

We do not desire any contributions whatever of a literary or poetical character; and we will not undertake to prepare, or to return in any way, any such contributions. Our staff is sufficiently large to more than supply our limited space in that direction.

REASONS FOR WARREN, in full, must be sent to the publisher, and will be gladly received. All such communications should be sent to the publisher, and will be gladly received. This is not intended for publication, but for our own satisfaction and as proof of good faith.

OUR COURTESY FRIENDS who will always be pleased to hear from, on all matters connected with crops, country politics, and on any subject whatever of general interest to the people of our State. Any information connected with the election, and relating to bonds, candidates, etc., will be gladly received. All such communications should be sent to the publisher, and will be gladly received.

ALL APPOINTMENTS of candidates for office—whether made by self or friends, and whether as notations or communications to the Editor, are (unless communications are made simply personal, and will be charged as advertisements.)

On and after October twenty-first, 1872, the circulation of the DAILY BEE is assumed by Mr. Edwin Davis, to whom orders for advertising space should be sent, and by whom all receipts for subscriptions will be acknowledged.

Another manifesto is to be inflicted upon the foregoing people of France by that scion of defunct royalty, Count de Chambord.

BEECHER and Tilton are again monopolizing the telegraphic columns of the American newspaper press with their disgusting scandal.

The framers of the new postal law evidently intended to put an embargo on heavy editorials when they fixed newspaper postage by weight.

Even the Chicago Tribune admits that the Iowa Reformers Platform is capable of a doubt in construction. The Tribune further admits that the reformers are not in harmony with the German element which claims to control 40,000 voters in that State.

According to the St. Louis Republican Tom Scott acknowledges a loss of over three millions in his Texas Pacific speculation. The Pennsylvania Railroad King is, however, sanguine that Congress will grant him additional aid in December, and he expects to make up his losses on the home stretch.

It appears to us the late session of the United States Congress was altogether too brief, considering the magnitude of the business at their disposal. Four or five hours is hardly time enough for men possessed of the most unlimited executive ability to decide the important questions submitted for solution to the managers of our State University.

AND now they say Ben Butler has bought a controlling interest in the National Republican, and he is chargeable with the authorship of the third term editorials in that sheet. We should have supposed that Butler had sinned enough to answer for without saddling the Cesaristic editorials of Boss Shepherd's organ on his shoulders.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, proposes to build a pontoon bridge across the Mississippi at Clinton, and that suggestion to us the question whether pontoon bridges would not be the most economical, as well as the safest for the Platte and Loup rivers. We are aware that the experiment has already been tried at one or two points, but presume only upon temporary bridges.

It is just as we had expected. Our Washington correspondent corroborates the views expressed by the Bee last week, touching the condition of the railroad land tax bill. Although we are still left in the dark, as to the final disposal of this bill, we know positively that it has virtually become a dead letter through the manipulation of the Senate Committee on Pacific Railroads.

This Rhode Island Legislature has adjourned to January 1875, without disposing of the United States Senatorship. Although Gen. Burnside will doubtless continue the contest with unabated energy, his chances are now most decidedly against him. The adjournment will materially enhance the value of legislative votes, and the candidate of the millionaire Brown's family is likely to have it all his own way by the time the Legislature meets again.

Mullet, the supreme architect of Uncle Sam's postoffices and custom houses has again got into hot water. This time he has tackled a man from Illinois, familiarly known as John A. Logan. Mullet is a man of rather abrupt manners, and Logan is often disposed to part his words in the middle. Mullet is an accomplished swearer, and Logan frequently refers to the Massachusetts calamity caused by the defective dam.

Mullet and Logan had a rather hot interview at Washington, Wednesday, and Mullet remarked that Logan did not tell the truth, and Logan was about to leave a mark upon Mullet's left eyebrow, if Secretary Bristow had not put in a veto at that striking juncture.

In fact Secretary Bristow went so far as to declare that he would not permit Mullet or any other man to scatter profanity through the marble halls of the treasury building. The cause of this commotion is said to have been a rather remarkable exhibition of partiality toward certain Chicago contractors by the postoffice architect.

COUNCIL BLUFFS has pulled McMill through for a second Congressional term, but that does not signify that McMill can pull both ends of the U. P. bridge over to Council Bluffs.

McMABON is suppressing Bonapartist pictures and documents in France. Why don't he suppress what remains of the Old Guard that could die but never surrender? The Bourbon soldier now at the head of the French Government might as well undertake to suppress France itself as to attempt to stifle the sentiments of love and devotion of the French for the Napoleons.

Calling Louis-Napoleon's Duke of Magenta, a Bourbon soldier, is very unkind, and if McMabon ever reads the Omaha Herald, he may issue a peremptory order for its suppression, not so much for its imperialistic tendency, as for the staidity which characterizes all its utterances about the Napoleonic dynasty.

OUR public schools are now closed for the season. Omaha has a very creditable school system, but there is still much room for improvement. The duty of re-organizing this system for the coming school year, devolves upon our Board of Education. The efficiency of every educational institution depends upon the qualification and character of its Principals and Teachers.

The public schools of Omaha are no exception to this rule. In order to make our schools what they ought to be the Board must place a competent and energetic Superintendent at their head. A practical teacher possessed of superior executive ability and corresponding organizing power, is imperatively demanded at the head of our schools.

The quality of our teachers will, of course, depend in the main upon the efficiency of the Board of Examiners. The Board should maintain a high standard in classifying teachers, and the rules governing the qualifications necessary for teaching in any particular grade should be rigidly enforced. In no case should teachers who have certificates for any particular grade or branch, be permitted to teach pupils in higher grades, or other branches, without submitting to a re-examination.

Much will, however, depend upon the qualification of the Superintendent, and the harmony of action between him and his subordinates. To this matter as well as to the branches of education that our public schools are taught in our public schools, we intend to recur at an early day.

COLORED. Many tourists are visiting Estes Park this season. Crops in the vicinity of Greeley are reported as looking well. There are 477 retail liquor dealers in Colorado, 16 breweries, and 33 wholesale liquor dealers.

Fifty-two Federal and Confederate soldiers have agreed to parade at Golden on the Fourth of July. The mines of Clear Creek county are being extensively worked, and generally yield rich results.

It costs twenty-seven dollars to run a bronco or train of pack donkeys through the streets of Georgetown. Gold and silver have again been discovered in the river near Greeley, but the discoverer is discreetly reticent as to the exact locality.

The United States grand jury at Pueblo has found a hundred and fifty indictments, most of them against citizens of Denver who are implicated in the Las Animas land grab.

The Colorado Central Company employ several men to travel back and forth through Clear Creek cañon and look out for rocks that are liable to roll down and obstruct the track.

The crevasse in the Rio Grande river at Atrisco, which threatened to inundate the thickly settled portion of the valley, has been repaired, and the water is again confined to its channel.

One Green, late of Iowa, is moving into Baker's Park, San Juan region, with three smelters, a saw mill, and a stock of goods. He will receive a bonus offered by the miners of Baker's Park for the erection of the first smelting works.

Trinidad is to have an accession of immigrants from the lately subdivided portion of the Mississippi valley. They say they don't believe in irrigation one hundred miles wide and are going to try the Colorado system here.

The last institution secured by the enterprising town of Colorado Springs is the Colorado Springs Wool Scouring and Wool Fabric Manufacturing Company. The capital stock is \$50,000.

The prospects for a prosperous season in Southern Colorado are reported as good. The grass is luxuriant, the cattle are healthy and fattening fast, and with a good demand for beef next fall, money will be plenty and the people happy.

D. J. Moffatt, Jr., and Messrs. Stanton and Cook, recently of the Pueblo Land Office, were indicted for both subordination of perjury and conspiracy; for the latter offense eight indictments were found against Mr. Moffatt, and six against each of the others.

A big vein of mineral has just been struck in the Burlington tunnel near Georgetown. How rich the vein may be is not known, as no assay has yet been made. The company engaged in constructing this tunnel have so far expended \$250,000 on it. The second level of the tunnel has now been completed.

No person has thoroughly made the tour of Colorado who has omitted Georgetown. It is a place of interest as the center of the oldest and richest silver mining district in Colorado, and also presents many attractions to the admirer of the grand and beautiful in nature, encircled as it is by lofty mountains.

And the tourist will find in the hotels of the town the best and completest accommodations. Farming in the Foot-hills is being engaged in to a large extent. The Denver Tribune says: The valleys contain the most fertile fertility. Many of the fields on the hill-sides produce as high as one hundred

bushels of potatoes to the acre, while all sorts of vegetables are raised in profusion. A foot-hill farm is never burned up by the drought. It is sure to have springs or running water on it, and it is always more picturesque than the flat farms of the valleys. There will be no need of buying water for irrigation because that will go with the land. Such farms, however, require more hard work for their cultivation; the steep hill-sides are never so easy to get over with the plow, reaper and wagon, as are the valley lands.

WYOMING. Horse-stealing is prevalent in Wyoming. Cheyenne takes pride in its material improvements this season.

It is claimed that the re-opening of the road from Cheyenne to Bozeman means the re-occupation by the government of a vast extent of country now virtually in the possession of the Sioux, the re-establishment of military posts, and a complete system of mail service.

Above the snow-line of the Wind river chain of the Rocky Mountains, vast beds of fossiliferous rocks have recently been discovered, and as an evidence that they were not lifted from the sea by a violent upheaval, the strata where they rest is undisturbed, and the beds are invariably in the exact position where they grew in the ancient ocean.

Mr. S. B. Reed has arrived at Laraine from the Cheyenne river country. He told a reporter of the Independent that the Ute Indians were threatening to drive out the settlers. He says the Indians came to his home several times, in his absence, and ordered his wife and children to leave, for if they stayed it would be at their peril. Mr. Reed came to ask the government to take immediate steps to compel the Utes to retire to their reservation. He fears that a collision will occur between the Indians and the settlers before he can secure assistance.

The following are the Prescott (Arizona) market quotations: Flour, \$10 per hundred; bacon, 30 cents per pound; ham, 30c; beans, 10c; coffee, 80c to \$1; sugar, 25 to 35c; beef, 20 to 30c; mutton, 15c; venison and antelope, 20c; potatoes, by the ton, 3 to 4c per pound; lumber, \$40 to \$60 per M., according to quality. Board, \$10 per week.

OREGON. Oregon crops are looking fine. Steps are being taken toward the forming of a State Medical Society. Work on the Capitol building at Salem has been suspended. The election is over.

A public library was formally opened in Oregon City on the 9th instant. The Oregon Natural History and Library Association at Salem is in a prosperous condition.

A new Pension District has been created in Oregon and Washington Territory, and J. M. Cornick of Portland, appointed agent.

Rich diggings have been found on Bridge creek, Josephine county, and considerable excitement prevails in consequence. A large number of persons are flocking there.

The Oregon Central Railroad, from Portland and the Wallamet valley, now in process of construction, is located on the east side of Young's river to Astoria.

Some new mines have been discovered between the head of the Columbia lakes, T. and S., and the bend of the Columbia, and are attracting a good deal of attention.

J. L. Davidson, agent of Marion county Granges, recently bought at Salem 30,000 to 40,000 pounds of wool, part merino, part long comb wool, and some ordinary, at 33 cents per pound.

MONTANA. During the month of May, the receipts from convicts in the Montana penitentiary, were \$283, and the expenses \$435.56.

The second Yellowstone expedition, which is now being organized at Bozeman, will be ready to take up the march about August 15.

It is said that Deer Lodge City, at the present time, is about the prettiest town in the territory, nestled among the grandest mountains among the banks of the streams fringed with willows.

A Helena, Montana, paper says that over \$100,000 have been invested in the construction of new ditches in that territory this year, but the supply of water will be short unless abundant showers of rain set in.

Farmers in the Deer Lodge Valley think there may be good crops this year, but think that wheat will be a short crop, being eaten off by grasshoppers, it will not have time to mature before the frosts.

The prospects for small fruits this year are excellent. Service berries, whortleberries, gooseberries and raspberries all report a very plentiful crop. In Little Blackfoot, the mountains, and on Lost Creek cañon.

The most encouraging reports are continually coming in concerning the Jefferson River mines, and the various tributaries to Jefferson are being prospected, rich findings resulting therefrom. Several new camps have been made on Willow Creek, the Big Hole, etc.

East of the mountains the grasshoppers have even eaten down the wheat plants, and the crops prospects look very bad. Notwithstanding "ding" they seem to be yet re-planting in Gallatin county, as orders for seed are being sent out, and many are telegraphing here within the past few days for blue vitriol, used in soaking seed grain to prevent smut.

Now that the weather has become settled, we may look for travel to the Springs and Geysers. We think that it will be much greater than last season. At the Yellowstone Springs the arrangements for an accommodation of visitors are of an excellent character, so as to make all who visit them very comfortable indeed.

After a lapse of two months, during which time telegraphic communication has been broken, the lines are to be repaired, and intercourse with the outside world restored. It will be much greater than last season. At the Yellowstone Springs the arrangements for an accommodation of visitors are of an excellent character, so as to make all who visit them very comfortable indeed.

A large amount of building is going on in the Virginia City. The State of Nevada claims a population of 50,000, and has nineteen newspapers—eleven dailies and eight weeklies.

A set of horse snow-shoes has been sent from Truckee to Sierra Valley. A cavalry detachment from Fort Ely will have charge of the enterprise, and beyond that point and through to Corinne, we presume, a squad from Fort Hall, Idaho, will be detailed to finish up the job. The poles once thoroughly repaired, we may reasonably hope for uninterrupted communication to Corinne at least one year, with perhaps, intervals of a few days only at a time.

in the case of the State of Nevada vs. the Central Pacific Railroad Company for the collection of delinquent taxes for the year 1871, the jury returned a verdict, on Thursday night, for plaintiff for \$39,750.50, the full amount claimed.

ARIZONA AND NEW MEXICO. There are five newspapers in New Mexico, having an aggregate circulation of 1,010.

Arizona contains eighty million acres, and has a population of 30,000, of which two-thirds are Indians. Nearly two centuries ago the names of more than a hundred localities of gold and silver mines were recorded in Arizona, many of which were worked successfully.

An exchange says it is a libel on New Mexico to say that her population is not sufficiently large to entitle her to admission as a State. There are more than 150 white men engaged in mining in Santa Fe alone, and there are not offices enough for more than one-half of them, under the territorial form of government.

Arizona Territory, which is popularly believed to be wealthier in minerals than California or Nevada, is fast recovering from the prostration caused by Indian raids. Many of the mines which have lain untouched for years, on account of the Apaches, are being worked, and the results are said to be wonderful.

Reports are current of new gold discoveries in northern Arizona. A large number of gold lodes have already been located, in all of which fine gold is discerned. The ledges are broad on the surface, and, so far as developments have shown, become stouter as they descend.

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BANKING. ALVIN SAUNDERS, President. Vice President. BEN WOOD, Cashier.

STATE SAVINGS BANK, N. W. Cor. Farnham and 13th Sts. Capital: \$100,000. Authorized Capital: 1,000,000.

Advantages OVER Certificates of Deposit: THE WHOLE OR ANY PART OF A DEPOSITOR'S INVESTMENT IN THIS BANK THREE PER CENT INTEREST PER ANNUM, BEARING INTEREST AT SIX PER CENT PER ANNUM, AND AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

The Oldest Established BANKING HOUSE IN NEBRASKA. Caldwell, Hamilton & Co., BANKERS.

Business transacted same as that of an Incorporated Bank. Advances made to customers on deposit subject to sight check without notice.

Certificates of Deposit issued payable to Government, or at fixed date, bearing interest at six percent per annum, and available in all parts of the country.

Buy and sell Gold, Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, County, and City Bonds.

We give special attention to negotiating Railroad and other Corporate Loans Issued within the State. Draw Night Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland, and all parts of Europe.

European Passage Tickets. COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY MADE. EZRA MILLARD, J. H. MILLARD, President. Cashier.

OMAHA NATIONAL BANK, Cor. Douglas and Thirtieth Streets. OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

Capital: \$100,000. Deposits: \$20,000. FINANCIAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES.

AND DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY FOR DISBURSING OFFICERS. THIS BANK DEALS IN Exchange, Government Bonds, Vouchers, Gold, Coin.

BULLION AND GOLD DUST. And sells drafts and makes collections on all parts of Europe.

TICKETS FOR SALE TO ALL PARTS OF EUROPE on the first Monday of each month. Steamship Lines, and the Hamburg-American Steamship Company.

U.S. DEPOSITORY The First National Bank OF OMAHA, Cor. of Farnham and 13th Streets.

THE OLDEST BANKING ESTABLISHMENT IN NEBRASKA. (Successors to Knapp Brothers.) ESTABLISHED IN 1858.

Organized as a National Bank, August 26, 1863. Capital and Profits over - \$250,000.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS: E. CROUGHTON, President. A. KOUNTZE, Cashier. H. W. YATES, Vice Pres't. A. J. POPPLETON, Attorney.

The Beatrice Hydraulic, Cement, PIPE COMPANY, MANUFACTURER.

WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT they are now ready to furnish HYDRATIC CEMENT of the very best quality, and in any quantity, either at the factory, which is located at Beatrice, Mo., or at the Pipe Works in Omaha. They also are prepared to furnish all kinds of BEST PIPE FOR SEWERAGE, DRAINAGE, ETC.

400,000 ACRES! OF THE FINEST! ELKHORN VALLEY LANDS!

FOR SALE BY B. M. CLARK, Wisner, - - Neb.

THESE LANDS ARE CONVENIENT TO the market and the FINEST IN THE STATE!

And will be sold at from \$2.50 TO \$5.00 PER ACRE! For Cash or on Long Time.

LAND EXPLORING TICKETS for sale at O. & N. W. Depot, bearing coupons which will be taken at full cost in payment for land.

DEWEY & STONE, Furniture Dealers. Nos. 187, 189 and 191 Farnham Street. OMAHA, NEBRASKA. MILTON ROGERS.



Wholesale Stoves. TINWARE and TINNERS' STOCK.

STEWART'S COOKING and HEATING STOVES, THE "FEARLESS" COOKING STOVES, CELEBRATED CHARTER OAK COOKING STOVES.

All of Which Will be Sold at Manufacturers' Prices, With Freight added. Send for Price Lists.

J. A. THORUP, NEBRASKA SHIRT MANUFACTORY. 159 FARNHAM ST., OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

SHIRTS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, &c., &c. Shirts of all kinds made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Fort Calhoun Mills. FLOUR, FEED & MEAL. Manufactured with Great Care from the Best Grain.

General Depot, Cor. 14th & Dodge Sts., OMAHA. ELAN CLARK.

W. B. RICHARDSON, OMAHA NEBRASKA. PITCH, FELT AND GRAVEL ROOFER.

Roofing, Pitch, Coal, Tar, Etc., Etc. Organized as a National Bank, August 26, 1863. Capital and Profits over - \$250,000.

WHOLESALE CANDIES. I am now manufacturing all varieties of candies and will sell at EASTERN PRICES.

Dealers in this State need not to go East for CANDIES. A trial is solicited. HENRY LATEY, Douglas St Cor 12th. Omaha.

SINGER. SINGER. The King of the SEWING MACHINE WORLD is pre-eminently a Gold Reign in the Realm of Finance.

SALES FOR 1873: In Round Numbers 232,444 Machines!

THE SINGER MAN'G CO. W. N. NASON, Agent. NO. 212 DOUGLAS STREET, OMAHA.

C. L. A. ELATTE, MERCHANT TAILOR, 288 Dodge Street, 2d Door East of 16th Street.

R. & J. WILBUR, Books and Stationery, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, Fourteenth Street - Omaha, Neb.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR ALL S HOUL BOOKS C. F. GOODMAN, Wholesale Druggist, Omaha, Nebraska.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL. Established 1858. A. J. SIMPSON'S CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

CHEAP, DURABLE, ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCE. For Yards, Lawns, Cemeteries Church Grounds and Public Parks.

IRON PICKET. Shop and Office: 11th St. bet. Farnham and Harney.

ARTHUR BUCKBEE, CARPENTER, BUILDER. AND DEALER IN.

MAX MEYER & BROTHER, OMAHA, NEBRASKA. COUPONERS.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES. On the Line of the Union Pacific Railroad.

A Land Grant of 12,000,000 Acres of the best FARMING and MINERAL Lands of America. 1,000,000 ACRES IN NEBRASKA IN THE GREAT PLATTE VALLEY.

Advertisement for Knabe Pianos and Music, featuring an illustration of a piano and the text 'MAX MEYER & BROTHER, OMAHA, NEBRASKA'.

Advertisement for the Union Pacific Railroad, offering land grants and homesteads. Text includes 'CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES' and 'On the Line of the Union Pacific Railroad'.

Advertisement for A. B. Huberman & Co., Practical Manufacturer of Watches and Clocks. Text includes 'WATCHES & CLOCKS. JEWELRY AND PLATED-WARE'.

Advertisement for S. C. Abbott & Co., Booksellers and Stationers. Text includes 'S. C. ABBOTT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers'.

Advertisement for Geo. A. Hoagland, Wholesale Lumber. Text includes 'GEO. A. HOAGLAND, Wholesale Lumber'.

Advertisement for W. M. Foster, Wholesale Lumber. Text includes 'W. M. FOSTER, Wholesale Lumber'.

Advertisement for N. I. D. Solomon, Wholesale Paints. Text includes 'N. I. D. SOLOMON, Wholesale Paints'.

Advertisement for Arthur Buckbee, Carpenter and Builder. Text includes 'ARTHUR BUCKBEE, CARPENTER, BUILDER'.