ADMIRAL DEWEY.

FAMOUS HUNTER.

ALVAH DUNNING CLOSING A CHARMED CAREER.

One of the Most Noted Characters of the Great Northern New York Wilderness Has Ducled with 103 P. ntaers -A Remarkable Man.

Alvah Dunning, the most famous of the North Woods guides, also the oldest at present engaged in the business, has been spending several days in Rome, N. Y., visiting friends and relatives whom he had not seen in many years. Famous men have followed Mr. Dunning through the forests and streams of the great northern New York wilderness, and have partaken of his hospitality and slept in his cabin at Racquette Lake, where this old man has been domiciled for sixty-three years. The snows of eighty-three winters have fallen upon him, and he is still as hardy as the oak, and he lives a simple and lonely life.

Around him on the lake shores are the luxurious cottages of the rich, who come to the woods from the city in



ALVAH DUNNING.

summer and bring their fashions with them. Though he mingles with these people, Uncle Alvah is uncontaminated by the habits of civilization.

Alvah Dunning is the picture of health, carrying his years well, and his eyes have a merry twinkle, their vision still being too good for the use of glasses. When but ten years old he went into the woods with a party of four hunters to carry birds for them. and ever since that time his life has been mostly spent in hunting and trapping, and for the past seventy years he has acted as guide. The last person of prominence he guided through the woods was former Gov. Black, while the latter was on his fishing trip last summer.

Dunning is personally acquainted with all the noted guides, and has trapped and hunted with Guides Wood, Dunakin, Stormer and Shepard. In eight years he killed 102 panthers; but now they are extinct, he having killed the last one seen in the woods at Lake Emmonds, near Blue Mountain Lake, about eight years ago. There were three "kittens" in a tree, and he and the party he was guiding brought them down in one, two, three order. They were about eight months old, and weighed about forty-five pounds each. The day after killing the young ones Mr. Dunning found and killed the mother panther, and this is said to have been the last one.

When the rich old villain in the tank play laid his gold at the foot of the young girl, she wavered for a moment, partly, of course, because the stage directions told her to waver, and partly, too, because she was more or less anxious to marry well. But even in that supreme moment her rare presence of mind did not desert her. "Where did you get it?" she asked, with a mocking laugh, recalling that salaries had not been paid in six weeks. "Curse you!" hissed the hoary-headed miscreant, staggering. She thought, now, of Gondalfo: brave, strong Gondalfo, who, when she was shipwrecked, had lashed her to a spar and held an umbrella over her to keep her silk skirt from spotting! She would give Gondalfo her hand, and he would lead her to the footlights, and they would sing an Irish ballad together!-Detroit Journal.

Lincoln's Brother-in-Law.

Maj. Clement B. White, of Selma, Ala., the only surviving brother-in-law of Abraham Lincoln, was an officer of the Alabama state guard at the outbreak of the war, and under orders of with his command in the capture of Fort Mergan, Mobile bay, before Alabama had formally seceded from the Union. When it was reported to President Lincoln that his brother-in-law had performed this daring exploit against the national authority, on being asked what he would do about it, replied: "Well, I suppose I shall have to hang White-when we catch him." Maj. White later performed many distinguished military and civil services for the Confederacy.-New York Trib-

Gracefully Submitted. New York Tribune: M. Ernest Lesouve the senior member of the French Academy, has just received by vote of the Jean Reynaud Foundation. He wished himself to give it to the author of "Cyrano de Bergerac," but submitted with a good grace to the choice based on his works concerning education and family life.

HER VALENTINE. The Lady of France in Olden Times

Chose Him for One Year. Chicago Times-Herald: For many years it was the habit of the gay pleasure-seekers of France, men and women, to enroll themselves in companies composed of valentines. Every 14th of February they would assemble in the center of the town. Here, two by two (a lady and gentleman riding together), they would make the circuit of the neighborhood on horseback. The procession would generally be led by Cupid, Mercy, Loyalty and Chastity, attended by trumpeters, banner-bearers and a crowd of persons, young and old. Usually the procession would return to the town hall, where, in a rather sacrilegious fashion, the 'Valentines worshiped Love in a mass. Then each pair kissed and went their separate ways, for each was now to choose a new valentine. The names of all the gentlemen present, written on slips of parchment, were now drawn by the ladies from a casket. Thus each lady received a new mate for the coming year. Each gentleman was bound by laws, which were read aloud to the whole company, to be faithful to the lady who had chosen him for a twelvemonth, He was to supply her with flowers, to make her stated presents, to act as her escort whenever she wished, to compose songs in her honor, to fight in her honor, to resent every insult offered her. If in any respect he failed he was to be driven from the society of the other Valentines. The code prescribed the manner of his excommunication, the final token of

STILL SACRIFICING BUFFALOES How the Todas of India Are Dodging a Government Ban.

which was the burning of a bundle of

straw on his doorsill.

The Toda: who live in the vicinity of Ootacamund have one great ambition, and that is-the slaughter of buffaloes. Th's slaughter, which is don't annually, says the Indian Daily News, is intended for the benefit of the souls of departed ancestors. Formerly each dead Toda required a couple of buffaloes to be sacrificed for the benefit of his soul, but the government has stopped this wholesale slaughter, and naturally the Toda is dissatisfied. Of course, he opposed this order in a constitutional way, but the government declined to yield, and when last month the season of sacrifice arrived it took steps to see that the order was carried out. Now the order authorizes the slaughter of two buffaloes, not per man, but per each place of slaughter. Accordingly the Todas have increased the number of places of slaughter, so as to let the soul of every dead Tods have the customary sacrifice of two buffaloes. So even the best concocted plans of the government often miscarry. The order has not diminished the slaughter of buffaloes, but has merely increased the number of places of slaughter, and thus made what was bad enough already a good deal worse

TO TEACH WINE-DRINKING.

Mrs. Frona Eunice Wait, a beautiful and fashionable western woman, wants to become recognized as America's official wine expert. She has made a lifestudy of wines, and her self-appointed mission is to go among society people and endeavor to educate them to the correct and refined way of serving and drinking the juice of the grape. Mrs. Wait is much in earnest in her mission of wine-drinking teaching. She is recognized among her friends as being able to tell good wine from bad wine with an expertness that can be acquir-



MRS, FRONA EUNICE WAIT. ed only by one who has long mad? the subject one of study and observa-

tion.

Wears His Wife's Laureis. London Academy: A remarkable award was the prize given to M. Henri de Regnier, a poet, whose chief claim! the executive of the state took part to respectful attention lies in the fact that he has married a distinguished poet, the daughter of the impeccable sonneteer, M. de Heredia. The prize for the improvement of the water supmay be described as one of collateral merit. It was in reality given to his refused appropriations to the bureau wife, who has just published anonymously in the Revue des Deux Mondes a most beautifuul poem-'Rencontre that the citizens, as the only relief, avec Persephone.' Anonymous work cannot, even by an academy, be crowned, so M. de Regnier gallantly wears one or other of the corporations which his wife's laurels."

Van Dyck Tercentenary. In connection with the Van Dyck tercentenary, which is to be celebrated at Antwerp in August next, one million special postage stamps will be issued, which will bear a portrait of the his fellow-members the \$2,000 prize of great painter from a drawing by Gerard Postielje. In the program of the fetes, drawn up by the committee appointed for the purpose, is included an historical procession representing the development of art from the earliest known time to the days of Rubens.

this one city than died of wounds re-IN PHILADELPHIA. ceived during the war with Spain. Only 1,775 more people died of dis-More Deaths Than in War-Water Apeases during the Spanish war than propriations Withheld in the Hope have been attacked with typhoid fe-That City May Sell the Works-Bad ver in this one city during the past ten weeks. The hospitals are overcrowded with typhoid fever cases. Nine out of the 37 hospitals have 337 Three hundred and seventy-one percases. A big ward in the almshouse is sons have died in Philadelphia of tygiven over to sufferers from typhoid. phoid fever since Jan. 1, 1899. The The history of the struggle between shadow of murder hangs over their the grabbers and the people is one of deaths, which can be laid to corporate heinous greed on the one side and of greed and political corruption, says a almost hopeless courage on the other. dispatch from that city. These ene-In courts and councils alike have the mies of civilization and of American interests of the people been betrayed. institutions have poisoned Philade!-Said Mayor Warwick, who has always phia's water supply. Heretofore it fought for pure water: "Those memwas supposed that only savages poisbers of the council who unreasonably oned an enemy's wells. Philadelphia's opposed the loan bill, the schemers fight against her two enemies is for who are interested in what was called life; for the lives of the young and a water scheme, as well as those men of those who would easily succumb to who have persistently hung it up in disease. So Philadelphia sympatheticthe courts by a bill in equity, are the ally watches New York's struggle for men responsible for the present condiclean streets and for a fine, wide thortion of affairs, and there is where the oughfare that corporations and poliresponsibility should rest, and there ticians would convert into death's is where the condemnation of the peocrossing. Here are the new, the real ple should be placed." facts concerning this epidemic of typhoid, which is the greatest crime be-Twelve Thousand Letters a Minute. cause the commonest honesty would Uncle Sam has the greatest postoffice have prevented its occurrence: It was in the world. Every minute, day and not wholly because of factional polinight, during the entire year, 12,000 tics or to prevent the present adminletters and packages are dropped into istration from spending money that the mails. The average American the ordinance appropriating \$3,700,000 sends more pieces of mail and receives ply was held up or that the council more than the average inhabitant of

In the uniform of his new naval rank.

DEATH IN POLITICS. sons have died in Philadelphia since

AWFUL MORTALITY RECORD

of water in the hope that the water

supply would become so contaminated

would demand the sale or lease of the

water works, which the city owns, to

have been moving heaven and earth

to grab them. That hope has been

partly realized. Some of the results

are: Three hundred and seventy-one

persons have died of typhoid fever

since Jan. 1, 1899, and the most cou-

servative physicians declare that 25

per cent of the deaths were due to

the pollution of the water supply.

Such a death rate from typhold was

unknown in this city or in any other

that pretends to care for her people's

health. Since Jan. 1, 1899, 3,522 cases

of typhoid have been reported to the

board of health. Forty-two more per-

State of Affairs.

Jan. 1 than were killed in action dur-

ing the entire war with Spain. Two

hundred and forty-six more died in

kinds mailed in this country was about 17,000,000 for every day in the Paenmatic Tires on Cabs. The tires on the New York electric cabs are quite formidable affairs. They are nearly three-quarters of an inch thick and are five inches in diameter. They are tested up to a pressure exceeding that used in an ordinary locomotive boiler. In practice sixty pounds to the square inch "floats," as it is termed, the cab. The tire of each wheel costs thirty dollars.

any other country on earth. In 1897

the number of pieces of matter of all

A Country of Poets. Chile is said to have more poets, in proportion to population, than any country in the world.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONS.

Some Notes of Fashious - How the Spring Woman Will Look-A Black and White Tollet-To Ease the Feet -Cooking School.

Ere the Day.

We wakened at the dawning, but we never saw the day; And we spoke our little prologue, but we never reached the play. Oh! Our love was sweet and certain till gray sorrow dropped the curtain, we wakened at the dawning, but we

never saw the day.

There were buds within our garden, but they never came to flower; There were birds among our bushes, but they only sang an hour.

And we laughed to see the swallow, but the summer did not follow; There were buds within our garden, but they never came to flower.

Tis a garment white and silken, 'tis a white and misty veil, Tis a pair of little slippers-O dear love! -so white and frail.

Is the manhood in me dying that I'm sitting here and crying

a garment and a slipper and a never-opened veil? Dear, the world is empty-empty as the gemiess golden band.
The token I had fingered and that never found your hand.

They've been telling me the story of an everlasting glory, But you were the only preacher I could ever understand.

Ah, we wakened at the dawning, but we never saw the day; never saw the day;
And we spoke our little prologue, but we never reached the play.
But our love was sweet and certain till gray sorrow dropped the curtain.
Hark! a single bell is calling * * * and this should have been the day.

—Chambers' Journal.

To Ease the Pect.

If you are troubled with sore corns do not fan to try the following treatment: Soak the feet well at night in hot water, in which has been dissolved a few crystals of permanganate of potash. Then dry carefully, especially between the toes, and dust the skin in these parts freely with a mixture of tannic acid and boracic acid. Next morning wash carefully with pure soft soap and cold water, thoroughly dry, and powder with boracle acid.

A piece of lemon or a split raisin bound on a hard corn will very often cure it. The first application may produce soreness, but if treatment is persisted in a reasonable length of time a cure will likely be effected. If not, try the following preparation: Thirty grains of sallcylic acid and five grains of Indian hemp; to be dissolved

in half an ounce of collection. For tired and tender feet nothing is better than to bathe the feet and legs from five to eight minutes in hot water in which has been dissolved a handful of good sea salt. Rub briskly with a coarse towel and apply slices of lemon to the soles of the feet.

A sure cure for broken chilblains is the following: Take a quarter of a pint of oil of sweet almonds, one ounce of Venice turpentine, three ounces of lanoline and one ounce of beeswax cut into shreds; melt all together in a whiteware pot, and then put aside to cool, stirring occasionally to prevent the preparation from becoming too hard. Spread this ointment on lint, and keep the chilblains covered with it at night, and as much of the day as is practicable.

Black and White Tollet.

If diaphanous materials were fashionable last season, they are raging



this year, for already the leaders of New York fashions have begun to wear their tollets of grenadine, crash and net made over silk; and to be in the fashion in New York city means that you are up to date with the modes of Paris every time. Of all the thin, silky fabrics net

seems to be the most desirable. There is something even about the little notches scattered through it that makes a toilet of net dressy. With a

FOR WOMEN AND HOME. | few trimmings or ornaments it is really smart.

There is a gown of black silk net made over a foundation of white taffeta. The skirt is trimmed round the foot with narrow bands of black satin ribbon and down the side with white lace insertion, through which black ribbon is run. It fits tightly over the hips with no fullness at the back.

The waist has a full front with a vest of black satin. On either side of the vest there is a row of the ribbon and insertion trimming and the whole is confined under a crushed belt of net banded with ribbon.

The collar is high, trimmed with a daring ruffle of black chiffon. The sleeves are small, with a few gathers at the shoulders, and the hat is of black velve; trimmed with white silk and black estrich plumes.-Helen Grey-Page.

How She Will Look.



For Spring Mornings.

THE KITCHEN.

Cabbage and Nut Salad .- Shred with a slow cutter enough white cabbage to make three cupfuls, then chop it fine and you will find it enough nicer to pay for the extra trouble of shredding it first. Then mix it with a coffeecupful of chopped hickory nut meats and a small teaspoonful of salt. Turn . into a bowl, garnished with lettuce leaves. Place a large lettuce leaf on each salad plate, and at the table put a heaping tablespoonful of the mixed salad on each leaf and cap with a teaspoonful of mayonnaise dressing. To be served very cold.

Nut Salad-Chop two cupfuls of English wainuts moderately fine and add an equal quantity of celery; cut fine with a sharp knife; serve on lettuce leaves with a few whole nut meats strewn over and pour over the whole one cupful of mayonnaise dressing into which two-thirds cupful of whipped cream which has been previously stir-

Apple and Butternut Salad-Pare and cut into dice sufficient sour apples to make two cupfuls; add two cupfuls of blanched butternut meats and pour over a mayonnaise dressing. Arrange three crisp lettuce leaves clover leaf fashion on individual salad plates and place on them a saladspoonful of the

English Walnut and Celery Salad .-Shell enough nuts to make two cups of meats and boil them in salted water with a slice of onion, half a dozen peppercorns and a blade of mace for ten minutes; then turn them into a dish of cold water and remove the skins. Cut crisp celery into small pieces; for the stated amount of meats have three cups of celery. Wipe the nuts with a soft cloth and mix them with the celery and a mayonnaise dressing. Serve each portion upon delicate lettuce leaves. This is a delicious salad,

Puff Paste -To every pound of flour allow six ounces of butter, four ounces lard, not quite half a pint of water: mix the flour to a smooth paste, then roll it out three times, the first time covering the paste with butter, the second time with dard, and the third with butter; keep the rolling pin and paste slightly dredged with flour to prezent them from a cking and it will be ready for use One pound flour, one-half pound of butter (dripping or lard may be used), a pinch of salt, and one tablespoonful of baking powder; mix well the baking powder and salt with the flour and rub in half the butter, adding as much milk or water as required; spread the remainder of the butter in small lumps over the paste, and roll it twice.

Bath Buns-Take a pound of Vienna flour, warm it, pass it through a sieve, then rub into it an ounce of butter. Mix an ounce of yeast with a gill of warm milk, pour into the center of the flour, add two well beaten eggs, and mix all into a dough. When thoroughly kneaded, cover with a cloth and stand in a warm place to rise for an hour and a half. Now knead in three ounces of castor sugar, and form the dough into buns. Place on burtered tins, and scatter a little crushed sugar on the top. Bake in a quick oven for twenty minutes.

The beginning of a letter is infinitely harder to write than its ending.