

PANHANDLE, TEXAS,

The lands we are going to call your attention to are in the northwest part of Texas. Take the map of Texas and you can readily see that we are trying to locate you about 650 miles from Kansas City and 500 miles from Galveston the nearest seaboard harbor of any importance, where freight rates by water to England are practically the same as from New York. To transport a bushel of wheat from Hastings, Neb., to New York by rail will cost you 46c per 100 lbs or 28.9 per bu. From the Panhandle to Galveston the rate is 9c per bu. of a saving of 19.9c per bu. Can you figure the advantage that the farmer in the Panhandle has over you? To show you the great advantage the Panhandle has over you, we want to quote a few figures on the sowing and yield of wheat at the experiment station, a short distance from where we offer you these great bargains in land.

Yield of Wheat for 1906—Masko Wheat

Sowing 3 pecks to the acre yields	29.65 bushels, test 62 pounds
" 4 " " " " "	24.65 " " 61 "
" 5 " " " " "	24.50 " " 60.5 "

Durum Wheat

Sowing 3 pecks to the acre yields	23.40 bushels, test 62.50 pounds
" 4 " " " " " "	22.25 " " 61 "
" 5 " " " " " "	19.29 " " 62.50 "

Now you have the figures before you for consideration. It will take you but a few minutes to compute the difference that the Panhandle farmer gets more for his grain than you do.

If the experiment station can reach such results in farming and doing it right, you can do the same thing, or can raise 5 bu. less and beat anything you can in this part of the country.

With an average of 24 inches of rainfall for the last twelve years, nothing stands in the road of farmers becoming independent in a short time and fixing himself so he can live at ease.

Is it hot in the Panhandle, is asked by people who are not familiar with conditions in that country. We will say that the average in the hottest months in the year, for twelve years is as follows: June, 72; July, 75; August, 72, and September, 68. This government report was by the U. S. weather observer (Phos. J. Consoadim), at Amarillo, Texas, right in the center of the Panhandle.

Water is procured in sand and gravel and is of the very purest quality and has proven very beneficial for the general health of mankind.

We are making these trips to the Panhandle every

First and Third Tuesdays

in each month, and would be pleased to see you and talk it over with you, as we cannot tell you all in a short ad like this.

Red Cloud Investment Co.

I. H. HOLMES, President.

D. J. MYERS, Vice-President.

A. B. SELLERS, Secretary and Treasurer

BANNERMAN RESIGNS

KING ACCEPTS RESIGNATION OF BRITISH PREMIER.

Sir Henry's Condition Remains Unchanged—His Probable Successor is Chancellor of Exchequer, Who Has Been Acting Prime Minister.

London, April 6.—It was officially announced that the king has accepted the resignation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the British prime minister. Sir Henry's condition remains unchanged, according to the physicians' bulletin. The king, in telegraphing his acceptance of the premier's resignation, conveyed an expression of his regret and esteem, with the best wishes for Sir Henry's recovery.

No further official announcement with regard to cabinet changes has been made, but the king has summoned Herbert H. Asquith, chancellor



CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN.

of the exchequer, and the latter will start for Biarritz, where the king is sojourning, this afternoon. The chancellor, who has been acting premier in place of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, called a meeting of the cabinet to submit the premier's resignation and discuss the course of business.

Without Premier or Ministry.

Great Britain is in a peculiar po-

sition, being without either premier or ministry. According to the court circular, Sir Henry resigned on the urgent solicitation of his medical advisers. As the constitution provides no automatic successor, it falls on the king to choose a new head of government, and in accordance with custom and precedent the whole cabinet resigns with the premier.

The position of the country is unprecedented, there being no previous example of a change occurring in the premiership while the sovereign was abroad. On this account the course of the procedure to be followed is in some doubt.

The resignation of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the first Liberal prime minister of England since Lord Rosebery gave up office in 1895, has its dramatic phase, for as he passes from the stage, the mixed forces which he held together as a party appear also to be approaching the end of political power. The Bannerman government, it should be stated, combined too many factions and too many fads; all the elements of opposition to conservatism and of discontent united to make common cause against the old government, and when joined together in an administration a working team of Home Rulers, Laborites, Socialists, Liberal Imperialists and Little Englanders was found well nigh impossible. But it speaks much for Bannerman's leadership that the disintegration of his party has gone on so much more swiftly since the attack of heart trouble, last fall in Bristol, where he had gone to make a political speech, which removed him from the possibility of active leadership.

Bryan Will Not Attend.

Des Moines, April 4.—William Jennings Bryan will not be present in New York to attend either of the Jefferson day banquets, to be held there on the night of April 13. Mr. Bryan telegraphed President Fox of the New York Democratic club that he could not be present. This puts an end to the controversy between the two factions, both of which claimed Mr. Bryan as the speaker on that date.

Morasch Jury Unable to Agree.

Kansas City, April 6.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Sarah Morasch, charged with the murder of four-year-old Ruth Miller, who died from the effects of eating poisoned candy, announced that it was unable to agree upon a verdict and was discharged. It is understood that the jury stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal.

"Aren't you ashamed to beg?"

"Sometimes, mum. When I find how stingy people are I fairly blushes for them."

HARRIMAN'S ANSWER

MAKES GENERAL DENIAL OF ALLEGATIONS OF GOVERNMENT

Denies That Acquisition of Stock of Various Lines and Systems Was to Kill Competition or Monopolize Trade and Commerce.

Salt Lake, April 7.—Answers of the defendants in the suit of the United States against the Union Pacific, H. Harriman et al., for dissolution of the so-called Harriman system were filed in the federal court here. The answers make general denials of allegations of consolidation for the purpose of restraint of competition and monopolizing trade and commerce.

Mr. Harriman, in his answer, denied that he, with Jacob Schiff, Otto H. Kahn, James Stillman or others, have owned or controlled a majority of the stock of the Union Pacific. He admits that he is president and the other men were directors. Schiff and Kahn resigned in 1906 and Stillman in 1908. He admits that Schiff and Kahn were members of the firm of Kahn, Loeb & Co., and that this firm bought stocks and bonds of the Union Pacific and



E. H. HARRIMAN.

Oregon Short Line, but it is denied that the company was a "fiscal agent" of the Union Pacific. He denies that he and the other defendants conspired to restrain trade among the several states and foreign countries or to restrain competition among defendant steamship and railroad lines, or to deprive the public of advantages of trade and commerce through independent competition, if any there was, or to effect a consolidation with the idea of monopolizing or restraining trade and commerce; admitting, however, that the Union Pacific acquired a majority of the capital stock of the various lines and systems.

He denies in each instance that the acquisition of stock was to kill competition or monopolize trade or commerce. Admitting that the directors of several of the defendants are identical, he denies that the Union Pacific has control in management or operation of the affiliated lines. He avers that in the transcontinental lines of railroad reaching the Pacific coast south of Portland the Union Pacific is but a link about one thousand miles in length—an intermediate carrier without any power to make rates upon such traffic; that the Southern Pacific owns and controls lines between Ogden and the coast with no power to make rates on business east of Ogden; that no rates could be made from the Missouri river to the coast without the joint consent of the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific; that while the Union Pacific and its constituent companies separately owned connecting lines operated as a single system from the Missouri river to Portland, Ore., and operated certain small steamships between Portland and San Francisco, yet such a route via Portland was not only impracticable as a competitor of the Southern Pacific, but any attempt to use it as such would have greatly injured the Union Pacific, because the Southern Pacific would thereupon have preferred the rivals of the Union Pacific in routing and interchange traffic at Ogden and the business in tonnage and revenue thus lost would have greatly exceeded the total volume of business received over such an impracticable route in competition with the Southern Pacific.

Latter Day Saints in Session.

Kansas City, April 7.—The annual report of the condition of the reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints was read at the world's conference, which is now in session at Independence, Mo. The church has 57,365 members, a net gain since last year's conference of 23,230. The largest gains have been made in Canada and the next largest in Missouri. Iowa has the greatest number of members, 8,982, and Missouri is second, with 8,650.

Stakes Funeral Cash; Loses.

Atlanta, Ga., April 7.—Alleging that he had been "matched" out of \$700 which had been entrusted to him to pay the hospital and funeral expenses of a friend, James Goodrich asked for the arrest of the two men whom he said had swindled him.

WORLD'S TITLE WON BY GOTCH

Defeats Hackenschmidt in Wrestling Match at Chicago.

Chicago, April 4.—George Hackenschmidt quit in his match with Frank Gotch for the catch-as-catch-can wrestling championship of the world, giving the title to the Iowa man by default.

After more than two hours of unavailing tugging and desperate scrambling, the Russian said to Gotch:

"I'll give you the match."

Referee Ed Smith at once declared Gotch the winner.

The end came so unexpectedly that the great crowd of 8,000 which witnessed the contest could scarcely comprehend what had happened. Not until the referee had announced that Hackenschmidt had surrendered the championship of the world to Frank Gotch did the full significance of the event strike home. Then the excited men swarmed into the ring, surging about Gotch until the police came to his rescue and drove the crowd back through the ropes. The match was in some respects sensational, but it served mainly to show that Gotch has a defensive system which no one can break down.

For an hour and forty-five minutes he eluded every attempt of the Russian Lion to fasten a grip on him. Gotch sidestepped, roughed his man's features with his knuckles, butted him under the chin and generally worried Hackenschmidt until the foreigner was totally at a loss how to proceed. But when, in the clinch that finally came, Gotch slammed his opponent to the mat and came within an ace of securing a firm toe hold, following this up by lifting Hackenschmidt clear of the mat and slamming him on his shoulders with terrific force, the European exponent was heart-broken. The lines slowly deepened on his face, the hoots and gibes of the crowd hurt his feelings and, after considering the matter for a few seconds, he decided that it was time to quit.

Few of the spectators but were willing to give Gotch the palm. The Iowa man was in the better condition, was quicker and trickier and showed a far better knowledge of the game.

KILLS ONE, WOUNDS THREE

Enraged Because Convicted, McDonald Uses Pistol in Court—Is Shot Down.

Terre Haute, Ind., April 3.—Found guilty of a charge of arson, Henry F. McDonald, in the circuit court room, shot and killed William A. Dwyer, seriously wounded three other officers and was himself seriously wounded. The shooting followed the announcement of the verdict of the jury before which McDonald had been tried on charges of dynamiting stores and churches in Sanford last year.

When the jury reported its verdict McDonald jumped to his feet and drew a revolver. He fired at Prosecuting Attorney James A. Cooper, Jr., but missed. Cooper dodged and McDonald directed his fire at the officers seated around the table.

Without an opportunity to defend himself, Detective Dwyer was shot down. Almost in an instant police officers and deputy sheriffs in the court room drew their revolvers and opened fire on McDonald. The convicted man fell with half a dozen bullets in his body.

Harvey V. Jones, superintendent of police, was shot in the side. Deputy Sheriff Ira Wellman sustained a wound in the chin. Sylvester Doyle, city court bailiff, was shot in the leg. Another shot struck a bystander.

Trainload of Oranges for Iowa.

San Francisco, April 6.—The first solid trainload of California oranges sent to Iowa for consumption entirely within the state left over the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific roads, forwarded by the California Fruit Growers' exchange, representing the growers of California. This follows a publicity campaign of sixty days by the exchange throughout the state of Iowa. The result is a single shipment of 1,200,000 oranges, providing one orange for every two persons in Iowa.

Fleet to Sail North Saturday.

San Diego, Cal., April 6.—The battleship fleet having completed target practice at Magdalena bay, the crews will give the greater part of the week to the work of putting the big ships in condition for the receptions that await them at California ports. The warships will weigh anchors on Saturday and point their bows toward San Diego bay. The torpedo flotilla is expected to arrive at Magdalena bay from Acapulco during the week.

Hastings Boy Killed by Kick of Horse.

Hastings, Neb., April 7.—Philip S. Michael, the six-year-old son of Philip Michael, was kicked in the head by a sharp shod horse and killed. The skull was mashed back of the left ear and life was almost extinct from loss of blood before a surgeon could be summoned.

Many New Autos in Nebraska.

Lincoln, April 7.—Auto registrations in the office of the secretary of state show a rapid increase. So far 2,466 machines have been registered and the number is expected to reach 2,500 by May 1.

EDMISTEN BACK IN LINCOLN

Indicted Man Is in Feeble Health and Cannot Appear in Court.

Lincoln, April 4.—J. H. Edmisten, indicted several months ago for alleged land frauds, whose bail bond of \$10,000 was recently forfeited in the federal court at Omaha, has returned to his home in Lincoln from Florida in very feeble health. His physician says his condition is critical; that he is suffering from melancholia and that he cannot predict the outcome. The doctor says it is impossible for Mr. Edmisten to appear in court. Mr. Edmisten was formerly vice chairman of the Populist national committee and a leader of that party in Nebraska.

California Companies Barred.

Lincoln, April 7.—Insurance Auditor Pierce decided to notify agents of companies organized under the laws of California that they must cease doing business in Nebraska. This action followed a refusal of Commissioner Wolf of California to admit Nebraska companies. The action of Insurance Auditor Pierce affects the Fireman's Fund of San Francisco, the Home Fire and Marine of San Francisco and the Pacific Mutual of Los Angeles.

Telephone Girl Attacked by Negro.

Omaha, April 7.—Mollie Gran, a telephone operator, was attacked by a negro at Seventeenth street and the Burlington tracks last night, strangled, thrown under a box car, and fighting all the time, was overcome and a rope drawn around her neck. Hearing the noise of the struggle and catching sight of the negro, a passerby appeared just in time. When the negro saw him he ran.



April Specials

To the Pacific Coast

Very favorable excursion rates to the Pacific Coast during the summer season of 1908, including special dates in April to California as follows: April 25th and 28th. Illustration, only \$60 round trip. The Coast tour is the finest journey in the world. Make it this summer. Also low one-way rates during April.

To Colorado and Rocky Mountains

Plan now for your summer vacation in Colorado, Wyoming, the Black Hills or Yellowstone Park. Very low and attractive summer tourist rates to the cool mountain resorts—after June 1st.

Homeseekers' Rates

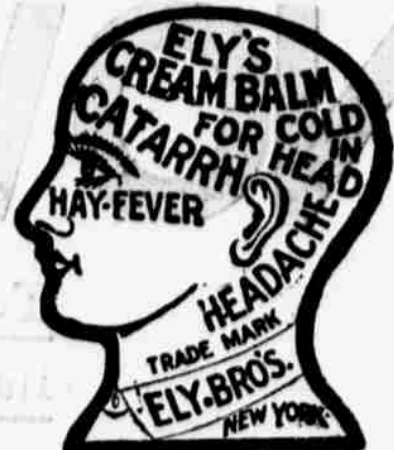
First and third Tuesdays to the west generally.

Big Horn Basin

Auction sale for choice of the newly irrigated lands under the Oregon Basin, or Wiley ditch, near Cody. Opening in May, 1908. Also splendid chances yet for homesteading government irrigated lands near Garland, Wyo. Write D. C. Deaver, Landseekers' Information Bureau, Omaha. He will personally conduct landseekers excursions to the Big Horn Basin first and third Tuesdays of each month through the summer. Excellent business chances in new growing towns on Burlington extensions. Write Mr. Deaver or J. F. EDWARDS, Ticket Agent.

L. W. Wakeley, G. P. A., Omaha, Neb.

CATARRH



ELY'S CREAM BALM

Sure to Give Satisfaction. GIVES RELIEF AT ONCE.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Easy to use. Contains no injurious drugs. Applied into the nostrils and absorbed. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers, 75 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.