

VOL. III.

THE DAILY BEE.

EDWARD ROSEWATER, Editor and Prop'r. Office—No. 128 Farnham street. Sixth and Tenth.

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LAUNDRY. A new laundry opened at 511 11th st.

SHAY AUTOB. Premium soap works, Powell & Co., 511 Farnham st.

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CABLEGRAMS.

LONDON, May 10. The Duchess of Edinburgh is en route.

HAVANA, May 11. The Chinese Commissioner, Chin San Pin, sailed for New Orleans on Friday.

PARIS, May 10. Late severe frosts have done considerable damage to vines throughout the country.

LONDON, May 11. Mr. William Patrick Adams, will succeed Sir Robert Peel, as the Liberal whip.

LONDON, May 10. The Times' special from Madrid says: Marshal Serrano has declared that he will not be able to solve the political crisis before the expiration of eight days.

BOYONNE, May 10. Don Carlos has issued a proclamation, in which he announces his intention to make a determined resistance in the province of Biscay.

MADRID, May 11. The question of the reorganization of the Government is the all-absorbing topic here at present.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 11. Vallejo, the last of the Tepic insurgent chiefs, has been killed.

UNITED STATES MINISTER FOSTER, Mrs. Foster and Secretary Bliss recently ascended the volcano of Popocatepetl.

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VERY LATEST.

MIDNIGHT. Congressional. SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 11. It was agreed to meet hereafter at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Mr. Conkling presented a petition of the workmen's convention for a sine die adjournment of congress.

A number of House bills and resolutions were reported from committees, and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Morrill (Vt.) introduced a resolution directing the committee on public buildings to ascertain if the material in the present unfinished Washington monument would be sufficient for the erection of an arch to be called the Washington Arch.

Mr. Ramsey presented a petition from the Northern Pacific R. R. Co., asking a modification of its charter, accompanied by a bill for that purpose.

The Senate went to the calendar and passed a number of bills.

At the expiration of the morning hour, the Geneva award bill was resumed, the question being an motion of Mr. Thurman to strike out the clause including insurance companies for filing claims for losses.

Mr. Thurman spoke in advocacy of the motion, but he thought claims should be allowed, but they should be permitted to file them.

Mr. Bayard took the same view of it.

After further discussion it was agreed to take a vote on the bill at 3 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE. Mr. Crouse moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill declaring it subject to local, state or territorial taxation, save of Pacific railway companies from the time they become entitled to them.

Mr. Garfield, at half-past two o'clock, moved to adjourn.

The speaker intimated he would have recognized Garfield if he knew he had intended to move an amendment, as he had told Mr. Garfield he had promised to recognize Mr. Orr who wanted a bill passed.

Mr. Garfield reported the impugnation of the fact and withdrew the motion, when Mr. Potter (N. Y.) criticized the speaker's language to Mr. Garfield, and a sharp colloquy took place between the speaker and Mr. Potter, the former intimating Mr. Potter had rushed into a matter not concerning him, and the latter defending his right to criticize the speaker when he had members they had no right to move an adjournment.

Mr. Orr then got his bill passed.

Mr. Ames offered resolutions authorizing the President to appoint a provisional governor of Arkansas, to hold office until the present disputes there are legally settled.

The House then adjourned.

Money loaned on diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, pistols, and merchandise in general, at Ph. Gottheimer's, 206 Farnham st.

RAILROAD TICKETS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

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Southern Hotel. St. Louis, - Mo. Laveille, Warner & Co., Proprietors.

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THE BEST BARGAINS ALWAYS AT BUSHMAN'S.

NEW, STRICTLY ONE-PRICE DRY GOODS HOUSE. One Door East of the S. E. Cor. 15th & Douglas.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET. CHICAGO, May 11.

Cattle—Receipts, 8,300. Market quiet; fair to choice, 5 25 to 6 00; extra, 6 00 to 6 25; stockers, 3 50 to 4 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000. Market active and steady, common, 4 75 to 5 15; medium, 5 20 to 5 50; good to choice, 5 50 to 6 00.

Sheep—Receipts, 700. Market quiet and easy; closed dull; common to choice, 4 00 to 4 50; fine to choice, 5 00 to 5 50.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK. ST. LOUIS, May 11.

Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; firm, active; bacon 4 40 to 4 85.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,000; quiet and unchanged; good to prime steers 4 25 to 4 75; choice to extra 5 25 to 6 00.

Sheep—Receipts, 300; shade cash; good clipped, 2 50; unshorn 2 25; ordinary to choice 1 00 to 1 50.

EDWARD KUEHL, MASTER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY.

THE ARKANSAS REBELLION.

Compromise Proposal. Brooks Accepts and Baxter Rejects.

WASHINGTON, May 9. Both Arkansas factions have mutually agreed to compromise the difficulty, and request the attorney general to act as umpire, as he did in the case of the attorney general Williams having consented, the friends of both governors assembled at the department of justice at two o'clock p. m., and continued to the discussion of the compromise, without affecting a compromise, they adjourned to await a reply to telegrams sent to Gov. Baxter by Judge Withers.

During the conference the attorney general sent a note to the president, informing him that representatives of both parties were at his office trying to effect a compromise and with prospects of success. The president replied, expressing his earnest desire that a compromise should be effected, and leaving it to the discretion of the attorney general to approve it in behalf of the government.

About ten o'clock p. m. the parties to the conference assembled at the residence of Attorney General Williams.

The following basis of compromise has been agreed upon by Baxter and Brooks. If accepted by the President it will be referred to the President by the temporary Governor.

If rejected, the President will decide the case himself. It is agreed that on May 10th, 1874, at Washington, D. C., the respective agents and attorneys of Joseph Brooks and Elijah Baxter, claimants for the office of Governor of Arkansas, that on account of the difficulty between the parties and the division of sentiments among the people of said State, that the legislature of the State shall be called by said Brooks and Baxter, to meet in extra session on the fourth day of May, 1874, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the usual time of meeting at the State House, each to put a separate call in writing for that purpose, and the legislature so called shall be permitted to meet without molestation or hindrance by either of said parties or their adherents, that they shall receive and entertain the communication of Mr. Brooks setting forth special grounds for his claim to the office of Governor, as well as his reasons for declining to resign therefrom; that they shall investigate the facts and allegations so set forth by Brooks, and such investigation shall be conducted in a manner prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State, giving both parties a full and fair hearing upon such competent testimony as either party may desire to produce; that the legislature shall determine in the manner provided by law, which of the contestants received at the November election, of 1872, a majority of the legal votes, and declare the result, and the parties shall abide by that action. Brooks and Baxter shall each relieve from duty, and send home all their troops, retaining only a sufficient number to guard, at Little Rock, not exceeding one company. All warlike demonstrations are to forthwith cease, and both parties are to abstain from peace, and refrain from any interference with each other, or their adherents, until the contest is finally decided by the legal votes, and the National Government has taken action thereon; that until the determination by the General Assembly, as to who was legally elected to the office, the contest to be made before that body by Joseph Brooks, the question as to which of the contestants has the legal right to exercise the functions of the office of Governor, will, at his discretion be determined by the President on the application heretofore made to him by the respective contestants; that the Legislature shall receive from each claimant to office such communication as either may send to it until the contest for office is finally decided by the General Assembly. I submit a foreign plan for the adjustment of the difficulties in Arkansas to the respective claimants to the office of Governor. If having been agreed to by their friends and attorneys, here to approval. I have to say that the President earnestly desires its adoption by both parties.

GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, Attorney General.

WASHINGTON, May 10. The following reply to the plan of compromise proposed last night by Attorney General Williams has been received here to-night, and will to-morrow morning be submitted to the President for his action thereon. Notwithstanding Attorney General Baxter declines to accept the plan proposed, Attorney General Williams feels almost sure that he will be able to effect a peaceful settlement to-morrow.

LITTLE ROCK, May 9. To Hon. G. H. Williams, Attorney General.

SIR: Yours of this date submitting a proposition for a settlement of the trouble in Arkansas has been received and fully considered. Asimply one in all respects, except as far as relates to a joint call of the legislature, was submitted by me some two weeks ago and rejected by Brooks.

I cannot consent to anything that will in whole or in part recognize Brooks as Governor. Either I am Governor or I am not Governor. The Legislature has been called together on the 11th of this month. The members are rapidly assembling, with nearly a quorum present now, who believe that they will receive the protection of the General Government in their meeting and deliberations. I could not lawfully disperse them, if I would, nor have I any means of compelling the Legislature, that might be convened under joint call, to conform to the terms proposed. The Legislature might as well act under my call, because it might not return two weeks hence, and meantime we are in confusion and no recognized Government and the State in a war. To dispose of all this, I have called the Legislature for the 11th inst., under a joint call, that it would be protected by the General Government. I now renew my appeal to the President to protect the Legislature now called. If the Legislature meets now, the question may be submitted to it fairly, and I will abide by its decision fully. I am, therefore, constrained to decline the terms proposed.

ELIJAH BAXTER, Governor of Arkansas.

TELEGRAPHIC.

4 O'CLOCK P. M. WASHINGTON, May 11.

In the House under the call of States, bills and joint resolutions for reference only, the following were introduced and referred by Mr. Hallard of Vermont:

A bill to further amend an act passed June 14, 1872, by Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, to provide for the banking and to prevent financial panics.

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Morrison, of Illinois, a joint resolution to fix the term of the President's office at six years, and to make the President ineligible until after the succeeding term of two years.

By Mr. Beck (Ky), a bill to authorize the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to compromise cases where there is proof that no fraud was intended.

Rollins (N. C.) offered a resolution to provide for the election of Supervisors of Internal Revenue by the people. Referred to ways and means committee.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 11. About 9 o'clock several colored men, said to have been among those who captured the steamer Hallie, standing on a line of Main and Market streets, near the Metropolitan Hotel, were fired upon by Baxter's men on the opposite corner.

The shots being returned, firing became general among the partisans of both sides, and about forty shots were exchanged.

One colored man was killed, and others wounded.

Colonel Ross ordered out the United States troops in the City Hall, and formed them across the street in a line, using boxes and cord wood as a barricade, which position they now hold.

WASHINGTON, May 11. The President and Attorney-General Williams, had a long consultation this morning on the Arkansas question. As the result, the following dispatch was sent:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 11th, 4:57. Hon. Jos. Brooks, Little Rock, Arkansas.

I have suggested to Mr. Baxter that the members of the General Assembly, now in session at Little Rock, adjourn for a reasonable length of time, say ten days, to give you an opportunity to call in those members who may not yet respond to his call, so that there may be a full Legislature.

The United States will give all necessary protection to the legislature in meeting and transacting business as usual at the State House, and prevent all violence and disturbances of the public peace. I request that the military of both parties be at once disbanded, which is the first step towards a peaceful settlement. Answer. U. S. GRANT.

WASHINGTON, May 11. The President and Attorney-General Williams, had a long consultation this morning, editorially says, there has been a running fire for a long time all along the line of the Pacific railroad, discharged from blinded adherents to be left in private hands, and it is generally conceded that a congressman who has made a study of this question, that the Government should build one of these canals the result would be that private co-operations would make a common case against it, and the Government would be placed in the position of forcing a monopoly to destroy private enterprise. The friends of the various canal routes express themselves as sanguine of success at the next session of Congress.

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