RED CLOUD. - NEBRASKA

Many men who are not eminent at ping-pong have "a splendid touch."

The new Atlantic City will be fire proof. Unfortunately the fire is over.

France is arranging to be a sister to

all the other nations, with one or two

exceptions. Russell Sage is sick. Somebody

must have struck him on a put that wouldn't stay put.

So far no one has shown any inter-

ture of the Cuban republic. King Alfonso has appeared at a bullfight unattended by the nurse. He's

est in Gen. Weyler's views on the fu-

getting to be a big boy now. Hetty Green should bear in mind President Roosevelt's maxim that "no

John W. Gates says an honest man has no business in Wall street. Particularly if he is on the losing side

shots count but those that hit."

The young King of Spain might have a much harder task than he finds before him. He has no postmasters to appoint.

Mr. Carnegie says he has often regretted that he did not give enough. This ought to be an easy habit to overcome.

Kansas affords another example of the fact that it is impossible to convict a pretty woman before a jury of young men.

A press dispatch says that "Gen. Uribe-Uribe is undone." His hyphen became uncoupled and he is now merely Gen. Uribe.

The governor of Mocha has been kidnaped, but his captors have not yet indicated the grounds upon which they will settle.

It is said that the coronation of Alfonso XIII cost as much as would buy a battleship. Must have crowned him with a Panama hat.

The beef trust is expected to obey cheerfully that portion of the injunction which restrains it from "arbitrarily lowering" prices.

A commission of scientists should be appointed to investigate the interior of Mount Pelee and report how many loads are left in the crater.

Nordica and Melba have made up. This announcement will soon be followed by one disclosing the kind of make up they are in the habit of us-

One of the humors of the season is the London Spectator, of all the jourhow to win the heart of the United

Mont Pelce was 1,000 feet higher before the cruption than it is now. Mont Pelee, however, is not the first thing that has lowered itself by too much blowing.

In view of the threatened advance in coal it is cheering to know that scientists have discovered a warm stratum of air 33,000 feet above the surface of the earth.

The fact that the first woman lawyer to be admitted to practice law at the Texas bar is the mother of two pairs of twins establishes a difficult standard for future applicants.

American anthracite coal is said to have gained a great hold in Germany. Just at present the Germans may have to wait for their supply while the railroads "confiscate" what is billed to

They now throw old pans at people who run automobiles through the streets of New York. The wonder is that some of the missiles have been Ahrown with such swiftness as to hit the scorchers.

As long as the public school children are taught, as they are taught now, to remember Memorial day, there is little danger that the grown people of the country will forget it, or what it means.

If the commencement-day reformers will only permit the sweet girl graduate to tie her valedictory essay with a white ribbon there will still be some joy left in preparation for the closing exercises of school.

It now leaks out that the Germans living in Ireland were slighted by Prince Henry on his homeward journey. But this is more than offset by the way the Irish living in America entertained the royal visitor.

A vegetarian has won the international pedestrian match in a walk from Berlin to Dresden. If the walking were only better or if we all were better walkers we might safely boycott the beef trust in view of this notable feat.

That New York man who amused himself by touching the lighted end of his eigar to an elephant's trunk found that the foolkiller was right on duty. It sometimes happens this way, the big battleship Nebraska on the but not often enough to decrease ma Fourth of July. terially the army of fools

CARS IN THE DITCH

Wreck of Excursion Train Near Alpena, Mich.

ONE MAN WAS INSTANTLY KILLED

Fifty Injured, Three Probably Fatally-Escape of Many From Death Well Nigh Miraculous Other News of General Interest.

An Alpena, Mich., June 8, special An excursion train on the Detroit & Mackinaw railroad, which left here at 7:15 o'clock this morning for Saginaw, consisting of an engine and twelve coaches and carrying over 500 people, was wrecked at Black River, while running forty miles an hour. One man was instantly killed, three probably fatally injured and nearly fifty others received injuries of various degrees of severity, ranging from bruises and cuts to broken limbs, The killed:

August Grosinski, Alpena. Following are the most seriously in-

John McCarthy. Ernst Legatski. Jacob Mondorff. Otto Knowski. Louis Peppler. George Boyne. Carl Beyer. Ernest Des Jardins.

Joseph Swallow. Thomas Connors. Christian Wolff, all of Alpena. Jerry Sherrette, of Badaxe, John Beck.

J. C. Rorison. P. J. Goldsmith, Chicago.

Sylvester Klebba. Charles McDonald Mrs. Charles McDonald. The excursion was under the au-

spices of the German ald society of Alpena. When the train reached Black river the tender jumped the track. Engineer Hopper instantly set the air brakes and reversed his engine. The sudden stop threw the first three coaches of the train off the track and into the ditch. The first car was thrown half around and the next two coaches plowed through it and cut it in two. August Grosinski, the only person killed, was seated in this coach with forty other excursionists. His body was terribly crushed and death

was instantaneous. The escape of the others in the car was well night miraculous. Grosinski's little son occupied the same seat with him, but the lad was uninjured. The three wrecked coaches were piled up in a heap and two hundred feet of the track was torn up. As soon as the occupants of the uninjured coaches recovered from the shock and surprise they rushed to the wrecked cars and

began aiding the injured. They were extricated from the wreck with frantic haste and given all possible relief, pending the arrival of the relief train. This train brought eight

surgeons from Alpena. After temporary dressings had been made of the most serious wounds, all the injured were brought back to this city where the physicians worked over them until late tonight.

J. C. DAVID SUICIDES

Lincoln Capitalist Ends His Life-Friends Mystified by Act.

John C. David, who recently moved to Lincoln, Neb., from Pawnee City killed himself Sunday morning in his home at 610 South Sixteenth street by sending a bullet into his head. The members of the family were in the house at the time in other rooms and had not the slightest suspicion that Mr. David contemplated such an act. Whether the shooting was accidental or whether Mr. David purposely intended to end his life may never be known. Some of his friends are inclined to believe that he had an intention of killing himself, but others are sure the wound could not have been inflicted had he not sought to do it. He had been laboring under mental strain for the last month and those about him thought him worried. His physical condition was pronounced good, however, by the physi-

Mr. David moved to Lincoln from Pawnee City last January. He with J. N. Eckman of Pawnee City had for years been in partnership operating the First National bank. After a successful business existence of nearly twenty years he sold out to the owners of the Farmers' National bank of Pawnee City. Mr. David decided to move to Lincoln, but before locating there investigated with a view of purchasing an interest in several business firms in that city. Last January he pur-chased of M. Weil his stock in the Lincoln Paint and Color company for \$66,-000. Since that time he has taken an active part in the control of that company, although the details of the sale to him were not announced until recently.

Sunday morning Mr. David rose apparently in good spirits. He did not express a wish to attend church and while the family were preparing to go he made the preparations for a bath. While he was in a front room on the second story of the home, to arrange his clothing, a shot was heard in the room. The members of the family rushed to his room and found him lying prostrate with a small revolver in his hand. The bullet had penetrated his head above the right ear about three inches. He lived an hour, unconscious all the time, expiring about 11 o'clock.

Illinois Sails for Southampton The United States battleship Illinois flying the flag of Rear Admiral A. S Crowninshield, commanding on the European station, and the United States cruisers Albany and Chicago, sailed from Castellamar, Bay of Naples, Sunday for Southampton.

Nebraska's Keel on the 4th. The navy department has been informed by Moran Bros., at Seattle, Wash, that they will lay the keel of

MURDERERS SENTENCED

Jahnke and Olson Given Severe Punish

ment for Killing Slerk. An Alliance, Neb., dispatch says: The closing scene in the Jahnke-Olson-Sierk murder trial before Judge Westover occurred Saturday morning after a siege of three weeks. August Jahnke the principal defendant, who the jury found guilty of murder in the first de-gree, was first called upon to state what he had to say why the judgment of the court should not be imposed upon him. He said:

"I am innocent and have been put here by a man who does not have his senses," referring to his brother-inlaw, Olson, who confessed and impli-

cated Jahnke.

The judge then sentenced him according to the recommendation of the jury, which was for life, at hard labor. While the announcement was being made Jahnke showed signs of emotion, and Mrs. Jahnke wept bitterly. The judge further stated that the evidence would have warranted the death

Oliver Olson, the self-confessed murderer and accomplice, was then arraigned and pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree and received a sentence forthwith of twenty years at hard labor. He was also visibly affected by the court's sentence. other defendant, Alfred Jahnke, the 16-year-old son of August, was discharged, as there was not sufficient ground for his detention and trial.

The crime which has terminated in these punishments was a most infamous one. The two men, who are brothers-in-law, plotted and planned four different times to take the life of Michael Sierk, an old bachelor, in order to secure his life insurance and other property, which he had willed to

FOUR FOOT VEIN OF COAL

Prospectors in Northeastern Nebraska Find a Paying Bed.

The lowa and Nebraska Coal company completed its fifth hole in the coal lands of Dakota county, Nebraska, and found a four-foot vein of good bituminous coal at a depth of 256 feet. says a dispatch from there. Last week the company found a forty-eight inch vein in its fourth hole, at a level with this one, and a half mile away. This convinces the drillers that the vein extends through large territory, and the first steps have been taken to sink a 7x14 shaft in No. 5, to carry on a mine. The company promises operations by September 1. The Omaha & Short Line railroads have offered to put in switches and will be asked to do so. Besides the company will operate its own electric line for transportation. The coal has been practically tested in the furnaces of the Sjoux Beet Syrup and Preserving company, at South Sioux City, and was found to have a high combustible power.

Hazing Ends Badly.

A Madison, Wis., June 8, dispatch says: A hazing bee, which started in a spirit of fun last night came near ending disastrously. After Harry F. Herr-man of New London had been ducked in the lake he went home and procured a revolver in order, as he maintains, to defend himself. Later he appeared on the street and was "rushed" by the crowd, and in the melee, the revolver was discharged, the bullet lodging in the leg of Philip C. Kopplin, of Lavell. This enraged the students, who captured Herrman and gave him a sec ond ducking. Several other shots were fired, but failed to take effect. Kopplin's injuries are said to be slight.

Will Test Nebraska Soil.

A movement is on foot in Indiana to form a company that will promote the raising of macaroni wheat in Nebraska. It is expected to have it completely organized within a few days. M. A. Carleton, cerealist of the department of agriculture at Washington, is one of those interested. He is trying to make the manufacturers realize the value of the new wheat and to get the farmers to raise it. Marcaroni wheat has been raised for centuries in Russia. It requires little moisture.

Nebraska Boys Win Honor. Nebraska boys will lead in the commencement week at the Racine, Wis. college. Sunday was commencement Sunday and the Rev. Arthur Blair of Blair, Neb., was the celebrant at holy communion. His son Arthur is one of the graduates. At the presentation of perfect crosses Gordon Cattle of Lincoln, Neb., was one of those distinguished by the highest honor that the school can prefer. Among the visi-tors are the parents and relatives of both young Blair and Cattle.

Confidence Man Canght.

The Omaha police captured a confidence man who was trying to swindle Edward Fontanelle, a wealthy halfbreed Indian. The capture is regarded as an important catch, as the prisoner is believed to be the same man who has successfully operated here for some time. When caught he tried to get rid of a fake draft for \$325 by throwing it into the ditch. He gave his name as Jesse Adams.

Newsy Notes.

Hans Wolf, aged 11 years, was drowned in a draw near the home of his father at Cushman Park, west of

Lincoln. The Second Presbyterian church building located at 26th and P streets, Lincoln, was destroyed by fire at an early hour Sunday morning. Loss, \$9,000; insurance, \$6,000. During a heavy storm at Columbus

Ga., J. J. Willis and Louis McClain were killed by lightning and M. C. Cochran was probably fatally injured. Prof. Frederich Hirth, holder of the hair of Chinese philology, at the University of Munich, has accepted the

offer of the Chinese chair at Columbia university, New York, and will begin his lectures there next October. An indictment for murder in the first degree was reported at Hoston against J. Wilfred Blondin. charged that Blondin murdered his wife in Boston and transported her body to Chelmsford, where is was

found hidden in a brush heap. The damage from the eruption

DEATH DEALER

Tornado Sweeps Over Portion of Minnesota.

DROPS TO EARTH IN MANY PLACES

White Earth Indian Reservation Devastated-Fifteen Are Reported Killed, While the Property Loss Runs Up to High Proportions.

A White Earth, Minn., June 10, dispatch says: A terrific electric, wind, hail and rain storm passed over the southwestern portion of the White Earth Indian reservation yesterday evening, leaving death and destruction in its wake. Reports from the south-ern part of the reservation say that the fury of the storm was terrific in Walworth and Atlantic townships. Houses and barns were torn down, crops de-

It is reported that fifteen lives were lost, many people injured and great damage done to farm property, many dwellings, barns and outbuildings being destroyed. Details of the storm are meagre. So far as has been learned the list of dead includes the following: Mrs. O. A. Berg, wife of a farmer near Voss, killed by falling timbers. Four children of Andrew Hoin, north of Ulen, killed by collapse of their

The storm seems to have first struck northwest of the town of Ulen, in Clay county, from whence it traveled southeasterly across the northern part of Becker county, striking the towns of Foss, Atlanta and Walworth, along the lower edge of the White Earth reservation.

home.

At Atlanta a large Norwegian Lutheran church was completely demolished and a number of other buildings partially wrecked. The path of the storm was about a mile wide and from thirty to forty miles in length. A great deal of live stock was killed.

The property damage is roughly estimated at \$100,000.

A tornado passed over a section of farming country south of Lake Park, Minn., late Monday, wrecking fifteen houses, killing from four to ten persons and injuring about ten.

NEBRASKA CROPS

Weather Bureau Tells How Well-Conditloned They Are.

Crop prospects in Nebraska continue lattering, according to the weekly bulletin issued Tuesday by Director Loveland of the United States weather bureau, department of agriculture. Heavy rains have done some damage in the southeastern section, but the general result has been beneficial to crops. In summarizing the situation, based on returns from all the counties, the bul-

The past week has been warm and wet. The daily mean temperature has averaged 1 degree above normal in the eastern counties and 4 degrees above in western.

The rainfall has been very heavy in the central and eastern counties and light in western. The rainfall exceeded an inch in most of the eastern part of the state and ranged from 3 to 8 inches over a large area in the south- and that any person who aids such are sold in April. eastern part of the state.

The heavy rains of the past week have injured crops somewhat on low and on rolling land, but on the whole have been exceedingly favorable for the general crop outlook in the state. Corn has been washed out some and in a few instances wheat and oats have been lodged some by the wind, hail and rain. Winter wheat is filling well and continues to improve in condition. Oats have materially improved during the past week, and in some localities are making a rank growth and promise a full crop. Corn cultivation has been delayed; cultivation, however, had made such good progress just preceding the rains that few fields are weedy very little replanting of corn has been necessary. Grass has grown well. Potatoes continue in fine condition and the early planted are large enough to eat. The first crop of alfalfa is being cut and was somewhat damaged by the rains of the week.

An Automobile Feat.

A remarkable test of the "staying" qualities of the automobile was made in Lincoln a few days ago by Mr. Otto Wittman of the automobile firm of The Wittman company. While Mr. Wittman was out trying the new gas :line carriage just received he performed the wonderful feat of climbing Belmont hill at a speed of fourteen miles per hour with four passengers. This performance is considered very remarkable on account of the hill being long and very steep and the automobile is made for two passengers only.

17-Year Locusts in Michigan.

Locusts, which infest the vicinity north of Ann Arbor, Mich., have been fully determined as the seventeenyear-old variety and specimens are exhibited at the university museum with authoritive labels. The number is constantly increasing. Near Vandalia they are to be found on every twig and their humming can be heard for miles.

Davis to Go to Gotham.

It is understood that Webster Davis, the ardent pro-Boer, will leave Mis-souri for New York to accept an executive position of \$25,000 yearly with interests associated with Bourke Coch-

Lives Lost Near Detroit.

A cyclonic storm swept over the county north of Detroit, Minn., Monday afternoon, covering a section half a mile wide. So far as reported eight lives were lost. Mrs. O. J. Berk, near Lake Park, was killed and others are said to have been injured. At Ulen a dozen houses were blown down and seven people are reported killed and others injured.

The battleship Illinois, built at Newport News, has been accepted by the government.

ANTI-ANARCHY BILL

House Fasses Measure to Protect the President.

The house on Monday passed the bill to protect the president, vice president, members of the cabinet and foreign ministers and ambassadors and to suppress the teaching of anarchy by a vote of 175 to 38. The thirty-eight negative votes were:

Adamson, Bartlett, Brantley, Brundidge, Burleson, Candler, Cooper (Texas), Creamer, De Armond, Dins-more, Finley, Fox, Glenn, Henry (Miss.), Hooker, Howard, Johnson, Jones (Va.), Claude Kitchin, W. W. Kitchin, Kieberg, Lanham, Lewis (Ga.) Little, Loud, McCulloch, McLane, Maddox, Neville, Patterson (Tenn.), Ran-Reid, Scarborough, Shackleford, Spight, Stephens (Tex.), and Under-

A motion to recommit the measure with instructions to strike out certain sections was defeated. 71 to 123.

The bill passed by the house for the protection of the president is a substitute for the senate measure, which contained no anti-anarchy provisions, but which did contain a provision omitted from the substitute for a body-

guard for the president. The substitute consists of thirteen sections. It provides that any person who shall unlawfully, purposely and knowingly kill the president or vice president, or any officer entitled by law to succeed to the presidency, any foreign ambassador or minister accredited to this country, "while engaged in the performance of his official duties or because of his official character, or because of any of his acts or omissions," shall suffer death. Any person who attempts to commit any of the above offenses shall be imprisoned not less

than ten years. Any person while engaged in any unlawful attempt to inflict grievous bodily harm upon the president or any person entitled to succeed him, if he inflicts injuries which cause death, shall be imprisoned for life; if such injuries do not cause death, such offender shall be imprisoned not less than five years.

Any person who aids, abets or conspires with another to commit any of the above offenses shall be deemed a principal. Any person who knowingly harbors, conceals or aids with intent that he may avoid arrest or punishment any person who has committed one of the above offenses shall be im prisoned from one to twenty-five years. Any person who advocates the unlawful killing of an officer of the government or of the government of any civilized nation because of his official character, or who openly justifies such killing with intent to secure the commission of any of the above offenses. shall be fined from \$500 to \$5,000 and imprisonment from one to twenty years. Any person who conspires of advises any person to asasult, or kill, within or without the United States the chief magistrate of a foreign country because of his official character, shall be punished as follows: If the attempt is made and death results such offender shall suffer death. If such attempt does not result in death the punishment shall be a fine of \$500 to \$5,000 and imprisonment from five to twenty-five years. If souch attempt is not made the punishment shall be a similar fine and imprisonment from one to five years.

Section 11 provides that no person who is opposed to good government or is a member of any organization attempting to teach such opposition shall person to enter shall be fined from \$500 to \$5,000 and imprisonment from one to five years. Section 12 prohibits the naturalization of anarchists and empowers the courts to investigate and before issuing final papers to require the affidavit of the applicant affirming the truth of every material fact necessary for naturalization. The last section of the bill provides that in all prosecutions under the first seven sections of the act it should be presumed, until the contrary is proved that the president or other officer was engaged in his official duties at the time of the

McCARTHY AND NORRIS

offense.

Win Out in Third and Fifth Districts for Congress.

John J. McCarthy of Dixon county was nominated for congress by republicans of the Third district after a long and exciting struggle in convention at Fremont. The break came on the forty-seventh ballot. Up to that time it had been a pretty race between the four leading candidates. Mc-Carthy forged ahead on the fortyfourth ballot and made further gains in the next two. The forty-seventh gave him ninety-three of the 240 votes of the convention. Pierce county, which had been dividing its vote between McCarthy, Young and rBooks, changed and threw its entire strength to McCarthy. Stanton and Burt followed, giving the necessary number to nominate.

Judge G. W. Norris won out Tuesday at Hastings in one of the prettiest freefor-all political races ever run in the Fifth congressional district. Victory for they go down quickly when put came to him on the fifth ballot, after on grain feed. the record had been made, but not announced. Phelps county started the break, and was followed by Hall and Nuckolls. The scene attending the break was tumultuous, showing the joy of the friends of the western man. The convention was the largest republican congressional meeting ever called together in the district.

DOTS AND DASHES

The bandits who captured Miss Stone held a secret meeting and divided the ransom money. W. P. Hepburn was renominated for

congress in the Eighth Iowa district. It was 96 degrees at Lincoln, Neb. Tuesday, by the weather bureau thermometer. Investigation of the causes and re-

sponsibilities for the catastrophe at the sanitarium of the St. Luke's hospital in Chicago reveals a tale of negligence on the part of officials of the sanitarium and city.

John Long, at one time a printer in the job department of the Lincoln Journal, but of late employed in Cheyenne, Wyo., cut his throat with a razor recently. Family trouble is supposed to be the trouble.



The Packers' Explanation The Chicago packers are endeavoring to explain to the people the causes that make beef high. With that end in view they have issued the following circular:

Why beef is high. The present high price of dressed

beef is occasioned: 1. By the increased demand in the United States and Great Britain for dressed beef, and

2. By the high price of corn, which s used to such a large extent in feeding cattle. The advances in the price of corn

during the past year have been as fol-Closing price No. 2 cash corn Chi-

cago board of trade: January 2, 1901.....\$.36

The following comparison shows that the price of cattle largely coincides with the price of corn, and corn has ranged much higher in price during the feeding season commencing September 1, 1901, than for many years.

The wholesale price of dressed beef is governed by the cost of live cattle. Prices months of April 1901-1902:

1901 Extreme range beef cattle at Chicago, per ..\$3.80@6.00 \$4.75@7.50 cash corn, per bu.... Average weight of cattle, per head 1,041 lbs. 955 lbs. Average price dressed

beef, per cwt. \$7.61 \$9.58 The following table gives the com-\$7.61 parative cost of feeding a 1,000-pound steer in winters 1900-1901 and in winter 1901-1902:

1902—75 bu. corn at 621/2c.....\$46.58 1901--75 bu. corn at 48c..... 36.00 ◀ Increased cost 1902.....\$10.88

On a 1,000-pound steer this increased cost would amount to \$1.08 per 100, live-weight, and, estimating the dressed beef in a steer at 55 per cent of the live weight, would increase the cost of dressed beef \$1.98 per 100 pounds.

Discussion on Lambs. (Condensed from Farmers' Review Stenographic Report of Wisconsin

Round-up Institute.) R. E. Roberts read a paper on the handling of early lambs, which was followed by a discussion, in part as follows:

Q .- What breed of sheep do you keep? A .- We keep the Shropshires.

Q.-How much do the lambs weigh

when you sell them? A .- Sometimes they weigh as much be admitted into the United States, as 45 pounds. The February lambs

Q .- Do you use a basement barn for these lambs?

A.-No; I have only an ordinary barn boarded up and down. Q.-Which will stand more cold weather, cattle or sheep?

A .- Sheep. Q.-Where do you market your lambs?

A .- In Chicago. I have shipped to one man there for fourteen years. We ship carloads at a time, by getting other lambs to send with ours.

Q.-Is there not a limited market for that class of lambs? A .- No, sir; there seems to be no end to the demand. I dispose of all my lambs at \$3 per head at the depot.

Q.-Do you select your breeders from yearlings? A .- No; I use two-year-olds.

Q.—Is silage good feed for sheep? Mr. McKerrow. - Our experiment station at Madison has issued a bulletin on the matter. We have been feeding a good deal of silage to sheep at our farm. Our ewes and lambs are doing well. They are getting clover hay and alfalfa. They are getting two feeds of silage per day. We have seen no bad results from it.

Q.—How about rape for sheep feed? Mr. Roberts.—It is the best feed I know of.

Mr. McKerrow.-Let me warn you against feeding your breeding stock on rape. It is too stimulating. It is better to have only half a ration ir. rape. Canadian exporters are very shy about buying sheep fed on rape on grain feed.

A Course of Nature Study. Cornell University has introduced

something of an innovation into its agricultural work in the form of a home course of nature study. The work is under the direction of Professor John Craig. Lesson sheets are sent out to all parts of the state, and are extensively used in the farmers' reading clubs and reading circles. These lesson sheets are on agricultural topics and are followed by examination papers, which are to be filled out and returned. The work has the backing of the legislature of New York, which has made an appropriation to carry it on. There are said to be in excess of 30,000 persons taking part in this scheme for increase of agricultural education.

Recent dispatches from Aparalia stated that widespread devastation was caused by an earthquake in the New Hebrides Islands. The series of earthquakes were followed by eruptions of Albrim, Lopeir and Tingoa volcances.