## SHELLINGOFSANJUAN

### SAMPSON'S SHOTS WERE NOT WASTED.

Twenty Men Killed About Sixty Injured in the Forts Captain Lloyd of the British Steamer Arkadia Arrives In New York and Reports the Results.

NEW YORK, May 23. Captain Lloyd of the steamer Arkadia, that has just arrived here from San Juan, Porto Rico, says that he and the ship's steward were the only ones who went ashore during the steamer's three hours' stay at the bombarded port.

"From what I learned, twenty men were killed by the American guns." said Captain Lloyd. "Of these six were mowed down at the guns and the others were laid out by bursting shells in the defenses.

"The agent of the line, a naturalized American citizen, took me around the town. A shell from the American fleet had struck the fourth story of the Hotel Ingletierra, knocked off the whole roof and drove the guests, men and women, into the streets in their night clothes at 5:15 a. m.

"Flying over the forts a good many shells had fallen into the flat lands, striking houses, some of which are now propped up to keep them from tumbling. I saw a store house that had been riddled by an American shell, which had punctured the roof, bored its way through the lumber stored in the building, penetrated the office and emerging through a rear door had knocked a hole in the hull of a Spanish merchant steamer, the Manuella.

"A Spanish custom house inspector told me that his father, a soldier, had been killed while asleep in his bed, by one of the first shots. Below the fortifications lie many shells, some of them still unexploded. The Spaniards are picking them up and treasuring them for mementos. 'See the presents the Yankees sent us,' they tell their friends.

"If a man can speak only so much English as 'yes' or 'no' his life is now in peril in San Juan. Secretary Bett of the English consulate told me that there is much discussion among the consular officials at San Juan as to whether the bombardment will stand the test of international law, as no notice was given.

Porto Rican papers contained the most ridiculous statements of Spanish valor and success in the war. One paper said that the Brooklyn bridge had been blown up by a torpedo boat. while another declared that two American warships had been captured and thirty-two men made prisoners.

## IS CERVERA TRAPPED?

Praise for Admiral Sampson form English and French Sources.

LONDON, May 23 .- According to the best expert opinion in London, if Admiral Cervera has gone to Santiago de Cuba, he has made a fatal mistake. Admiral Philip Howard Columb, retired, the author of a naval eluding "The Naval War Game." writes that he is convinced the Spanish admiral is now unlikely to strike at all. He adds that if he enters a South Cuban port it will scarcely affect the United States' blockade, for Rear Admiral Sampson will only have to detach a somewhat superior force of his heavier ships to cover Cervera's fleet, while a group of the lightest and swiftest vessels would be watching to see that he did not move without being reported, and all the rest of Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet could devote themselves to the blockade of the other Cuban ports.

NEW YORK, May 23. - A dispatch from Paris to the New York World says: There are remarkable indications in certain Paris journals, hitherto inimical, of a complete reversal of the French disposition toward America.

The Gaulois, for example, extols the eleverness with which Admiral Sampson has maneuvered, taking advantage of his opponent's slowness to effect a junction with Schley and thus enable him to divide the forces in two parts.

M. Jaures, in the Petite Republique. writes in the same strain of America's "admirable attack and defense, which have been directed with energy and

M. Jaures derides Spain for allowing herself to be made the sport of clericalism and militarism.

There is also a strong article in the Echo de Paris, signed Henry Baure, calling French hostility to her ancient friends and clients beyond the Atlantic foolish and illogical.

"France," the writer says, "is naturally drawn to America as a republic. and should not give way to sudden tenderness for Spain."

On the other hand, Henry Fouquier, in the Dixneuvieme Siecle, writes in a vein hardly short of insulting to Amer ican women for their alleged snobbishness in seeking to make out a long line of aristocratic ancestors.

# Lemons for Philippine Sallers.

SAN Diego, Cal., May 21.-The chamber of commerce has shipped to San Francisco a carload of lemons, consigned to the Red Cross Society, for the American soldiers and sailors in the Philippines.

# The Boy Spy Released.

TAMPA. Fla., May 23. - After a thor ough investigation of the charges against young Garcia, son of a cigar manufacturer of Tampa, who was arrested on suspicion of being a Spanish spy, General Shafter ordered that he be honorably discharged.

JEFFERSON BARRACKS, Mo., May 23. The Third regiment has been ordered 6 Dunn Loring, Va., a rendezvous for wunteer troops near Washington. Hopes for orders to Manila have been bourished by Colonel Gross and the regiment.

## SOLDIERS IN A WRECK.

One Member of the First Missouri Dead

and Two Dying. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 23.-One man is dead and two fatally injured as the result of a wreck this morning on the Chattanooga, Rome & Southern railway between Chattanooga and the volunteer camp at Chickamauga. The dead and injured all belonged to the First regiment, Missouri volunteer infantry. The dead:

George Walker, artificer, Company D. The injured:

Alfred M. Lane, private, both legs broken, will die. Harvard Balaski, private, leg broken,

internal injuries, will die. E. R. Richards, first lieutenant, Company H, badly cut about arms and

shoulders. There were several others badly, but

not fatally, injured. The train on which the most damage was done was carrying the First Missouri from Chattanooga to the park. The last car of this train was loaded with horses of the officers,

The military train was standing on the Chattanooga, Rome & Southern track, just beyond the crossing of the belt line, about a half mile from Rossville. It was crashed into by the regular southbound morning Chattanooga, Rome & Southern passenger train. It is said that there was no flagman on the military train.

The shock was severe. The locomotive of the passenger train was jammed into the horse car, and this car completely wrecked the baggage ear, which was the next one forward. The man who was killed and those badly injured were all on the horse ear. Everything was done to stop the passenger train when the other was seen, but it was going at too great speed. The engineer, W. C. Wheeler, stuck to his post to the last and escaped with only a maimed ankle. He and his fireman were at once arrested and placed under a squad of soldiers. They are gravely censured by the soldiers for running so rapidly with a special train ahead of

All the horses of the officers, valuable animals, were killed. The forward coaches of the military train were badley shaken, but no injury was done to any one in them. The damage would have been much greater had the train not been made up in exactly the reverse of the usual order. If it had gone out in regular order the sleepers would have been in the rear, and the officers who occupied them would have been in great danger. The wounded, about twelve in all, were taken at once in charge by Surgeon Wills of the First battalion of the regiment. Colonel Edwin Batdorf, commanding the regiment, is doing everything possible for the sufferers. Lieutenant Colonel John Jacob Astor of New York and a number of troops were on the regular train. They were not injured.

The First Missouri Volunteer infantry is a St. Louis regiment. It is composed of 1,050 St. Louis young men. the command of Colonel Edwin Batdorf, left Jefferson barricks over the Illinois Central railroad in three sections, for Chickamanga.

# EXPECT CERVERA TO SAIL.

The Spanish Fleet, It Is Thought in Valencia, Will Not Wait for Sampson.

VALENCIA, Spain, May 23.—Official dispatches from Santiago de Cuba announce the safe arrival there of the Spanish squadron under the command of Admiral Cervera. Naval authorities in Madrid are of the opinion that there is no fear of attack being made upon the squadron in the bay of Santiago, which is well protected by forts and defensive works, armed with powerful artillery. As the Spanish admiral's principal object in entering America. President Dole had con-Santiago must have been to communicate with his government and to take on coal and provisions, it is extremely drawn up at Washington, placing the probable that he will have sailed again before the American fleets can arrive to blockade him.

Public and technical opinion is unan imous here in advising the government to send the reserve squadron with a strong contingent of troops and artillery to Manila at once. Everyone insists that revenge should be sought off Manila itself and that Admiral Dewey's squadron there could be annihilated long before effective reinforcements could reach and save him.

There is no disputing the fact that the most popular thing that could be done at the present moment would be the lifting of the blockade of Manila, the recapture of Cavite and the sensational destruction of Dewey's forces. even though Cuba should be lost later as a consequence.

Too Hot to March. MOBILE, Ala., May 23.—The forced narches which were undertaken at two lay intervals by the four infantry regiments encamped here, have been abandoned on the representation of the regimental surgeons that the troops from the Northern and Western states are not yet sufficiently acclimated and would suffer from the heat if they were continued. There is a general exodus of officers to various parts of the country to report for duty with the volunteer regiments.

# ON THEIR WAY TO CUBA.

invading Troops Said to Have Started From Key West.

WASHINGTON, May 23 .- It is believed here that the invasion of Cuba has begun. The press censor will not permit news of the movements at Tampa and Key West to leak out, but from other sources comes the information that the United States regulars are on their way to Cuba.

Christ is on trial in your home as much as he was before Filate.-Ex.

## EMBARK FOR MANILA

#### 10,000 SPANISH TROOPS GO-ING TO THE PHILIPPINES.

the New Cabinet Warlike Great Activity in the War and Navy Departments Negotiations Said to be Under Way to Protect Spain From Her Enemies.

BARCELONA, May 21.-Between 8,000 and 10,000 Spanish troops, drawn from Catalona and Alusia. Aragon and Valencia, are embarking here for the Philippines.

MADRID, May 21, 8 a. m .- Admiral Camara, the commander of the Cadiz. squadron, is here receiving instructions relative to the destination of his ships. which, it is explained. "depends upon the requirements of the war."

The new minister of marine has injected the greatest activity into his department. It is said he has been offered war munitions from many

It is evident the new Spanish cabinet ntends to push the campaign vigorously and, it is said, the ministers will also negotiate actively with foreign diplomats to protect Spain against a combination of her enemies.

## WAITING ON SAMPSON.

The Game of Hide and Seck Soon to Come to an End.

KEY WEST, Fla., May 21.- Every hing is now waiting for Sampson to find the Spanish fleet and destroy it. The game of naval hide-and-seek of three weeks' duration is still on.

The news that the ships of Spain had been able to reach Santiago de Cuba was telegraphed here last night. Naval officers credited it, but they wanted further information. The theory of the naval men here is that, the Spanish admiral desires to land at some point in Cuba in order to put ashore munitions of war and cannon. That he was expected by Blanco is well known. Every light house along the Cuban coast has been burning every night in the hope that it would aid the admiral to reach a friendly harbor.

The government patrol boat Sarasota was sunk by the pilot boat Glide this morning. The Glide was leaving the harbor before the hour of resuming navigation and the Sarasota tried to stop her. No lives were lost.

No intimation whatever will be given as to the movement of the United States naval forces and seekers for information are left entirely to speculation, with nothing except vague and uncertain rumors for a basis. The censorship over general press dispatches is so rigid that all avenues of information are closed and as a consequence nothing of an absolutely reliable character is likely to be given the public until there has been a meeting of the hostile fleets. There are all kinds of reports in circulation, most of them bearing their own refutation.

# Thursday evening the regiment, under AUSTRALIANS OFFER TO ENLIST

American Feeling in the Antipodes - B ain to Guard Hawait.

VANCOUVER, British Columbia, May 21. Advices brought by the steamer Abranga, which arrived here yesteray from Sydney, show that both in Australia and Hawaii an intense feeling in favor of the United States as

against Spain prevails. Australians are very anxious to join the United States army. Colonel Bell. the American consul at Sydney, has had offers from hundreds of men wanting to go to the front. Two trained hospital nurses also offered to go to Cuba or the Philippines.

When the Abrangi left Honolulu May 11, the Hawaiian government had not received any official information of the declaration of war with Spain by firmed the statement that Le had carried back from Washington a bill Hawaiian government under the sovereignty of the United States in case of war. President Dole refused to say whether the government would take action on the bill.

The United States, Great Britain and France agreed to maintain a naval force at Honolulu for the protection of foreign residents. This duty, which has been assumed by the United States. will probably be shifted temporarily to Great Britain.

# A LARGE ARMY TO GO.

The Manila Expedition May Number Thirty Thousand Troops.

NEW YORK, May 21 .- A San Francisco dispatch to the New York Evening Journal says:

Eight thousand troops will sail from this port Saturday or Sunday for the relief of Dewey at Manila. They will be taken in four transports. Fourteen thousand troops are already camped in the Presidio. Others are on their way to the coast. A larger expedition will sail later with General Merritt in command. The force may reach 30,000. The first expedition will be in command of General N. S. Otis and will include a number of army officers designated for various positions. The bulk of the force to go under General Otis will be regulars.

Sr. THOMAS, Danish West Indies, May 21.—Refugees from Porto Rico. who arrived here yesterday, report that the inhabitants in the cities on the coast are in daily fear of bombardment. Stories are told throughout the island of American barbarity, the object being to stir up the people to a

strong resistance. Senor Castillo Declines.

Paris May 21. - Senor Leon y Castillo, Spanish ambassador to France, who has been tendered the foreign office in the new cabinet of Senor Sagasta, has replied to Senor Sagasta, declining to accept

## ENTHUSIASM IN MADRID.

Rejoiced at the Arrival of the Spanish Fleet at Santiago.

MADRID. May 21 .- At 10 o'clock last night the minister of marine. Captain Aunon, received a dispatch from Admiral Cevera, in command of the Cape Verde squadron of the Spanish fleet. It read:

"Santiago de Cuba, Cuba, May 19.-This morning I have without incident entered this port accompanied by squadron.-Cevera.

the queen regent, but Her Majesty had available. already retired and the news was conveyed to her by the Infanta Isabel.

Captain Aunon then went to the admiralty and cabled his congratulations Interest on U. S. bonds..... to Admiral Cevera on his arrival at Santiago de Cub.

In an interview to-day the minister of marine is quoted as saying:

"I am greatly rejoiced at the safe arrival of the Spanish fleet at Santiago Interest on saline lands sold de Cuba. It is an immense triumph for the Spanish navy. The sailors who executed the movement and those who planned it are worthy of all praise."

Admiral Cervera, says a cable dispatch from Santiago de Cuba, did not sight an American ship during the voyage. He announces that the crews of his ships are in perfect health and enthusiastic.

Continuing, the dispatch says: "The blockading vessels quickly left on the approach of the squadron, whose arrival has created the greatest exeltement and enthusiasm at Santiago. Immediately crowds of people thronged the quays and cheered our sailors. Havana's relief at the safe arrival of the fleet is very great, as it was feared the American ships which left the blockade there had gone to incept the Spanish fleet. It is now believed the Americans fled in order to avoid a reverse.

Santiago de Cuba, the port at which the Spanish fleet is reported, is about 125 miles west of the eastern extremity of Cuba. From the cast point, Cape Mais, to Havana, or to Key West, is about 600 miles. Should the Spanish fleet sail from Santiago and the American fleet from Key West, a battle now \$81,516. could not possibly occur for at least thirty hours. If the Spaniards should battle it would take Admiral Sampson's ships about three days to reach now amounts to \$200.903, them. By the Yucatan channel the distance between Key West and Santiago is about 1,000 miles. It is improbable, however, that Sampson's fleet is still at Key West, or that it was there when the Spanish fleet arrived at Santiago de Cuba.

LONDON, May 21 .- The Madrid correspondent of the London Standard says: The blockade of Cuba and Porto Rico is considered illusionary in Madrid, as Spanish war ships and merchant vessels are frequently moving from port to port between the islands. For example, the mail steamer Alphonso XIII went out from San Juan de Porto Rico to meet a vessel detached from Admiral 'evera's squadron and then continued its voyage to Spain after delivering an important communication for the commander.

The success of Admiral Cervera in avoiding the American fleets and keeping them on the alert excites much enthusiasm and causes the press to clamor for a prompt dispatch of the reserve

fleet to the front. WASHINGTON, May 21.-If President McKinley received any important information before the meeting of the cabinet to-day, it was not of such a nature as to be made public, and he had nothing to divulge to those who consulted with him before that time. Senator Shoup of Idaho, who spent some time with the President to-day. expressed the belief that the reported arrival of the Spanish fleet at Santiago was true and that it might have the effeet of bringing about an earlier close of the war than had been expected. He thought, however, the indications were the war might last a year.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, May 21.—Amerlean warships engaged the forts at Santiago de Cuba Wednesday afternoon. The firing lasted from noon till 1 o'clock, when the warships withdrew.

The engagement began with the appearance of the Americans, whose mission apparently was to cut the cables at Santiago in order to isolate Captair General Blanco.

The Atlas line steamer Adula reached Santiago shortly after the battle and found the city in a semi-panic. The volunteers had been called out and the governor of the province had issued a proclamation, announcing that Santiago was attacked by the entire American fleet and calling upon loyal Spaniards to co-operate with the military authorities in its defense. However, the American warships did not return,

and the excitement gradually abated. Captain Walker of the Adula, which arrived here yesterday with refugees from Santiago, reports that so far as he could ascertain no damage was done to the city nor the forts at the entrance to the harbor.

The right hand, which is more sensilive to the touch than the left, is less sensitive than the latter to the effect of beat or cold.

WASHINGTON, May 21. - Paymaster General Stanton has referred to Secretary Alger the appointment of eighteen additional paymasters for the regular army in addition to the twenty now in the service. This increase General Stanton thinks is necessary in view of the recruiting of the regular branch to the full war strength of 60,00 mep.

Lemons for Philippine Sallors. SAN Diego, Cal., May 21.-The for the American soldiers and sailors in the Philippines.

# NEWS OF NEBRASKA.

#### SUCCINCT SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

Most Important Happenings of the Past Seven Days Briefly Mentioned All Portions of the State Covered - A Thorough Resume of Nebraska News.

#### Wednesday, May 18.

State Superintendent Jackson has The minister of marine immediately compiled the state school apportionwent to the residence of the premier, ment among the various counties. The Senor Sagasta, and communicated this apportionment is based on a statement information. He then proceeded to made by State Treasurer Meserve, who the palace for the purpose of informing reported that there was \$430.695.98

> This amount was derived from the following sources: State tax......\$83,579 00 300 00 Interest on state bonds..... 9,250 69 Interest on county bonds.... \$1,516 83 Interest on school district bonds.....

> Interest on school lands sold. 44,983 28 Interest on school lands lsd . 200,903 39 Less error Harlan and Knox

counties.....

Total ..... \$430,695 98 The total number of school children according to the census of last June is 354,929, and the rate per scholar is

This is the largest semi-annual apportionment in the history of the state. There is a substantial increase in revenue from state tax, interest on county bonds and interest on school lands leased. While the revenue from interest on school lands leased is \$129. 000 greater than for the last semi-anmual apportionment, the revenue derived from interest on school lands sold is \$102,000 less than it was when the last apportionment was made. This increase of interest on school lands leased and decrease of interest on school lands sold is said to be the result of a law withdrawing the school lands from sale.

In May, 1896, the revenue from state tax was \$61,766, while it is now \$83,-579. Interest on county bonds amounted to \$74,106 in May, 1896, and it is

In May, 1897, the interest on school lands sold was \$151,806. It is now be quietly in the harbor awaiting a \$11.983. In May, 1897, the interest on school lands leased was \$43,390. It

The apportionment among counties s as follows:

Adams \$ Antelope	7,889.59	Johnson.	4,777.4
Antelope	4.702 20	Kearney.	4,567.5
Banner	490.25	Keith	ccs 6
Bleine	179 60	Keya Pa.	1,126 1
Boone	4.816 27	Kimball.	217.2
Box But.	1,752.25	Knox	5,674 1
Boyd	2,030 57	Lancastr	23,483 0
Brown	1,330:64	Lincoln	4.755.50
Buffalo	9.105 88	Logan	388 3
Burt	5,375 68	Loup	512 0
Butler	7,169 18	Madison.	7,005 3
Cass	10,202 86	McPhrsn	76.4
Cedar	4,895 14	Merrick .	3,505.7
Chase	1,025 39	Nance	3.084 6
Cherry	1,680 66	Nemaha.	6,322 1
Chey one	1,634 55	Nuckolls	5,109 9
Clay	7,119 43	Otoe	9,088 8
Colfax	5,447 27	Pawnee	5,005 5
'uming	6.257 87	Perkins	697.7
Custer	8,535.55	Phelps	4.338 1
Dakota.	2.640.51	Pierce	3,459 6
Dawes	2,974 22	Platte	7,726 1
Dawson	5.160 89	Polk	4.782 2
Deuel	885 84	Red Will.	3,926 7
Dixon	4,316/32	Richdson	8,753 9
Dodge	9,120 44	Rock	1.013 2
Douglas	46,454 06	Saline	8,505 2
Dundy	975 63	Sarpy	3,406 2
Fillmore.	6.678 94	Saunders	9,833 9
Franklin	3.934 07	Scott's Bl	765 7
Frontier.	3.816 37	Seward	7.011 4
Furnas	5,079 59	Sheridan	2,538 5
liage	12,074 03	Sherman	3,056 7
Garfield .	377 62	Sioux	690 4
Gosper	2,308 02	Stanton	3.037 3
Grant	260 90	Thayer	6,059 8
Greely	2,373.55	Thomas	188 0
Hall	7,176 46	Thurston	1,320 2
Hamilton	6,080 70	Valley	3.281 2
Harlan	4,145 22	Wash ton	5,683 9
Hayes	1,110 33	Wayne	4.004 4
Hitchcok	1,914 86	Webster.	5,017 70
Holt	4.772 58	Wheeler.	442 9
Hooker	66 74	York	7,580 53
Howard	4.853 88	*********	74000 30
lefferson	6,750 54	Total.\$430,695,98	

# Saturday, May 21.

Word has just come from Gandy in Logan county that a severe storm occurred there Thursday evening, doing considerable damage. All of the wind mills were wrecked including a large livery barn of the sheriff. The residence of J. H. Arnold, one of the oldest settlers there, was totally destroyed. Mr. Arnold was instantly killed and his wife seriously injured.

The order issued yesterday by General Barry discharging guardsmen who have enlisted or were rejected is in this form:

"The first and second regiments of infantry, Nebraska national guard. having volunteered and been mustered into the service of the United States. the officers and enlisted men thereof are hereby honorably discharged from the service of the state of Nebraska. to take effect from May 10, 1898,

"All officers named in general orders No. 1616, current series, from this office, and all enlisted men of the First and Second regiments of infantry. Nebraska national guard, who failed to pass the physical examination for muster into the the service of the United States, are hereby honorably discharged from the service of the state of Nebraska, to take effect May 10,

"Troop A. cavalry, Nebraska nationel guard, having volunteered and been mustered into the service of the United States, the officers and enlisted men thereof, and all the enlisted men thereof who failed to pass the physical examination for muster into the chamber of commerce has shipped to service of the United States, are here-San Francisco a carload of lemons, by honorably discharged from the serconsigned to the Red Cross Society. vice of the state of Nebraska, to take effect from May 14, 1898."

The supreme court of Nebraska has upheld the new law withdrawing state school lands from sale. This was the holding made yesterday in a test case from Pawnee county entitled Patterson vs. Wenzl. Privilege of purchase was given lessees in the old form of leases issued by the state, but the court holds that such privilege was a mere option or offer to lessees which the state might withdraw at any time. Under this decision those who did not take advantage of such privilege before the act of 1807 went into effect cannot do so now. Commissioner Ragan wrote the opinion in this case.

#### Sunday, May 22.

Elmer Conine, while riding to Bestrice yesterday afternoon was thrown from his horse and quite badly injured. The animal fell on its breast and shoulders.

Frank Wright, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wright of Nebraska City, who was studying law at Knoxville, Tenn., was drowned in the river there.

Everton Arnold writes his friends in Nebraska that he has been in Canada the past few weeks and nowhere finds a spirit of hostility to the United States or her policy, even in Toronto or Quebec where the population is highly French Catholic.

Sergeant Andrew Wadsworth of Company C of Beatrice writes that it was feared the boys wouldn't get into San Franscisco with buttons enough left on their coats to present a fair appearance as they were swapping them at every station en route for kisses from the girls who met them and who were crazy for souvenirs.

The safe arrival of the battleship Oregon is builed with much satisfaction by many of the citizens of York connty. One of the crew, Luther Overstreet, is a York county boy, who entered the mayal service several years. ago. He is a bright young man, and the people of this vicinity hope to hear that the Oregon will be given an opportunity to do her part in punishing the Spaniards.

Last night Greeley county was startled by the news that W. S. Keenan had shot and killed E. Robinson at the Keenan farm, southeast of Spaulding about four miles. Robinson is a man who had a bad reputation, having once been in the ponitentiary. He was one of the parties with Frank Cole who was killed in Holt county last spring. The shooting is said to have been in self-defense and grew out of pasture deal in which Mike Lamb and Robinson were causing the Keenans much trouble.

A fake set affoat by Chadron newspaper correspondents goes marching on. This is from the Chicago Tribune: 'Miss Girlie' Adams is the chosen leader of 100 Nebraska women who have organized a troop of cavalry and offered their services to Governor Helcomb of that state. Miss Adams modestly declares that she prefers to make a war record in action before being heralded to the world as a fighter. These are but a few of the recent examples of women seeking to enlist in war for their country and for the

#### ause of humanity Monday, May 23.

A stock man who claims to hail from Humphrey and who gave the name of John J. Jones caused the arrest of Mrs. Bertie Lewis, known among the denizens of the district surrounding the Webster street depot at Omaha as "Cleopatra," on the charge that she robbed him of \$160 in coin.

The Cudahy company of Omaha has just been awarded a contract for 500,-000 pounds of soap for use by the Indians who are wards of the government. It is said to be the largest single order ever placed by the government for soap, and the supply is in-

tended to last the redskins for a year. The Omaha Irish-American society formed for the entertainment of exposition visitors has arranged to celebrate the Fourth of July jointly as an American national holiday and as the one hundredth anniversary of the uprising in Ireland in 1798. A committee comprising Jerry Howard, Richard O'Keefe, John Lally, John Quinn and John J. Mahoney has been appointed to conduct the arrangements.

The First battalion of the Nebrasks volunteers, Second regiment, arrived at St. Louis last Friday at 2:30 p. m., after a very pleasant trip. The battalion remained in the city until 4 o'clock. Men in St. Louis who have seen every regiment of troops that passed southward expressed themselves as much pleased with the Nebraska boys. They said that no finer looking body of men than the Nebraska boys had preceded them. The boys acted perfect gentlemen all the time and nothing occurred to mar the effect of the impression they left. The boys fared well on hard tack, canned beef and baked beans, the supply being liberal. The afternoon supply of coffee was taken on at St. Louis. All were as cheerful and as happy and contented as can be expected. The further souththey went it became more apparent that they will be the first to move on toward Cuba, as the Nebraska regiment is better equipped than any which have passed through St. Louis. For instance the Twenty-first Kansas volunteers had one company. K. uniformed, out of 1.056 men. The Missouri and Minnesota boys are said to be little better off. The Illinois volunteers. are better equipped. It will take but a little time to complete the equipment of the Nebraskans and the boys are expecting already to get into service shortly if these reports are true.

Another Troop Train Wrecked.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 24 .- Early this morning a special train on the Florida Central & Peninsula railway, carrying North Carolina troops on the way to Florida, collided with a northbound vegetable train. Private William Barbee was killed and Private J. M. Colclough was fatally injured.