly bitten and bruised by a vicious dog. Nine stitches were necessary to close the wounds.

J. S. Hedge of Hastings lost a finger from blood poisoning caused from a pin scratch.

A SOILED PAGE



SEES DEFEAT FOR SUFFRAGE

OUTLOOK BRIGHT FOR AN UNDERSTANDING ON BORDER

Predicts that Suffrage Bill Will be Defeated in House.—No Truce for European War Troops.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Naco, Ariz.—Governor Maytorena of Sonora showed a "friendly and harmonious" attitude and a disposition to consider a settlement of the Mexican border problem here, according to Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, who conferred with him in an army tent pitched on the international boundary four miles east of here. "Progress," was the term General Scott applied to this conference. "Very satisfactory," was his characterization of his meeting with Gen. Benjamin Hill, the Carranza leader, who has been cooped up for ten weeks in Naco, Sonora, by Maytorena's Villaista troops.

No Christmas Truce.

London.—Instead of the Christmas truce which Pope Benedict endeavored to arrange, Christmas found the armies of the belligerent powers engaged in fierce battles on both the eastern and western fronts. In the west the allies' hammer is tapping at the German entrenchments, trying to find a weak point, while in the east the Russians, who have been driven back from the Austrian and German frontiers, seemingly have been brought to bay behind rivers which offer them natural lines of defense, and turning have counter-attacked the German-Russian forces.

DEFEAT FOR THE WOMEN.

Underwood Predicts Suffrage Will Lose in the House.

Washington.—Democratic Leader Underwood predicts that when the proposed constitutional amendment for women suffrage reaches a vote in the house it would be defeated probably by a two-thirds vote. "I shall vote against it, and so will most of the democrats in the house," said Mr. Underwood. "The party, by caucus action, has gone on record holding that women suffrage, like prohibition, is a state issue and not a national question. It is a question for the states themselves to act upon and not for congress."

It is generally understood that the suffrage resolution will be voted on soon after the passage of the postoffice appropriation bill, as early in January as possible.

Los Angeles.—The Arizona prohibition law will go into effect January 1. The United States tribunal from which injunctions were sought to prevent its enforcement refused to issue such injunctions. Appeal to the United States supreme court will be taken at once.

Immediately after the decision was rendered attorneys for Rev. Thomas M. Connolly, a Catholic priest at Tucson, and for other petitioners, made a motion to stay the execution of the law pending the outcome of the appeal to the United States supreme court.

Arizona Hard Hit by Flood.

Tucson, Ariz.—Floods, the result of a week of practically unbroken rainfall, have inflicted severe damage upon nearly the entire area of the state lying between Phoenix and the Mexican border. Several persons have lost their lives; livestock by hundreds of heads has been drowned; ranch houses and city residences wrecked or washed away by torrents roaring through what usually are dry arroyos, and traffic by rail, highway and wire either has been badly crippled or completely suspended.

Advance in Flour Prices.

Lincoln, Neb.—The wholesale price of flour here has advanced 30 cents per hundred pounds during the week. It is now selling at \$3.10 a hundred. Jobbers predict still higher prices. One jobber said he expected wheat to reach \$1.50 a bushel before it quits soaring, and the advance will not be long in coming. The wholesale price of flour is now a dollar higher than in July, when it first began to rise, following the breaking out of the European war. It was then \$2.10 per hundred.

STATE TREASURERS BIENNIAL REPORT

TO PREVENT DUPLICATION OF STATE BANKS

GOSSIP FROM STATE CAPITAL

Items of Interest Gathered from Reliable Sources and Presented in Condensed Form to Our Readers.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. State Treasurer Walter A. George's biennial report shows that during the past two years he bought bonds and state warrants aggregating \$3,554,463. Of that amount \$1,869,375 was in the form of bonds, most of which were municipal securities issued by cities and towns in Nebraska. During the past year he bought bonds amounting to \$561,426.

The investments for the state during the biennium were from the following funds: Permanent school fund—Bonds, \$1,722,672; warrants, \$988,244.

Permanent university—Bonds, \$19,953; warrants, \$466,165.

Agricultural endowment—Bonds, \$60,000; warrants, \$8,703.

Normal endowment—Bonds, \$6,250; warrants, \$6,573.

University building fund—Warrants \$265,403.

Must Look to Legislature.

Governor Morehead has declined to approve a claim of \$80 presented by Milburn & Scott of Beatrice for supplies furnished Dr. Fall in 1912, when he was one of the secretaries of the state board of health, and a claim for \$15 presented by Dr. Carr, one of the present board of secretaries. The latter is for the use of the First Baptist church of Lincoln of which Dr. Carr is a member. The church was used by the secretaries of the board of health last February for a meeting of village and town boards of health that had been called by the secretaries of the state board. The claimants must depend upon the next legislature to reimburse them.

Want Industry Protected.

Formulation of uniform shipping rules on live stock sent from one state to another, is the object sought in a veterinarian live stock breeders' conference held at Lincoln. The live stock breeders want "safe and sane" rules promulgated with not too many chances given the veterinarians to collect excessive inspection fees. The veterinarians want the live stock industry protected through the inspection of all cattle, hogs and horses that are brought into the state.

To Prevent Duplication.

That the state banking board should have power to prevent duplication of state banks in towns where the business appears to be insufficient for more than existing banks is to be the recommendation of Secretary Royle of the state banking board to the coming legislative session. The official believes that no business good follows the more or less indiscriminate granting of charters to several institutions in a field where fewer banks could take care of the business.

Adjutant General Hall has a letter from one of the war department officials saying that a new basis is being considered for apportioning the fund of \$2,000,000 that is distributed yearly to the militia organizations of the various states. The distribution is now based on the total number of men enlisted in the national guard in each state, but the method under contemplation would allot to every state a sum in proportion to the number of men actually present when troops are inspected by regular army officers.

General Hall is trying to get out as full an attendance as possible at the coming inspections of companies, so that Nebraska will not suffer in case the change is made. He thinks there is a chance to increase this state's allotment by securing a big attendance.

B. Gaffney of Maywood, who served as postmaster of the house at the 1911 and 1913 legislative sessions, will try for the same position this winter. He relies upon his wide acquaintance among the old members to land the place again.

Message Will be Short.

Governor Morehead is working on his message to the legislature, which will be shorter than that document usually is. He will review briefly what has been accomplished in the past two years and offer some recommendations as to the future. Economy and efficiency will be emphasized by the governor in his advice to the law makers. The general tone of the message will be to hold down appropriations to the reasonable needs of the different departments and cutting off needless expenditures.

New Home for Dependents.

New quarters for the temporary use of the state home for dependent children are now being sought by the board of control, on account of a fire which rendered the present building uninhabitable. The board had announced previous to the fire that it would recommend an appropriation of \$25,000 by the coming legislature to erect a state building for the use of this institution, but until that is done it will be necessary to occupy rented quarters.

MR. BUSBY AS A HUMORIST

Of Course It Doesn't Often Happen, But on This Occasion He Failed to Score.

Busby—I see th' Turks have been kicking up th' sand around the Suez canal.

Mrs. B. (faintly interested)—Some religious ceremony?

Busby—No-o-o! It's war. They're fighting. The report from Berlin says they've licked th' British army to a frazzle. It looks as if the canal would fall into th' Turks' hands.

Mrs. B. (calmly)—I can't see what good it would do them.

Busby (leading up to his climax)—Why, they'd loot it.

Mrs. B. (innocently)—Of what?

Busby (triumphantly)—Of the hardware. They'd take the locks, of course Ha, ha, ha!

A brief silence ensues.

Mrs. Busby (sweetly)—But there are no locks in the Suez canal.

And it wasn't any consolation to Busby to remember that he had no one but himself to blame.

TAKE SALTS TO FLUSH KIDNEYS IF BACK HURTS

Says Too Much Meat Forms Uric Acid Which Clogs the Kidneys and Irritates the Bladder.

Most folks forget that the kidneys, like the bowels, get sluggish and clogged and need a flushing occasionally, else we have backache and dull misery in the kidney region, severe headaches, rheumatic twinges, torpid liver, acid stomach, sleeplessness and all sorts of bladder disorders.

You simply must keep your kidneys active and clean, and the moment you feel an ache or pain in the kidney region, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good drug store here, take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine.

This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is harmless to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity. It also neutralizes the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is harmless; inexpensive; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everybody should take now and then to keep their kidneys clean, thus avoiding serious complications.

A well-known local druggist says he sells lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

His Frame of Mind.

The horse had run away and was tangled up in the wire fence at the side of the muddy road. Its half-witted owner had kicked and sworn and tried to lift the animal until he was out of sorts and covered with mud.

A well-groomed man came along, took in the situation, and suggested: "Spring the fence back, then he can get his feet free."

The owner of the horse did as he was told. "Now give him a cut with the whip and he'll get up himself."

This the owner did. Then he looked at the horse, up and ready for travel, looked at himself covered with mud, and looked at the immaculate gentleman in the road. Wrath filled his soul.

"Well," he grumbled, "thank you just as much as if you'd helped me."

The Rank.

"They took that junior officer off the ship to command the torpedo boat."

"I guess that was because he was a sub marine."

A man would rather have fortune smile on him than give him the laugh.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver.

Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. N. U., LINCOLN, NO. 1-1915.