THE RED CLOUD CHIEF, FRIDAY, MARCH 26 1897.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS a resolution on the death of Represent-a resolution on the death of Represent ative Schram as follows: Whereas. We have learned with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. Charles W. Schram, a member of this house from the Eichteenth district. Whereas. We how in humble submission to the divine will of an all wise Providence in the midst of affiction; therefore, be it Resolved, That to the widow and family of the deceased we extend our profound sympathy in this their hour of sorrow; and be it further. Resolved, That these resolutions be spread at large upon the journal of this house, and the elerk be and he is hereby instructed to send a certified copy of this resolution to the afficted family.

After recess the house passed the

ing for a commission to investigate the

S. F. 33, the stock yards bill, was voted upon. The roll call, after a call

of the house had been ordered, stood

yeas 90, nays 6. The vote in detail

TEAS

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Moran Morrison

NAYS-6

ABSENT AND FOT VOTING-A

The house concurred in the senate

amendment that the \$50 per month

for directors include expenses. On mo-

tion of Mr. Wooster the house refused to concur in the senate amendment

the amount of subscription that must

be paid by the expositon association

before the state appropriation becomes

The house then went into committee

of the whole to consider H. R. 615, the

salary appropriation bill. Mr. Shull

offered a substitute for the entire bill,

embracing a general reduction of 30

On motion of Mr. Clark of Lancaster

the committee rose and reported favor-

ably on H. R. 615, but a motion pre-

vailed to recommit to committee for the

purpose of discussing Mr. Shull's sub-

Mr Clark of Laucaster offered a res-

olution paying the wife of Representa-tive Eighmy the balance of his salary,

as he is now lying at the point of death

at Beatrice. The resolution carried.

Wednesday, March 17.

The house today dispensed with the

The senate having asked for a con-

ference committee on the senate amend-

ments to the exposition bill, a motion

naming as members of such committee

Messrs, Jenkins, Eager, and Snyder of

The house then went into committee

The changes which were made were

of the whole to consider the salary ap-propriation bill which had been re-

committed on Tuesday evening.

reading of the journal of the previous

Neshit Pheips Poliard Frince Rich

Fouke Roberts

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Robertson Hoddy Rouse Severe Sheldon Shull Swith of D'glas Smith of Rich. Suyder of J'n n Snyder of Sh'n Stebbins Stebbins

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state offices. Vote 84 to 1.

being:

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Clark of Ri Cole Crosk Dobson Kager Eastman Endorf Fernow Gaylord Gerdes Givens Gotborn Grandstaff Gradi

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day.

Adjourned.

Johnson, was carried.

Grosvenor Hamilton Henderson Hile

WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY THE LOWER BRANCH.

A Specinct Summary of the Past Week's Doings of the Nebraska House of Renresentatives-A Strictly Non-Partisan Review of Each Day's Session.

Saturday, March 13.

Immediately after the reading of the journal in the house this morning H.R. 183, providing for the organization of town mutual insurance companies by the association of not less than 100 persons who shall own property in the state of a value not less than \$100,000 WAS DARN

The clerk read a telegram from Hon. W. J. Brynn favoring immediate action by the trans-Mississippi states in making appropriations for the exposition. The telegram was addressed to H. R. Whitmore, chairman of the executive committee of the exposition, and by him transmitted to the legislature.

Senator Allen sent a letter to Speaker Gaffin which was read acknowledging the receipt of the resolutions on the bankrupt law. The following communication from him was also read:

munication from him was also read: Frank D. Eager, Lincoln, Neb., Dear Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the resolutions recently adopted by the Ne-based of a bankrupt law by concress, and in reply to say that I am decidedity in favor of a publicious voluntary bankrupt act, but I cannot support such an act containing involuntary feasible his property without affording him a full and fair opportunity to handle his own estate and fair opportunity to handle his own estate in the legislature of Nebraska does not desire the the legislature of Nebraska does not desire from the "creditors" association. A careful to support an act like the "Dorrey act, drawn the output of the Torrey bill will show it to be country, and whose chief support comes from the "creditors" association. A careful to even the "creditors" association. Metatem MILLIAW V. ALLEN.

WILLIAM V. ALLEN.

The Omaha charter was discussed at some length on a motion to indefinitecutting down from \$200,000 to \$100,000 ly postpone, which was lost. The bill was then ordered to third reading

The committee on rules recommended that in committee of the whole hereafter the introducer of each bill considered shall be given ten minutes to explain his bill and five minutes to close the the arguments. Other mem-bers desiring to speak shall be allowed five minutes and no one may speak more than once except by unanimous consent. The recommendation was adopted.

In committee of the whole the gencral salary appropriation bill was taken up and a fight over reduction of salares of one or two clerks in the governor's office was made. An attempt was made to raise the salary of the overnor's private secretary from \$1,600 to \$1,800 but it failed. The committee arose in the midst of consid-eration of the bill and the house adfourned to Monday.

Monday, March 15.

Mr. Rich of Douglas called the house to order this morning in the absence of Speaker Gaffin. The reading of the fournal was dispensed with.

The following telegram from New-enstle, date Mardh 14, was read:

Representative Schram passed away at three o clock this morning. Funeral will be held Wednesday. E. J. EAMES. A committee of three was appointed

to draft resolutions of respect. On motion of the house Mr. Schram's pay roll for full time and mile was allowed his family.

The committee appointed to investi-

upon the sale of such property made under foreclosure proceedings. Mr. Hull offered an amendment make

ing the bill to apply to present mort-

Mr. Hull said that the homes of Nebraska people were being wiped away by the people who loan money. The loaners of money, he said, do not advance more than two-thirds of the value of property at best and Mr. Hull thought it was unjust if the property at sale did not meet the principal, to load the borrower down with a deficiency judgment which makes him an absolute slave afterwards. Mr. Hull senate joint resolution No. 22, providcontended that it was not justice.

Mr. Rich said that the general foreclosure bill contained the provisions of No. 6 and he thought this bill should be considered first. Mr. Yeiser moved that the committee rise and report and ask leave to sit

again immediately. This was done to advance a bill relating to foreclosures, not advanced by the sifting committee. The house then went into committee of the whole and took up H. R. No. 193 adding to the present foreclosure laws. the provision granting redemption privileges after the order of sale is is-The debate ensued over the sued. length of time to be allowed in which to redeem property. Mr. Yeiser in-sisted that two years were necessary

for redemption. Mr. Rich of Douglas was opposed to the two year limit. He believed one year to be sufficient, for, with the nine months stay, this would give twenty-one months. Mr. Rich believed that to extend the redemption limit to thirty-three months would injure the credit of Nebraska. He had submitted the bill to agents of several loan companies who had favored the one year limit and who strongly recommended the repeal of the present nine months stay which may be taken after the de-

cree is rendered. The bill was left with the one year provision and recommended favorably. The committee arose, the house adopt-

ed the report and adjourned.

Friday, March 19.

The work accomplished by the house today was the passage of the Lincoln charter, consideration of which occupied the attention of the members pretty much all day. The bill was read in full while the

members left the house for supper. Roll call was ordered at 7 o'clock and after a call of the house lasting half an hour the vote was announced, 67 yeas, 24 pays The speaker declared the bill passed with the emergency clause. His announcement was greeted with cheers.

The special committee appointed to take the ballots from the canvassing board reported that they had them safely in their possession. The report of the committee was adopted by a vote of 69 to 19. The same committee to which was referred the governor's special message reported the bill for the appointment of a new commission to canvass the votes and the bill conferring new powers on the attorney general.

The house adjourned till Saturday motion by Mr. Eager to adjourn till Monday being snowed under ingloriously.

Perfected Organization.

The reform press association of Ne braska, or about forty of the members. met at the Lincoln hotel Tuesday afternoon. R. D. Kelley of Fremont, as president, presided over the meeting. in the salaries of the superintendents and Frank L. Lemon of David City was

SENATE PROCEEDINGS

WORK ACCOMPLISHED BY THE UPPER BRANCH.

Condensed and Concise Non-Partian Report of the Labors of the Nebraska Senate for the Past Week-Action Taken on the Various Measures.

Saturday, March 12

A part of the forenoon was consumed in a discussion on indefinitely post-poning H. R. 70, the bill raising the age of consent to eighteen years. A vote was taken and the bill was killed. This action leaves the present age of

consent law unchanged. The exposition bill was read a third time and passed by a vote of 24 to 4. In committee of the whole the sen-ate discussed S. F. 108, relating to deficiency judgments. Without action

the committe arose and the senate took recess. Before adjournment for the noon recess Senator Ransom called attention to the fact that amendments to the trans-Mississippi exposition bill had not been returned from the printer, and therefore its passage was irregular. On motion of Senator Ransom the secretary was instructed to recall the bill from the house for correction. This was done and then on motion of Senator Ransom the vote whereby the bill was passed was reconsidered. All this precaution was taken in order to have printed amendments to the bill on sen-

tors' desks. Immediately after the noon reces the senate went into committee of the whole with Senator Graham in the chair and took up H. R. 69, an act to provide for public scales and the ap-pointment of a weighmaster. After discussion it was recommended for

passage. Senator Ransom called for the exposition bill and it was again read the third time. The printed amendments had been received and the bill was passed by a vote of 22 to 1. Owing to the absence of several senators a call of the house would have been necessary to secure enough votes to pass the

bill had not Senator Dundas, who opposed the bill, voted for it. He explained that he voted for it to save time, as a call of the house would be necessary to bring in friends of the

bill. Senator Ritchie remained firm and was the only senator who voted against the bill. Those absent and not voting were Senator Beal, Farrell, Grothan

Haller, Mutz, Osborn, Spencer and Watson. Senator Canaday, who op-posed the bill, announced that he had paired with Senator Fritz, who favored

Monday, March 15.

The senate convened today at 2 p. m. and put in a good half day on the state vault bill. The measure was taken up in committee of the whole immediately after a flood of petitions relating to the continuance of the soldiers' home at Milford were read. The bill was read in full. It provides that the state board of public lands and buildings shall construct a fire proof and burglar proof vault at the capitol, equipped with electrical devices which will light up the dome of the capitol and turn in an alarm at the police station whenever the vault is touched by any metallic substance. It shall be so constructed as to be self-setting at p.p. m. It shall be the duty of the state board to inspect the money and count the same every month or oftener and to appoint three watchmen, one of whom shall be continually on guard. All money held by the state treasurer or other state officer and all securities in which moneys are invested, shall be deposited in such vault, and in no other place, and it shall be a felony for any state officer to deposit money in any other place or to loan public moneys in their hands to any person. Failure of the state treasurer to comply with this provision is punishable by a sen tence of three to twenty-five years in the penitentiary. Failure of any state officer to deposit every evening the funds coming into his hands during the day, is declared a felony, punishable by imprisonment of from three to ten years in the penitentiary, but nothing in the act shall prohibit the investment of public moneys in United States

the medical committee recommended the passage of S. F. 351, relating to the disposition of unclaimed dead bodies.

On recommendation of the judiciary committee S. F. 210 was advanced to third reading. It provides that the territory embraced in the corporate limits of towns of 1,500 inhabitants shall constitute one school district, but the district may include territory not within the city limits.

The senate then resolved itself into committee of the whole for the consideration of S. F. 108, to abolish deficiency judgments. Its introducer.Senator Beal offered a

new section which would have the tendency to hold the surety for the deficiency. Senator Beal said he consid-ered this a concession, as it left ample protection for the mortgagee. In reply to a question from Senator Gond-ring he said he desired to make the bill apply to existing contracts.

Senator Ransom interpreted the amendment to mean that the man who got the money and promised to pay is to be released after the property sold, but that the man who befriended his neighbor and signed a note on which the mortgage is based is to be sued and the deficiency judgment wrung from him. If passed it would brand those voting for it as repudiators.

Senator Farrell said he was opposed to deficiency judgments, but was not in favor of impairing existing contracts. Senator Mutz argued that if the amendment was repudiation then the present law was repudiation. He did not understand that the amendment made any change in the present law. As it now stands the mortgagee can recover from the surety and the surety can sue and recover from the mortgagor.

Senator Murphy declared that the amendment did not make a change in the present law, as it released the mortgagor from liability under a deficiency. He said the amendment was the only redeeming feature of the bill. It was right to hold the surety for a deficiency judgment, but wrong to release the man who obtained the money. the man who received the consideration. It his legal liability is wiped out his moral liability remained.

Senator Lee said he favored the bill; that its passage would put all senators right before their constituents.

Senator Jeffcoat opposed the amend-ment but favored the bill. He said the people did not want to repudiate debts, but that they were forced to do so by the Shylocks who had contracted the volume of money and for that reason they should stand the loss of the consequent depreciation.

When a vote was being taken Senator Beal aomitted that his amendment was offered at the suggestion of Senator Murphy of Gage; that he did not care particularly about its adoption since they had failed to convert the senator from Gage. The amendment was defeated by

vote of 15 to 9.

Senator Murphy then moved to mend so as to prevent the act from being applicable to existing contracts. Here again argument was had, the position of the senators being reversed. Those who favored the amendment made their argument along the line

that existing contracts should not be impaired, but should be held sacred, and quoted Senator Allen on the sub-Some expressed themselves as ject. favorable to abolishing deficiency judgments, and would vote for the bill if that part affecting existing con-tracts were stricken out. But as it was the bill was for repudiation.

Those opposed to the amendment ar

remedies for persons injured thereby, and provides punkshment ior violations of the act.

There was no discussion until section 10 was reached. This section exempts farmers and labor organizations from the application of the law.

Attention was called to the fact that the eight hour law was declared unconstitutional as class legislation because it exempted farm hands and domestic servants.

Senator Murphy of Gage offered the following substitute for section 10.

Section 10. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any as-semblies or associations of laboring men from passing and adopting such regulations as they may think proper in reference to wages and the compen-sation of labor, and such assemblies and associations shall retain, and there is hereby reserved to them, all the rights and privileges now accorded to them by law, anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The amendment was adopted and the bill recommended for passage. Governor Holcomb's message asking for action on the matter of a recount of ballots was read. Senator Talbot of Lancaster moved that it be referred

to a committee of five to investigate the subject matter and report to the senate. Senator Ransom of Douglas said the house had referred the message to the joint members who were mem-bers of the joint committee appointed previously to consider the matter of the recount of bailots and he moved that the senate make the same reference. Carried. Adjourned.

Friday, March 19.

n the senate the general appropriation bill for expenses was referred to committee on finance, ways and means S. F 2, to prevent combinations between insurance companies was made a special order for Monday afternoon. On third reading of bills Senator Dundas' state vault bill was passed by a vote of 20 to 8, the vote in detail being

	YE	AS-20,	
Seal Canaday Dearing Dundas Carrel	Feltz Fritz Henpy Howeli Jeffcont	Johnson Lee McGann Miller Muffly	Mutz Osborn Ritchie Schaal Steele
	NA	YS-8.	
inidwell londring	Graham Murphy	Spencer Talbot	Watson Weller
	ABS	ENT-5.	
'onoway	Haller	Ransom	Sykes

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Cal

H. R. 15, for the relief of Boyd county for cost of Barrett Scott murder trial, passed 28 to 2, S. F. 108, Senator Beal's bill abolish-

ing deficiency judgments, was passed with some difficulty. Several members passed on roll call and when the list had been called the bill had only 16 votes, or one less than necessary. Senator Dearing, who had passed, then voted yea. Senator Dundas changed from no to yes. Farrell then cast the ninetcenth vote Senator Feltz, who had been absent, voted for the bill and Senator Howell, who had passed, voted aye.

Under a call of the house the vote in detail wa

	YE.	AS -21.	
al anday aring ndas rrell	Graham Grothan Heapy Howell Jeffcoat	Johnson Lee McGann Miller Muttley	Mutz Osborn Schall Sykes Watson
12 6	NA	YS-21.	
dwell	Gondring	Ransom	Steele

Fritz Haller Ritchie Talbot Marphy Spencer Weller

The senate conference committee on the exposition bill reported that the joint committee was unable to agree. Senator Gondring of Platte moved that the senate recede from its amendment relating to the amount of subscription which the exposition shall colle fore the state appropriation of \$100,-000 shall be available. Carried. Senator Jeffcoat was voted pay for the full session. In the afternoon among the bills passed were H. R. 69, for maintenance of public scales: Senate files, 145, requiring railroad right of way to be mowed each year; 303, to prevent specific gold or silver contracts; 157, to prohibit persons or corporations from to city officers, their service or product for less than the regular price charged other customers. H. R. 169, appropriating \$20,000 for Peru normal dormitory was passed and sent to the house. Later the vote was reconsidered, the bill brought back from the house and placed on general file for consideration. Adjourned.

The senate adjourned to Monday.

gate the Omaha dehf and dumb institute reported. The report was not sensational in an any particular. A resolution by Mr. Yeiser of Doug-

las admonishing the city council of Omaha not to pass the ordinance extending the franchise of the Omaha Water works company over the veto of the mayor was adopted.

Bills on second reading were rushed throug till S. F. 33 was reached. When it was read the second time Mr. Sheldon moved it be ordered to a third reading. Several member objected to rushing the bill, (regulating stock yards) through the house. Mr. Roberts of Douglas moved to go into committee of the whole to amend the measure.

Mr. Hull said the introducer of the bill in the senate had told him that if the bill came before the senate again

it would be killed. The previous question was called and the motion to advance was lost.

The Omaha charter was then read a time, the reading occupying the time of the senate till 8:30. The bill was then passed with the emergency clause by a vote of 77 yeas to 19 nays, there being four absentees. Mr. Fouke moved to adjourn. but be-

fore the motion was put Mr. Wooster offered a resolution instructing the committee on corporations to report the stock yards bill to the house imme distely after roll call Wednesday morn-The motion to adjourn was lost ing. and Mr. Wooster's resolution was then taken up. Mr. Jenkins moved to amend that the bill be considered in committee of the whole as soon as the salary appropriation bill is disposed of. Not agreed to. Mr. Wooster's resolution was then adopted and the house adjourned.

Tuesday, March 16.

The committee on corporations, in accordance with the order of the house the evening previous, reported S. F. 83, the stock yards bill, to be placed on general file. Mr. Eager of Seward moved to amend the committee report by ordering the bill to a third reading.

Mr. Jenkins of Jefferson objected to the tactics of the majority in pushing the bill.

Mr. Pollard of Cass moved that the house go into committee of the whole immediately to take up the bill and that the discussion be limited to one hour. The motion prevailed, 69 mem-bers voting for it. Mr. Poliard took the chair.

Mr. Rich of Douglas moved an amend ment which made the provisions of the bill applicable only to stock shipped from points within the state.

Mr. Hill thought such an amendment would be an unjust and illegal discrimination against people residing outside of Nebraska. The amendment was

There were several attempts to amend the bill raising the charges, but the members of the majority distrusted attempts of that character and on motion of Mr. Sheldon the committee rose and reported the bill back with the recomm grossed for third reading. Before recess Mr. Ankey introduced

of the three insane asylums, which secretary. were cut \$1.000 each for the biennium. The afte or from \$2,500 a year to \$2,000 a year. The salary of the superintendent of the institute for feeble minded youth at Beatrice was cut from \$2,000 to \$1,800 a year, and a similar cut was made in the salary of the superintendent of the institute for the blind at Nebraska City. The superintendent of the fish commission had his salary cut from \$1,200 to \$1,000 a year.

The most important cut occurred in the supreme court appropriations. the house refusing to provide for the salaries of the three commissioners amounting to \$15,000 for the two years. An unsuccessful attempt was made to insert an appropriation for the salaries of two extra supreme court judges. As the bill now stands the pay of the three judges only is provided for. As compared with the salary bill of 1895 the appropriation is \$22,475 less this year than then.

After recess a motion was passed in accordance with the request of the senate to appoint a conference committee to consider the matter of the recount of the ballots on the constitutional mendment. The committee consists of Messrs, Fernow, Gerdes and Loomis

Standing committees reported. A number of bills were recommended for passage.

H. R. 552, for calling a constitutional convention and H. R. 337, authorizing appointment of state printer, were postponed.

The university bill, appropriating \$30,000 for a building on the campus at the state university, passed at third reading by a bare majority vote of fifty-one. Forty-two members constituted the opposition.

H. R No. 196, appropriating \$20,000 for the rebuilding of the dormitory at he Fern Normal school passed by a rote of 57 to 33.

The house then went into committee of the whole to consider the claims appropriation bill, but after a short ses sion rose, and a resolution was passed authorizing a committee t o take forcible possession of the ballots in the hands of the recanvassing board. The resolution was offered by Mr. Sheldon of Dawes and passed by a vote of 59 to 26. The house adjourned at 7 o'clock.

Thursday, March 18.

In the house this morning a communication was read from Governor Holeomb, the substance of which appears elsewhere, in relation to the recount. The communication was* referred to a committee.

The Lincoln charter was read a second time as passed by the senate, and discussion ensued as to its disposition. It was finally agreed to refer the bill to the committee on cities and towns with the understanding that it be reported Friday morning immediately after roll call, y hen the house shall go into committee of the whole to consider it, the debate to be limited to two hours.

The next bill considered was H. R. ported the bill back with 6. providing for extinguishment of all endation that it be en- liability of the mortgagor on any note or other evidence of indebtedness secured by a mortgage on real estate

The afternoon was spent in discuss ing plans for a business organization About 4 o'clock W. J. Bryan appeared and was given a warm welcome. He paid an eloquent tribute to the power of the weekly press in political and reformatory matters and said that its power was growing. He was glad to note that the "country press" of Ne-braska is the equal of that in many an older and richer state. He urged the representatives of reform principles to tand together and work toghther to accomplish the ends in which all are

The address was much enjoyed by the members and at its close Mr. Bryan was voted an active member by a rising vote.

interested.

REICHSTAG DEBATE.

Contrists and Anti-Semites Alone Oppos

Immediate Building of Warships. BERLIN, March 20.-In the Reichstag yesterday Chancellor Hohenlohe, in speaking of the demands of the navy said that a display of power was a first condition for the development of trade. The minister of foreign affairs, Baron von Bieberstein, referred to the Cretan question, asking where Germany was to find additional cruisers to send there in case the situation did not improve shortly.

The secretary of the navy said that Germany was in necessity of torpedo boats and cruisers for even home waters.

Count von Kardoff, Conservative, mentioned France's navy improvements and advocated that the demands of the navy be immediately granted. Herr Muller, Centrist, opposed the building of new ships and Herr Werner, anti-Semite, urged a delay in furthur naval appropriations.

Anti-Hon copath Amendment Lost. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 20.-When the appropriation bill for state institutions was called up in the House this morning for concurrence in the Senate amendments, the Goodykoontz amendment to prevent the payment of any of the state's money to pay homeopathle doctors caused the usual row. After a long argument the House, by a vote of 74 to 41, struck out the Senate amendment.

All Danger Avolded.

Old Gentleman-What do you hope

to be when you grow up? Small boy-I want to be a circus actor. "Weil. I declare! Why do you want

to be a circus actor? most won't have to crawl under the

tent. -- Good News.

Boiled Bice.

Bolled rice is the basis of Chinese food, and the symbol of it, so to speak: for a waiter, when asking you whether you are going to take a meal will ask whether you will have some rice; and "Have you eaten rice is equivalent of "How do you do?"

securities, state securities or warrants and bonds of counties or school districts, as the law may direct. One or two amendments were offered after which a motion was made to report for indefinite postponement and one to recommend for passage. Debate on the measure was indulged in, many of the senators disapproving of the plan and giving their reasons therefor.

Several contended that the bill was defective and impracticable. Senator Murphy of Gage said its effect would be harmful to the best interests of the state: that the calling in of money now in state depositories would create a panic or prolong a panic. Senator Mutz said it was necessary that the state treasury be divorced from the

The bill was recommended for passage, and the senate adopted the re-

charter bill was ordered to a third reading, and the clerk began. At 6 o'clock the senate took a recess till 8. when it again met and at 9:15 the bill was passed with the emergency clause by a strict party vote. The vote in

detail being: YEAS-21. Ritchie Schall Sykes Watson Weller NAYS-A Talbot

> ABSENT AND NOT VOTING-Osborn

Howell Senator Mutz of Keya Paha, chairman of the committee on enrolled and engrossed bills, reported the Omaha charter correctly enrolled. It was signed by the lieutenant-governor, the

for the purpose of having him approve it and make it a law.

Tuesday, March 16.

In the senate this morning, after a flood of petitions had been disposed of,

the measure element of repudiation, that a mortgage under the present law placed a value on property mortgaged and that the loaner of money ought to be bound by the contract. It gave to the money loaner exactly what the contract called for, possession of the property mortgaged: that under the present law men were slaves, in as much as they were pursued to the grave by deficiency judgment, and their children after them. Senator Beal branded the present law as a relic of barbarism that ought to be wiped out. He closed by quoting the Mosiac law relating to us ury and repeated phrases from Abraham Lincoln's speeches.

Senator Murphy closed the argument He said that existing contracts ought not to be impaired, and called on the members to remember the divine injunction. "Pay what thou owest.

The amendment was defeated by a vote of 13 to 11 and the bill recommended for passage by 16 to 11.

At the close of the day McGann of Boone called for bills on third reading. His bill, senate file 210, providing that school districts in towns of 1,500 inhab itants shall be co-extensive with the city limits. was read the third time and passed with the emergency clause.

On motion of Ransom of Douglas the chair was authorized to appoint a committee to confer with a like committee from the house on the exposition bill. Adjourned.

Wednesday, March 17.

In the senate this forenoon a wran the ensued over the report of the sifting committee which made an effort to place twenty-three bills on third reading without consideration in committee of the whole. The senators kicked and the lieutenant-governor ruled finally that the report relating to third reading of bills must be adopted by a two-thirds vote.

The only change made in the report was expunging therefrom the Scotia normal school bill, which the senators desired to discuss or lay aside until propositions could be received from York, South Sioux City and other places.

A resolution by Senator Beal for appointment of a joint committee to confer with a house committee in regard to recanvass of votes was adopted and Senators Beal, Feltz and Mutz appointed.

The senate then went into committee of the whole and considered bills placed at head of general file by sifting committee. All were recommended for passage. S. F. 133, reducing fees for legal advertising, was so recom-mended only after a heated debate.

Thursday, March 18.

After taking action on several bills this morning the senate went into committee of the whole to consider the special order. S. F. 30, by Senator Gondring of Platte, which repeals the anti-trust law and enacts a more stringent law on the subject. The bill defines trusts and conspiracies against trade or in business, dealares the same unlawful and void, and provides means for the suppression of the same, and

FITZ IS UNDECIDED.

May Not Fight Again for Two Tears-Off for 'Frisco.

CARSON, Nev., March 20.-The new champion pugilist of the world was taking things pretty easy yesterday. He was cheerful to the last degree over the result of the contest, but did not have a great deal to say regarding

Regarding his future movements, Fitzsimmons said: "I have not de-ended just what I will do, but one but one thing is certain and that is that I will not fight any more for at least two years. It has been at least three years since Corbett fought anybody for the championship, and I am not going into any finish contests for two years my-During that time I may decide self. to fight again and I may not. It all depends upon how I feel. I am getting along in years and two years more on my present age will bring me not far from 40 years, and that is rather a mature age for any man to engage in finish contests. I shall pay no attention to the challenges made by Goddard, Mitchell and Sharkey. They are all bluff challenges and not worth my consideration.

Fitzsimmons will leave Carson City for San Francisco to-night and will give an exhibition in that city.

Bob showed but few marks of the severe punishment he received in the His lower lip was split somering. what in the center, and was slightly swollen, but there was no other marks about him to indicate he had just gone through a hard battle.

Each Other's Mouth.

Mr. Loths - Have you any idea what are the relations between that young Rivers Ide and our Lena?

Mrs. Lotos-1 don't know; the young people seem to be very close-mouthed. Mr. Totos-H'm; so I thought when I discovered them on the parlor sola this evening. -- Puck 121

YEAS-22, Gondring Lee Graham McGann Grothan Miller Heapy Muffy Jeffcoat Mutz Johnson Ransom Beal Canaday Dearing Dundas Feltz Fritz Haller Murphy Steele Spencer Conoway

Caldwell Farrell EXCUSED-1

speaker having signed it a few mo-ments before. Senator Mutz and a party of friends of the bill carried it at once to Governor Holcomb's residence

banks port of the committee. Late in the evening the Lincoln