

Low Rate Excursions TO Golden California



California---One Way

One-way Second Class Tickets Double Berth in Sleeping Car

\$33 00	From Chicago	\$7 00
25 00	From Kansas City	5 75
30 00	From St. Louis	6 50

DAILY FROM SEPTEMBER 15 TO OCTOBER 31

Tickets good in Tourist Sleeping Cars, Reclining Chairs FREE. Same rates to Phoenix and Prescott, Ariz., El Paso, Tex., and intermediate points. Corresponding rates from all points east during the same period & great opportunities for farmers in San Joaquin Valley.

California---Round Trip

On certain days in September and October round trip first class tickets will be sold to California and North Pacific Coast points for a little more than half rate, account national meetings in Los Angeles and San Francisco, and the Portland Exposition. Return limit is 90 days, not to exceed November 30, and stop-over granted in Colorado and west.

Below are dates of sale and rates from Chicago, St. Louis and Missouri River. You can purchase through tickets of your home agent.

California and Back—Direct routes both ways or Portland one way
On September 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 20, 27, 28, at
\$67 50 from Chicago, \$63 50 from St. Louis and \$56 from Missouri River

California and Back—Direct Routes Both Ways
On October 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 At \$62 50 from Chicago,
\$57.50 from St. Louis, and \$50.00 from Missouri River

Numerous other rates for combination trips via Portland, etc. Full particulars on request of any Railway Agent, or General passenger Agent A. T. & S. F. Ry., Railway Exchange, Chicago, or Topeka, Kan.

California It is easier to tell what California hasn't than what it has, for in that great empire is found nearly everything that man needs. The San Joaquin Valley is one of the largest in the United States which is subject to irrigation, and the people who are living there now are perfectly happy and contented, and think that it is really the best country in the world. That in itself is the best recommendation. You never hear a Californian speak of his country except in praise of it. Literature and The Earth, free for the asking.

GENERAL COLONIZATION AGENT,
1117 Railway Exchange, CHICAGO:

Please send California information as per ad. in the Red Cloud Chief.

Name

Address

State

large, and occasionally. These moneys were always delivered in cash to Senator Platt's office by messenger and he turned them over to the state committee. The senator said he was expected to influence the legislature when any legislation appeared that was hostile to the insurance companies. Senator Platt said he believed he had asked President R. A. McCurdy of the Mutual Life for a contribution when the needs were great. He, however, had never been asked to use his influence on any measure before the legislature nor had he ever done so. He knew nothing about contributions to the national campaigns.

Refuses to Sanction Plural Marriage.
El Paso, Tex., Nov. 22.—The arrest here of E. B. Conger and Pearl Gurin of Utah brings out the fact that President Smith of the Mormon church absolutely refuses to sanction plural marriages. Conger declares that he fell in love with Miss Gurin in Utah, and although married, his wife agreed he could also marry Miss Gurin. Being refused a license in Utah, he went to the Mormon colonies in Mexico, expecting to marry there. He says President Smith was visiting the colonies and flatly refused to permit the marriage and the couple started back home, and arriving here were arrested, Conger being charged with abduction of the girl. Conger says both have been expelled from the church by President Smith.

Wounds Father-in-Law; Kills Self.
Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—Lying on a couch at his home in West Philadelphia, helpless from paralysis, David F. Rowe, an elderly man, was shot four times and seriously wounded by Caspar Cooper, his son-in-law, who then fled from the house and killed himself by sending a bullet through his head. Cooper had been married to Rowe's daughter about three years, but his wife left him owing to ill treatment.

McSwain and Cole Held for Trial.
Chicago, Nov. 22.—William McSwain and Wilber Cole, charged with attempted blackmail of the firm of Armour & Co., through the possession of letters said by them to be to the prejudice of the packers in the pending beef trust litigation, were arraigned, and both men waived examination. They were held to the criminal court, each in bonds of \$1,000.

Masked Men Rob Denver Bank.
Denver, Nov. 22.—Two masked men, armed with revolvers, forced Cashier Gabriel Jones of the South Denver bank, a small concern, to deliver to them \$2,000, all the cash in the safe, and fled in a buggy. A man and a woman, who entered the bank while the robbers were there, were made to stand with their faces to the wall and hands up.

Four Men Blown to Pieces.
South River, N. J., Nov. 22.—Four men were blown to pieces by an explosion at the laboratory of the National Smokeless Powder and Chemical company at Parlin. They were: John Pierce, Frank Spraford, John Applegate and J. W. Redpath.

RUSSIAN STRIKE ENDS.

Council of Workmen Passes Resolution Not to Seek Shorter Day.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 20.—The conservative leaders in the council of workmen are again victorious. This morning they carried a resolution against any attempt to introduce a movement for an eight-hour day, after having previously decided to abandon the industrial strike.

The high sounding proclamation with which the council of workmen announced the end of the strike, declaring that the "demonstration" had served its purpose by saving the lives of the mutineers at Cronstadt, which of course is principally a blind to cover defeat, as the trials of the mutineers are still in progress, is at the same time shrewd tactics for use in the propaganda which the council is actively pushing among the army and navy. Such a claim, however, cannot disguise the fact that the strike was inaugurated to compel the government not only to pardon unconditionally the mutineers, but to abolish martial law in Poland and to compel the calling of a constituent assembly, none of which objects has been achieved.

The refusal of the affiliated organizations in the interior to respond to the call and the revolt of many of the better class of workmen here against the dictation of political agitators and walking delegates by no means represents the full measure of the real defeat of the strike movement. The strike, by alienating public sympathy and opening the eyes of intelligent liberals and moderates to the fact that the first duty of the hour was to stand by the government in its efforts to tranquilize the country and to make headway against the tide of socialism and revolution, which was threatening Russia with anarchy, aided greatly in the formation of the new "law and order" party, which has now sprung into formidable being.

Interest has now shifted to Moscow, where the zemstvo congress opened yesterday. The members of the party

from all parts of the country have gone there to make a fight in the congress for the union of all conservative and liberal elements to hold up the hands of Count Witte, to condemn the political strike and to seek further political salvation through the doors opened by the manifesto.

VOTE FOR A SEA LEVEL CANAL.

Board of Consulting Engineers Arrives at a Decision.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The board of consulting engineers of the Isthmian canal commission have decided to substitute Brussels for Paris as the meeting place of the foreign members next January. The report will be ready for publication about Dec. 31. From the beginning the board was divided into two groups, eight in favor of the sea level canal and five in favor of a lock canal. The sea level canal will have a width at the bottom of 150 feet, except in the Culebra cut, where that width will be 200 feet. The plan, as adopted by the board, would make Limon bay one of the greatest harbors of the world. Almost through the middle of the bay a breakwater will be built and a shorter breakwater will be built from San Cristobal, which is American territory, thereby leaving Colon, which belongs to the republic of Panama, outside of the American canal works. Under the plan as adopted by the board San Cristobal is expected to become the chief city on the Atlantic side of the canal. The canal constructed by the French began at San Cristobal. It is now proposed by the board to build a short direct canal from Mindi to Limon bay, thereby making the distance shorter by a few hundred yards and also facilitating navigation and making it possible for ships to sail into the canal without having to make any difficult turns.

On the Pacific side, at Panama, the plans as adopted are also different from those of the French Canal company. The French canal ends at La Boca and it was found as one of the difficulties that the Rio Grande, with its many branches, crosses the canal, and in the rainy season inundates it and does great damage to the works already constructed by the French. Therefore it was decided the canal should be built nearer to the city of Panama and should run between two hills, one called Sosa and the other Ancon. The cost of the sea level canal is estimated by the engineers at about \$230,000,000.

Philadelphia Fund Is \$60,000.

Philadelphia, Nov. 20.—About a dozen mass meetings of Jewish residents were held in various parts of the city in the interest of the fund being raised for the relief of Jewish sufferers in Russia. A total of about \$2,000 was collected. More than \$60,000 was contributed to the relief funds by citizens of all creeds in this city last week. Several meetings of a revolutionary character were held. At one gathering \$500 was collected for the fund being raised by the self-defense committee of the Jewish bund, which is said to be quite strong in Russia.

Four Bodies Recovered.

Kiel, Nov. 20.—Divers discovered that the torpedo boat K126, which during the maneuvers in Kiel bay Friday night sank after colliding with the cruiser Undine, is lying in the mud with a list to port. Four bodies have been recovered. One officer and twenty-eight seamen are still missing.

Mormons Emigrating to Mexico.

Mexico City, Nov. 20.—Almost daily large numbers of Mormons from Salt Lake, Utah, are coming to this country and forming colonies in many states throughout the republic.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Features of the Day's Trading and Closing Quotations.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Profit-taking on a large scale caused a sharp decline in the price of wheat here today and, although the market rallied somewhat, the close was weak and near the lowest price of the day, with the May option off 3/8%. Corn and oats were practically unchanged. Provisions were 2 1/2% lower. Closing prices:
Wheat—Dec., 82 1/2%; May, 86 1/2% (86 1/4%); July, 82 1/2%.
Corn—Dec., 45 1/2%; new, 44 1/2% (44 1/4%); May, 43 1/2% (43 1/8%); July, 43 1/2%.
Oats—Dec., 29 1/2%; May, 32 1/2% (32 1/4%); July, 30 1/2%.
Pork—Jan., \$12.67 1/2%; May, \$12.77 1/2%.
Lard—Jan., \$6.85; May, \$6.97 1/2% (6.97).
Ribs—Jan., \$6.50 (6.52 1/2%); May, \$6.70 (6.72 1/2%).

South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, Nov. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,400; strong to 10c higher; native steers, \$3.75 (3.50); cows and heifers, \$2.50 (2.75); western steers, \$2.75 (2.40); Texas steers, \$2.50 (2.50); range cows and heifers, \$2.00 (2.25); canners, \$1.50 (2.25); stockers and feeders, \$2.25 (2.40); calves, \$2.75 (2.90); bulls, stags, etc., \$1.50 (2.25). Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; slow to 5c lower; heavy, \$4.50 (4.75); mixed, \$4.62 (4.65); light, \$4.65 (4.70); pigs, \$4.25 (4.50); bulk of sales, \$4.62 (4.67 1/2%). Sheep—Receipts, 17,000; strong yearlings, \$5.50 (5.75); wethers, \$5.00 (5.25); ewes, \$4.40 (5.00); lambs, \$6.25 (7.25).

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, Nov. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,500; steady to 10c higher; beef steers, \$3.50 (3.50); western steers, \$2.75 (2.50); stockers and feeders, \$2.40 (2.45); cows, \$1.75 (2.00); heifers, \$2.50 (2.50); calves, \$2.50 (2.60). Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; steady to 5c lower; bulk of sales, \$4.70 (4.80); heavy, \$4.75 (4.82 1/2%); pigs and light, \$4.50 (4.77 1/2%). Sheep—Receipts, 3,500; steady and active; lambs, \$5.25 (7.15); ewes and yearlings, \$4.25 (5.00).

The Chief and the Weekly State Journal one year for \$1.00

TIME TABLE.
Red Cloud, Neb.

LINCOLN OMAHA CHICAGO ST. JOE KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS and all points east and south.	DENVER HELENA BUTTE SALT LAKE CITY PORTLAND SAN FRANCISCO and all points west.
---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

TRAINS LEAVE AS FOLLOWS:

No. 18. Passenger daily for Oberlin and St. Francis branches, Oxford, McCook, Denver and all points west.	7 05 a.m.
No. 14. Passenger daily for St. Joe, Kansas City, Atchison, St. Louis, Lincoln via Wymore and all points east and south.	2 10 a.m.
No. 15. Passenger, daily, Denver, all points in Colorado, Utah and California.	6 05 p.m.
No. 16. Passenger, daily for St. Joe, Kansas City, Atchison, St. Louis and all points east and south.	10 35 a.m.
No. 174. Accommodation, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Hastings, Grand Island, Black Hills and all points in the northwest.	1 30 p.m.

Sleeping, dining, and reclining chair cars (seats free) on through trains. Tickets sold and baggage checked to any point in the United States or Canada.
For information, time tables, maps or tickets call on or address A. Conover, Agent, Red Cloud, Neb., or L. W. Wakeley, General Passenger Agent Omaha, Nebraska.

AMERICA'S GREATEST WEEKLY
THE
Toledo Blade
—AND—
The Chief
—FOR—
\$1.25 PER YEAR

The Toledo Blade is the best known newspaper in the United States. Circulation 171,000. Popular in every state.
The Toledo Blade is now installed in its new building, with a modern plant and equipment, and facilities equal to any publication between New York and Chicago. It is the only weekly newspaper edited expressly for every state and territory. The News of the World so arranged that busy people can more easily comprehend than by reading cumbersome columns of the dailies. All current topics made plain in each issue by special editorial matter written from inception down to date. The only paper published especially for people who do or do not read daily newspapers, and yet thirst for plain facts. That this kind of a newspaper is popular is proven by the fact that the Weekly Blade now has over 170,000 yearly subscribers, and is circulated in all parts of the U. S. In addition to the news, the Blade, publishes short and serial stories and many departments of matter suited to every member of the family. One dollar a year. Write for free specimen copy.
Address
THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio.

WHY PAY for HIDDEN GOLD

In a watch chain that adds nothing to the chain's looks or the quality of its workmanship? The outer surface of pure gold and all the details of workmanship and finish are identically the same in

Simmons Watch Chains
and in the costly gold ones.

For Sale by
Newhouse Bros.,
Jewelers & Opticians,
Red Cloud, - Nebraska

For **INSURANCE**
against Fire, Lightning, Cyclones and Windstorms, see
JNO. B. STANSER,
agent for the Farmers Union Insurance Co., Lincoln, Neb., the best insurance company in the state.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp disease & hair falling. Sold and 1/2 at Druggists.

H. E. ASHER, VETERINARIAN

Of the Kansas City Veterinary College. Office at E. Johnson's, the Brick Barn.

ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED
Telephone 82.

RED CLOUD, - NEB.
At Blue Hill first Tuesday in each month.

PLATT ON THE STAND
"RANTANKEROUS" STRANGER IS W. S. MANNING OF ALBANY.

Says Equitable Contributed \$10,000 a Year to State Campaign Fund, the Mutual the Same, and the New York Life a Less Sum Occasionally.

New York, Nov. 22.—The identity of Senator Depew's "rantankerous friend from up the river" was disclosed in the session of the state legislative insurance investigation committee by the testimony of John A. Nichols, a lawyer under retainer by the Equitable Life Assurance society. Mr. Nichols had written Senator Depew a letter referring to an individual in the above terms and this letter was read at the session of the committee Friday, when Senator Depew was on the stand. The senator was unable to recall who was meant by the "rantankerous friend," but Mr. Nichols disclosed a series of payments to W. S. Manning of Albany, a former actuary, who had been connected with the investigation of insurance companies in 1877. Mr. Hughes inquired as to a report that Manning had been in possession of the information that was suppressed during this investigation and that would have been detrimental to the Equitable. Mr. Nichols could not recall the suppression of information, but he detailed the payment of sums of money over a considerable period to Manning as an inducement to give up his business as actuary, in which capacity he believed Manning was a menace to the Equitable Life. Mr. Nichols said he was paid a retainer from the Mutual and the New York Life for the same duties, that of "taking care of Manning," as Mr. Hughes characterized it. He added that the payments by the Equitable for Manning were made to Nichols on vouchers bearing false names, which Mr. Nichols said was done to protect Manning.

Platt Tells of Campaign Contributions.
Aside from the disclosures made by Nichols on the witness stand, the feature of the day was the appearance of United States Senator Thomas C. Platt, who did not hesitate to tell of the contributions of insurance companies to state campaigns. The Equitable, the Mutual and the New York Life were the only insurance companies that made such contributions. The Equitable contributed regularly \$10,000 to state campaigns, the Mutual Life the same sum frequently and the New York Life a sum not as