

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Polite Bertha.

Little Bertha was invited out to dinner with her father and mother. Before she went it was firmly impressed upon her that she must not speak unless spoken to.

Finally the hostess, seeing something was wrong, asked her what she would like next.

"I should like to have you begin to ask me questions," was the polite reply.—Lippincott's.

ECZEMA BURNED AND ITCHED

203 Walnut St., Hillsboro, Ill.—"My child had a breaking out on the lower limbs which developed into eczema. The eczema began with pimples which contained yellow corruption and from the child's clothing they were greatly irritated.

"I tried several well-known remedies, but got no relief until I got a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, which did so much good that I got a large quantity that cured her in ten days after she had been affected for two months." (Signed) Mrs. Edith Schwartz, Feb. 28, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Anticipated Bother.

"Why don't you sit down, Weary?" "Aw, shucks! Look at their trouble of gettin' up again."

The less a man knows the more advice he distributes.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes color in cold water. Adv.

Political ambition that will not loosen the purse strings is not skin deep.

WHY GRIP IS DANGEROUS.

It is an Epidemic Catarrhal Fever Caused by a Bacillus that Generally Leaves the Patient Weak After the Acute Stage Has Passed.



Grip Patients Grateful to Peruna, the Expectorant Tonic.

Do not make the error of regarding grip as an exaggerated cold. There is a big difference between the two. Grip is an epidemic disease that poisons the vital organs.

It requires a good tonic laxative to keep the body of the patient as strong as possible to counteract the effect of the poisons created by the grip bacillus. An expectorant tonic with some laxative qualities is the safest remedy.

There is no specific for the grip. Peruna has been used with good success in former grip epidemics. Indications point to the return of grip this winter.

Do not fail to read the experience of former grip patients with Peruna. Mrs. Gentry Gates, 8219 First Ave., East Lake, Ala., writes: "I had a bad case of grip. I tried Peruna and it cured me. I can safely say it is a fine medicine."

Mrs. Charles E. Wells, Sr., 230 South St., Delaware, Ohio, writes: "After a severe attack of a gripe I took Peruna and found it a good tonic."

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Lucky Day Almanac for 1914.

AROUND THE CAMP FIRE

TAKEN AT BUZZARD'S ROOST

Instead of Company D of the 113th, it Was Company D of the 115th Who Were Captured.

I saw in the issue of December 12 1912, a communication from Comrade N. P. Julian, company D, One Hundred and Thirtieth Illinois, St. Cloud, Fla., to Mr. Wash M. Ives, Fourth Florida, Lake City, Fla. Instead of company D of the One Hundred and Thirtieth it was company D of the One Hundred and Fifteenth Illinois, commanded by Captain Hymer, who were all captured.

We could plainly hear the cannonading at Buzzard's Roost Gap blockhouse. The One Hundred and Fifteenth belonged to the Fourth corps, and was commanded by Gordon Granger until after the battle of Chickamauga.

We moved out of our quarters at Blue Springs, Tenn., to Red Clay, on the cut-off between Cleveland and Dalton, and halted to get together from there. When all was ready we moved on to Tunnel Hill on the west side of Buzzard Roost mountain, and there at Tunnel Hill we struck Forrest's cavalry, but they did us no harm, but we could not get through the gap, as it had been strongly fortified.

After trying to carry the place by storm and failing to do so, we concluded to try to flank Johnston by moving on Resaca, which we did by order of General Sherman. The Second corps took up the march for Snake Creek Gap, on the west side of Taylor's Ridge, to hide their movements, and were not noticed until they had possession of the gap. This movement caused Johnston to fall back or be cut off from railroad connections, and if the Second corps (commanded by Logan and McPherson) had taken possession it would have been a "hot time in the old town" for Johnston.

The army there passed on to more glorious fields, Rome, Good Hope Church, Kenesaw mountain, Marietta, Peach Tree creek, Atlanta, Lo-roy station, etc.

All this while my regiment was at Resaca (that point being for a long time our base of supplies), doing guard duty, to our extreme disgust. No demonstration was made to follow the army farther. After everything in the commissary line had been moved forward we were ordered south to Adairville, where we stayed a few days, then back to Resaca, then back to Adairville. There we stayed until the last train going north came along, and we got on and went back to Resaca again.

About this time we were ordered to Tunnel Hill to guard three blockhouses, one at Buzzard's Roost Gap, company D, One Hundred and Fifteenth, A and H, north four miles between the hill and Ringgold. I belonged to company A. We stayed at the blockhouse until after Hood had captured Colonel Johnston and his colored troops at Dalton and company B at the gap. Then, knowing we could not contend with him, we went to Chattanooga, to be sent back to the blockhouse the next day. Hood in the meantime had gone west across the mountains via Villanow to Gadsden, Ala.

W. R. Baker, Pocopson, Pa., has been much interested in the Wilson expedition. He belonged to General Kautz's cavalry, which Wilson joined in 1864 on the James river. Kautz's men always thought that a mistake was made when Wilson took command, as Kautz was thoroughly familiar with the country. Comrade Baker was in the Third Pennsylvania cavalry, and then transferred to the Fifth Pennsylvania near the close of the war.

Samuel Watt, 908 Lydia street, Austin, Tex., would like to have the exact words used by the Confederates general in his demand for the surrender of Allatoona and the reply of General Corcoran.

"Mr. Squigler," exclaimed the proud maiden, pale with indignation, "you have gone entirely too far!" Meekly bowing his head, the young man who was acting as chauffeur turned the car around and they motored back to town.

Old Bullion—It galls me to think that my money goes into your spend thrift hands when I die. Young Bullion—Never mind, dad, it won't stay there long.

PROGRAM FOR WEEK

ORGANIZED AGRICULTURE AT LINCOLN.

GOSSIP FROM STATE CAPITAL

Items of Interest Gathered from Reliable Sources and Presented in Condensed Form to Our Readers.

The daily program prepared for the societies which form organized agriculture, which meets in Lincoln beginning Monday, January 19, is as follows:

Monday, January 19. Corn Improvers' association—Plant industry building, state farm, room 119. Nebraska Pure Seed Growers' association—Plant industry building, state farm, room 207. State Bee Keepers' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 363. Nebraska Sheep Breeders and Wool Growers' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 304.

Tuesday, January 20. State board of agriculture—Commercial club rooms, Eleventh and F streets. State Horticultural society—Lindell hotel. Nebraska Horse Breeders' association—Judging pavilion, state farm. Corn Improvers' association—Room 119, plant industry building, state farm. State Home Economics association—State farm, room 306, agricultural hall. Association of State, County and District Fairs—Lincoln Commercial club, at 6:15.

Wednesday, January 21. State board of agriculture—Commercial club rooms. State Horticultural society—Lindell hotel. State Dairywomen's association—Plant industry building, room 119. State Swine Breeders' association—Judging pavilion. Nebraska Pure Seed Growers' association—Plant industry building, room 207. State Bee Keepers' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 363. Nebraska Sheep Breeders and Wool Growers' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 304.

Thursday, January 22. State Horticultural society—Lindell hotel. State Live Stock Improvers' association—State farm, judging pavilion. Nebraska Pure Seed Growers' association—Agricultural hall, state farm, room 105. State Hereford Breeders' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 303. Nebraska Angus Breeders' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 304. Red Polled Breeders' association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 306. Dairy Cattle Breeders' association—Judging pavilion, state farm, room 202. State Dairywomen's association—State farm, plant industry building, room 119. State Florists' association—State farm, plant room 207. Home Economics association—State farm, agricultural hall, room 306. State Association of Rural School Parents—State farm, agricultural hall, room 203. Nebraska tax commission—State capitol, 9 a. m.

Friday, January 23. State Dairywomen's association—State farm, plant industry building, room 119. Agricultural development commission of Nebraska—State farm, agricultural hall, room 306. Agricultural extension conference—Agricultural hall, room 306. Nebraska tax commission—State capitol, 9 a. m.

Monday evening, January 19—Apple, floral, meat, corn show, at the city auditorium. Tuesday evening, January 20—Banquet of the Nebraska state board of agriculture, at the Nebraska Commercial club, at 6:15 at the Lincoln Commercial club. State horticultural banquet, Lindell hotel at 5:30. Show at the city auditorium. Moving pictures showing Nebraska's resources, better babies contest and scenes at the state fair will be given each evening. Thursday and Friday evenings—Show at the city auditorium. Friday evening—Banquet agricultural extension conference, Lindell hotel, 6 p. m.

Following are dates and places at which farmers' institutes are to be held during the month of January: Fairmont, Friday and Saturday, January 9 and 10. Creighton, Friday and Saturday, January 9 and 10. Pierce, Monday and Tuesday, January 12 and 13. Madison, Monday and Tuesday, January 12 and 13. Creston, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 13 and 14. Osmond, Tuesday and Wednesday, January 13 and 14. Howells, Wednesday and Thursday, January 14 and 15. Laurel, Wednesday and Thursday, January 14 and 15. Humphrey, Thursday and Friday, January 15 and 16. Papillion, Thursday and Friday, January 15 and 16. Hartington, Thursday and Friday, January 15 and 16. Wakefield, Friday and Saturday, January 16 and 17. Elkhorn, Friday and Saturday, January 16 and 17.

Labor Commissioner Pool has many applications on file from men who desire to work on farms. Farmers who need help are invited by him to take advantage of his free employment bureau. Counting infants that never breathed, there were 852 more deaths in Nebraska in the year 1913 than there were in the year 1912. Dr. W. H. Wilson, inspector for the state board of health, who is in charge of the collection of vital statistics, has completed his annual report. It shows a total of 11,254 deaths. The number reported the year before was 10,402. While the death rate was higher this year, the birth rate was lower. Last year a total of 26,697 births were reported. This year the number is 26,153.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR JANUARY 11.

THE MISSION OF THE SEVENTY.

LESSON TEXT.—Luke 10:1-24. GOLDEN TEXT.—"It is not ye that speak, but the spirit of your Father that speaketh in you."—Matt. 10:20.

Jesus "came unto his own and his own received him not." Rejected in Judea, he turned to Galilee, making his headquarters at Capernaum only to be rejected there also. "After these things" (v. 1) e. g., after his final departure from Galilee, and as he was about to perform his Perean ministry. The ministry of Jesus is rapidly hastening to a close, still there is much work to do, hence the selection of those who shall go before him to prepare for what proved to be in each city and town his last visit.

1. The Seventy sent (vv. 1-9). Verse one tells us of the character of the work they were to undertake, viz., to be heralds; to prepare the people against his coming, 2 Cor. 5:20. There is a plentitude of work, but, "the laborers are few." They were sent to a particular people, "whither he himself would come," 2 Tim. 4:8; Titus 2:13. No matter what may have been their limitations, the "coming one" would supply all deficiencies. Jesus commanded prayer, but also sent forth those same praying ones (vv. 2, 3).

Prayer and work go hand in hand in a sane Christian experience. Every impression demands sufficient expression. If it is to make any lasting contribution to our characters. The large harvest demands attention. We are sent into that harvest, by the King himself, "Behold I send you; and those whom he sends are not compelled to labor alone, Matt. 28:20; John 14:16. Jesus mentions four things about those whom he sends:

Like Lambs. (1) Their character. They are to be like "lambs." We have just had the figure of "laborers" presented, laborers who were sent. Is this then a mixed simile? We think not. We are to go forth to the harvesting work as laborers, that is our work, but in our characters, we are to be lamb-like.

(2) Their environment, "among wolves." That is to say, surrounding each harvest field, and frequently encroaching as far as they dare, are the wolves, a type of the evil one and of his agents. Those who go thus into, or by the way of, danger will not carry any excess of baggage, 2 Tim. 2:4.

(3) In the third place, they are to go forth with complete dependence upon God's providing care (v. 4). The exact letter of these instructions is not always incumbent upon his ambassadors, chapter 22:35, 36, but the spirit of absolute faith in a Father who will provide, must always possess his representatives.

(4) As to their bearing, it must be that of dignity and self-respect (v. 5). Social demands consume a great deal of energy in diplomatic circles, and it is here that many Christians waste precious energy, as well as becoming involved in worldly practices. Their first thought upon entering a house must be for the good of the home (v. 5), not for their personal comfort. If a "son of peace," (v. 6), dwell there, one to whom peace rightfully belonged, their benediction would bring to that home a blessing. But if he be not there their peace was not to be lost, for it would return to the giver.

(5) Their mission was to offer, not to force acceptance. They were not beggars, going from house to house (v. 7), they had something worth while and were worthy of their hire. The fawning, cringing sycophants that pass for Christian workers stand rebuked before this teaching. However, this does not sanction the dogmatic, domineering methods of some. They are to accept what is offered (v. 8), not demanding, "a worthy compensation." The church of Christ stands condemned for the meager salaries given its representatives, yet it is also true that a man usually, and in the long run, gets about what he is worth.

God's Truth. To build up character brings a far richer compensation, and more lasting results, than to obtain earthly prestige, ease or wealth. Therefore the ambassador of Christ can afford to wait with glad certainty the final casting up of accounts, accepting in the meantime the lowlier seats among men, Luke 14:7-14. However, these ambassadors do have an exalted work to perform. They had a commission for both body and soul. The Gospel of Christ is for the whole man (v. 9). To minister to the bodies of men must however be accompanied by the heralding of the coming kingdom. That kingdom which is everlastingly to be visible upon earth, Dan. 2:44.

11. The Seventy Received (vv. 10-16). These heralds were to proclaim that the kingdom was "nigh unto you." In this section we have set before us not only the probable manner whereby the ambassadors may be received, but also their attitude towards those who shall reject them. Jesus, by his anathemas pronounced upon Chorazin and Bethsaida (vv. 12-15), intimates what shall be the fate of those who reject the ambassadors of the King. He emphasizes this by saying (v. 16) that he is heard and despised when those, his representatives, are heard or despised.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

relieves rheumatism quickly. It stimulates the circulation—Instantly relieves stiffness and soreness of muscles and joints. Don't rub—it penetrates.

"I am a travelling man and about one year ago I was laid up with rheumatism and could not walk. A friend recommended Sloan's Liniment and the morning after I used it my knee was all O. K. and it has never bothered me since. I always keep your liniment in the house and carry it with me on the road."—Mr. Thomas S. Harter, Post Philadelphia, Pa.

Rheumatism Neuralgia

Stiffness Vanished. "I suffered with an awful stiffness in my legs. That night I gave my legs a good rubbing with Sloan's Liniment and believe me, next morning I could jump out of bed. I have been supplied with a bottle ever since."—Mr. A. Moore of Manchester, N. H.

Sprained Ankle Relieved. "I was ill for a long time with a severely sprained ankle. I got a bottle of Sloan's Liniment and now I am able to be about and can walk a great deal. I write this because I think you deserve a lot of credit for putting such a fine Liniment on the market and I shall always take time to recommend Dr. Sloan's Liniment."—Mrs. Charles Ross of Baltimore, Md.

Sloan's Liniment gives a grateful sensation of comfort. Good for sprains, neuralgia, sore throat and toothache. Use it now. At all Dealers, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00. Send for Sloan's free book on horses. Address Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, Inc. BOSTON, MASS.



DIDN'T KNOW GREAT PLAYER

Boy Would Have Fallen Down and Worshipped if He Realized of Whom He Was Speaking.

Joe Tinker brought this story from the east with him. He declares Willie Keeler, now a scout for the Giants, told it on himself.

Keeler likes nothing better than to watch a bunch of boys playing a "sand lot game." While scouting in a western league town late in the season he chanced upon such a game, arriving just in time to see a lanky, scrubby-haired lad, who was umpire, give a decision. The little captain of the team fighting the decision rushed up to Keeler.

"Wasn't that a strike, mister?" he demanded. "Sure it was," replied one of the greatest batters in baseball history. "Aw," said the other kid captain, fiercely, "what does that old boob know about baseball, anyway?"

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH LIVER

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now. Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach. Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

She Would Get Even. Tired out with an afternoon's shopping, the mother sat back in her easy chair to recite in detail the afternoon's experiences to a sympathetic home circle.

"And to cap it all I met that horrid Annie Green, and she was very impudent to me as usual," she wailed. "The mean thing," sympathetically snapped out six-year-old Ella. "Why didn't you impudent her right back?"

IS EPILEPSY CONQUERED?

New Jersey Physician Said to Have Many Cures to His Credit. Red Bank, N. J. (Special).—Advice from every direction fully confirm previous reports that the remarkable treatment for epilepsy being administered by Dr. Perkins of this city, is achieving wonderful results. Old and stubborn cases have been greatly benefited and many patients claim to have been entirely cured.

Persons suffering from epilepsy should write at once to Dr. H. W. Perkins, Branch 49, Red Bank, N. J., for a supply of the remedy which is being distributed gratuitously.—Adv.

Rapid Revision. "Bleeb has turned cubist." "Rot!" "Sold his first picture for a thousand." "Fine!"

You might as well give the devil his due. He gets up pretty early in the morning, anyhow.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Didn't Pan Out. Mrs. Bacon—What became of your fireless cooker you thought so much of? Mrs. Egbert—Oh, I "fired" it.

Where the Blame Rested. "I blame the automobile for most of my troubles." "How's that?" "If I hadn't owned one I don't believe my wife would ever have consented to be mine."

Absent-Minded. She (after the elopement)—I have received a letter from my father. Dear papa is so absent-minded. He—In what way? She—He inclosed a lot of millinery and dress making bills, and forgot to put in the money to pay for them.

Best Fortune Teller. The quest of noblemen for wealth in America has been talked about for decades; but few, if any, can rival Baron Asschab in being witty in a practical way.

Miss de Millyuns, his prospective wife, was entertaining the baron one evening, and apropos of lovers' nothingness she asked: "Did you, baron, ever go to a fortune teller?" "Yes, mees, many times. But the last time was best."

"Where did you go?" "I went to the probate court to find out about your grandfather's will."—Sunday Magazine of the Chicago Record-Herald.

SELF DELUSION. Many People Deceived by Coffee.

We like to defend our indulgences and habits even though we may be convinced of their actual harmfulness. A man can convince himself that whiskey is good for him on a cold morning, or beer on a hot summer day—when he wants the whiskey or beer. It's the same with coffee. Thousands of people suffer headache and nervousness year after year but try to persuade themselves the cause is not coffee—because they like coffee.

"While yet a child I commenced using coffee and continued it," writes a Wis. man, "until I was a regular coffee fiend. I drank it every morning and in consequence had a blinding headache nearly every afternoon.

"My folks thought it was coffee that ailed me, but I liked it and would not admit it was the cause of my trouble, so I stuck to coffee and the headaches stuck to me.

"Finally, the folks stopped buying coffee and brought home some Postum. They made it right (directions on pkg.) and told me to see what difference it would make with my head, and during that first week on Postum my old affliction did not bother me once. From that day to this we have used nothing but Postum in place of coffee—headaches are a thing of the past and the whole family is in fine health."

"Postum looks good, smells good, tastes good, is good, and does good to the whole body."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. Grocers sell both kinds.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.