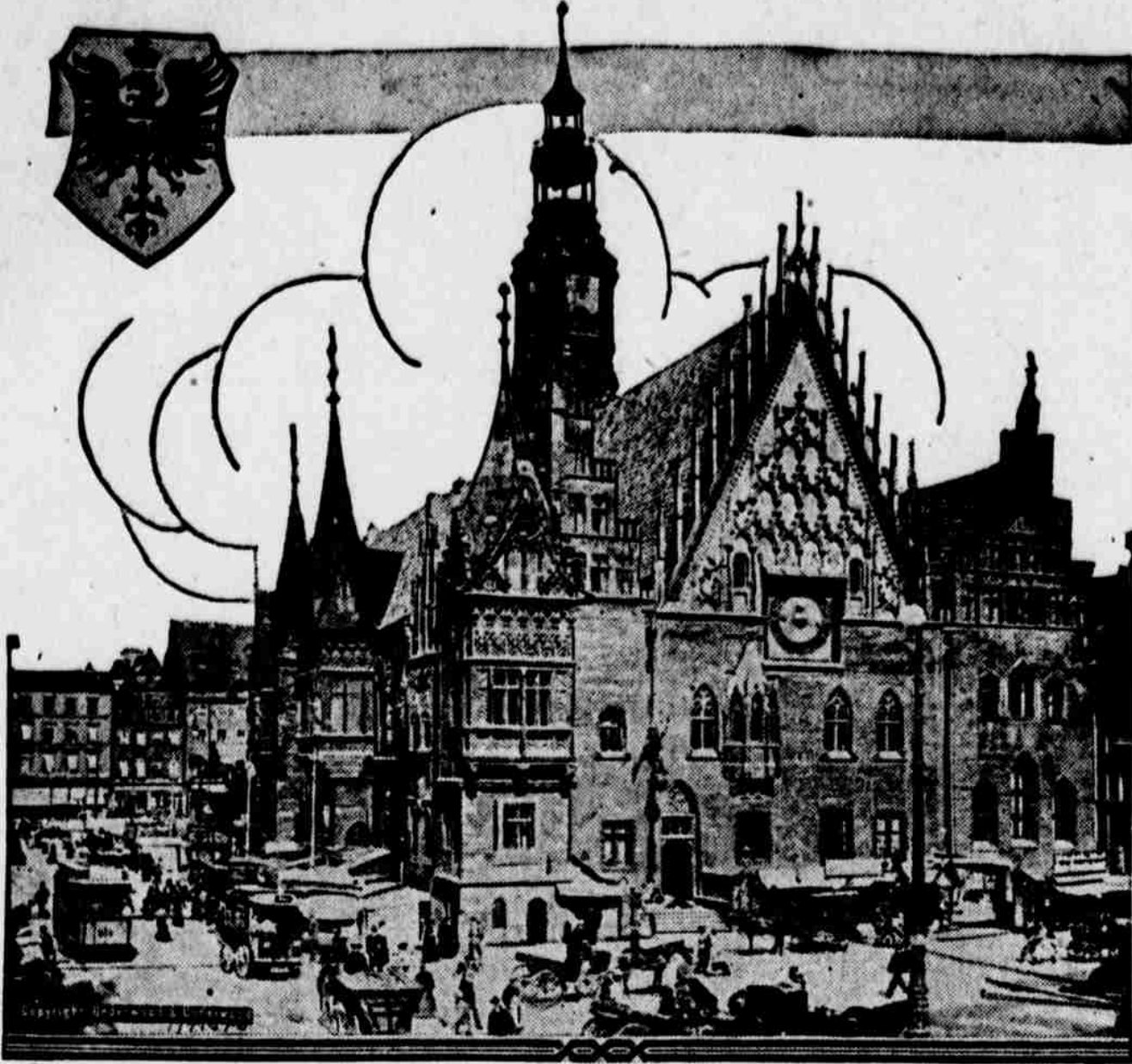


BRESLAU MAY BE BESIEGED BY RUSSIANS



Breslau, capital of Silesia, the city hall of which is here shown, is in some danger of being besieged by the Russians, and has been prepared for a stubborn defense.

HOPE THIS WEEK END

LEADERS FIGURE ON CONGRESS CLOSING SATURDAY.

JAPAN GIVES ASSURANCES

Three Dead and Many Injured When Twenty Ton Rock Crashes Into Colorado Train.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Washington.—Administration leaders in congress are making every effort to wind up the long session by Saturday night, with assurances from the president that it will be unnecessary to return until the first Monday in December.

Japan Gives Satisfactory Assurance.

Washington.—Satisfactory assurances have been received from Japan regarding her intentions in the war against Germany, according to statements made by President Wilson.

Boulder Crashes Into Train.

Grand Junction, Colo.—H. R. Hollinsbury, Thomas Linkins and Harry Braddock were killed and fourteen were injured, several seriously, when a twenty-ton boulder, falling from a precipice, crashed into the day coach and smoker of a Denver & Rio Grande passenger train eighteen miles east of this city Sunday.

Fatally Stricken at Football Game.

Lincoln, Neb.—Paul E. Yates of 2145 A street became suddenly ill while attending a football game on Nebraska field Saturday afternoon and died at 7:45 p. m. Sunday.

William Lorimer Indicted.

Chicago.—William Lorimer, who was voted out of the United States senate after an investigation on the ground that he had not been legally elected, has been indicted in the federal court on a charge of misapplication of the funds of the LaSalle Street National bank, the forerunner of the defunct LaSalle Street Trust & Savings bank.

No Increase in Coal Rates.

Washington.—An advance of 20 cents a ton in the freight rate on bituminous coal from mines in the Illinois field to destinations in the middle west, of which Omaha, Neb., is typical, has been suspended by the interstate commerce commission until February 2, 1915, pending a general investigation.

Enjoins Strict Economy.

Washington.—Strict injunctions to practice economy during the coming year in view of the emergency situation, were given by President Wilson to cabinet members who called to discuss with him their estimates, which are to be sent to the treasury.

The Fall of Antwerp.

London.—The fall of Antwerp might be accurately dated midnight Thursday, though the burgomaster did not go out to surrender the city until 8 o'clock the next morning, and the Germans did not enter until noon," says a Morning Post correspondent in Belgium.

Omaha Woman Wears Iron Ring.

Omaha, Neb.—Wearing an iron ring, given her in exchange for a valuable opal set one, which she contributed to the war relief fund of the Austrian Silver Cross society in Vienna, where she nursed wounded soldiers, Miss Eleanor Rantz has arrived in Omaha from a two-year stay abroad.

BRIEF NEWS OF NEBRASKA

Friday is G. A. R. patriotic day in Nebraska. Alliance will have a council of the boy scouts. York will hold her fall festival October 13 to 17. Platt county has made great preparations for the fair this week.

Heavy Pasturing Condemned.

Heavy pasturing of alfalfa is not advised. The number of animals per acre should be so regulated that two or three small cuttings of hay may be taken from the field.

A Distinction.

The heathen in his blindness bowed down to wood and stone. "For shame!" cried the children of light, and shuddered ostentatiously.

Przemysl.

We are indebted to a Pittsburgh contemporary, educated in a place where the smelting of races is going on, for the proper pronunciation of that Galician stronghold.

Not Needed.

Two college students were arraigned before the magistrate, charged with hurdling the low spots in the road in their motor car.

Simple Cure.

SI Attics—Drinking is a mighty bad habit: it's easy enough to cure yourself, though. My brother had the drink habit and he cured himself just by walking.

His Escape.

The young man had threatened suicide if she rejected him. And although she did, he didn't.

Strategy Illustrated.

First Urchin—Say, Chimmie, wot's dis strategy 't'ing dey talk about? Second Urchin—Well, it's like dis: Supposin' yer run out of ammunition an' yer don't want de enemy ter know it, den it's strategy ter keep on firin'.

An Exacting Leadership.

"I don't see why you should regard me as an enemy," said Senator Borghum. "I have frequently shouted 'Votes for women.'"

Love and the Wolf.

At a dinner in Tonopah Senator Key Pittman, apropos of a rash elopement on the part of two young constituents, shook his head and said: "Love laughs at locksmiths. And later on, alas, my young friends will find the wolf doing the same thing."

The greatest pleasure some people seem to have is to keep other people from having any.

But even if you are able to convince a fool, what's the use?

Advertisement for 'Breakfasts of "Other Days"'. The ad features three different breakfast options: 1. 'ran something like this:' Ham, bacon or sausage; fried potatoes; doughnuts and coffee — prepared by ever-worked mother. 2. 'Today's and Tomorrow's Breakfasts': run about like this: Post Toasties — with cream or fruits; a poached egg or two; crisp toast; and a cup of Postum — a royal starter for any day. 3. 'Quick, easy to serve, appetizing, and — "Mother" has it easier! — sold by Grocers.'

GOVERNMENT OF BELGIUM LEAVES CITY OF ANTWERP

German Demand for Surrender of the Temporary Capital Was Refused.

LONDON HEARS OF DISASTER

Unconfirmed Report That the City Had Been Taken by the Germans—Little News of Battles in France—Both Combatants Claim Victories in East Prussia—Kaiser Will Attack England After Fall of Antwerp.

London, Oct. 10.—It is reported here that Antwerp, after a terrific 48-hour bombardment by the Germans, has fallen. The Morning Post announces that it "has the information on good authority."

Neither the official press bureau nor Count de la Laing, Belgian minister to Great Britain, has received confirmation of the report.

British re-enforcements, whose advance guard was reported to have arrived to the relief of Antwerp, have appeared and have effected a junction with the French at a town which cannot be revealed.

Refuse to Surrender City.

London, Oct. 9.—The heavy guns of the kaiser's troops were trained on Antwerp after the garrison had refused a demand that it be surrendered. The commander of the German troops sent an officer under a white flag into the city to announce that the bombardment would begin unless the city was given up. The request was refused.

Immediately after the decision of the Belgians was announced the temporary capital of the nation was removed to Ostend, and an exodus of the people began.

The permanent capital, Brussels, is held by the Germans. Death and destruction are carried into Antwerp not only by the siege guns, but also by a fleet of six Zeppelins, which circle high overhead, dropping bombs. These have destroyed, by some accounts, at least a score of houses, maiming and killing the thirty or forty occupants.

London Is Without News.

London, Oct. 11.—Censorship of war news has become so strict that not one word regarding the fighting between the huge German and allies' armies in France has been given out by the British official bureau today.

In some quarters this is believed to presage a further slight advance by the allies. This belief comes from a similar situation just prior to the complete check of Von Kluck's army, which had reached a point 25 miles from Paris. At that time the lid was clamped down tight, but when the forward movement became an assured fact the censors permitted news to be given to the public.

Yesterday's news indicated that the allies were near victory, particularly in the northwestern area of the battle scarred district. The official communication from Paris this afternoon said the general situation had undergone no change. This would indicate

that the expected retreat of the Germans had not materialized.

French Official War Report.

The official communication given out by the French war office this afternoon says: "The general situation has undergone no change.

"On our left wing the two opposing bodies of cavalry are still operating to the north of Lille and of La Basse and the battle continues along the line marked by the regions of Lens Arras, Bray-Sur-Somme, Chaulnes, Roye and Lassigny.

"On the center of the Oise and on the Meuse only actions of minor importance have been reported.

"On our right in the Woivre district there has been an artillery contest along the entire front.

"In Lorraine, in the Vosges, and in Alsace there has been no changes.

"In Bosnia Montenegro troops have continued their advance in the direction of Sarajevo as far as the fortified line which protects the city at a distance from it of eight kilometers."

Allies Repel Attack on Line.

On the Battle Front, via Paris, Oct. 10.—The fiercest fighting of the battle of seven rivers has occurred since Monday on the left wing of the allies. In the northerly position assumed by the rival armies on the extended lines, new cavalry forces hurled to Von Kluck's relief by the German general staff, heavily supported by infantry, have been hurled with terrific force against the British and French lines, only to rebound from the vigor of the defense, in turn forced to suffer attack by the allies with equal determined energy.

At certain points the Germans were forced to recede, particularly north of Arras, where the situation developed in favor of the allies. The operations of the German cavalry have become so extended as to reach almost to the sea coast.

Between the Somme and the Oise rivers the Germans are still in force, but the French have succeeded in retaking a number of positions which they previously had been forced to vacate. On the heights of the Meuse, Between Verdun and St. Mihiel, the Germans are declared to have withdrawn to the north of Hattonchatel. The war office admits, however, that the enemy still holds the town of St. Mihiel and some of the positions to the north, on the right bank of the Meuse.

Report From Berlin.

Berlin, Oct. 9.—Heavy fighting between great forces of cavalry continues at the western end of the battle line in France. Infantry figure in the conflict only occasionally. We took Douai from the French and they have been striving to drive us out for several days without success. We are making steady progress.

Both Claim Victories.

Petrograd, Oct. 10.—The Russian northern army has occupied Lyck in East Prussia, according to an official statement issued by the general staff.

The German forces, which have been driven back during the three days' fighting, are concentrating in three defensive positions to the west and northwest of Suwalki in an effort to protect Margrabowa, an important railroad center 15 miles north of Lyck, which commands lines of communication in all directions. The loss of this place, military experts say, would preclude further activity in this region.

Russians Repulsed, Austrian Claim.

A wireless message from Berlin gives the following official statement: "The Austrian general staff announces the complete break-up of the Russian invasion of Hungary. The re-

cent attacks on Przemysl were repulsed with terrible loss to the enemy.

"The Russians have been cleared from the Carpathians to the western ridge of Wynkow. The Austrian troops have retaken Sziget, in Marmaros county, Hungary."

AFTER ANTWERP, ENGLAND.

Rome, via Paris, Oct. 10.—The war against Great Britain, according to German newspapers received here, will commence at the end of October, after Antwerp has fallen.

Belgium then will become the base of operations against Great Britain, the newspapers say.

They add that Admiral von Tirpitz, the minister of the navy, who is now at general headquarters with Emperor William, has announced that he will go aboard the flagship of the German fleet and direct the operations of the navy.

GENERAL WAR NEWS

London, Oct. 10.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says: "The Belgian government has addressed to the neutral powers a vehement protest against the action of Germany in monopolizing all the food-stuffs found in Brussels and its environs and reducing the native population to famine."

Berlin, Oct. 8.—The forty-third German casualty list has been made public. It contains 10,600 names in dead, wounded and missing. It is headed by the name of Major General von Walter, who was wounded at Tarnovka, Russian Poland, September 9.

New York, Oct. 7.—Canada is willing and able to furnish 500,000 picked men to fight against Germany if the British government needs them, according to Col. Sam Hughes, the Canadian minister of militia, who sailed for England today on the steamer Cedric.

Folkestone, via London, Oct. 6.—The number of Belgian refugees arriving here is steadily increasing, more than two thousand landing today. Many of these refugees came from Malines and Alost.

Peking, Oct. 10.—The Japanese have mounted siege guns on Prince Henry mountain, which entirely dominates all three of the Tsing Tao forts, according to advices reaching Peking today from Kiauchau. These forts are named Bismarck, Moltke, and Iltis, and are between three and four miles from the mountain. The attack on Tsing Tao may begin any day. Prior to it a demand for the surrender of the place will be made.

Rome, via Paris, Oct. 9.—According to reports received at the Vatican, more than 63,000 ecclesiastics now are serving in different capacities with the armies in the field, especially with the Belgian, French and Austrian forces. Most of these clergymen are engaged in hospital work. They include seven bishops and 19 other prelates.

London, Oct. 10.—The following official statement was issued tonight covering an attack by a British air squadron on a German airship shed at Duesseldorf:

"The secretary of the admiralty announces that Squadron Commander Grey reports that, as authorized, he carried out with Lieut. R. L. G. Marx and Lieut. S. V. Zippe a successful attack on a Duesseldorf airship shed.

"Lieutenant Marx's bombs, dropped from a height of 500 feet, hit the shed, went through the roof, and destroyed a Zeppelin. Flames were observed 500 feet high, the result of the igniting of the gas in an airship.

"All three officers are safe, but their aeroplanes have been lost."