

WRECK AT ST. LOUIS.

Missouri's Metropolis Swept by Cyclone.

THE LOSS OF LIFE IS IMMENSE.

Fully Five Hundred Said to Have Perished.

FIRE AIDS THE DESTRUCTION.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND GAS WORKS USELESS.

Convention Hall Unroofed—Storm News from Other Points in Missouri—Eighty School Children Reported Killed at Drake, Ill. and Fifty at the Village of Dye.

Death and destruction reign supreme in St. Louis and vicinity as a result of the most terrible storm that ever visited that section. Buildings of every description are in ruins, and, as a result, hundreds of people are reported dead and injured, but, until order is restored, it will be impossible to make any definite statement. Reports are in circulation that seven steamers lying at wharf boats have been sunk, with all on board.

The city was left in darkness, as the electric lights and trolley wires were blown down.

The storm broke out about 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon after a most oppressively hot day, and the rain began to fall. It soon developed into a fierce thunderstorm, with the wind from the east. A little later the wind had gained a velocity of eighty miles an hour, driving the rain before it and tearing loose signs, cornices, chimneys, and everything in its way. Many buildings of every description were demolished, and others set on fire by lightning and crossed wires.

The streets were full of people going home from work, and a panic ensued as soon as the storm broke. Men were buildings, horses and carriages were sent flying here and there, and falling wires, full of deadly fluid, added to the horror of the scene.

Suddenly the wind veered around to the west and completed the destruction. It is asserted by some of those who have traversed the down-town part of the city that there are but few buildings in St. Louis that have not suf-

fered in some way from the storm. The wagon way of the Eads bridge on the East St. Louis side is a crumbling mass of mortar and stones, and parts of the tower and pier No. 1 have also been torn away. Thousands of dollars will not cover the damage to the bridge. An outbound accommodation train on the Chicago and Alton road was wrecked by a broken rail, but fortunately nobody among the passengers were hurt. The tanks of the Waters-Pierce Oil company on Gratiot street blew up, spreading destruction on every hand. Three stories of the Coe Manufacturing company's building, Ninth and Gratiot, and nearly half of the Wainwright brewery were blown down. The Summer high school, at Eleventh and Spruce; McDermott's saloon, Eleventh and Chesnut; the central emigrant station on the opposite corner, and Jere Shoban's livery stable, Eleventh and Walnut, were unroofed.

The roof of the republican convention hall was blown off. The scene in the river was appalling. Steamboats moored at their landings were torn away, turned over and sunk, drowning all on board. Many people were seen clinging to floating wreckage, and piteously appealing for help. At present it is impossible to estimate the lives lost. The hospitals are full of injured, and the morgue contains many dead, while numbers of slain lie everywhere among the ruins of the demolished buildings. Many of the dead will never be identified.

The Plant flour mills, the St. Louis iron and steel works are demolished, and the immense Cupples block is partially destroyed. A terrible feature of the storm was the blowing down of Old City hospital. The entire north wing of the ramshackle old structure was blown away. Two patients were killed and a number seriously injured. How many of the unfortunate of the city resting in the hospital walls at the time the storm struck will die as a result of the exposure to the elements cannot be conjectured.

Returns from the St. Louis races are received at the track at Lakewood, Ind., and a few minutes after 5 o'clock the operator sending the report of the

stream. At the same moment the Dolphin's ropes parted, and the tug began to slip water. The wind blew her against the bridge. While this was going on the women and the other men on the boat climbed to the upper decks.

When the boat struck the bridge those on board had to dodge to escape the iron work of the structure. The mate saw there was no hope if they stayed on board. Jennie Mitchell was the first to climb on the ironwork. She was assisted by two of the men, while the mate stayed on deck to help Emma Nolan. As she swung herself to the

account. Down wires, wild currents of electricity, crushed buildings, all contributed to this element of destruction. The alarm system was paralyzed. Approaches were blocked; a \$200,000 conflagration on the St. Louis side was supplemented by a dozen lesser fires. In East St. Louis a mill was burned, and two other considerable losses were sustained. To the enormous total the fires added at least \$500,000.

The Catholic church of St. John of Nepomuk, at the corner of Twelfth and Souldard streets, was razed to the ground, except the front, which stands like a tower, all the side and back walls being completely destroyed. It was a very large and handsome church. Now there only remains the arches and turrets of the front and enough of the walls to show the beautiful style of its architecture. The debris lies in the street at the side and inside the building, the side walls just projecting above it.

There is scarcely any debris in front, leaving the front view very natural except for the ghastly vacancy shown through the windows.

Described by Frankendorf. H. W. Frankendorf, the St. Louis weather officer, was a busy man during and after the storm. In an interview he said:

"For the past week the weather in the vicinity of St. Louis has been characterized by low pressure, high temperatures, excessive humidity, and prevailing southerly winds. The pressure has also been low throughout the west. At

the same time it is relatively high in the south, causing the warm, southerly winds laden with moisture, to blow from the gulf of Mexico. This moisture has been held in suspense by the warm atmosphere, and the humidity consequently increased from day to day. The mean temperature averaged from 3 to 13 degrees above the normal each day, while the humidity ranged from 7 to 20 per cent each mean, for this season of the year.

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the water. Realizing that any moment his train might be blown into the water or else the bridge be blown away Scott, with rare presence of mind, put on a full head of steam in an effort to make the east side shore. The train had scarcely proceeded 200 feet and about the same distance from the shore when an upper span of the bridge was blown away. Tons of huge granite blocks tumbled to the tracks where the train loaded with passengers had been but a moment before. At about the same instant the wind struck the train, upsetting all the cars like playthings. Luckily no one was killed, but several were taken out severely injured. The

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out the state of Missouri high temperature and humidities prevailed with south winds. The day would be popularly termed 'warm, hazy, muggy.'

"Although reports are missing, owing to the widespread destruction, it is now evident the storm area moved slowly east during the day. The barometer commenced to fall at 9 o'clock and by noon it had fallen a thirtieth of an inch. About this time the sky became covered with dark, thickly-cumulated strata, which by 6 o'clock formed a mass of stratus cloud, which commenced to assume a light-green color in the northeast.

"This green color slowly advanced from the northeast, spread more to the west and north. At the same time the temperature commenced to fall.

"The normal cyclonic circulation thus brought winds of different temperatures and humidities into an upper position, with the results that a decided instability was produced in the atmosphere and a violent secondary storm center was created. The barometer continued to fall rapidly and by 5 p. m. it had fallen 25 of an inch since noon. The wind was becoming variable, with a tendency toward a northerly direction until lightning and thunder had commenced, at 4:30 p. m.

"At 5:04 p. m. the storm broke forth in all its fury; the wind changed suddenly to northwest, with rapidly increasing velocity, and the rain fell in torrents. The green cloud still remained in the west and north, but the storm moved toward the southeast with large, angry detached masses of cumulus clouds crossing each other. At 4:15 p. m. the wind changed from the north, having the greatest velocity in the history of St. Louis. About 5 p. m. the wind had reached about 62 miles and later on it changed in its direction to the southeast.

"From 5:04 p. m. to 6:04 p. m. 1.38 inches of rain fell. When the rain ended at 6:05 p. m. 1.53 inches had fallen in all. The electrical storm was of unusual volume. The sky was almost one continuous blaze of light and the clouds extended far into the south."

List of the Dead. The following is a list of the dead, according to the latest advices from the stricken city:

Michael Bradshaw, 81 South Jefferson avenue; Katie Clayphal, aged 21, and Mrs. Clayphal, 814 South Jefferson avenue; Martin McDonald, 2745 Clark avenue; unknown baby, 2745 Clark avenue; Mrs. Cheney, 1415 Mississippi avenue; John P. Pondy; Jennie Hahn, Shrewsbury Park; Charles Nee, 406 South Seventh street; William Winkle, Eighth street and Park avenue; James Dunn, city hospital; unknown child, 944 Papin street; two unknown men, Twenty-seventh and St. Vincent avenue; unknown woman, Thirteenth and Souldard street; unknown man, Dallman and Park avenue; janitor St. Paul's church; unknown man, Eighteenth

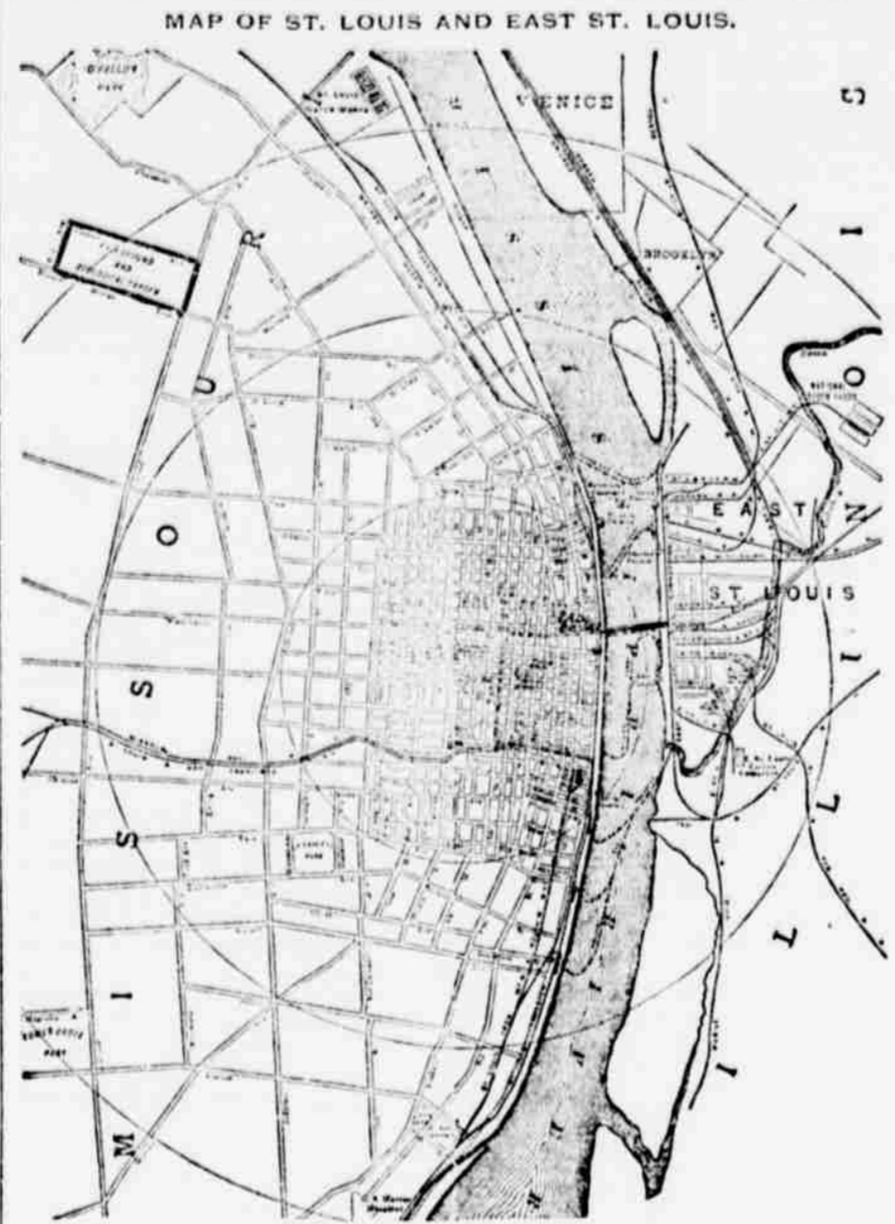
Dead at East St. Louis. Great difficulty is being encountered at East St. Louis in the work of identifying the dead. The latest advices give the following list:

David Langg and wife; Philip Strickler; George Roose; Miles Mitchell; Martin Martel, proprietor Martel house; three servant girls in Martel house; James Kent; sixteen unknown dead in Vandalla freight house; twelve dead in Louisville & Nashville freight house; seventeen dead in Big Four freight house; five dead in Air Line freight house; twenty dead at the east switch house of the Eads bridge; four dead at relay depot; six members of a wharf boat crew, Charles Carroll, barber; John Kent; Mrs. Scott Hayward; Frank Rose; Ed Kavanaugh; Jacob Kurtz, Vincennes, Ind.; Mrs. Clendenning; Mrs. Bruce; Mrs. Emma Sullivan; Robert Bland; John Reamer; Charles Maltz; William Suber; Henry Winterman; Anderson; Palmsey; Miss Conley; Mrs. Slide; Flagman of Air Line, name unknown; John Hayes; Mrs. William Hayes; Mrs. Pat Bean; John Valentine; City Collector David S. Sage and wife; Philip Strickler, Jr., and mother; Judge Fank, of Vandalla, Ill.; Mrs. M. Martell; All of the boarders at Martell House except Judge Hope of Alton, Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. John Hayes; Will Hayes; Sixteen boarders at Tremont House; William Mitchell; Irene Clendenning; William Sullivan and wife; Mrs. John Reed; Patrick Dean and family of six; John Bucharz; two boarders at Stacey's boarding house; Edward O'Brien; John Breen; Ida Gladdue; Mrs. Roof; Albert Volkman; Joseph Mitchell; John Sullivan; William Riekey; unknown man on Collinsville avenue; son of Mrs. Ira Kent. Among the missing are: Eddie Bland, supposed to be under the wreck of the Vandalla depot; City Clerk Jerry Kain; Frank Bland; Frank McCormick; Albert Volkman; Earl Keene; George Woods; Mike Kilde; W. E. Kiefer; Alvin Mate; Will Murray; Dan Kelly; George Romer; W. Frelink; W. Hanford, all employes in Vandalla depot and believed to be in its ruins.

Elsewhere in Missouri.

Baldwin, Mo., special: A hurricane accompanied by a terrific rain and hail storm, passed over St. Louis County about 4:30 Wednesday afternoon. For three hours rain fell in torrents and hail fell to a depth of several inches. Great damage was done to crops throughout this section of the country. Several buildings were blown down, but so far as can be learned no one in this section was seriously injured.

Moberly, Mo., special: Ten people were killed in a tornado which struck the village of Labadie, Franklin county, Wednesday evening, and the town of Renick, ten miles from Moberly, in Randolph county, was completely wiped out. Nothing definite from either place.



SHOWING LOCATION OF THE FAIR GROUNDS AND EADS BRIDGE.



FILLED WITH INJURED VICTIMS OF THE CYCLONE.

fered in some way from the storm. The wagon way of the Eads bridge on the East St. Louis side is a crumbling mass of mortar and stones, and parts of the tower and pier No. 1 have also been torn away. Thousands of dollars will not cover the damage to the bridge. An outbound accommodation train on the Chicago and Alton road was wrecked by a broken rail, but fortunately nobody among the passengers were hurt. The tanks of the Waters-Pierce Oil company on Gratiot street blew up, spreading destruction on every hand. Three stories of the Coe Manufacturing company's building, Ninth and Gratiot, and nearly half of the Wainwright brewery were blown down. The Summer high school, at Eleventh and Spruce; McDermott's saloon, Eleventh and Chesnut; the central emigrant station on the opposite corner, and Jere Shoban's livery stable, Eleventh and Walnut, were unroofed.

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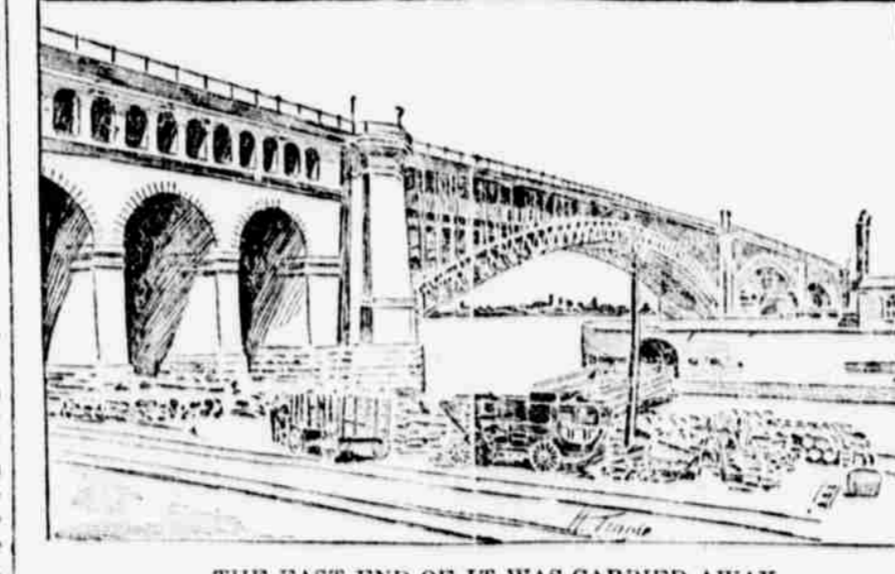
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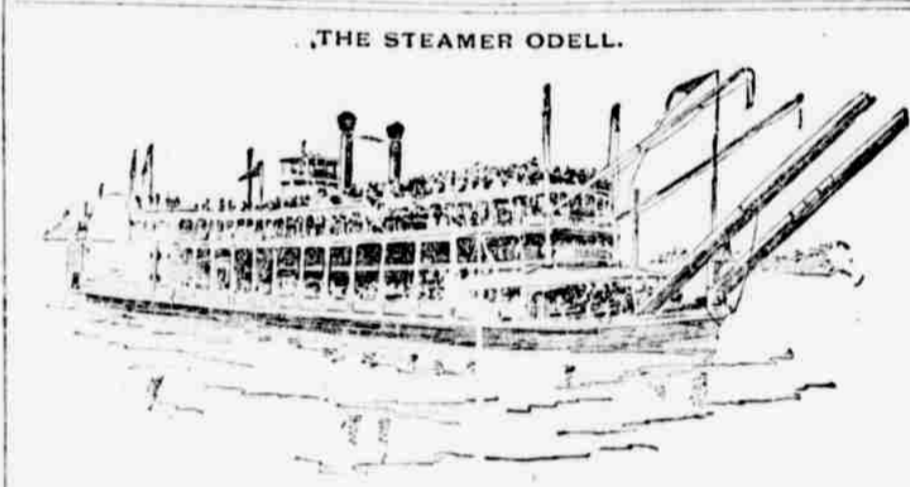
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SUNK IN THE RIVER AT ST. LOUIS BY THE CYCLONE.

street and Geyer avenue; two unknown children, 1726 South Ninth street; Malachi McDonald, 20, single, 2745 Clark avenue; unknown baby, 2 years old, picked up at Twenty-second and Market streets; Robert Miller, Blair and Benton avenues; unknown, picked up at Third and Rutger; William Ottewald; John Burgess; Wallace T. C. Butler; Booker Epstein; Bornstein; Fred Zimmer, chief engineer union depot power house; unknown child, about 5 years old, California and Ann avenues; J. Lemeke, manager St. Louis Barbers' Supply Co.; unknown man, at A. B. Jones' broom factory; Josephine Martin; fifteen unknown men; one unknown woman; one unknown girl; John Rafferty; Harry Hess; Mr. and Mrs. David Sade; George Woods, clerk in Vandalla office; Henry Stricker, Vandalla railway; J. E. Keene, Vandalla railway; Dr. C. E. Neall, dentist; two children of Mrs. Horace Trump, Litchfield, Ill.; Mrs. Richey; Joe Francis; Joe Mitchell; Phil Stricker; Charles Carroll, barber; John Kent; Mrs. Scott Hayward; Frank Rose; Ed Kavanaugh; Jacob Kurtz, Vincennes, Ind.; Mrs. Clendenning; Mrs. Bruce; Mrs. Emma Sullivan; Robert Bland; John Reamer; Charles Maltz; William Suber; Henry Winterman; Anderson; Palmsey; Miss Conley; Mrs. Slide; Charles Waites, 1519 Collins avenue; William Surber; Henry Winterman; Anderson; Peter Walmsby; Miss Conley; Mrs. Slide; John Hayes; Mrs. William Hayes; Mrs. Pat Bean; J. A. Porter, Broughton, Ill.; flagman of air line, name unknown; John Hayes; Mrs. William Hayes; unknown boy; unknown traveling man; Mr. and Mrs. David S. Sage; George Woods, clerk in Vandalla office; Henry Stricker, Vandalla line; J. E. Heine, Vandalla line; Dr. C. E. Neall, dentist; John Kent; Mrs. Scott Hayward; Frank Rose; O. Kavanaugh; Jacob Kurtz, Vincennes, Ind.; Mrs. Clendenning; Mrs. Bruce; Mrs. Emma Sullivan; John Brames; twenty employes of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco company at Tower Grove Park; twenty men employed in the St. Louis Wooden Gutter and Refrigerator factory, at Second street and Parv' avenue.

Sturgeon, Mo., special: A cyclone passed three miles north of Sturgeon at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. At Renick three men were seriously injured, and a family of colored people were carried over a mile, two children being badly hurt. Friendship church, north of town, was demolished.

Mexico, Mo., special: A cyclone swept across Audrain county Wednesday evening, doing great damage to crops and wrecking many buildings. Seven people have been killed in the county and probably twenty-five badly injured. In the Bean creek district a school house was carried completely away, and a daughter of Joseph B. Ware, one of the pupils, was killed, and Lulu Eubanks and Hilda Blase, also school children, were fatally injured. Others along the route of the tornado in this district, whose names cannot be learned, are more or less injured. At the Dye school house, six or eight miles further southeast, not a pupil escaped uninjured, and five children were killed, three outright, two dying later at this place. The school house was utterly demolished and several of the children were blown a great distance away, and were not found until several hours afterward, and then in a mutilated condition.

Eighty Pupils Killed.

Kansas City, Mo., special: Alton train dispatcher reports eighty children killed at Drake, near Roodhouse, Ill., by the cyclone. They were buried in a school building.

Drake, where seventy children are reported killed, is a small town in Greene county, and 240 miles from Chicago on the Chicago, Kansas City and Denver short line of the Alton railroad. It is five miles west of Roodhouse, a junction point on the Alton road, and 115 miles southwest of Bloomington, and directly in the track of the furious storm. It is approximately sixty miles northwest of St. Louis, and about midway between Chicago and Kansas City. It has a Western Union telegraph station, several churches and schools, and is an educational center for Southeastern Illinois.